Schedules of Significant and Minor Proposed Changes to the Pre-Submission version of the West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy

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The Pre-Submission version of the West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy Showing the Significant and Minor Proposed Changes as "Tracked Changes"

> for the Joint Strategic Planning Committee 16 July 2012

> > **Appendix 1**

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Section 3.0 - Introduction

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC003/I	3.0 Introduction	New Paragraph 3.10	Add a new paragraph 3.10 as follows: "When considering development proposals the relevant Council will take a positive approach that reflects the presumption in favour of sustainable development contained in the National Planning Policy Framework. It will always work proactively with applicants jointly to find solutions which mean that proposals for sustainable development will be approved and to secure development that improves the economic, social and environmental conditions in the area. Planning applications that accord with the policies in this Local Plan (and, where relevant, with policies in other local plans and neighbourhood plans) will be approved without delay, unless material considerations indicate otherwise. Where there are no policies relevant to the application or relevant policies are out of date at the time of making the decision then the appropriate Council will grant permission unless material considerations indicate otherwise - taking into account whether: • Any adverse impacts of granting permission would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the National Planning Policy Framework taken as a whole; or • Specific policies in that Framework indicate that development should be restricted."	To reflect the presumption in favour of sustainable development as required by the National Planning Policy Framework.	JPU Officer

Section 4.0 - Spatial Portrait, Vision and Objectives

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC006/S	4.0 Spatial	Objective	Add a new objective to read:	In response to	English Heritage
	Portrait	16	"Objective 16 – Heritage	comments from	4585441/
			To conserve and where possible enhance,	English Heritage and	JCS_FULL/
			through carefully managed change, the	National Trust and in	978293
			important heritage assets and their settings of	recognition of the need	and
			Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and	to more explicitly	National Trust
			Brackley, and to recognise the role of rural	recognise the heritage	4615777/
			heritage assets and their settings to support a	assets of West	JCS_Full/ 1010933
			sense of place and local distinctiveness."	Northamptonshire.	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC020/SS	Spatial Strategy	Policy S5	 Amend the following bullets points in Policy S5 as follows: NORTHAMPTON KINGS HEATH (3,500 3,000 DWELLINGS, 10 HA EMPLOYMENT) NORTHAMPTON NORTH (2,000 DWELLINGS, 7 HA LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES) DAVENTRY NORTH EAST (2,500 2,000 DWELLINGS, LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES) TOWCESTER SOUTH (1,500 DWELLINGS, 1,500 JOBS 15.5 HA EMPLOYMENT) BRACKLEY EAST (380 350 DWELLINGS, 1,000 JOBS 9.4 HA EMPLOYMENT) 	To reflect the proposed changes to the specific SUE policies within the Places section of the JCS.	JPU Officer
PC022/SS	Spatial Strategy	Policy S6	Replace the section heading "The Phasing of Housing Development" with "Delivery and Contingency". Amend Paragraph 5.31, add new paragraphs, renumber subsequent paragraphs and replace Policy S6 as follows: " Delivery and Contingency 5.31 Achievement of the housing provision is <u>dependent</u> dependant upon necessary supporting infrastructure coming forward in a timely manner. Again, some of this will be challenging in the current economic climate, and the <u>anticipated</u> phasing has been set out <u>in the housing trajectory</u> for each district and the Northampton Related	Revised policy to strengthen the role of Monitoring and Review in the plan process. It includes an illustrative phasing of housing development, and sets out how it will be updated. The setting of specific figures for housing delivery in 5 year periods is too uncertain in the current economic climate, and	JPU Officer

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			Development Area below in Policy S6 which will permit this to happen providing the economy improves as the Government expects. The housing trajectory in Appendix 3 of this JCS sets out the phasing of the housing development identified in this Plan on an annual basis over the period <u>2011 2010-2026</u> . This trajectory will be updated annually as a part of the Authorities Monitoring <u>Report</u> . 5.32 The principles of monitoring and review run throughout the JCS to aid the effective implementation and delivery of individual policies and associated infrastructure. This is essential to ensure that the JCS achieves its aims and objectives leading to sustainable development overall.	the new policy is intended to provide important flexibility in this area as well as specify the critical areas of plan delivery which will be monitored, and the mechanism for progress reporting and review initiation.	
			5.33 The implementation of policies in the JCS is designed to achieve a range of outputs and outcomes. How an individual policy is delivered depends on the specific elements of the plan objectives that it seeks to address. Some policies are designed to be implemented through specific actions such as house building (referred to as 'outputs') while others aim to support improved 'outcomes' such as safeguarding social and environmental assets through development management decisions. Delivering the combination		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			of both is important to support the full range of social, environmental and economic objectives in the JCS.		
			5.34 Policies in the JCS have been prepared in a way that enables progress on delivery to be actively measured. Targets have been set where appropriate and relevant indicators have been selected that best reflect required outputs or outcomes. Mechanisms for review are provided through a system of triggers. These highlight levels of outputs or outcomes that if observed would indicate delivery has varied significantly from that intended in the implementation strategy. A range of contingency measures are set out in this policy that provide a starting point for how remedial action will be taken where considered necessary. The type of contingency considered depends on both the type of outcome or output not being observed as anticipated and the level of significance of this divergence.		
			 5.35 In the first instance where the output of development is significantly different from that intended: Identify the reasons/ causes and relevance of output targets and discuss with partners and stakeholders; Review evidence base (including SHLAA and 		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 WNELS) for availability and deliverability of housing / employment land); Work with developer and landowners of existing committed or allocated sites to produce a viable and suitable scheme; and Identify the problem and barriers / causes preventing infrastructure delivery. Seek to identify additional sources of finance or alternative programme for delivery. Where the wider outcomes from development appear significantly different from those intended: Identify barriers preventing achievement; Review implementation of policy and monitoring mechanisms with Development Management; Assist with identifying sources of finance to address the situation (to aid the viability of including improvements as part of specific schemes); and Discuss with partners and service providers potential solutions to better address issues within the design of schemes e.g. crime. 5.36 If these actions fail to re-align delivery of outputs and outcomes, then the more significant actions specified in the policy below would be implemented. 		
			5.37 Full details of how the Monitoring and		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Implementation Framework of the Joint Core Strategy has been developed are considered in Section 17. This should be read in conjunction with Appendix 6 ('The Monitoring Framework') where specific indicators are identified."		
			"POLICY S6 - MONITORING AND REVIEWPOLICIES IN THE JOINT CORE STRATEGYWILL BE MONITORED TO SUPPORTIMPLEMENTATION AND THE DELIVERY ONTHE PLAN'S AIMS AND OBJECTIVES.CONTINGENCY FOR POLICIES IN THE JOINTCORE STRATEGY IS PROVIDED THROUGHTHE MONITORING FRAMEWORK.APPROPRIATE TARGETS ARE ESTABLISHEDTHROUGH THE OBJECTIVES OF EACH POLICYAND RELEVANT INDICATORS ARE SET OUT INDETAIL UNDER 'APPENDIX 6: THEMONITORING FRAMEWORK'.		
			THE PRINCIPAL MECHANISM FOR REPORTING DELIVERY WILL BE THROUGH THE JOINT AUTHORITIES' MONITORING REPORT. THE CRITICAL AREAS THAT WILL BE MONITORED INCLUDE: • THE COMPLETION OF SERVICED EMPLOYMENT FLOORSPACE, THE CREATION OF JOBS AND THE AVAILABILITY OF LAND FOR		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 EMPLOYMENT USE IN THE FUTURE; HOUSING COMPLETIONS BY LOCATION AND TYPE AND THE AVAILABILITY OF LAND FOR HOUSING IN THE FUTURE; THE DELIVERY OF FLOORSPACE TO SUPPORT RETAIL, COMMUNITY AND HEALTHCARE LAND-USE; THE DELIVERY OF MAJOR INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS AND PROVISION OF FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTIONS TOWARDS SUCH SCHEMES; AND THE PROTECTION, ENHANCEMENT AND CREATION OF ASSETS IN THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT. IF POLICIES REMAIN INEFFECTIVE AFTER THE INITIAL MEASURES SET OUT IN THE SUPPORTING TEXT ABOVE ARE IMPLEMENTED THEN THE FOLLOWING MAY APPLY: CONSIDER A REVIEW OF TARGETS; CONSIDER AREA ACTION PLANS OR ALTERNATIVE LOCAL PLANS; CONSIDER CHANGES TO THE ALLOCATION OF EMPLOYMENT/ HOUSING LAND; AND CONSIDER A REVIEW OF POLICY OR STRATEGY." 		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			POLICY S6 - PHASING OF HOUSING DEVELOPMENT		
			AS AN AID TO THE MONITORING OF THE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT PROPOSED, THE TABLE BELOW SHOWS THE CURRENT EXPECTED PROVISION WILL BE MADE FOR THE FOLLOWING TOTAL REQUIREMENT AND RATES PHASING OF HOUSING DEVELOPMENT (TO BE UPDATED ANNUALLY IN THE AUTHORITIES MONITORING REPORT):"		
			Phasing table in policy renamed Table S6A and updated, and new Table S6B added (See tables at the end of this schedule)		
PC031/SS	Spatial Strategy	Policy S7	Amend Policy S7 as follows: "PROVISION WILL BE MADE FOR A MINIMUM NET INCREASE OF <u>19,000</u> 16,000 JOBS IN THE PERIOD 2010 <u>2008</u> - 2026 IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN A BROAD BALANCE OVER TIME BETWEEN HOMES AND JOBS AND TO MAINTAIN A DIVERSE ECONOMIC BASE."	To take account of latest demographic and jobs data and clarify time- period for delivery of those jobs.	JPU Officers
PC039/S S	Spatial Strategy	Policy S8	Add a new second bullet point in the first section of Policy S8 as follows: "INDUSTRIAL/ MIXED/ OFFICE LAND (120HA) WITHIN THE SEMLEP NORTHAMPTON WATERSIDE ENTERPRISE ZONE INCLUDING"	To take account of: the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone ensuring the Technology Realm framework supports the	JPU Officer

Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		Add a new sub second bullet point: "INDUSTRIAL LAND (INCLUDING RESEARCH/ LIGHT INDUSTRY/ GENERAL INDUSTRY)". Delete the third bullet point as follows: "PROVISION OF A TECHNOLOGY REALM AS SET OUT IN POLICY E3". Add a new fifth bullet point as follows: "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN EXISTING BUSINESS AREAS INCLUDING SWAN VALLEY, LODGE FARM, MOULTON PARK AND BRACKMILLS". Add "PERFORMANCE" to the second bullet of the third paragraph in relation to South Northamptonshire as follows: "HIGH <u>PERFORMANCE</u> TECHNOLOGY MOTORSPORT CLUSTER AT SILVERSTONE CIRCUIT AS SET OUT IN POLICY E5;"	SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone; the employment land supply pipeline; and to clarify the nature of the cluster at Silverstone Circuit. Moving the Technology Realm framework from Northampton North SUE to the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone provides a more sustainable and viable location for the Technology Realm framework. The transfer of the Technology Realm to the Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone therefore: • is more sustainable helping regenerate derelict land in town centre and edge of centre locations • provides a better economic offer by	

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				 complementing the role of the Enterprise Zone instead of competing with it retains approach of delivering quality jobs through enabling a range of business spaces 	
PC054/SS	Spatial Strategy	Table 2	Reword the title of Table 2 as follows: "Table 2 - Retail Requirement <u>to 2001-2026</u> (Rounded)"	To update the plan in respect of the 2012 West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update addendum.	JPU officer
PC055/SS	Spatial Strategy	Table 2	In the "Northampton" row under the "Comparison" column replace "45,000 (to 2021)" with " <u>37,500</u> ".	To update the plan in respect of the 2012 West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update addendum.	JPU officer
PC056/SS	Spatial Strategy	Table 2	In the "Northampton" row under the "Convenience" column replace "7,000" with "7,800".	To update the plan in respect of the 2012 West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update addendum.	JPU officer
PC057/SS	Spatial Strategy	Table 2	In the "Daventry" row under the "Comparison" column replace " 7,600 " with " <u>5,100</u> " And In the "Daventry" row under the "Convenience"	To update the plan in respect of the 2012 West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update addendum.	JPU Officer

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ACHIEVE THE OVERARCHING STAINABILITY DEVELOPMENT HE HIGHEST STANDARDS OF BLE DESIGN INCLUDING IN TO INCORPORATING SAFETY RITY CONSIDERATIONS AND A ENSE OF PLACE; ED TO IMPROVE ENTAL PERFORMANCE, FICIENCY AND ADAPT TO OF USE AND A CHANGING VER ITS LIFETIME; OF SUSTAINABLY SOURCED S; ESOURCE DEMAND AND THE DN OF WASTE AND MAXIMISE IITIES FOR REUSE AND CAN BE EASILY ACCESSED BY CYCLING OR PUBLIC T;	of sustainable adaptation, es and recycling, water resources, nental assets ution. nges reflect e from the Water udy, the national sity Strategy, the g approach to rbon Homes and F approach to ble energy. arget for ble energy is e in relation to g Zero Carbon and fabric first
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			 HEATING AND COOLING, NATURAL LIGHT AND VENTILATION <u>USING SITE LAYOUT</u> <u>AND BUILDING DESIGN;</u> <u>AIM TO MAXIMISE THE GENERATION</u> <u>GENERATE A MINIMUM OF 10%</u> OF ITS ENERGY NEEDS FROM DECENTRALISED AND RENEWABLE OR LOW CARBON SOURCES; MAXIMISE WATER EFFICIENCY <u>AND</u> <u>PROMOTE SUSTAINABLE DRAINAGE;</u> <u>PROTECT, CONSERVE AND ENHANCE</u> <u>NATURAL AND BUILT ENVIRONMENT AND HERITAGE ASSETS;</u> <u>PROMOTE THE CREATION OF GREEN</u> <u>INFRASTRUCTURE NETWORKS, ENHANCE</u> <u>BIODIVERSITY AND REDUCE THE</u> <u>FRAGMENTATION OF HABITATS; AND</u> <u>MINIMISE POLLUTION FROM NOISE, AIR</u> <u>AND RUN OFF.</u> <u>UNLESS IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT IT</u> WOULD NOT BE VIABLE: <u>,THE MINIMUM CODE FOR SUSTAINABLE</u> <u>HOMES LEVEL FOR ALL RESIDENTIAL</u> <u>DEVELOPMENTS WILL BE:</u> <u>2011 TO 2016: LEVEL 4</u> <u>2016 TO 2021: LEVEL 5</u> <u>2021 TO 2026: LEVEL 6</u> 	principles and strengthen the link between the energy parts of the Code standards to a new policy on low carbon and renewable energy.	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			NON-RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE OVER 500M ² -GROSS INTERNAL FLOORSPACE WILL BE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE A RATING OF AT LEAST BREEAM (BRE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT METHOD) VERY GOOD (OR EQUIVALENT)."		
PC070/SS	Spatial Strategy	New Paras. 5.86 and 5.87	 Delete the existing Paragraph 5.81 and replace with the following paragraphs: "5.86 A study has assessed the potential for the full range of renewable energy technologies in West Northamptonshire. With the exception of Northampton, onshore wind energy forms the largest potential renewable resource for West Northamptonshire. At the micro scale, combinations of solar/ photo voltaic and heat pumps also have significant potential, especially when combined with fabric improvements to improve the energy efficiency of buildings sought through the Code for Sustainable Homes and Breeam (BRE Environmental assessment Method) for non domestic buildings. 5.87 In the central areas of Northampton and Daventry, the greatest heat demand was identified, which could have potential for the development of decentralised energy networks. Daventry and South Northamptonshire were also identified as having potential for the generation of energy from biomass, in particular from energy crops and plant 	To reflect recent new evidence on renewable energy in Northamptonshire	Persimmon Homes/Bloor Homes 4622465/JCS_Full/1 017429 Barratt Strategic 462521/JCS_Full/10 54933 Home Builders Federation Ltd 4638113/JCS_Full/1 080917 Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 104213 Northampton Borough Council 4618241/JCS_Full/1 006677

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			biomass. Northampton, as an urban area also has potential for the use of energy from waste, sewage gas and waste wood. " Insert a new footnote: "Land Use Consultants (2011) Low Carbon Energy Opportunities and Heat Mapping for Local Planning Areas Across the East Midlands: Final Report".		Wind Prospects Developments Ltd 4614177/JCS_Full/1 127157
PC074/ SS	Spatial Strategy	New Paras. 5.88-5.89	Delete the existing Paragraph 5.82 and replace with the following paragraphs: "The deployment of larger scale low carbon and renewable energy schemes can have a range of positive or negative effects on nearby communities. They could provide landowners with the opportunity for rural diversification, deliver local jobs and opportunities for community based schemes and benefits. However, proposals can have a range of impacts that will vary depending on the scale of development, type of area where the development is proposed and type of low carbon and renewable energy technology deployed. "When considering planning applications for low carbon and renewable energy, an assessment will need to take account of impacts on landscape, townscape, natural, historical and cultural features and areas and nature conservation interests. Proposals should also use high quality design to minimise impacts on the amenity of the area, in	To reflect recent new evidence on renewable energy in Northamptonshire	Persimmon Homes/Bloor Homes 4622465/JCS_Full/1 017429 Barratt Strategic 462521/JCS_Full/10 54933 Home Builders Federation Ltd 4638113/JCS_Full/1 080917 Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 104213 Northampton Borough Council 4618241/JCS_Full/1 006677 Wind Prospects Developments Ltd 4614177/JCS_Full/1

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			respect of visual intrusion, noise, dust and odour and traffic generation."		127157
PC075/ SS	Spatial Strategy	New Paras. 5.90-5.92	 Insert the following new paragraphs: "5.90 Low carbon and renewable energy provision to achieve Level 4 of the Code for Sustainable Homes is more viable than meeting higher Code levels and can be achieved through more stringent fabric standards and integrated dwelling level micro generation technologies. At higher levels of the Code for Sustainable Homes energy system options, include combinations of fabric improvements with a range of low carbon technologies, either at the building or at the neighbourhood scale. For edge of town development, such as Sustainable Urban Extensions, there are a range of energy system options, using combinations of technologies both at the building and neighbourhood scales. In addition to building fabric and energy efficiency improvements on major development sites and in Sustainable Urban Extensions, opportunities for the deployment of combined Heat and Power and district level heating and cooling networks, should be taken where viable and appropriate. 	To reflect recent new evidence on renewable energy in Northamptonshire	PersimmonHomes/Bloor Homes4622465/JCS_Full/1017429Barratt Strategic462521/JCS_Full/1054933Home BuildersFederation Ltd4638113/JCS_Full/1080917Daventry DistrictCouncil4623361/JCS_Full/1104213NorthamptonBorough Council4618241/JCS_Full/1006677Wind ProspectsDevelopments Ltd
			housing will need to meet the zero carbon homes		4614177/JCS_Full/1

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			standard when adopted, with potential on site, near site or off site low carbon and renewable energy schemes provided though a Community or Private Energy Fund. From 2019, it is also proposed that non-domestic buildings should meet the adopted zero carbon standard."		127157
PC076/ SS	Spatial Strategy	Policy S11	Amend Policy S11 as follows: "POLICY S11 - <u>LOW CARBON AND</u> RENEWABLE ENERGY	To reflect wider approach to renewable energy ,and link to energy standards in residential and non	Persimmon Homes/Bloor Homes 4622465/JCS_Full/1 017429
			 APPLICATIONS FOR PROPOSALS TO GENERATE ENERGY FROM RENEWABLE SOURCES (INCLUDING ANY ASSOCIATED TRANSMISSION LINES, BUILDINGS AND ACCESS ROADS) WILL BE EXPECTED TO: 1. BRING WIDER ENVIRONMENTAL, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL BENEFITS AND CONTRIBUTE TO NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY PRODUCTION TARGETS IN TERMS OF ADDRESSING CLIMATE CHANGE; 2. HAVE NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE HISTORIC AND NATURAL LANDSCAPE, LANDSCAPE CHARACTER, TOWNSCAPE OR NATURE CONSERVATION INTERESTS; 3. HAVE NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE AMENITY OF THE AREA IN RESPECT OF FLICKER, GLARE, NOISE, DUST, ODOUR AND TRAFFIC GENERATION; 	residential buildings.	Barratt Strategic 462521/JCS_Full/10 54933 Home Builders Federation Ltd 4638113/JCS_Full/1 080917 Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 104213 Northampton Borough Council 4618241/JCS_Full/1 006677

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			AND 4. PROVIDE FOR THE REMOVAL OF THE FACILITIES AND REINSTATEMENT OF THE SITE, SHOULD THEY CEASE TO BE OPERATIONAL.		Wind Prospects Developments Ltd 4614177/JCS_Full/1 127157
			MAJOR DEVELOPMENT AND SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS SHOULD CONTRIBUTE TO REDUCTIONS IN CARBON EMISSIONS AND ADAPT TO THE EFFECTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE THROUGH THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PRINCIPLES (POLICY S10), SO AS TO MINIMISE ENERGY USING SUSTAINABLE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION, MAXIMISE ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND THE PROVISION OF LOW CARBON AND RENEWABLE ENERGY, INCLUDING WHERE FEASIBLE AND APPROPRIATE, PROVISION OF DECENTRALISED ENERGY.		
			PROPOSALS SHOULD BE SENSITIVELY LOCATED AND DESIGNED TO MINIMISE POTENTIAL ADVERSE IMPACTS ON PEOPLE, THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT, BIODIVERSITY, HISTORIC ASSETS AND SHOULD MITIGATE POLLUTION. IN ADDITION, THE LOCATION OF WIND ENERGY PROPOSALS SHOULD HAVE NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACT ON AMENITY, LANDSCAPE CHARACTER AND ACCESS AND PROVIDE FOR THE REMOVAL		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			OF THE FACILITIES AND REINSTATEMENT AT THE END OF OPERATIONS.		
			ALL NEW RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS (INCLUDING MIXED USE) ARE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE A MINIMUM OF LEVEL 4 STANDARD IN THE CODE FOR SUSTAINABLE HOMES AND TO ACHIEVE THE ZERO CARBON STANDARD FROM 2016 OR NATIONAL EQUIVALENT STANDARD, INCLUDING WHERE APPROPRIATE A CONTRIBUTION TO COMMUNITY OR PRIVATE ENERGY FUNDS.		
			ALL NEW NON-RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS OVER 500M ² GROSS INTERNAL FLOORSPACE ARE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE A MINIMUM RATING OF AT LEAST BREEAM (BRE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT METHOD) VERY GOOD STANDARD (OR EQUIVALENT) OR ANY FUTURE NATIONAL EQUIVALENT ZERO CARBON STANDARD FROM 2019.		
			THESE REQUIREMENTS WILL APPLY UNLESS IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT THEY WOULD MAKE THE DEVELOPMENT UNVIABLE."		

Section 5.0 – Spatial Strategy

Proposed Change to tables in Policy S6 (See Change ID PC026/SS above)

TABLE S6A DISTRICT TOTALS

DISTRICT	2010-11	<u>2011 2010-</u> 2016	2016-2021	2021-2026
DAVENTRY	200	<u>1,590 1,410</u>	<u>3,930-3,950</u>	<u>3,510 3,630</u>
NORTHAMPTON	510	4,090 4,800	<u>7,080</u> 6,610	<u>5,695</u>
SOUTH NORTHANTS	200	<u>1,895</u> -2,000	<u>3,465</u> -3,640	<u>2,535</u>
TOTAL	910	<u>7,575</u> -8,210	<u>14,475 14,200</u>	<u>11,740 11,160</u>

TABLE S6B NORTHAMPTON RELATED DEVELOPMENT AREA (NRDA)

PLAN AREA	<u>2011-2016</u>	2016-2021	<u>2021-2026</u>
Daventry (EX NRDA)	<u>1,220</u>	<u>2,090</u>	<u>1,970</u>
NRDA	<u>4,865</u>	10,295	7,735
South Northants (EX NRDA)	1,490	2,090	2,035
Total	<u>7,575</u>	14,475	<u>11,740</u>

Section 6.0 – Connections

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC018/C	Connections	Policy C3	Amend second bullet point under Road heading in Policy C3 as follows: "TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES AND RELATED JUNCTION MODIFICATIONS ON THE A45 AND A43 TRUNK ROADS IN CONJUNCTION WITH DEVELOPMENT COMING FORWARD IN THE CORRIDORS INCLUDING THE M1/A45 NORTHAMPTON GROWTH MANAGEMENT SCHEME"	Update Policy C3 to take account of the mitigation measures required by the Highways Agency for the M1/A45 NGMS.	Highways Agency 4623105/JCS0- Full/1093141
PC019/C	Connections	Policy C3	Add a new bullet point under Road in Policy C3 as follows: " <u>A43 KETTERING TO</u> <u>NORTHAMPTON</u> <u>IMPROVEMENTS</u> "	Ensure the JCS reflects appropriate measures in the North Northamptonshire Core Spatial Strategy (2008) Policy 2 on Connecting North Northamptonshire with its surroundings including A43 improvements.	JPU Officer

Section 8.0 - Economic Advantage

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS		Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC009/E	Economic Advantage	Policy E3	Amend heading and text of policy as follows: POLICY E3 - TECHNOLOGY REALM, <u>SEMLEP</u> NORTHAMPTON NORTH WATERSIDE ENTERPRISE ZONE A 7 HECTARE SITE FOR A TECHNOLOGY REALM IS ALLOCATED AS PART OF THE NORTH NORTHAMPTON SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION. THE SITE WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR: • START UP UNITS WILL BE NEEDED WITHIN THE RANGE OF 125-500 SQM B1 (OFFICE, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, LIGHT INDUSTRY) AND 200-1,000 SQM B2 (INDUSTRIAL) • HIGH QUALITY AND INNOVATIVE DESIGN AND LANDSCAPING INCLUDING A GATEWAY FEATURE ON THE A43 FRONTAGE DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN. THE LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY WILL SEEK TO NEGOTIATE A RANGE OF BUSINESS UNIT SIZES WITHIN THE SEMLEP	Revise policy to reflect the priorities of learning & skills partners such as Northampton Economic Partnership and South East Midlands Local Economic Partnership, take account of the National Planning Policy Framework, and the designation of the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone including the need for synergy with the Technology Realm.	Northamptonshire Enterprise Limited 4615873/ JCS_Full/ 1003477

Section 8.0 - Economic Advantage

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			NORTHAMPTON WATERSIDE ENTERPRISE		
			ZONE TO ENABLE THE START-UP AND		
			ENCOURAGE THE GROW-ON OF BUSINESSES.		

Section 9.0 – Housing

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change			Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC003/H	9.0 Housing	Table 4	Amend Table 4 to re SHMA model. (see 1 Schedule).		•	The SHMA has been updated to include the 2008 household projections. Other data has also been updated to a 2011 base.	JPU Officer
PC011/H	9.0 Housing	Policy H2	Amend Policy H2 as 1. Delete the first th following table: LOCATION DAVENTRY DISTRICT ^[3] DAVENTRY TOWN RURAL AREAS NORTHAMPTON RELATED DEVELOPMENT AREA SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE ^[4] BRACKLEY AND TOWCESTER RURAL AREAS 2. Delete the penultin	ree bullet points PROPORTION OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING 25% 40% 35% 40% 50%	SITE SIZE THRESHOLD 5 OR MORE DWELLINGS 15 OR MORE DWELLINGS 5 OR MORE DWELLINGS	 Revised requirements for affordable housing and site size thresholds to reflect the results of the updated SHMA and a further assessment of the contribution that small sites will make to overall housing provision. The reference to seeking commuted sums on sites of 4 dwellings or fewer in South Northamptonshire is proposed to be deleted as this will be 	JPU Officer

Section 9.0 – Housing

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
				a matter for local policy.	
PC012/H	9.0 Housing	Existing Para. 9.14 and Policy H3 (New Paras. 9.18 and 9.19)	Delete the existing Paragraph 9.14 and Policy H3 and replace with the following text and Policy H3: "Local Housing Needs in Rural Areas 9.18 Affordability is a key issue in the rural areas of West Northamptonshire where average house prices are significantly higher than the urban areas. For this reason Policy H3 below seeks to support the provision of affordable housing through rural exception sites and also through mixed tenure schemes where an element of market housing is necessary to deliver the identified need for affordable housing. It is expected that rural exception sites will be small in scale and normally be developed solely for affordable housing. In those cases where an element of market housing is required the scale should be the minimum required to secure the delivery of the affordable housing. The market housing itself may also meet local needs such as accommodation for older people who wish to remain within their local community, or live/ work units for activities which are particularly suited to a rural area. Where affordable housing is provided under the provisions of Policy H3 this	To reflect the provisions of the National Planning Policy Framework which encourages Local Planning Authorities to consider the provision of market housing where this would ensure the delivery of affordable housing.	JPU Officer

Section 9.0 – Housing

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			must remain affordable in perpetuity." "9.19 The SHLAA has identified a number of potential sites that could be suitable to meet the needs for affordable housing in rural areas. However the suitability of these sites can only be confirmed as specific needs are identified and confirmed through local housing needs surveys. The effective involvement of local communities is an essential prerequisite for the consideration of schemes to meet local housing needs, especially where the provision of market housing is proposed. Local communities may themselves take the opportunity to identify and plan for local housing needs through Neighbourhood planning or other community planning documents."		
			"POLICY H3 – RURAL EXCEPTION SITES THE PROVISION OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING TO MEET IDENTIFIED LOCAL NEEDS IN RURAL AREAS ON 'EXCEPTION SITES' WILL BE SUPPORTED SCHEMES MUST EITHER BE PURELY AFFORDABLE HOUSING OR MIXED TENURE SCHEMES INCLUDING AN ELEMENT OF MARKET HOUSING WHERE THIS IS ESSENTIAL TO THE DELIVERY OF THE		

Section 9.0 – Housing

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			 AFFORDABLE HOUSING. IT WILL BE A REQUIREMENT THAT THE MARKET HOUSING: IS THE MINIMUM NECESSARY TO MAKE THE SCHEME VIABLE, AND 		
			MEETS SPECIFIC LOCALLY IDENTIFIED HOUSING NEEDS. IN ALL CASES THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA MUST BE MET:		
			 THE SITE IS WITHIN OR IMMEDIATELY ADJOINS THE MAIN BUILT-UP AREA OF A RURAL SETTLEMENT; THE FORM AND SCALE OF DEVELOPMENT SHOULD BE CLEARLY JUSTIFIED BY EVIDENCE OF NEED THROUGH A LOCAL HOUSING NEEDS SUBVEY: AND 		
			 HOUSING NEEDS SURVEY; AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE MANAGEMENT AND OCCUPATION OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING MUST ENSURE THAT IT WILL BE AVAILABLE AND AFFORDABLE IN PERPETUITY FOR PEOPLE IN LOCAL HOUSING NEED." 		

Proposed Changes to Table 4 (See Change ID PC003/H above)

Table 4: Housing Requirement by Area 20101-2026 (Note: Figures may not sum due to rounding. Source: ORS Housing Market Model)

Section 9.0 – Housing

Housing Type Housing Requirement 201 0 1-2026	Daventry ^[3]	Northampton Related Development Area	South Northants ^[4]
Market housing	3800-<u>4100</u>	15700-<u>16600</u>	3600-<u>3000</u>
Intermediate affordable housing	0	0	1300
Social rented/Affordable rented housing	1700-<u>1200</u>	7500-<u>6300</u>	900 <u>1300</u>
Total Housing Requirement	5400-<u>5300</u>	23200 _22900	5800-<u>5600</u>
Market housing	69.2 <u>77.4</u> %	67.6 <u>72.5</u> %	61.9_<u>53.6</u>%
Intermediate affordable housing	0.0%	0.0%	21.8 <u>23.2</u> %
Social rented/Affordable rented housing	30.8-<u>22.6</u>%	32.4_<u>27.5</u>%	16.2 <u>23.2</u> %

3. Excluding the Northampton Related Development Area

4. Excluding the Northampton Related Development Area

Section 10.0 – Bu	uilt and Natural	Environment
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Change ID	Section of the Pre Submission JCS	Policy / Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC017/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Policy BN3	Amend the policy as follows: "MEASURES TO ENHANCE AND MANAGE EXISTING WOODLANDS AND CREATE NEW WOODLANDS IN WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE WILL BE SUPPORTED. <u>OPPORTUNITIES WILL</u> <u>BE SOUGHT TO CREATE NEW WOODLAND TO</u> <u>BUFFER, EXTEND AND RELINK AREAS OF</u> <u>ANCIENT WOODLAND WHICH HAVE BECOME</u> <u>FRAGMENTED. THE PROTECTION OF AGED OR</u> <u>VETERAN TREES OUTSIDE ANCIENT</u> <u>WOODLANDS WILL ALSO BE SUPPORTED.</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT THAT WOULD LEAD TO</u> <u>FURTHER FRAGMENTATION OR RESULT IN A</u> <u>LOSS OF ANCIENT WOODLAND WILL NOT BE</u> <u>PERMITTED.</u> WOODLAND ENHANCEMENT AND CREATION ALONG THE YARDLEY WHITTLEWOOD RIDGE FROM THE VILLAGE OF YARDLEY HASTINGS TOWARDS TOWCESTER AND BRACKLEY WILL BE PRIORITISED IN RECOGNITION OF ITS IMPORTANCE TO THE CHARACTER AND BIODIVERSITY OF WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE. <u>DEVELOPMENT THAT</u> WOODLAND WILL NOT BE PERMITTED.	To strengthen policy on the management of woodland and provide greater protection in policy for ancient woodland and veteran trees outside ancient woodland	South Northamptonshire Council 4617921/JCS- Full/1001781 The Woodland Trust 461817/JCS_Full/101 0485

Section 10.0 – Bu	uilt and Natural	Environment
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Change ID	Section of the Pre Submission JCS	Policy / Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC027/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Policy BN4	Amend the policy as follows: "NEW DEVELOPMENT WILL NEED TO DEMONSTRATE THROUGH THE DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCESS THAT THERE WILL BE NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACTS EFFECTS UPON THE INTEGRITY OF THE POTENTIAL-SPECIAL PROTECTION AREA AND RAMSAR SITE AND THE SPECIES FOR WHICH THE LAND IS DESIGNATED INCLUDING THE LOSS OF SUPPORTING HABITAT AND IMPACTS NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACTS ON ASSOCIATED EUROPEAN PROTECTED SPECIES DUE TO WATER RUNOFF, WATER ABSTRACTION OR DISCHARGES FROM THE FOUL DRAINAGE SYSTEM EITHER AS A DIRECT RESULT OF THE DEVELOPMENT ALONE OR IN COMBINATION. NEW DEVELOPMENT WILL NEED TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THE IMPACT OF ANY INCREASED RECREATIONAL ACTIVITY (INDIRECT OR DIRECT) ON THE NENE VALLEY POTENTIAL SPECIAL PROTECTION AREA AND RAMSAR SITE WILL NOT HAVE A DETRIMENTAL IMPACT. AND THAT ALL NECESSARY MITIGATIONINCLUDING RETENTION OF SUPPORTING HABITAT WILL	To reflect the SA/SEA/, HRA and new evidence and provide for impacts on the Special Protection Area. To provide greater clarity within the policy.	JPU Officer Further discussions with Natural England following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal and new evidence base.

Change ID	Section of the Pre Submission JCS	Policy / Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			BE INCORPORATED. ANY DEVELOPMENT THAT WILL LEAD TO AN INCREASE IN RECREATIONAL ACTIVITY ON THE SPECIAL PROTECTION AREA WILL BE REQUIRED TO INCLUDE NECESSARY MITIGATION INCLUDING DEVELOPMENT OF AND IMPLEMENTATION OF HABITAT AND ACCESS MANAGEMENT PLANS. IN ORDER TO PROTECT SIGHTLINES FOR BIRDS INCLUDED WITHIN THE SPECIAL PROTECTION AREA AND RAMSAR SITE DESIGNATIONS, NEW DEVELOPMENT WITHIN A 250 METRE ZONE OF THE SPECIAL PROTECTION AREA SHOWN IN FIGURE 7 OF THE JOINT CORE STRATEGY MUST UNDERTAKE AN ASSESSEMENT TO DEMONSTRATE THAT IT WILL NOT HAVE A SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE EFFECT ON BIRDS WITHIN THE CLIFFORD HILL BASIN OR, IF DIRECTLY ADJACENT TO EXISTING BUILDINGS, SHOULD REFLECT SURROUNDING BUILDING HEIGHTS. NO NEW DEVELOPMENT (RESULTING IN A NET GAIN OF UNITS) WILL BE PERMITTED WITHIN 900METRES OF THE POTENTIAL SPECIAL PROTECTION AREA BOUNDARY.		

Change ID	Section of the Pre Submission JCS	Policy / Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC053/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	New Policy BN7a	Add a new policy as follows: "POLICY BN7A WATER SUPPLY, QUALITY AND WASTEWATER INFRASTRUCTURE NEW DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS WILL ENSURE THAT ADEQUATE AND APPROPRIATE WATER SUPPLY AND WASTEWATER INFRASTRUCTURE IS AVAILABLE TO MEET THE ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS PLACED UPON IT AND TO ENSURE THAT WATER QUALITY, AS FAR AS IS PRACTICABLE, IS PROTECTED OR IMPROVED. DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS WILL ENSURE THAT ADEQUATE WASTEWATER TREATMENT CAPACITY IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS CAPACITY AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTRAINTS. DEVELOPMENT SHOULD USE SUSTAINABLE DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, WHEREVER PRACTICABLE, TO IMPROVE WATER QUALITY, REDUCE FLOOD RISK AND PROVIDE ENVIRONMENTAL AND ADAPTATION BENEFITS.	To reflect results of West Northamptonshire Water Cycle Study and bring together all water related policy In the JCS.	Use of new evidence, Phase 2 Water Cycle Study following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal

Change ID	Section of the Pre Submission JCS	Policy / Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			TO ENSURE ALL NEW HOUSING IS WATER EFFICIENT ALL NEW DEVELOPMENT WILL BE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE THE EQUIVALENT OF MINIMUM LEVEL 4 STANDARDS FOR WATER CONSERVATION IN THE CODE FOR SUSTAINABLE HOMES OR ANY NATIONAL EQUIVALENT STANDARD FROM 2016."		
PC054/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Policy BN7 Flood Risk	Amend the policy as follows: <u>"DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS WILL COMPLY</u> <u>WITH FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT AND</u> <u>MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS SET OUT IN</u> <u>THE NPPF AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE TO THE</u> <u>NPPF TO ADDRESS CURRENT AND FUTURE</u> <u>FLOOD RISKS WITH APPROPIATE CLIMATE</u> <u>CHANGE ALLOWANCES.</u>	To aid clarity and reflect the NPPF and Technical Guidance. To include the specific Upper Nene design standard in the policy	Environment Agency 4626369/JCS_Full/10 14581
			A SEQUENTIAL APPROACH WILL BE APPLIED TO ALL PROPOSALS FOR DEVELOPMENT IN ORDER TO DIRECT DEVELOPMENT TO AREAS AT THE LOWEST PROBABILITY OF FLOODING UNLESS IT HAS MET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SEQUENTIAL TEST AND THE EXCEPTION TEST AS SET OUT WITHIN TABLE 6.		
			ALL NEW DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING REGENERATION PROPOSALS, WILL NEED TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THERE IS NO INCREASED RISK OF FLOODING TO EXISTING PROPERTIES, AND PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT		

Change ID	Section of the Pre Submission JCS	Policy / Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			IS (OR CAN BE) MADE SAFE AND SHALL SEEK TO IMPROVE EXISTING FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT.		
			ALL PROPOSALS FOR DEVELOPMENT <u>OF 1</u> <u>HECTARE OR ABOVE</u> IN FLOOD ZONE <u>1</u> AND <u>FOR DEVELOPMENT IN</u> 2, 3A OR 3B MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT THAT SETS OUT THE MITIGATION MEASURES FOR THE SITE AND AGREED WITH THE RELEVANT AUTHORITY.		
			A FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT MUST ALSO ACCOMPANY PROPOSALS WHERE IT MAY BE SUBJECT TO OTHER SOURCES, AND FORMS, OF FLOODING OR WHERE OTHER BODIES HAVE INDICATED THAT THERE MAY BE DRAINAGE PROBLEMS.		
			IN ORDER TO MEET THE EXCEPTION TEST DEVELOPMENT MUST:		
			 DEMONSTRATE THAT THE DEVELOPMENT PROVIDES WIDER SUSTAINABILITY BENEFITS TO THE COMMUNITY THAT OUTWEIGH THE FLOOD RISK; BE LOCATED ON PREVIOUSLY DEVELOPED LAND; AND 		

Section 10.0 – Built and Natural Environment

Change ID	Section of the Pre Submission JCS	Policy / Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			BE ACCOMPANIED BY A <u>SITE SPECIFIC</u> FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT THAT DEMONSTRATE S -THAT THE DEVELOPMENT WILL BE SAFE <u>FOR ITS</u> <u>LIFETIME</u> WITHOUT INCREASING FLOOD RISK ELSEWHERE AND WHERE POSSIBLE, REDUCE FLOOD RISK OVERALL		
			WHERE FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT REQUIRES THE USE OF SUSTAINABLE DRAINAGE TECHNIQUES SYSTEMS TO MANAGE SURFACE WATER RUN OFF THESE SHOULD:		
			 SEPARATE SURFACE WATER FROM FOUL AND COMBINED SEWERS; AND BE ACCOMPANIED BY A LONG TERM MANAGEMENT AND MAINTENANCE PLAN. PROTECT AND ENHANCE WATER QUALITY 		
			THE DESIGN STANDARD FOR THE UPPER NENE CATCHMENT (THROUGH NORTHAMPTON AND WITHIN THE NENE CATCHMENT UPSTREAM OF NORTHAMPTON) IS THE 0.5% PROBABILITY (1 IN 200 CHANCE OF OCCURRING IN ANY YEAR) EVENT PLUS CLIMATE CHANGE.		

Section 10.0 – Built and Natural Environment

Change ID	Section of the Pre Submission JCS	Policy / Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			SURFACE WATER ATTENUATION SHOULD BE PROVIDED UP TO THIS STANDARD.		
PC060/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Policy BN9	 Amend the policy as follows: "PROPOSALS FOR NEW DEVELOPMENT WHICH ARE LIKELY TO CAUSE POLLUTION OR LIKELY TO RESULT IN EXPOSURE TO SOURCES OF POLLUTION OR RISKS TO SAFETY WILL NEED TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THEY PROVIDE OPPORTUNITIES TO MINIMISE AND WHERE POSSIBLE REDUCE POLLUTION ISSUES THAT ARE A BARRIER TO ACHIEVING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND HEALTHY COMMUNITIES INCLUDING: MAINTAINING AND IMPROVING DETERIORATION OF AIR QUALITY. PARTICULARLY IN POOR AIR QUALITY AREAS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL AIR QUALITY STANDARDS AND BEST PRACTICE; PROTECTING AND IMPROVING SURFACE AND GROUNDWATER WATER QUALITY; MINIMISING LIGHT POLLUTION; ENSURING REMEDIATION OF CONTAMINATED LAND SO AS NOT TO POSE A RISK TO HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT; AND 	To strengthen and clarify policy	South Northamptonshire Council 4617921/JCS_Full/10 00117

Section 10.0 – Built and Natural Environment

Change ID	Section of the Pre Submission JCS	Policy / Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			<u>REDUCING THE ADVERSE IMPACTS OF</u> NOISE.		
			DEVELOPMENT SHOULD BE OF THE HIGHEST ENVIRONMENTAL AND DESIGN QUALITY INCORPORATING THE BEST AVAILABLE TECHNIQUES. DEVELOPMENT THAT WOULD RESULT IN A DETERIORATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY, EITHER INDIVIDUALLY OR CUMULATIVELY WILL NOT BE PERMITTED.		
			DEVELOPMENT THAT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE POLLUTION, EITHER INDIVIDUALLY OR CUMULATIVELY, WILL ONLY BE PERMITTED IF MEASURES CAN BE IMPLEMENTED TO MINIMISE POLLUTION TO A LEVEL WHICH PROVIDES A HIGH STANDARD OF PROTECTION FOR HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY.		

th S J	Section of he Pre- Submission ICS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
lr e	1.0 nfrastructur e and Delivery	Policy INF2	Amend Policy INF2 as follows: "NEW DEVELOPMENT WILL ONLY BE PERMITTED IF THE NECESSARY ON AND OFF- SITE INFRASTRUCTURE THAT IS REQUIRED TO SUPPORT IT, AND MITIGATE ITS IMPACT, IS EITHER ALREADY IN PLACE, OR THERE IS A RELIABLE MECHANISM IN PLACE TO ENSURE THAT IT WILL BE DELIVERED. WHERE IDENTIFIED INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED PROVISION WILL BE ACHIEVED THROUGH CONTRIBUTIONS FROM ALL RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT. PROVISION MADE THROUGH PLANNING OBLIGATIONS MAY SEEK POOLED CONTRIBUTIONS WHERE THE COMBINED IMPACT OF A NUMBER OF DEVELOPMENTS CREATES THE NEED FOR INFRASTRUCTURE AND WHERE A DIRECT RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE DEVELOPMENT AND THE INFRASTRUCTURE HAS BEEN DEMONSTRATED. IN SUCH INSTANCES, ANY SPARE CAPACITY IN EXISTING PROVISION WILL NOT BE CREDITED TO PREVIOUS PLANNING CONSENTS/ OBLIGATIONS IN THE PLAN PERIOD EARLIER DEVELOPMENT.	Minor rewording to add clarity and remove elements of non-policy text.	JPU Officer North Northamptonshire JPU 4661505/JCS_Full/1 094613 Home Builders Federation 4638113/JCS_Full/1 081365 Northampton Borough Council 4618241/JCS_Full/1 008245 Persimmon Homes/Bloor Homes 4622465/JCS_Full/1 019381 Redrow Homes 4638177/JCS_Full/1 079925 Bovis Homes Ltd

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			STRATEGIC INFRASTRUCTURE WILL BE PROVIDED THROUGH THE IMPLEMENTATION OF A COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE LEVY. FOR OTHER SITE SPECIFIC NEEDS WHICH ARE NOT PROVIDED FOR BY CIL, OR THROUGH ANY POOLING OF CONTRIBUTIONS, DIRECT PROVISION WILL NEED TO BE MADE, EITHER THROUGH THE IMPOSITION OF PLANNING CONDITIONS OR SECURED THROUGH A PLANNING OBLIGATION, WITH THE RELEVANT LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY.		4618145/JĆS_Full/1 003797
			FURTHER GUIDANCE ON THE DETAIL OF ANY FINANCIAL OR OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS FROM DEVELOPERS TOWARDS THE PROVISION OF INFRASTRUCTURE WILL BE SET OUT IN THE WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS SUPPLEMENTARY PLANNING DOCUMENT."		
PC016/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the second row of Table 7 amend the 'Reason for Requirement' cell as follows: "Increased capacity required for development in Northampton beyond 2015 <u>2019</u> "	To reflect updated evidence base in relation to the publication of The West Northamptonshire Water Cycle Study Detailed Final Report September 2011.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC017/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the second row of Table 7, amend the 'Broad Phasing' Cell as follows: "Works to commence in 2015 <u>2019</u> and complete by mid 2016 <u>2021"</u>	To reflect updated evidence base in relation to the publication of The West Northamptonshire Water Cycle Study Detailed Final Report September 2011.	JPU Officer
PC018/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the third row of Table 7, amend the text within the 'Infrastructure Required' cell as follows: "Northern Relief Road (A428-A5199) - <u>North West</u> <u>Bypass –</u> Northampton"	For consistency of wording.	JPU Officer
PC019/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the third row of Table 7, amend the text within the 'Reason for Requirement' cell as follows: "Required to serve the Sustainable Urban Extensions of: North of Whitehills, and King's Heath and Northampton West."	For consistency of wording.	JPU Officer
PC020/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the third row of Table 7, within the 'Broad Phasing' cell replace "Requires completion within the first 3 years of initial dwelling completions at King's Heath" with: <u>"Phase 1 (A428 to Grange Farm) to commence by 2016. Phase 2 (Grange Farm to A5199) to</u> commence by 2021."	To reflect updated evidence base in relation to the phasing of the North West Bypass.	The Highway Agency 4623105/JCS_Full/1 093525
PC021/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the fourth row of Table 7, within the 'Broad Phasing' cell replace "2013/14" with "2016".	Date informed by Northampton Multi Modal Study.	JPU officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC022/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the fifth row of Table 7, for the 'Infrastructure Required' cell amend the text as follows: <u>"A45 Brackmills Interchange Northampton Growth</u> Management Scheme – Northampton".	For consistency of wording	JPU Officer
PC023/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the fifth row of Table 7, for the 'Reason for Requirement' cell replace "To enable significant occupation of Wootton Fields Extension and Saxon Avenue at Grange Park" with: <u>"Improvements are required to the A45 between M1 J15 and the Great Billing Interchange to support growth in Northampton and to ensure access and egress onto the Strategic Road Network is managed effectively."</u>	The change reflects further evidence base update through further transport study in relation to the A45 between M1 Junction 15 and Great Billing Interchange.	JPU Officer The Highways Agency 4623105/JCS_Full/1 093429
PC024/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the fifth row of Table 7, for the 'Broad Phasing' cell amend as follows: <u>"Phased programme (See Appendix 4 of the JCS for details) with Ccommencement in 2012/13 2014</u> "	The change reflects further evidence base update through further transport study in relation to the A45 between M1 junction 15 and Great Billing Interchange.	JPU Officer
PC025/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the eighth row of Table 7, for the 'Broad Phasing' cell amend as follows: "Three year scheme due to <u>Work</u> commence <u>d</u> in 2012"	To reflect updating as up grading work has commenced on the Whilton Wastewater Treatment Works which is to completed by 2013.	JPU Officer
PC026/ID	11.0 Infrastructur	Table 7	For the ninth row of Table 7, for the 'Infrastructure required' cell replace "A45 Northampton – Daventry	For consistency of wording throughout the	JPU Officer

Section 11.) – Infrastructure	and Delivery
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Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	e and Delivery		Corridor Improvements" with "Daventry Development Link".	document.	
PC027/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the ninth row of Table 7, for the 'Reason for Requirement' amend the text as follows: "Required to enable <u>strategic growth at Daventry.</u> North East Sustainable Urban Extension"	For clarity as the Daventry Development Link is not solely a requirement of Daventry North East SUE.	Croudace Homes Ltd 4545057/JCS_Full/9 99573
PC028/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the ninth row of Table 7, for the 'Broad Phasing' cell amend the text as follows: "Improvements required to be completed by <u>2017/18</u> <u>2021"</u>	Change in relation to updated evidence base related to anticipated build out rates of new development and A45/A5 junction improvements at Weedon Crossroads.	JPU officer
PC029/ID	11.0 Infrastructur e and Delivery	Table 7	For the tenth row of Table 7, for the 'Reason for Requirement' cell amend the text as follows: "Required to <u>improve capacity of junction ahead of</u> <u>Daventry Development Link</u> enable delivery of <u>Monksmoor</u> ".	To reflect the need for junction improvements related to growth and are require ahead of any strategic growth at Daventry.	Capel House Property Trust Ltd 4626465/JCS_Full/1 036117

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC005/N	12.0 Northampton	Policy N1	 Amend the first, third, fourth, fifth and sixth bullet points of Policy N1 as follows: "A FOCUS ON NORTHAMPTON'S TOWN CENTRE AND CENTRAL AREA FOR OFFICE, RETAIL, LEISURE AND SERVICE DEVELOPMENT PROVIDING HIGH QUALITY URBAN DESIGN AND PUBLIC REALM AND RETAINING PROTECTING ITS HERITAGE ATTRIBUTES ASSETS AND HISTORIC CHARACTER THROUGH MANAGED CHANGE (POLICY N2 REFERS); EMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENT BY REGENERATION AND REDEVELOPMENT AT EXISTING EMPLOYMENT SITES AND SEMLEP NORTHAMPTON WATERSIDE ENTERPRISE ZONE, WITH MAJOR OFFICE AND SERVICE DEVELOPMENT FOCUSED ON THE CENTRAL AREA AND THE ALLOCATION OF A TECHNOLOGY REALM SITE (POLICIES E1, E3 AND N2 REFER); PROVISION OF LOCAL SHOPPING, SERVICES AND SUPPORTING FACILITIES AT WITHIN IDENTIFIED SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS (POLICES S9, N3 TO N9 REFER); 	 To better reflect national policy on heritage protection and to add clarity. Factual update to reflect the designation of the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone and the reallocation of the Technology Realm to the Enterprise Zone. Rewording for clarity To acknowledge that regeneration will need to be supported by transport improvements which will deliver better connectivity, safety and journey reliability and to acknowledge the need for improvements to the wider transport network as well as public transport, walking and cycling facilities. 	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 78965 JPU Officer Highways Agency 4623105/JCS_Full/1 093557

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			• ADDRESSING FACTORS OF DEPRIVATION <u>AT-WITHIN</u> THE COMMUNITIES OF SPRING BOROUGHS, KINGS HEATH/ SPENCER, EASTFIELD AND NORTHAMPTON EAST (POLCY N11 REFERS); AND		
			• IMPROVEMENTS TO <u>THE TRANSPORT</u> <u>NETWORK</u> , PUBLIC TRANSPORT, CYCLING, AND WALKING FACILITIES WITHIN THE TOWN <u>NORTHAMPTON TO IMPROVE</u> <u>CONNECTIVITY, SAFETY AND JOURNEY</u> RELIABILITY (POLICY N12 REFERS)."		
PC007/N	12.0 Northampton	Policy N2	Amend the second and third paragraphs of Policy N2 as follows: "MAJOR OFFICE, LEISURE AND CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT WILL TAKE PLACE IN THE NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA. RETAIL PROVISION WILL BE ACCOMMODATED FIRSTLY WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRE FOCUSED PRIMARILY ON THE REDEVELOPMENT OF THE GROSVENOR CENTRE AND TOWN CENTRE SITES AS SET OUT IN THE NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA	1. To clarify that although major office leisure and cultural development will be take place in Northampton Central Area, that the sites on which these uses outside the town centre are considered appropriate will be set out in the Central Area	1.Northampton Borough Council 4618241/JCS_Full/1 008309
			ACTION PLAN AND THEN ON OTHER IDENTIFIED CENTRAL AREA SITES IDENTIFIED IN THE CENTRAL AREA ACTION PLAN.	Action Plan. 2. To reflect updated evidence base on retail	2. JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	<u>JUS</u>		 THE NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA ACTION PLAN WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR A NET INCREASE OF: A MINIMUM OF 45,000SQM <u>37,500SQM</u> (NET) COMPARISON (NON-FOOD) SHOPPING FLOORSPACE FOR THE PERIOD 2010 TO 2026 2021; IN THE REGION OF 3,000SQM (NET) CONVENIENCE (FOOD) SHOPPING FLOORSPACE FOR THE PERIOD 2010 TO 2026: AND OFFICE DEVELOPMENT IN THE REGION OF 100,000SQM OF FLOORSPACE DEVELOPMENT OF ADDITIONAL RETAIL FLOORSPACE WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRE IN EXCESS OF THE ABOVE FIGURES WILL BE ACCEPTABLE WHERE IT IS DEMONSTRATED THAT THERE WILL BE NO UNACCEPTABLE ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE VITALITY OR VIABILTY OF OTHER TOWN CENTRES. CENTRAL AREA PROPOSALS MUST INCLUDE APPROPRIATE FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS AND SEEK TO DELIVER A 	 capacity forecasting and to appropriately manage the growth of the centre over the plan period in line with the provisions in the National Planning Policy Framework. 3. As comparison floorspace figures are now expressed as a minimum there is a need to ensure that the other centres are appropriately protected. 4. To reflect the importance of appropriate Flood Risk management and the need to seek betterment, helping Northampton central area to adapt to climate change 	3. Borough of Wellingborough Council 4618881/JCS_Full/1 008981 4. Environment Agency 4626369/JCS_Full/1 125685
			REDUCTION IN FLOOD RISK WHERE POSSIBLE."		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC011/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.28	Reword the paragraph as follows: "The development of the Northampton North SUE provides the opportunity to deliver a comprehensively integrated sustainable transport system. A focus of the development should be the provision of a Local Multi Modal Interchange co- located with a local centre providing a high quality bus service (connecting to the town centre and westward towards Moulton and Moulton Park employment area) together with car and cycle parking provision. Off-site highway improvements will be required locally, including at Round Spinney roundabout, and improvements to the A43 Northampton to Kettering corridor."	Northamptonshire County Council is not supportive of park and ride at Northampton North SUE however the development is still required to achieve a modal shift of 20% to non car use. A Local Multi Modal Interchange would support this modal shift.	Northamptonshire County Council 4639073/JCS_Full/1 090133
PC013/N	12.0 Northampton	Policy N3	Amend Policy N3 as follows: "THE BOUNDARY OF THE NORTHAMPTON NORTH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR: • <u>IN THE REGION OF</u> 2,000 DWELLINGS; • <u>THA OF EMPLOYMENT LAND IN THE</u> <u>FORM OF A TECHNOLOGY REALM,</u> <u>INCORPORATING A GATEWAY FEATURE</u> (POLICY E3 REFERS); • <u>TWO 420 PLACE</u> PRIMARY SCHOOLS <u>PROVISION TO CATER FOR THE NEEDS</u> OF THE DEVELOPMENT;	 To allow for a degree of flexibility in the dwelling provision which is to be further informed by detailed master planning at the local level. To acknowledge that the Technology Realm is no longer required having regard to the provision for high quality jobs in the technology, research and 	 JPU Officer JPU Officer

Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph		oposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		• • • • •	LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES; AT LEAST ONE LOCAL CENTRE TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES <u>OF</u> <u>AN APPROPRIATE SCALE (INCLUDING A</u> CONVENIENCE STORE NOT EXCEEDING 1,200 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE SERVICES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES INCLUDING A LIBRARY; A CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS THE PROVISION OF A HIGH QUALITY PUBLIC TRANSPORT CORRIDOR TO NORTHAMPTON TOWN CENTRE; A 3HA PARK AND RIDE SITE; <u>A LOCAL</u> <u>MULTI MODAL INTERCHANGE:</u> A43 CORRIDOR MITIGATION MEASURES AND PROVISION OF REQUIRED HIGHWAY INFRASTRUCTURE <u>INCLUDING</u> <u>A NEW ROAD THROUGH THE SUE FROM</u> <u>ROUND SPINNEY ROUNDABOUT TO</u> <u>OVERSTONEROAD AND INCLUDING</u> IMPROVEMENTS TO ROUND SPINNEY ROUNDABOUT; AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT	 development sectors which will be made in the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone. The provision of local employment opportunities is appropriate as part of the sustainable mixed-use development of the site. 3. To ensure that primary school provision reflects the needs of development and to avoid being too prescriptive regarding the size of the schools that will be required. 4. To reflect discussions with County Library services that a bespoke library building is no longer required as part of the local centre, however Library Services may seek a presence within a community facility 	 3. Barratt Strategic (Overstone Leys) 4638657/JCS_Full/1 082005. 4. JPU Officer, Barratt Strategic (Overstone Leys) 4638657/JCS_Full/1 082005.

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE; • STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS (INCORPORATING COWPASTURE SPINNEY AND COLEMAN LEYS), AS INDICATED ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5); • SPORT AND LEISURE PROVISION; • ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION <u>AND</u> ; • <u>FLOOD RISK SURFACE WATER</u> MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FROM ALL <u>OTHER SOURCES.</u> AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND • FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES. NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.	 building. 5. To allow for a more flexible policy that can be responsive to local retail requirements and to allow for resilient to future economic changes as required by the National Planning Policy Framework. 6. Northamptonshire County Council do not support Park and Ride at Northampton North SUE however the development offers the opportunity for promoting modal shift through a Local Multi Modal Interchange. 	5.Sainsbury's Supermarkets Ltd 4636257/JCS_Full/1 086837, Waitrose Stores Ltd 4622881/JCS_Full/1 091637 Northampton Garden Centre 4616865/JCS_Full/1 013589 6. Northamptonshire County Council 4639073/JCS_Full/1 090133
			DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN. "	7. To provide simplified and consistent wording in respect of flood risk and surface water management.	7. Environment Agency 4626369/JCS_Full/1 125717
PC017/N	12.0	Policy N4	Amend Policy N4 as follows:	1. To avoid being too	1. JPU Officer.

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	JCS Northampton		 "THE BOUNDARY OF THE NORTHAMPTON WEST SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR: <u>IN THE REGION OF</u> 1,500 DWELLINGS; ONE A PRIMARY SCHOOL TO 420 PLACES ; A LOCAL CENTRE TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES <u>OF AN APPROPRIATE SCALE</u> (INCLUDING A <u>SMALL</u> CONVENIENCE STORE-NOT EXCEEDING 500 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE SERVICES, AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES; LAND PROVISION FOR THE SANDY LANE IMPROVEMENT (NORTH) FORMING PART OF THE OVERALL NORTH WEST BYPASS; NECESSARY HIGHWAYS WORKS TO <u>MITIGATE THE IMPACT OF THE</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT INCLUDING</u> A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE NORTH WEST BYPASS AND THEA FINANCIAL 	 prescriptive regarding the size of the schools that will be required. 2. To provide some flexibility on the size of the convenience store that can be provided. 3. Factual update to reflect that the Sandy Lane Improvement (North) has been completed and as such land provision is not required 	Number/ s)2. Sainsburys Supermarkets 4636257/JCS_Full/1 086901Waitrose Stores Ltd 4622881/JCS_Full/1 091925 Northampton Garden Centre 4616865/JCS_Full/1 0136213. Northamptonshire County Council 4625761/JCS_Full/1 126645 and Althorp Estate and J & E Rogers 4601793/JCS_Full/9 96117
			BYPASS AND THEA FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO IMPROVEMENTS TO THE KINGSTHORPE CORRIDOR (A508) INCLUDING THE COCK HOTEL JUNCTION; • AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK	4. Revised wording regarding highway works to ensure that the development mitigates	4. Northamptonshire County Council 4625761/JCS_Full/1 126645

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES, INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE; STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS INDICATED SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5); ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION; SPORT AND RECREATION PROVISION <u>AND;</u> <u>FLOOD RISK SURFACE WATER</u> MANAGEMENT, <u>INCLUDING SURFACE</u> WATER MANAGEMENT AND FROM ALL <u>OTHER SOURCES.</u> AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES. NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT. DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN." 	 impacts that may be identified through a transport assessment. 5. For consistency of wording throughout the document. 6. To provide simplified and consistent wording in respect of flood risk and surface water management. 	5. JPU Officer 6. Environment Agency 4626369/JCS_Full/1 125717

Change ID Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC020/N 12.0 Northampto	Policy N5	 Amend Policy N5 as follows: "THE BOUNDARY OF THE NORTHAMPTON SOUTH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR : <u>IN THE REGION OF</u> 1,000 DWELLINGS; <u>CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS ONE A</u> PRIMARY SCHOOL TO 420 PLACES; A LOCAL CENTRE TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES <u>OF AN APPROPRIATE</u> <u>SCALE (INCLUDING A SMALL</u> CONVENIENCE STORE NOT EXCEEDING- 500 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE, SERVICES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES; AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE; STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS SHOWN <u>INDICATED</u> ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5); OPEN SPACE AND LEISURE PROVISION; 	 To avoid being too prescriptive regarding the size of the schools that will be required. To provide some flexibility on the size of the convenience store that can be provided. For consistency of wording throughout the document. To provide simplified and consistent wording in respect of flood risk and surface water management. 	 JPU Officer Sainsburys Supermarkets 4636257/JCS_Full/1 086965 Waitrose Stores Ltd 4622881/JCS_Full/1 092085 Northampton Garden Centre 4616865/JCS_Full/1 013781 JPU Officer Environment Agency 4626369/JCS_Full/1 125781

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION; <u>AND</u> • FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES. SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND • FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES. NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.		
			DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN."		
PC022/N	12.0 Northampton	Policy N6	Amend Policy N6 as follows: "THE BOUNDARY OF THE NORTHAMPTON SOUTH OF BRACKMILLS SUE IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR: IN THE REGION OF 1,000 DWELLINGS; CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS ONE A PRIMARY SCHOOL OF 420 PLACES; A LOCAL CENTRE TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES OF AN APPROPRIATE SCALE (INCLUDING A SMALL CONVENIENCE STORE NOT EXCEEDING 500 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE, SERVICES AND	 To avoid being too prescriptive regarding the size of the schools that will be required. To provide some flexibility on the size of the convenience store that can be provided. For consistency of wording throughout the document. 	1. JPU Officer 2. Sainsburys Supermarkets 4636257/JCS_Full/1 086965 Waitrose Stores Ltd 4622881/JCS_Full/1 092085 Northampton Garden Centre 4616865/JCS_Full/1 013781

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 COMMUNITY FACILITIES; AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE; STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS INDICATED SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5); THE CREATION OF A LANDSCAPE BUFFER TO THE SOUTH WEST OF THE SITE AS <u>INDICATED</u> SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5); ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION; OPEN SPACE AND LEISURE PROVISION; AND FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES, SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES. 	 4. Inclusion of the requirement for ecological and archaeological assessment to be consistent with other SUE policies 5. To provide simplified and consistent wording in respect of flood risk and surface water management. 	 3. JPU Officer 4. English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 79125 5. Environment Agency 4626369/JCS_Full/1 125781

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph		Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT. DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE		
			ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN."		
PC024/N	12.0 Northampton	New Para 12.54 (Existing Para. 12.56)	Delete the final sentence as follows: "The allocation extends to the west to accommodate land for a park and ride site as part of the transport strategy which provides for park and ride sites around the town (Policy C5)."	To acknowledge that the provision of a park and ride site is no longer required by the Highway Authority.	Persimmon Homes/Barratt Homes 4639873/JCS_Full/1 086357 Northamptonshire County Council 4639073/JCS_Full/1 090133
PC026/N	12.0 Northampton	Policy N7	 Amend Policy N7 as follows: "THE BOUNDARY OF NORTHAMPTON KINGS HEATH SUE IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR: 3,500-IN THE REGION OF 3,000 DWELLINGS; TWO 420 PLACE PRIMARY SCHOOLS; 10HA SITE FOR A SECONDARY SCHOOL; A LOCAL CENTRE (APPROXIMATELY 4HA) TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES OF AN APPROPRIATE SCALE (INCLUDING A CONVENIENCE STORE 	 To reflect a revised dwelling capacity for the site having regard to environmental constraints and build rates. To avoid being too prescriptive regarding the size of the schools that will be required. To provide some flexibility on the size of 	 Persimmon Homes/Barratt Homes 4639873/JCS_Full/1 086357 JPU Officer Sainsburys Supermarkets 4636257/JCS_Full/1 087093 Waitrose Stores Ltd 4622881/JCS Full/1

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 NOT EXCEEDING 1,200 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE, SERVICES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES; A TOTAL OF APPROXIMATLEY 10HA OF LAND FOR LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES; LAND PROVISION FOR PART OF, AND A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO, THE 	 the convenience store that can be provided. 4. Revised wording to recognise that financial contributions for off-site highway works may be necessary beyond those 	092309 Northampton Garden Centre 4616865/JCS_Full/1 013845 Persimmon Homes/Barratt Homes
			 NORTH WESTERN BYPASS; A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO OFF- SITE HIGHWAY WORKS TO MITIGATE THE IMPACT OF THE DEVELOPMENT ON THE HIGHWAY NETWORK INCLUDING 	identified for the Kingsthorpe Corridor (A508) and the Cock Hotel Junction.	4639873/JCS_Full/1 086357 4. JPU Officer
			 IMPROVEMENTS TO THE KINGSTHORPE CORRIDOR (A508) <u>ANDINCLUDING</u> THE COCK HOTEL JUNCTION; AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE 	5. To acknowledge that the provision of a Park and Ride site is no longer required by the Highway Authority.	5. Persimmon Homes/Barratt Homes 4639873/JCS_Full/1
			TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO THE ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOOD OF KINGS HEATH, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE;	6. For consistency of wording throughout the document.	086357 and Northamptonshire County Council 4639073/JCS_Full/1 090133
			 A 5HA PARK AND RIDE SITE: STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS SHOWN INDICATED ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5) (TO INCLUDE PROVISION OF 	7. To provide simplified and consistent wording in respect of flood risk and surface water management.	 JPU Officer Environment

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 A COUNTRY PARK AREA); SPORT AND LEISURE PROVISION; ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION; <u>AND</u> <u>FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING</u> SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND <u>FROM ALL OTHER SOURCESFLOOD</u> ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND <u>FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL</u> SOURCES. 		Agency 4626369/JCS_Full/1 125845
			NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT. DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN."		
PC028/N	12.0 Northampton	Policy N8	Amend Policy N8 as follows: "THE BOUNDARY OF NORTHAMPTON NORTH OF WHITEHILLS SUE IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR: IN THE REGION OF 1,000 DWELLINGS; ONE 420 PLACE <u>A</u> PRIMARY SCHOOL; A LOCAL CENTRE (APPROXIMATELY 1HA) TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES OF AN APPROPRIATE SCALE	 To avoid being too prescriptive regarding the size of the schools that will be required. To provide some flexibility on the size of the convenience store that can be provided. Revised wording 	1. JPU Officer 2. Sainsburys Supermarkets 4636257/JCS_Full/1 087157 Waitrose Stores Ltd 4622881/JCS_Full/1 092373 Northampton

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph		Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 (INCLUDING A <u>SMALL</u> CONVENIENCE STORE NOT EXCEEDING 500 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE, SERVICES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES; LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES; A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO OFF <u>SITE HIGHWAY WORKS TO MITIGATE</u> THE IMPACT OF THE DEVELOPMENT ON THE HIGHWAY NETWORK INCLUDING IMPROVEMENTS TO THE KINGSTHORPE CORRIDOR (A508), <u>INCLUDING-THE</u> COCK HOTEL JUNCTION <u>AND THE</u> NORTH WEST BYPASS; AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO THE ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE; LAND PROVISION FOR PART OF AND A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE NORTH WESTERN BYPASS; A 1.5HA PARK AND RIDE SITE; STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS INDICATED SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5); OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION 	regarding highway works to ensure that the development mitigates impacts that may be identified through a transport assessment. Also to acknowledge that the site does not need to provide land for the North West Bypass. 4.To acknowledge that the provision of a park and ride site is no longer required by the Highway Authority. 5. For consistency of wording throughout the document. 6. To provide simplified and consistent wording in respect of flood risk and surface water management.	Garden Centre 4616865/JCS_Full/1 013909 3. Northamptonshire County Council 4625761/JCS_Full/1 126773 4. Northamptonshire County Council 4639073/JCS_Full/1 090133 5. JPU Officer 6. Environment Agency (see comments submitted in respect of other SUE Policies).

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 PROVISION; ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION; SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES. NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT. 		
			DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN."		
PC033/N	12.0 Northampton	Policy N9	Amend Policy N9 as follows: "THE BOUNDARY OF NORTHAMPTON UPTON <u>PARK</u> SUE IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR: <u>IN THE REGION OF</u> 1,000 DWELLINGS; <u>ONE 420 PLACE A</u> PRIMARY SCHOOL; A LOCAL CENTRE <u>(APPROXIMATELY</u> <u>1HA)</u> TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES <u>OF AN APPROPRIATE SCALE</u> (INCLUDING A <u>SMALL</u> CONVENIENCE STORE NOT EXCEEDING 500 SQM	 To correct a drafting error To avoid being too prescriptive regarding the size of the schools that will be required. To provide some flexibility on the size of the local centre and the convenience store that 	 JPU Officer JPU Officer Sainsburys Supermarkets 4636257/JCS_Full/1 087253 Waitrose Stores Ltd 4622881/JCS_Full/1 092469 Northampton

Change ID Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		 TRADING FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE, SERVICES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES; LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES; AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO THE ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE; STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS INDICATED SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5); OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION PROVISION INCLUDING AN EXTENSION OF THE NENE VALLEY COUNTRY PARK; ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION; AND FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCESFLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES. 	 can be provided. 4. For consistency of wording throughout the document. 5. To reflect the deletion of the proposed extension to the Country Park as part of the allocated site. 6. For consistency of wording throughout the document. 7. To provide simplified and consistent wording in respect of flood risk and surface water management. 	Garden Centre 4616865/JCS_Full/1 014133 4. JPU Officer 5. JPU Officer 6. JPU Officer 7. Environment Agency (see comments submitted in respect of other SUE Policies).

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT. DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN."		
PC037/N	12.0 Northampton	Policy N10	Reword Policy N10 as follows: "POLICY N10 – <u>CONVENIENCE</u> SHOPPING NEEDS OUTSIDE NORTHAMPTON TOWN CENTRE PROVISION WILL BE MADE FOR LOCAL CONVENIENCE SHOPPING <u>OF AN</u> <u>APPROPRIATE SCALE NEEDS</u> AT THE NEW LOCAL CENTRES WITHIN THE SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS <u>HAVING REGARD TO</u> <u>THE EXISTING NETWORK OF PROVISION IN</u> <u>THE SURROUNDING AREA AND THE IMPACT</u> <u>OF THE DEVELOPMENT ON CENTRES WITHIN</u> <u>THE HIERARCHY IDENTIFIED IN POLICY S2.</u> <u>AS SET OUT IN SUE POLICIES.</u> <u>NO FURTHER COMPARISON GOODS</u> <u>FLOORSPACE IS REQUIRED OUTSIDE</u> <u>NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA OTHER</u> <u>THAN AT AN APPROPRIATE SCALE TO</u> <u>SUPPORT THE VITALITY AND VIABILITY OF</u> <u>LOCAL CENTRES.</u> "	Rewording for clarity and to appropriately allow for convenience goods retailing provision in the wider urban area of Northampton.	Northampton Borough Council 4618241/JCS_Full/1 009269 Sainsbury's Supermarkets 4636257/JCS_Full/1 087285 Waitrose Stores Ltd 4622881/JCS_Full/1 092469
PC045/N	12.0	Policy	Amend Policy N12 as follows:	To strengthen the policy	Highways Agency
	Northampton	N12	"THE FOLLOWING IMPROVEMENTS TO THE TRANSPORT NETWORK IN NORTHAMPTON	and provide greater clarity on the transport	4623105/JCS_Full/1 093717

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph		Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 WILL BE DELIVERED: IMPROVED CONNECTIVITY BETWEEN EXISTING AREAS OF NORTHAMPTON FOR SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES TO LINK ESSENTIAL SERVICES, AND FACILITIES AND DESTINATIONS SUCH AS RETAIL, EDUCATION AND HEALTHCARE; IMPROVED CONNECTIVITY TO THE AND THROUGHOUT THE TOWN CENTRE FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TOWN BY PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING; IMPROVEMENTS TO THE PRIORITY INTERCHANGES OF CENTRAL NORTHAMPTON BUS STATION THROUGH ITS REPROVISION AS PART OF THE GROSVENOR CENTRE DEVELOPMENT AND NORTHAMPTON CASTLE STATION; ENHANCED PUBLIC TRANSPORT SERVICES TO AND FROM PRIORITY INTERCHANGES; DEMAND MANAGEMENT MEASURES ON ROUTES IDENTIFIED AS THE PUBLIC TRANSPORT CORRIDORS TO IMPROVE PUBLIC TRANSPORT RELIABILITY; AND REVISED PARKING STANDARDS ACROSS THE WHOLE OF NORTHAMPTON; 	infrastructure that is required to support planned development in Northampton, having regard to the transport evidence base.	Northampton Borough Council 4618241/JCS_Full/1 009525

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 <u>STRATEGIC HIGHWAY MEASURES</u> <u>IDENTIFIED IN THE NORTHAMPTON M1/</u> <u>A45 GROWTH MANAGEMENT SCHEME;</u> <u>SANDY LANE RELIEF ROAD; AND</u> <u>NORTHAMPTON NORTH WEST BYPASS.</u>" 		

Section 13.0 – Daventry

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC014/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D1	Add a new final bullet point as follows: "THE DEVELOPMENT OF A GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE NETWORK FOR THE TOWN INCLUDING THE CANAL CORRIDOR, DAVENTRY COUNTRY PARK AND BOROUGH HILL AND NEW GREENSPACE ASSOCIATED WITH MAJOR DEVELOPMENT SITES." Delete "AND" at end of the seventh bullet point. Add "AND" at the end of the eighth bullet point.	To reflect the importance of greenspace and a green infrastructure network for the town. Consequent typographical changes.	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 79317

Section 13.0 – Daventry

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC015/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D2	Reword Policy D2 as follows: "THE TOWN CENTRE BOUNDARY AND PRIMARY SHOPPING AREA FOR DAVENTRY WILL BE IDENTIFIED ON THE DAVENTRY DISTRICT SETTLEMENTS AND COUNTRYSIDE LOCAL PLAN TOWN DEVELOPMENT PLAN DOCUMENT PROPOSALS MAP. MAJOR RETAIL, OFFICE AND LEISURE DEVELOPMENT WILL TAKE PLACE WITHIN AND ADJOINING THE TOWN CENTRE IN A MANNER THAT IS COMPATIBLE WITH THE APPROPRIATE CONSERVATION OF ITS HERITAGE ASSETS. PROVISION WILL BE MADE FOR A MINIMUM INCREASE IN SHOPPING PROVISION OF: • 5,100 7,600 SQM NET COMPARISION (NON- FOOD) SHOPPING FLOORSPACE FOR THE PERIOD 2010 TO 2026; AND • 2,900 2,000 SQM NET CONVENIENCE (FOOD) SHOPPING FLOORSPACE FOR THE PERIOD 2010 TO 2026.	 To reflect the updated Local Development Scheme. To reflect the importance of Daventry's heritage assets. To reflect the updated evidence base on retail 	 I.JPU Officer English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 79349 JPU Officer
			DEVELOPMENT OF ADDITIONAL RETAIL FLOORSPACE WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRE IN EXCESS OF THE ABOVE FIGURES WILL BE ACCEPTABLE WHERE IT IS DEMONSTRATED THAT THERE WILL BE NO UNACCEPTABLE ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE VITALITY OR VIABILTY OF OTHER TOWN CENTRES."	capacity.	
PC025/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D3	In the first bullet point of Policy D3 replace " 2,500 " with " A MINIMUM OF 2,000 "	Change ID PC007/D above refers.	JPU Officer

Section 13.0 – Daventry

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC027/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D3	Amend the fourth bullet point of Policy D3 as follows: "THREE LOCAL CENTRES PROVIDING LOCAL SHOPPING FACILITIES <u>OF AN APPROPRIATE</u> SCALE WITH INDIVIDUAL STORES NOT EXCEEDING 500 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE AND TO INCLUDE TOGETHER WITH HEALTH CARE SERVICES, COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES;"	For flexibility in the retail provision.	Croudace Homes Limited 4545057/JCS_Full/9 99925 Sainsbury's Supermarkets Ltd 4636257/JCS_Full/1 087349

Section 14.0 – Towcester

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC005/T	14.0	Existing Paras 14.15 – 14.19 (New Para. 14.15)	Amend the supporting text for Policy T3 as set out below. Insert a new paragraph after paragraph 14.14 to read: "14.15 A Master Plan will be required for the entire SUE. It is anticipated that a planning application will be progressed for the main development area together with the A5 relief road and A43 improvements. Securing the delivery of the relief road is a crucial precondition to the successful development of the SUE. It is also anticipated that any enabling development for the town park will be the subject of a separate planning application. The SUE and relief road and the town park proposals, whilst complementary, are not interdependent and can brought forward separately subject to securing the delivery of the relief road." Replace "bypass" with "relief road" in existing paragraph 14.15 (new paragraph 14.16). Insert a new paragraph after old paragraph 14.15 (new paragraph 14.16) to read: "14.17 The development of the site will deliver a range of employment uses to ensure a broad balance between the provision of homes and jobs. The scale and extent of B8 (Storage or Distribution) uses will be carefully controlled and should be no	 To provide greater clarity regarding the delivery of the proposed development, in particular the relief road and the town park. To fully recognise the heritage assets near to the site. To provide further information regarding the employment development on the site having regard to the deletion of job numbers from the policy text and their replacement with a specified area of employment land. 	South Northamptonshire Council 4617921/JCS_Full/1 002315 Persimmon Homes/ Bloor Homes 4622465/JCS_Full/1 019541 English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 79381 JPU Officer

Section 14.0 – Towcester

Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		more than 20% of the total employment floorspace on the site. This is in recognition of the provision that has been made for large scale storage and distribution in more appropriate locations within the plan area. Particular attention will be paid to the scale and design of the employment units to ensure that they respect the landscape setting of the site on the edge of the historic market town, and are compatible with the existing and proposed residential areas."		
		Add the following sentence at the end of existing paragraph 14.16 (new paragraph 14.18): "The development will also be expected to respect the setting of nearby designated heritage assets which include Easton Neston registered park and garden, listed buildings, and conservation areas."		
		Amend existing paragraph 14.17 (new paragraph 14.19) to read: "There is an opportunity to create a strategic area of open space to the south of the town in the form of a new town park for Towcester. that would form the focus of the development. This park would be central to the development and would provide a strong link for both the new and existing areas of the town. The park will have the benefit of natural surveillance from adjoining dwellings and will link with various green corridors linking the surrounding		
	Submission	Submission	Submission JCS more than 20% of the total employment floorspace on the site. This is in recognition of the provision that has been made for large scale storage and distribution in more appropriate locations within the plan area. Particular attention will be paid to the scale and design of the employment units to ensure that they respect the landscape setting of the site on the edge of the historic market town, and are compatible with the existing and proposed residential areas." Add the following sentence at the end of existing paragraph 14.16 (new paragraph 14.18): "The development will also be expected to respect the setting of nearby designated heritage assets which include Easton Neston registered park and garden, listed buildings, and conservation areas." Amend existing paragraph 14.17 (new paragraph 14.19) to read: "There is an opportunity to create a strategic area of open space to the south of the town in the form of a new town park for Towcester. that would form the focus of the development. This park would be central to the development and would provide a strong link for both the new and existing areas of the town. The park will have the benefit of natural	Submission JCS more than 20% of the total employment floorspace on the site. This is in recognition of the provision that has been made for large scale storage and distribution in more appropriate locations within the plan area. Particular attention will be paid to the scale and design of the employment units to ensure that they respect the landscape setting of the site on the edge of the historic market town, and are compatible with the existing and proposed residential areas." Add the following sentence at the end of existing paragraph 14.16 (new paragraph 14.18): "The development will also be expected to respect the setting of nearby designated heritage assets which include Easton Neston registered park and garden, listed buildings, and conservation areas." Amend existing paragraph 14.17 (new paragraph 14.19) to read: "There is an opportunity to create a strategic area of open space to the south of the town in the form of a new town park for Towcester, that would form the focus of the development. This park would be central to the development and would provide a strong link for both the new and existing areas of the town. The park will have the benefit on natural surveillance from adjoining dwellings and will link with various green corridors linking the surrounding

Section 14.0 – Towcester

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			green corridors and link the surrounding neighbourhoods."		
			Amend existing paragraph 14.18 (new paragraph 14.20) to read: "An appropriate level of enabling development, housing and transport access will be required to secure the delivery of the park. The appropriate level of development will be the minimum necessary to secure the delivery of the town park and its on-going maintenance. The scale of development will be agreed following an open book assessment of the amount of enabling development required to make the delivery of the town park and its future maintenance viable. The provision of the town park must be planned as an integral part of the Towcester south expansion."		
			Amend existing paragraph 14.19 (new paragraph 14.21) to read: "The development will be delivered across all three phases of the plan period. Phasing will be required to ensure that necessary infrastructure is delivered alongside the development, particularly the provision of the A5 bypass relief road which is an essential prerequisite to the development. The dwelling yield and employment land that is relied upon to be delivered by 2026 are not regarded as thresholds which would restrict additional development within the SUE during the plan period.		

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Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			provided the necessary infrastructure is delivered."		
PC006/T	14.0 Towcester	Policy T3	 Amend Policy T3 as follows: <u>"POLICY T3 – TOWCESTER SOUTH</u> <u>SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION</u> THE BOUNDARY OF THE TOWCESTER SOUTH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE_PROVISION FORDE: <u>3,000 3,300</u> DWELLINGS (OF WHICH <u>A</u> <u>MINIMUM OF 1,500 WILL SHOULD BE</u> DELIVERED IN THE PLAN PERIOD UP TO 2026); <u>3,000 JOBS AT LEAST 15.5 HA OF</u> <u>EMPLOYMENT LAND (OF WHICH 1,500 A</u> <u>MINIMUM OF 50% WILL SHOULD BE</u> DELIVERED IN THE PLAN PERIOD UP TO 2026); THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE A5 <u>BYPASSRELIEF ROAD;</u> <u>DIRECTLY RELATED AND NECESSARY</u> <u>ESSENTIAL-IMPROVEMENTS TO THE A43 JUNCTIONS;</u> 2 PRIMARY SCHOOLS AND 1 SECONDARY SCHOOL; 2 MIXED USE LOCAL CENTRES TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES (UP 	 To provide changes to better ensure and improve delivery of the proposed development. To ensure consistency with the wording of the other SUE policies. To fully recognise the heritage assets within and near to the site. To provide simplified and consistent wording in respect of flood risk and surface water management. 	Persimmon Homes/ Bloor Homes 4622465/JCS_Full/1 019541 JPU Officer English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 79381 Environment Agency - see representations in respect of Northampton and Daventry SUEs

Section 14.0 – Towcester

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 WITH INDIVIDUAL STORES NOT EXCEEDING TO 500 SQM NET FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE SERVICES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES; STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS. THE MASTERPLAN WILL , INCLUDEING THE IDENTIFICATIONPROVISION-OF A NEW TOWN PARK, AS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5); DEVELOPMENT THAT RESPECTS THE LANDSCAPE SETTING INCLUDING EASTON NESTON REGISTERED PARK AND GARDEN, LISTED BUILDINGS AND NEARBY CONSERVATION AREAS; AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK WITH SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING ACCESS TO TOWCESTER TOWN CENTRE; FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES; SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION; ENHANCED-SPORT AND LEISURE PROVISION; SAFEGUARDING AND ENHANCEMENT OF 		

Section 14.0 – Towcester

Change ID	Section of the Pre-	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer,
	Submission JCS				Representation Number/ s)
			TOWCESTER'S GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE NETWORK; <u>AND</u> SAFE ROUTES FOR PEDESTRIANS AND CYCLISTS ; . FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES; AND ENHANCED UTILITIES PROVISION INCLUDING A PRIMARY ELECTRICITY SUBSTATION AND REINFORCEMENT OF THE ELECTRICITY NETWORK. NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT. DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN."		

Section 15.0 – Brackley

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC010/B	15.0 Brackley	Policy B2	 Amend Policy B2 as follows: "POLICY B2 – BRACKLEY EAST SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION THE BOUNDARY OF THE BRACKLEY EAST SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FORDE: 380 350 DWELLINGS; 1000 JOBS 9.4 HA OF EMPLOYMENT LAND; REALIGNMENT OF AND TRAFFIC CALMING TO TURWESTON ROAD; IMPROVED PUBLIC TRANSPORT PROVISION, INCLUDING TOWN AND INTRA-URBAN SERVICES; A MIX OF B1(A) OFFICE, B1(C) LIGHT INDUSTRIAL AND B8 STORAGE AND DISTRIBUTION. THE PROPORTION OF B8 FLOORSPACE SHALL NOT EXCEED 40% OF THE TOTAL FLOORSPACE; A LANDSCAPE BUFFER / NOISE MITIGATION TO THE A43; <u>ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION;</u> HIGH QUALITY DESIGN AND LAYOUT WHICH RESPECTS THE CHARACTER OF 	 To be consistent with the wording of the other SUE proposals To recognise the need for archaeological assessment To provide simplified and consistent wording in respect of flood risk and surface water management. Amendment of dwelling numbers to reflect a recent planning application for the development of the site. 	JPU Officer English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 79445 Environment Agency – see representations in respect of Northampton and Daventry SUEs. JPU Officer.

Section 15.0 – Brackley

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 THE GREAT OUSE LANDSCAPE CHARACTER AREA; THE ENHANCEMENT OF LOCAL GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE NETWORKS; AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK WITH SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING ACCESS TO BRACKLEY BUSINESS DISTRICT; FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCESSURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND SAFE ROUTES FOR PEDESTRIANS AND CYCLISTS.; AND FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES. NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT. DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN." 		
PC013/B	15.0 Brackley	Policy B3	Amend Policy B3 as follows:"POLICYB3–BRACKLEYNORTHSUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONTHE BOUNDARY OF THE BRACKLEY NORTHSUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWNON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THEDEVELOPMENT WILLMAKE PROVISION	 To be consistent with the wording of the other SUE proposals To recognise the need for ecological 	JPU Officer English Heritage

Section 15.0 – Brackley

Change ID Section the Pre- Submis JCS	Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		 FORDE: 1380 DWELLINGS; NEW <u>A</u> PRIMARY SCHOOL; HIGH QUALITY DESIGN AND LAYOUT WHICH RESPECTS THE CHARACTER OF THE OLD GLEBE LANDSCAPE CHARACTER AREA; THE ENHANCEMENT OF LOCAL GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE NETWORKS; DIRECT ROAD ACCESS BETWEEN NORTHAMPTON ROAD AND HALSE ROAD; A LOCAL CENTRE , COMPRISING RETAIL (UP TO 1000 SQM NET FLOORSPACE WITH INDIVIDUAL STORES NOT EXCEEDING 500 SQM NET FLOORSPACE) AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES (UP TO 500 SQM NET FLOORSPACE); STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS SHOWN INDICATIVELY ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5); <u>ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION;</u> AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK WITH SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING ACCESS TO BRACKLEY 	 and archaeological assessment in line with other SUE policies 3. To provide simplified and consistent wording in respect of flood risk and surface water management. 	4585441/JCS_Full/9 79509 Environment Agency – see representations in respect of Northampton and Daventry SUEs

Section 15.0 – Brackley

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCESSURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; ENHANCED SPORT AND LEISURE PROVISION; AND SAFE ROUTES FOR PEDESTRIANS AND CYCLISTS.; AND FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES. NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED 		
			TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT. DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN."		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC010/R	16.0 Rural Areas	Policy R1	Amend Policy R1 as follows: <u>"WITHIN THE RURAL AREAS OF WEST</u> <u>NORTHAMPTONSHIRE THERE IS A RESIDUAL</u> <u>IDENTIFIED NEED FOR 1355 DWELLINGS</u> <u>WITHIN DAVENTRY DISTRICT AND 1790</u> <u>DWELLINGS WITHIN SOUTH</u> <u>NORTHAMPTONSHIRE TO BE PROVIDED</u> <u>BETWEEN 2011 AND 2026. BEYOND THE</u> <u>TOWNS OF DAVENTRY, TOWCESTER AND</u> <u>BRACKLEY</u> DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE RURAL AREAS WILL BE GUIDED BY A RURAL SETTLEMENT HIERARCHY THAT WILL COMPRISE THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES: • PRIMARY SERVICE VILLAGES; • SECONDARY SERVICE VILLAGES; AND • OTHER VILLAGES <u>: AND</u> • SMALL SETTLEMENTS/HAMLETS THE RURAL HIERARCHY WILL: • ENABLE SMALL SCALE HOUSING AND EMPLOYMENT WHERE THIS MEETS LOCAL NEEDS AND/ OR SUPPORTS LOCAL SERVICES; • SUPPORT THE RETENTION AND PROVISION OF LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES IN RURAL COMMUNITIES;	To clarify the scale of growth that is required in the rural areas. To provide greater flexibility for local decisions by confirming that the percentage growth figures are indicative and expressing them as being "up to" rather than within a narrow range. To provide further clarification on the operation of the policy. To reflect the introduction of Neighbourhood Plans in the Localism Act. To ensure that small settlements and hamlets are included within the hierarchy.	South Northamptonshire Council 4617921/JCS_Full/1 002389 Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 103445 Hallam Land Management 4596833/JCS_Full/1 007797 Haselwood 4638635/JCS_Full/1 080661 Lucas Land and Planning 4633857/JCS_Full1 062229 Miller Homes 4638689/JCS_Full/1
			SUSTAIN THE RURAL ECONOMY BY	-	083573

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 RETAINING EXISTING EMPLOYMENT SITES WHERE POSSIBLE, BY ENABLING SMALL SCALE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING TOURISM, THROUGH RURAL DIVERSIFICATION AND BY SUPPORTING APPROPRIATE AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY DEVELOPMENT; PROTECT AND ENHANCE THE CHARACTER AND QUALITY OF THE RURAL AREA'S HISTORIC BUILDINGS AND AREAS OF HISTORIC OR ENVIRONMENTAL IMPORTANCE; AND ENABLE LOCAL COMMUNITIES TO IDENTIFY AND MEET THEIR OWN LOCAL NEEDS. 		Samuel Rose 4639489/JCS_Full/1 084693 Daventry Villages Together 4600001/JCS_Full/1 130549 Long Buckby Parish Council 4792801/JCS_Full/1 123925 JPU Officer.
			IN REFINING AND DETERMINING THE DETAILED HIERARCHY EACH DISTRICT COUNCIL WILL TAKE THE FOLLOWING FACTORS INTO ACCOUNT:		
			A) ⁴ THE PRESENCE OF SERVICES AND FACILITIES TO MEET THE DAY TO DAY NEEDS OF RESIDENTS, INCLUDING THOSE FROM SURROUNDING SETTLEMENTS;		
			B) OPPORTUNITIES TO IMPROVE SERVICE		

¹ The list will be changed to bullet points

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			PROVISION AND ENHANCE THE SUSTAINABILITY OF SETTLEMENTS;		
			C) ACCESSIBILITY, PARTICULARLY BY PUBLIC TRANSPORT, TO THE MAIN TOWNS;		
			D) EVIDENCE OF LOCAL NEEDS FOR HOUSING, EMPLOYMENT AND SERVICES; AND		
			E) THE SUITABILITY OF SETTLEMENTS TO ACCOMMODATE DEVELOPMENT IN TERMS OF ENVIRONMENTAL, INFRASTRUCTURE AND OTHER CONSTRAINTS.		
			THE SETTLEMENTS AND COUNTRYSIDE LOCAL PLANS TO BE PREPARED FOR DAVENTRY DISTRICT AND SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE SCALE OF DEVELOPMENT WITHIN FOR EACH		
			CATEGORY OF INDIVIDUAL VILLAGE WITHIN THAT CATEGORY. THE FOLLOWING OVERALL SCALE OF RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT OVER THE BASE DATE POSITION WILL BE		
			APPROPRIATE THIS WILL HAVE REGARD TO THE INDICATIVE FIGURES BELOW MEASURED FROM A BASE DATE POSITION (2011):		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 PRIMARY SERVICE VILLAGES = MODERATE SCALE - 10%- UP TO 12% OF THE EXISTING DWELLING STOCK SECONDARY SERVICE VILLAGES = SMALL SCALE - 5- UP TO 7% OF EXISTING DWELLING STOCK OTHER VILLAGES - SMALL SCALE INFILL - UP TO 5 DWELLINGS SMALL SETTLEMENTS/HAMLETS - DEVELOPMENT RESTRICTED TO AFFORDABLE HOUSING ONCE THE HOUSING REQUIREMENT FOR THE RURAL AREAS HAS BEEN MET THROUGH PLANNING PERMISSIONS OR FUTURE ALLOCATIONS, OR ONCE A PARTICULAR SETTLEMENT HAS REACHED THE UPPER LIMIT OF THE SCALE SPECIFIED ABOVE-IN THE APPROPRIATE LOCAL PLAN FURTHER HOUSING DEVELOPMENT WILL ONLY BE PERMITTED WHERE IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT IT: 		
			• WOULD RESULT IN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPROVEMENTS ON A SITE INCLUDING FOR EXAMPLE THE RE-USE OF PREVIOUSLY DEVELOPED LAND AND BEST PRACTICE IN DESIGN ; OR		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 IS REQUIRED TO SUPPORT THE RETENTION OF OR IMPROVEMENT TO ESSENTIAL LOCAL SERVICES THAT MAY BE UNDER THREAT (IN PARTICULAR THE LOCAL PRIMARY SCHOOL OR PRIMARY HEALTH SERVICES); AND HAS BEEN INFORMED AGREED BY A WITH THE RELEVANT PARISH COUNCIL OR APPROPRIATE LOCAL COMMUNITY REPRESENTATIVES FOLLOWING A COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT EXERCISE PRIOR TO THE SUBMISSION OF A PLANNING APPLICATION; <u>OR</u> IS A RURAL EXCEPTIONS SITE THAT MEETS THE CRITERIA SET OUT IN POLICY H3. UNTIL THE NAMED RURAL SETTLEMENT HIERARCHY HAS BEEN DEFINED WITHIN FUTURE DEVELOPMENT PLAN DOCUMENTS PREPARED BY INDIVIDUAL LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITIES IN CONSULTATION WITH LOCAL COMMUNITIES THE EXISTING SAVED LOCAL PLAN POLICIES FOR DAVENTRY DISTRICT AND SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE WILL APPLY. 		

Section 17.0 Monitoring and Review

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC004/M	17.0 Monitoring	New Para. 17.3	Insert the following text as a new Paragraph 17.3: "Policies in the JCS and information in the associated Infrastructure Delivery Plan and its linked schedule (as set out in Appendix 4) are based on a robust evidence base establishing the level of development expected to 2026 and the costing of required improvements. Monitoring provides the basis for identifying when the implementation of policy is not delivering the vision and objectives of the JCS. It provides contingency in itself through identifying the trigger points for delivery and ensures corrective measures, including the possible review of policy, are considered at the earliest opportunity."	Address concerns that the JCS does not adequately consider opportunity for contingency arrangements or the co- ordinated delivery of infrastructure. Separate paragraph to emphasise role of triggers and contingency in the Monitoring Framework.	4633857/JCS_Full/1 062965 & 4633857/JCS_Full/1 062997 (Lucas Land and Planning) (Logged under funding and delivery) and 4596769/JCS_Full/1 003157 (Boughton PC)
PC011/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.8 (New Para. 17.9)	Add new second sentence: "The monitoring approach also sets out the triggers which will identify when the plan's objectives are not being met, and the examples of contingency actions which can be taken to address the issues identified."	To introduce the trigger and contingency measures integral to the monitoring strategy at the start of this section.	4633857/JCS_Full/1 062965 & 4633857/JCS_Full/1 062997 (Lucas Land and Planning) (Logged under funding and delivery) and 4596769/JCS_Full/1 003157 (Boughton PC)
PC026/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.15	Remove "; and" at the end of the following bullet point: "The target – what is to be achieved and by when".	Reflects that changes made to monitoring framework (Appendix 6)	JPU Officer 4633857/JCS_Full/1

Section 17.0 Monitoring and Review

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		(New Para. 17.17)	 Add two new bullet points at the end of the existing list as follows: "Triggers to establish significant discrepancies between actual policy implementation and established policy targets; and Contingency measures that may be considered if a trigger is identified. " 	so monitoring can be used as a contingency measure.	062965 & 4633857/JCS_Full/1 062997 (Lucas Land and Planning) both refer to contingency requirement.

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/ A4	Appendix 4	Pretext (page 201)	Replace text with Appendix 4 - West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan - Schedule Extract The purpose of the West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP) is to identify the strategic priorities for the delivery of key infrastructure needed to support the scale of growth put forward in the West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy. This Appendix includes the infrastructure schedules taken from the IDP Update 2012 and is for reference purposes only as the IDP and its associated schedules will be updated annually as development occurs, identified infrastructure requirements are presented. For full clarity the schedules should be read with the accompanying text in the IDP. The IDP 2012 covers the strategic provision of the following types of infrastructure:- Transport Health Education Community and Leisure Open space and Green Infrastructure Utilities The transport schedule comprises identified	To improve clarity.	JPU Officer and Persimmon Homes/Bloor Homes 4622465/JVC_Full/1 019605, Persimmon Homes/Barratt Homes 4639873/JCS_Full/1 086389 Barratt Strategic 4638657/JCS_Full/1 082069
L			The transport solicatic comprises lucitaned		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			highway improvements, public transport		
			improvement and walking and cycling facilities		
			associated with strategic growth and for individual		
			developments such as SUEs where known.		
			Further detailed transport assessments will be		
			required for development proposals which may		
			highlight further transport improvements of a more		
			local nature to mitigate the impact of development.		
			These will only become clear through detailed		
			assessment once the form of the development is		
			known. There are a number of Primary Key		
			Infrastructure Projects identified for transport		
			infrastructure within the schedules which are also identified in the JCS at table 7.		
			Health provision is identified as primary health care		
			requirements. Acute healthcare provision is		
			revenue funded by the Department of Health and		
			delivered by NHS Trusts and the Clinical		
			Commissioning Groups within the County.		
			Providing acute healthcare infrastructure is beyond		
			the control of the partner authorities and		
			developers within West Northamptonshire.		
			Information on education provision is provided by		
			Northamptonshire County Council as education		
			provider. The schedule includes requirement for		
			both primary and secondary education and their		
			anticipated timing set against housing growth.		
			Education provision will be funded jointly by the		
			developer and provider.		
			Community and leisure provision covers a number		
			of different types of infrastructure including		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			community halls/centres, emergency services,		
			cultural development such as libraries, museums		
			and galleries, indoor and outdoor sports provision,		
			and public realm improvements. Community facilities in the form of halls or other		
			meeting spaces are generally included in proposals		
			for local centres. Typically, the expectation is that		
			these facilities will be provided in shared buildings		
			which also provide space for other uses, such as		
			leisure, emergency services and libraries.		
			Open space and green infrastructure are identified		
			at a strategic level. Facilities such as play spaces		
			and community open space will be required to be		
			provided to serve specific developments such as		
			SUEs. These will be determined in detail through		
			masterplanning exercises and provided on site by		
			the developer. As such they do not form itemised		
			entries in the IDP schedules.		
			Utilities infrastructure covers energy supply through		
			electricity and gas, water infrastructure through		
			water supply and waste water treatment and		
			telecommuncations infrastructure.		
			The Water Cycle Study (September 2011)		
			concludes that Anglia Water Services (AWS)		
			through their strategic infrastructure and resource		
			planning are currently undertaking and have		
			planned for the future a number of capital schemes		
			that will support the proposed growth within the		
			study area until 2035. For planned growth (such as		
			SUEs) local reinforcements will be required and are		
			provided for through the normal requisition process		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC002/ A4	Appendix 4	Tables (pages 202 to 222)	whereby the developer pays AWS to provide the necessary pipes and connections. The requisition process is triggered by development, and is therefore entirely dependent on the timing of the individual developments. The cost of connections will be determined through the requisition process and is not therefore included within the schedule. Likewise for connection to waste water, electric and gas infrastructure network, these costs are borne by the developer and are also requisitioned from the provider. As normal development costs determined at the point of requisition these connections are not included in the schedule. There are a number of Primary Key Infrastructure Projects identified for waste water infrastructure which are also identified on the schedules and at table 7 in the JCS. Delete schedule and replace with schedules as attached below.	The Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP) has been updated in consultation with service providers and partner authorities and in the light of new evidence base. The IDP Update 2012 contains revised infrastructure schedules which provide an updated position on infrastructure provision. The revised schedules	JPU Officer and Persimmon Homes/Bloor Homes 4622465/JVC_Full/1 019605, Persimmon Homes/Barratt Homes 4639873/JCS_Full/1 086389 Barratt Strategic

		Number/ s)
	are included in Appendix 4 as represented in the IDP Update 2012.However, the IDP as a living document will continue to be updated.	4638657/JCS_Full/1 082069 Croudace Homes Ltd 4545057/JCS_Full/1 000149 The Ensign Group 4640129/JCS_Full/1 084661 Legal and General 4622849/JCS_Full/1 088853 Highways Agency 4623105/JCS_Full/1 094261
		Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 103413 Consortium of Parish Councils 4607809/JCS_Full/1
		continue to be updated.

Section 18.0 / Appendix 4 – West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan – Schedule Extract

INFRASTRUCTURE SCHEDULE

Transport

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
Nort	hampton						
T1	NRDA	A45/M1 Northampton Growth Management Scheme* (see table below)	NRDA	NCC/HA	2014 start	£12.24m	Developer
Т2	Northampton (West)	North West Bypass Phase 1 (A428 to Grange Farm)	Northampton Kings Heath	Developer	2014 start	£11.3m	Developer
Т3	Northampton (West)	North West Bypass Phase 2 (Grange Farm to A5199)	Northampton (West)	NCC/ Developer	2021 start	£16.3m	Developer
Τ4	Northampton (West)	Sandy Lane Relief Road Phase 2 related to Upton Lodge Norwood Farm developments	Norwood Farm /Upton Lodge	Developer	2016	£5.42m	Developer
Т5	NRDA	New Bus Interchange at Northampton Town Centre	Wider Area	NBC	2013 start	£10m	WNDC/ NBC
Т6	NRDA	New Railway Transport Interchange at Northampton Castle Station	Wider Area	Network Rail	2014 start	£30m	WNDC/ NCC
Τ7	Northampton (West)	Kingsthorpe Corridor Improvements	Northampton (West)	NCC	2010 start	£3.8m	NCC/ Developer
Т8	NRDÁ	Highway and Junction Improvements to provide access to developments in the St John's area.	Northampton Town Centre - St John's Area	NCC	2013	£1.2m	NCC/NBC/ Developer
T9	NRDA	Plough Junction Improvements	Northampton St	NCC	2015	£3m	Grant

Ref	Growth	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for	Delivery	Broad	Cost	Funding
	Location		Growth at	Body	Phasing	Est.	Sources
			John's Area				Funded
T10	NRDA	Ransome Road Nunn Mills Link Road	Avon Nunn Mills	NCC/	2014	£17.6m	WNDC/
				Developer	start		Developer
T11	NRDA	London Road Ransome Road Junction	Avon Nunn Mills	NCC	2011	£2.3m	WNDC/
		Improvements					GAF
T12	NRDA	Bedford Road Bus Priority	Town Centre	NCC	Not	£2.2m	NCC/
		Improvements			known		Developer
T13	NRDA	Wellingborough Road Bus	Northampton	NCC	2016	£1.4m	NCC
		Improvements	(East)				
T14	NRDA	Inter Urban Bus Service Improvement	Northampton	NCC	2010	£1.2m	NCC
					ongoing		
T15	NRDA	Cycle and Walking Routes, and	Northampton	NCC/	2010	£14m	NCC/
		Crossing		Sustrans	ongoing		Sustrans/
							Developer
T16	Northampton	A43 Corridor Improvements	Northampton	NCC/	2014	£5.38m	Developer
	(North)		North SUE	Developer	start		
T17	Northampton	Round Spinney Interchange	Northampton	NCC	2014	£3m	Developer
	(North)	Improvements	North SUE		start		
T18	Northampton	Local Multi Modal Interchange and Bus	Northampton	NCC	2014	£2m	Developer
	(North)	Route Improvement/Provision	North SUE		ongoing		
T19	Northampton	Kettering Road Bus Priority	Northampton	NCC	2014	£1.5m	Developer/
	(North)		North SUE		ongoing		NCC
T20	Northampton	Walking and Cycling Improvement	Northampton	NCC	2014	£0.34m	Developer
	(North)		North SUE		ongoing		
T21	Northampton	Potential Junction Provision/	Northampton	NCC	2016	Not	Developer
	(West)	Improvements	West SUE		start	known	
T22	Northampton	Bus Route Improvement	Northampton	NCC	2016	£1.8m	Developer
	(West)		West SUE		start		
T23	Northampton	Walking and Cycling Improvement	Northampton	NCC	2016	£0.23m	Developer

Ref	Growth	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for	Delivery	Broad	Cost	Funding
	Location		Growth at	Body	Phasing	Est.	Sources
	(West)		West SUE		start		
T24	Northampton	Towcester Road Bus Priority related to	Northampton	NCC	2016	£0.12m	Developer/
	(South)	Northampton South	South SUE		start		NCC
T25	Northampton	Bus Route Improvement related to	Northampton	NCC	2016	£1.4m	Developer
	(South)	Northampton South	South SUE		start		
T26	Northampton	Walking and Cycling Improvement	Northampton	NCC	2016	£0.5m	Developer
	(South)		South SUE		start		
T27	Northampton	London Road Bus Priority	Northampton	NCC	2016	£2.7m	Developer/
	(South)		South of		start		NCC
			Brackmills SUE				
T28	Northampton	Bus Route Improvement	Northampton	NCC	2016	£1m	Developer
	(South)		South of		start		
			Brackmills SUE				
T29	Northampton	Walking and Cycling Improvement	Northampton	NCC	2016	£0.5m	Developer
	(South)		South of		start		
			Brackmills SUE				
T30	Northampton	Harlestone Road/Mill Lane Junction	Northampton	NCC	2016	£3.7m	Developer
	(West)	Improvements	Kings Heath		start		
			SUE				
T31	Northampton	Dallington to Kings Heath Road	Northampton	NCC	2016	£3.6m	Developer
	(West)	Improvements	Kings Heath		start		
			SUE				
T32	Northampton	Bus Route Improvement	Northampton	NCC	2016	£4.3m	Developer
	(West)		Kings Heath		start		
			SUE			_	
T33	Northampton	Walking and Cycling Improvement	Northampton	NCC	2016	£0.9m	Developer
	(West)		Kings Heath		start		
			SUE				ļ <u> </u>
T34	Northampton	Bus Route Improvement	Northampton	NCC	2012	£1.6m	Developer

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
	(North West)		North of Whitehills SUE		start		
T35	Northampton (North West)	Walking and Cycling Improvement	Northampton North of Whitehills SUE	NCC	2012 start	£2m	Developer
T36	Northampton (South)	Bus Route Improvement	Northampton Upton Park SUE	NCC	2012 start	£1.5m	Developer
Т37	Northampton (South)	Walking and Cycling Improvement	Northampton Upton Park SUE	NCC	2012 start	£0.2m	Developer
		nsport Infrastructure Known Costs				£180.23m)
Dave		1	Γ	1		1 -	
T38	Daventry	A5/A45 Weedon Junction Improvements	Daventry	NCC	2013	£0.95m	Growing Places Fund
T39	Daventry	Daventry Development Link - A45 Daventry to Northampton Corridor Improvements	Daventry	NCC	2021	£27m	NTP/ Developer
T40	Daventry	Relocation or Restructure of Bus Station	Daventry	DDC/NCC	Not known	Not known	Not known
T41	Daventry	Improvements to Long Buckby Station Facilities	Daventry	Network Rail/NCC	Not known	£1.2m	Network Rail/NCC
T42	Daventry	Long Buckby to Daventry Bus Route	Daventry	NCC	Not known	£2m	Not known
T43	Daventry	Improvements to Public Transport Provisions	Daventry	NCC/ Developer	Not known	£1m	Not known
T44	Daventry	Cycling Improvements within the Town	Daventry	NCC	2012	£2.35m	NTP/ Developer

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
T45	Daventry	A5/B5385 Junction Improvement	Daventry North East SUE	NCC	2015	£0.7m	Developer
T46	Daventry	B4036 Realignment	Daventry North East SUE	NCC/ Developer	2021	£0.35m	Developer
T47	Daventry	Norton Traffic Calming	Daventry North East SUE	NCC	2016	£1m	Developer
T48	Daventry	Public Transport Provision to Town Centre and Long Buckby	Daventry North East SUE	NCC	2016	£1m	Developer
T49	Daventry	Walking and Cycling Provision	Daventry North East SUE	NCC	2016	£0.5m	Developer
Sub	Total Daventry	£38.05m					

Towc	ester						
T50	Towcester	Walking and Cycling Improvements in the Existing Urban Area	Towcester	NCC	2012 ongoing	£2m	NTP/NCC/ Sustrans/ Developer
T51	Towcester	Tove Roundabout (A5/A45 Junction) Improvements	Towcester South SUE	HA/ developer	2015	£3m	Developer
T52	Towcester	Abthorpe Roundabout Improvements	Towcester South SUE	HA/ developer	2015	£6m	Developer
T53	Towcester	A5 Relief Road and Junction associated with SUE	Towcester South SUE	HA/ developer	2016 start	£31m	Developer
T54	Towcester	Improvements to Public Transport Provisions	Towcester South SUE	NCC	2016 ongoing	£1m	Developer
T55	Towcester	Walking and Cycling Provision	Towcester South SUE	NCC	2016 ongoing	£0.8m	Developer
T56	Silverstone Circuit	A43 and A5 Improvements and Junction Improvements associated with	Silverstone Circuit	NCC	2016	£10m	Developer

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
		Silverstone Circuit Expansion					
Sub ⁻	Total Towces	ter Transport Infrastructure Known Cost	ts			£53.8m	
Brac	kley						
T57	Brackley	Walking and Cycling Improvement in Existing Urban Area	Brackley	NCC	2010 ongoing	£5.8m	NTP/NCC/ Sustrans/ Developer
T58	Brackley	Halse Road Link – Road/Bus Link between Brackley North and Urban Area	Brackley North SUE	NCC	Not known	Not known	Developer
T59	Brackley	Bus Route Improvement	Brackley North SUE	NCC	2015	£1m	Developer
T60	Brackley	Traffic Calming at Halse Village	Brackley North SUE	NCC	2015	£0.5m	Developer
T61	Brackley	Bus Route Improvement	Brackley East SUE	NCC	2015	£1m	Developer
T60	Brackley	Traffic Calming at Turweston Road	Brackley East SUE	NCC	2015	£0.13m	Developer
Sub ⁻	Total Brackle	y Transport Infrastructure Known Costs				£8.43m	
Total	Transport In	frastructure Known Costs				£280.5m	

Bold = Key Primary Infrastructure Project

NRDA – Northampton Related Development Area

A45 Northampton Growth Management Scheme Projects	Cost Est.
M1 Junction 15 Interchange	£2.31m
Wootton Interchange	£0.8m
Queen Eleanor Interchange	£1.49m
Brackmills Interchange	£1.32m
Barnes Meadow Interchange	£2.14m
Lumbertubs Interchange	£2.6m
Great Billing Interchange	£1.58m

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Primary Health Care

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
North	nampton						
H1	Northampton (South)	Contribution to improving Local Health Centres at Wootton Medical Centre and Grange Park Medical Centre	South, & South of Brackmills SUEs, Avon Nunn Millls, Wotton Fields & Grange Park	PCT/GPs	2014	£0.9m	Developer
H2	Northampton NRDA (West)	Contribution required to develop a 9 GP practice within multi-purpose building located on Kings Heath SUE. (Approx 1,000sqm building required).	Northampton Kings Heath SUE & Northampton West SUE	PCT/GPs	2016	£3m	Developer/ PCT/GPs
H3	Northampton NRDA (North/West)	Contribution towards Internal Refurbishment of Existing Local Practice.	Northampton North of Whitehills SUE	PCT/GPs	2014	£0.6m	Developer
H4	Northampton NRDA (North)	Relocation of Existing Practice and Expansion to Cater Patient Increase.	Northampton North SUE	PCT/GPs	2016	£2.1m	Developer/ GPs
Dave	ntry						
H5	Daventry	New Primary Care Health Centre incorporating Relocation of Existing GP Practice(s) at Town Centre Location.	Daventry Town Growth and SUE	PCT/GPs	2013	£2.8m	Developer/ GPs
Towc	ester						
H6	Towcester	Revenue Contribution towards Existing Local Practice.	Towcester South SUE	PCT/GPs	2016	Not known	Developer
Brac	kley						

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources	
H7	Brackley	New Primary Care Centre – 2 relocated GP Surgeries, Pharmacy, NHS Dental Facility and 60 Bed Care Home.	Brackley Town Growth and SUEs	PCT/GPs	2012	Not known	Developer/ GPs	
Total	Total Primary Health Care Infrastructure Known Costs							

NRDA – Northampton Related Development Area

Education

Primary Education

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
Nort	hampton						
E1	Northampton Town Centre	Extensions to Existing Primary Schools in Northampton Urban Area	Northampton Urban Capacity	NCC	From 2013/14 onward	£25m	NCC/ Developer
E2	Northampton	New two form entry Primary School at Avon Nunn Mills/Ransome Road	Avon Nunn Mills/Ransome Road	NCC	2014	£6.45m	NCC/ Developer
E3	Northampton	New two form entry Primary School at Upton Lodge	Upton Lodge	NCC	2014	£6.45m	NCC/ Developer
E4	Northampton	New two form entry Primary School at Pineham	Pineham	NCC	2014	£6.45m	NCC/ Developer
E5	Northampton NRDA	New two form entry Primary School at Northampton South SUE	Northampton South SUE	NCC	2019	£6.45m	NCC/ Developer

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
E6	Northampton NRDA	New two form entry Primary School at Northampton South of Brackmills SUE	Northampton South of Brackmills SUE	NCC	2021	£6.45m	NCC/ Developer
E7	Northampton NRDA	Two x new two form entry Primary Schools at Northampton Kings Heath SUE	Northampton Kings Heath SUE	NCC	2016	£13m	NCC/ Developer
E8	Northampton NRDA	New two form entry Primary School at Northampton Upton Park SUE	Northampton Upton Park SUE	NCC	2014	£6.45m	NCC/ Developer
E9	Northampton NRDA	New one form entry Primary School at Northampton North of Whitehills SUE	Northampton North of Whitehills SUE	NCC	2014	£4.05m	NCC/ Developer
E10	Northampton NRDA	New three form entry Primary School at Northampton North SUE	Northampton North SUE	NCC	2015	£10m	NCC/ Developer
E11	Northampton NRDA	New two form entry Primary School at Northampton West SUE	Northampton West SUE	NCC	2015	£6.45m	NCC/ Developer
Dave	ntry						
E12	Daventry	New two form entry Primary School at Monksmoor Development	Monksmoor Development	NCC	2016	£6.45m	NCC/ Developer
E13	Daventry	Two x new two form entry Primary Schools at Daventry North East SUE to 2026	Daventry North East SUE	NCC	2017	£13m	NCC/ Developer
Towo	ester		·		-		
E14	Towcester	New two form entry Primary School at Towcester South SUE to 2026	Towcester South SUE	NCC	2015	£6.45m	NCC/ Developer
Brac	kley						
E15	Brackley	New two form entry Primary School at Brackely North SUE	Brackely North and East SUEs	NCC	2019	£6.45m	NCC/ Developer

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	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
Total	£129.55	m					

Secondary Education

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
North	nampton						
E16	Northampton NRDA	New Secondary School (located at Northampton Kings Heath SUE) 8 to 10 form entry	Northampton	NCC	2017	£30m	NCC/ Developer
E17	Northampton NRDA	Extensions to existing Secondary Schools serving Northampton (Additional 6 forms of entry required)	Northampton	NCC	2018 - 2026	£20m	NCC/ Developer
E18	Northampton NRDA	Special Needs Unit	Northampton	NCC	2016	£2m	NCC/ Developer
Dave	ntry	•		·	·		
E19	Daventry Town	New Secondary School (located at Daventry North East SUE - 8 form entry)	Daventry Town	NCC	2020	£30m	NCC/ Developer
E20	Daventry	Daventry UTC (600 places)	Daventry	UoN/ Moulton College/ NCC	2013	£8m	DDC/Uni of N'ton/ WNDC/ Moulton College/

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
							Gov't
E21	Daventry	Special Needs Unit	Daventry	NCC	2016	£2m	NCC/ Developer
Towo	ester						
E22	Towcester	Extended and Modified Sponne Secondary School to accommodate an additional one form entry and supporting facilities.	Towcester South SUE	NCC	2021	£7m	NCC/ Developer
E23	Towcester & Brackley	Silverstone UTC (540 places)	Towcester & Brackley	Tresham College/ Silverstone Circuit/ UoN/NCC	not known	not known	Tresham College/ Silverstone Circuit /Uni of N'ton
E24	Towcester & Brackley	Special Needs Unit	Towcester & Brackley	NCC	2016	£2m	NCC/ Developer
Brac	kley						
E25	Brackley	Extended Magdalen College School at Brackley. Additional one form entry.	Brackely North and East SUEs	NCC	2021	£3.5m	NCC/ Developer
Total	Secondary Ed		£104.5m				
Total	Education infr	£234.05m					

NRDA – Northampton Related Development Area

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Community and Leisure

Community Halls/Centres

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
Nort	hampton						
C1	NRDA	Multi Use Community Building	Avon Nunn Mills Ransome Road	NBC	2016	£1.5m	Developer /Other
C2	NRDA	Multi Use Community Building	Northampton King Heath SUE	NBC	2020	£1.5m	Developer /Other
C3	NRDA	Multi Use Community Building	Northampton West SUE	NBC	2020	£1.5m	Developer /Other
C4	NRDA	Multi Use Community Building	Northampton North SUE	NBC	2020	£1.5m	Developer /Other
Dave	entry		·		·		
C5	Daventry	Community Space within Town Centre Multi Use Facility	Daventry	NCC/ Partners	2014	£5m*	WNDC/ NCC/ Business
C6	Daventry	Multi Use Community Building	Daventry SUE	DDC	2020	£1.5m	Developer /Other
Towe	cester			·	·	-	·

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
C7	Towcester	Community Space within Moat Lane Multi Use Facility	Towcester	SNC	2014	£3m*	WNDC/ SNC/NCC
C8	Towcester	Multi Use Community Building	Towcester South SUE	SNC	2020	£1.5m	Developer /Other
Total	Community (Centre Infrastructure Known Costs				£17m	

* refers to full cost of multi use facility

NRDA – Northampton Related Development Area

Emergency Services

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
North	nampton						
ES1	NRDA	Fire and Rescue Infrastructure	NRDA	Fire Service	2016 onward	£1.5m	Developer /Other
ES2	NRDA	Police and Safer Community Infrastructure	NRDA	Police Force	2016 onward	£0.5m	Developer /Other
Dave	ntry			·	-		
ES3	Daventry	Fire and Rescue Infrastructure	Daventry	Fire Service	2016 onward	£0.4m	Developer /Other
ES4	Daventry	Police and Safer Community Infrastructure	Daventry	Police Force	2016 onward	£0.5m	Developer /Other
Sout	h Northants						
ES5	South Northants	Fire and Rescue Infrastructure	South Northants	Fire Service	2016 onward	£0.45m	Developer /Other
ES6	South	Police and Safer Community	South Northants	Police Force	2016	£0.5m	Developer

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Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
	Northants	Infrastructure			onward		/Other
Total	£3.85m						
	A Northomoto	n Delated Development Area					

NRDA – Northampton Related Development Area

Cultural Development

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
North	nampton						
CD1	NRDA	Upgrades to Existing Libraries and Opportunities for Relocation of Library Provision within Multi Use Buildings associated with SUEs and Large Developments	NRDA	NCC/ Partners	2013 onwards	£1.5m	Developer /NCC
CD2	NRDA	Refurbishment and Extension at Northampton Library	NRDA	NCC	2014 – 2017	£10.7m	Developer /NCC
Dave	ntry						
DC3	Daventry	Daventry Library Plus – Located within Multi Use Building	Daventry	NCC/ Partners	2014	At C5	WNDC/ NCC/ Business
Towo	ester			L			
DC4	Towcester	Towcester Library Plus Relocated to Moat Lane Development	Towcester	NCC/ Partners	2014	At C7	WNDC/ SNC/NCC
		elopment Infrastructure Known Costs				£12.2m	

NRDA – Northampton Related Development Area

Indoor and Outdoor Sports

Ref	Growth	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for	Delivery	Broad	Cost	Funding
	Location		Growth at	Body	Phasing	Est.	Sources
North	hampton						
S1	NRDA	Provision of New 8 Court Sports Hall	NRDA	Not known	2020	£2.7m	Developer /Other
S2	NRDA	Provision of New Swimming Pool	NRDA	Not known	2020	£3.2m	Not known
S3	NRDA	Improvements to Existing Rugby Facilities in Northampton.	NRDA	RFC/RFU	2016 - 2026	Not known	RFU/Sport England Developer
Dave	entry		·	·			
S4	Daventry	New 4 Lane 25m Pool	Daventry	Not known	2020	£2.5m	Not known
S5	Daventry	Sports Hall	Daventry	Not known	2020	£2.2m	Not known
S6	Daventry	2 Synthetic Turf Pitches	Daventry	DDC	2017	£1.2m	Developer /Other
Towo	cester	·					
S7	Towcester	16ha to Provide for Football Pitches	Towcester	SNC	2021 – 2026	Not known	Developer /Other
S8	Towcester	Pursue use of Tove Flood Plain for Informal Sports Pitches, Outdoor Gym and Walking Routes	Towcester	SNC	2016 - 2026	Not known	Developer /Other
S9	Towcester	1 x Synthetic Sports Pitch	Towcester	SNC	2017	£0.6m	Developer /Other
Brac	kley	· ·	•		•	•	•
S10	Brackley	Replace Brackley Pool with 6 Lane x 25m Pool	Brackley	SNC	2021	£5m	Developer /Other
S10	Brackley	3ha Additional Playing Pitch	Brackley	SNC	2021	Not	Developer

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Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources	
		(Football)				known	/Other	
S11	Brackley	1 x Synthetic Playing Pitch	Brackley	SNC	2017	£0.6m	Developer /Other	
Total	Total Indoor and Outdoor Sport Infrastructure Cost							

NRDA – Northampton Related Development Area

Public Realm

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
North	nampton						
PR1	NRDA	Public Realm Improvements Abingdon Street	NRDA	NBC	2012 onward	£1.3m	Developer /Other
PR2	NRDA	Public Realm Improvements Bridge Street	NRDA	NBC	2012 onward	£0.4m	Developer /Other
PR3	NRDA	Public Realm Improvements Drapery /Bus Interchange	NRDA	NBC	2012 onward	£0.6m	Developer /Other
PR4	NRDA	Public Realm Improvements Silver Street/Access to the Derngate Theatre	NRDA	NBC	2012 onward	£0.2m	Developer /Other
PR5	NRDA	Public Realm Improvements Angel Street/Access to Mercers Row	NRDA	NBC	2012 onward	£0.4m	Developer /Other
PR6	NRDA	Other Public Realm Improvements through Ongoing Regeneration of the Town Centre	NRDA	NBC	2012 onward	Not known	Developer /Other
Dave	ntry						

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
PR7	Daventry	Public Realm Improvements through Ongoing Regeneration of the Town Centre	Daventry	DDC	2012 onward	Not known	Developer /Other
Towo	cester						
PR8	Towcester	Create "Town Centre Fund" to enable Physical Improvement and Promotion of Towcester Town Centre	Towcester	SNC	2012 onward	Not known	Developer /Other
PR9	Towcester	Physical Improvements to Northern and Southern Gateways of the Town Centre	Towcester	SNC	2012 onward	Not known	Developer /Other
PR 10	Towcester	Alterations to Market Square Car Park and Public Realm Improvements	Towcester	SNC	2012 onward	Not known	Developer /Other
Brac	kley	- · ·	·				
PR 11	Brackley	Create "Town Centre Fund" to enable Physical Improvement and Promotion of Brackley Town Centre	Brackley	SNC	2012 onward	Not known	Developer /Other
PR 12	Brackley	Physical Improvements to Northern and Southern Gateways of the Town Centre	Brackley	SNC	2012 onward	Not known	Developer /Other
PR 13	Brackley	Public Realm Improvements to Market Place, Market Street, Halls Lane and Draymans Walk	Brackley	SNC	2012 onward	Not known	Developer /Other
Total	R8TowcesterCreate "Town Centre Fund" to enable Physical Improvement and Promotion of Towcester Town CentreTowcesterSNC2012 onwardR9TowcesterPhysical Improvements to Northern and Southern Gateways of the Town CentreTowcesterSNC2012 onwardR0TowcesterAlterations to Market Square Car Park and Public Realm ImprovementsTowcesterSNC2012 onwardR1BrackleyCreate "Town Centre Fund" to enable Physical Improvement and Promotion of Brackley Town CentreBrackleySNC2012 onwardR1BrackleyCreate "Town Centre Fund" to enable Physical Improvement and Promotion of Brackley Town CentreBrackleySNC2012 onwardR2BrackleyPhysical Improvements to Northern and Southern Gateways of the Town CentreBrackleySNC2012 onwardR3BrackleyPhysical Improvements to Northern and Southern Gateways of the Town CentreBrackleySNC2012 onwardR4BrackleyPhysical Improvements to Northern and Southern Gateways of the Town CentreBrackleySNC2012 onwardR4BrackleyPublic Realm Improvements to Market Place, Market Street, Halls Lane and Draymans WalkBrackleySNC2012 onward					£2.9m	
Total	Community a	and Leisure Known Costs				£53.95n	า

Section 18.0 / Appendix 4 – West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan – Schedule Extract

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources

NRDA – Northampton Related Development Area

Open Space and Green Infrastructure

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
North	nampton						
OP1	NRDA	Beckets Park Improvements	NRDA	NBC	Post 2012	£0.5m	NBC/ Developer
OP2	NRDA	Abington Park Improvements	NRDA	NBC	Post 2012	£2.4m	NBC/ Developer
OP3	NRDA	Racecourse Park Improvements	NRDA	NBC	Post 2012	£1.8m	NBC/ Developer
OP4	NRDA	River Nene Regional Park - Improvements to Riverside Walkways.	NRDA	EA	2017	£0.5m	Grant Funding/ developer
OP5	NRDA	Harpole Country Park - 37 ha to serve Residents of Upton Lodge.	Upton Lodge/ Norwood Farm Development	Developer	2017	£1m	Developer/ Others
OP5	NRDA	District Park to serve the Wider Area.	Northampton Kings Heath SUE	Developer	2019	£1m	Developer/ Others
Dave	ntry						
OP6	Daventry	Urban Park Linking Town Centre Sites to Wider Urban Area	Daventry	DDC	2015	£0.5m	Developer/ DDC

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Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
OP7	Daventry	Borough Hill Country Park Extensions/Enhancements as Formal Country Park	Daventry	EH/DEFRA	2013 ongoing	£1.5m	Developer/ Other
OP8	Daventry	Canal Park Linking the Expanded Country Park and Boundary Park	Daventry	DDC	2013 ongoing	£1m	Developer/ DDC/Other
OP9	Daventry	Extension of Canal to Town Centre and Interconnect with Green Space Network.	sion of Canal to Town Centre Daventry DDC 2016 terconnect with Green Space		£1m	Developer/ DDC/Other	
OP 10	Daventry	Daventry Country Park Expansion.	Daventry North East SUE and Monksmoor	DDC	2016	£1m	Developer
Towo	ester						
OP 11	Towcester	Allocate Land for New Allotments in Towcester.	Towcester	SNC	2015	Not known	Not known
OP 12	Towcester	Improving all Existing Green Infrastructure in the Town – inc. New Green Corridor from Sponne School to Bickerstaffs Rd. Improvements to Islington Rd Rec Ground.	Towcester	SNC	2012 ongoing	£0.5m	Developer/ Other
OP 13	Towcester	New 11ha Town Park at Wood Burcote to be Provided as Part of the Development.	Towcester South	Developer	2015 ongoing	£1m	Developer
Brac	kley						
OP 14	Brackley	Allocate Land for New Allotments	Brackley	SNC	2015	Not known	Not known
OP 15	Brackley	Provide New Open Space by Extending St James Park to the North	Brackley	SNC	2016 ongoing	£0.5m	Developer/ Other

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Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
		West					
OP 16	Brackley	Enhancement of Disused Railway Embankment off Glebe Drive	Brackley	SNC	2014	£0.5m	Developer/ Other
Total	£14.7m						

NRDA – Northampton Related Development Area

Utilities

Energy

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
North	nampton		·				
U1	NRDA	Replacement of Transformers with Higher Rated Units or Install Secondary Substation	NRDA	Western Power Distribution (WPD)	2016 - 2026	£30m	Provider
U2	NRDA	132kv Cable from Grendon to Nunn Mills – General Upgrade and Potential Undergrounding	NRDA	WPD	2016 - 2026	£30m	Provider
U3	NRDA	Move Substation and Upgrade Connections to Grid.	Avon Nunn Mills	WPD	2016	£3m	Developer/ Provider
U4	NRDA	One New 33/11kv Primary Substation Plus Reinforcement in Local 11kv Grid	Northampton Kings Heath	WPD	2017	£2m	Developer/ Provider
U5	NRDA	Upgrade to Brackmills Primary Substation	Wootton Fields, Grange Park and	WPD	2016	£3m	Developer/ Provider

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Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
			Southern SUEs				
Dave	entry						
U6	Daventry	New Primary Substation for Full 4,000 Homes Development					
Towo	cester						
U7	Towcester	New Primary Substation	Towcester South SUE	WPD	2013	£2m	Developer
U8	Silverstone Circuit	New Cabling from Brackley Substation to Silverstone Circuit	Silverstone Circuit	WPD	2013	£3m	Developer
Tota	Energy Infras	structure Cost		•	•	£75m	•

NRDA – Northampton Related Development Area

Waste Water

Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
Nort	hampton						
W1	Northampton Town Centre	Waste and Surface Water Infrastructure, Requirement and Cost Subject to Ongoing Discussions with Anglian Water	NRDA	Developer/ Anglian Water Sevices (AWS)/EA	Post 2016	Not known	Developer
W2	Northampton General	Extension to Great Billing Waste Water Treatment Works	NRDA	AWS	2019	£18m	AWS
W3	SUEs and Other	Connection to the Waste Water Network from SUEs and Other	SUEs and Other Developments	AWS	Linked to Housing	Not known	Developer

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Ref	Growth Location	Infrastructure Requirement	Required for Growth at	Delivery Body	Broad Phasing	Cost Est.	Funding Sources
	Development	Developments.			Delivery		
	S						
Dave	ntry						
W4	Daventry	Upgrading Whilton Waste Water	Daventry	AWS	2012	£5m	AWS
	General	Treatment Works					
Towo	cester						
	Towcester	Upgrading Towcester Waste Water	Towcester South	AWS	2018	£5m	AWS
	South SUE	Treatment Works.	SUE				
W6	Towcester	Upgrade to Main Sewer	Towcester South	AWS	2013	£4m	Developer
	South SUE		SUE				
Brac	kley	•		•			
W7	Brackley	Upgrading Brackley Waste Water	Brackley SUEs	AWS	2018	£5m	AWS
		Treatment Works.					
W8	Brackley	New Sewer from the East of	Brackley SUEs	AWS	2013	£4m	Developer
	General	Brackley Town	-				
Tota	Waste Water II	nfrastructure Known Costs	•	•	•	£41m	•
Tota	Utilities Infrast	tructure Known Costs				£116m	
		n Deleted Development And a					

NRDA – Northampton Related Development Area

Bold = Key Primary Infrastructure Project

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1 – Table Layout	In the table column originally titled "Main Agencies (for delivery)" merge with the adjacent right-hand column titled "Source (for monitoring data) and change the name to the following: "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data)" This change is repeated in all subsequent objectives for the format of the Monitoring Framework table.	It is felt that these columns can be effectively merged due to the significant degree of overlap between the agencies responsible for delivery and subsequent sources of data. The 'oblique' (/) symbol is used in the text for each indicator to separate delivery agencies and data sources to ensure the roles remain defined.	JPU Officer
PC002/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1 – Table Layout	In the table column originally named "Source (for monitoring data)" change the heading to the following "Trigger" This change is repeated in all subsequent objectives for the format of the Monitoring Framework table.	This column is now included as an essential component of the 'triggers and contingencies' mechanisms introduced in Policy S6 and Section 17 ('Monitoring and Implementation Framework) to support monitoring and review of the plan	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF 4633857/JCS_Full/1 062997 – Stephen Lucas (Lucas land and Planning) with reference to contingencies.
PC003/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring	Objective 1 – Table	Add a column titled "Contingencies" at the end right hand side of the original table format	This column is now included as an essential	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Framework	Layout	This change is repeated in all subsequent objectives for the format of the Monitoring Framework table.	component of the 'triggers and contingencies' mechanisms introduced in Policy S6 and Section 17 ('Monitoring and Implementation Framework) to support monitoring and review of the plan	4633857/JCS_Full/1 062997 – Stephen Lucas (Lucas land and Planning) with reference to contingencies.
PC004/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 1	Change the text of the original target from: "Based on JCS Policy S10: Detailed breakdown by settlement available in policy wording" To: "100% achievement of Level 4 now, and 100%	Change target to reflect revision carried out to relevant policy in the Joint Core Strategy. Revised target offers greater clarity in-line with National guidance for	JPU Officer
			Zero carbon standard from 2016." Change the main policy delivered from "S10" to "S11" and the Additional Policies Delivered from "H5" to "H5; S10"	delivering sustainable development and tackling climate change.	
PC005/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1 – Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ LPAs, Building Control and WNJPU monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			"WNDC" removed from original text that has been moved.	Reflects the handover of planning powers from WNDC in terms of the reduced monitoring role for this organisation.	
PC006/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Either: % new homes approved failing to meet current national standard > 10% or % new homes approved where viability analysis justifies relaxation > 15%"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC007/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Further discussions with developers on viability Consider a review of policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC008/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 2	Insert the word " Standard " at the end of the text of the original target. Change the main policy delivered from "S10" to "S11" and the Additional Policies Delivered to "S10" (previously blank)	Change target to reflect revision carried out to relevant policy in the Joint Core Strategy and the terminology of BREEAM assessments.	JPU Officer
PC009/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)":	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			" / LPAs, Building Control, WNDC and WNJPU Monitoring	data.	
PC010/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: ">10% of qualifying developments fail to achieve the standard"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC011/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review with Development Management Identify barriers preventing achievement"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC012/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 3	Change the text of the original indicator that read "within new development" to read "within major new development and SUEs"	To reflect changes to the relevant Joint Core Strategy policy that clarify where decentralised and renewable / low carbon energy sources is sought	JPU Officer
PC013/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 3	Change the text of the original target from: "10% target for sustainable energy generation on new development in Policy S10," To read:	Change target to reflect revision carried out to relevant policy in the Joint Core Strategy. Revised target removes reference to a strict 10%	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			"To provide renewable energy at source through decentralised energy schemes considered on all new developments and regeneration schemes through open book analysis with LPAs" Change the main policy delivered from "S10" to "S11" and the Additional Policies Delivered from "H5" to "H5; S10"	target for decentralised energy to reflect the broad range of renewable energy and low carbon technologies that may be considered on applicable schemes	
PC014/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 3	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ WNDC, Northamptonshire County Council, LPA Application Monitoring and WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC015/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 3	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: ">0 new development schemes (excluding those already permitted) that are proposed in the Joint Core Strategy and approved after 2014 that fail to provide decentralised energy opportunities"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC016/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 3	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Consider barriers to implementation and relevance of policy with Development Management and key organisations Work with developers / land owners to develop	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			viable and suitable schemes. Review policy"		
PC017/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 4	Change the text of the original indicator to remove "as in Core Output Indicator E1"	To remove reference to the now revoked government guidance on reporting Core Indicators	JPU Officer
PC018/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 4	In the text of the original target remove the following "Based on JCS Policy BN7"	Removes unnecessary reference to Policy BN7 covered elsewhere in the table.	JPU Officer
PC019/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 4	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ Environment Agency Response -Objections to Applications, WNDC, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC020/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 4	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Target is 0 permissions granted contrary to advice"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC021/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 4	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Identify cause and consider justification. Review implementation. Consider any remedial action Consider policy review"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC022/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring	Objective 1,	In the original text of the indicator remove the following:	To reflect the change in the monitoring of	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Framework	Indicator 5	"(LTP Indicator (LTP5))"	indicators in the Northamptonshire Transport Plan. Relevant data can still be reported locally.	
PC023/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 5	In the text of the original target remove the following "No specific target in Policy BN9"	Removes unnecessary reference to Policy BN9 covered elsewhere in the table.	
PC024/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 5	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) remove the words "NCC Highways" from the original text Insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ LAs, DEFRA Reporting"	To remove the reporting requirement previously covered by Northamptonshire County Council but not currently part of the Northamptonshire Transport Plan. To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	
PC025/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 5	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: ">5% increase in no. of properties within designated AQMA;s, based on no. of properties at 01/04/2011"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC026/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 5	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Identify causes and identify what planning related solutions are available Discuss with partners potential solutions"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC027/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 6	In the text of the original target remove the following "No specific target in Policy BN9" Change the Additional Policies Delivered from "S10; BN8" to "S10; BN8; BN7"	Removes unnecessary reference to Policy BN9 covered elsewhere in the table. Reflect the full range of policies covered by the indicator.	JPU Officer
PC028/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 6	Insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ EA"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC029/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 6	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Decrease of 5% in river lengths assessed of good biological / chemical quality"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC030/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 1, Indicator 6	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Identify causes and identify what planning related solutions are available	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Discuss with partners potential solutions"		
PC031/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 2, Indicator 1	In the original text of the indicator remove the following: "(Local Indicator)"	No longer necessary to refer to specific Local Indicator distinctions following revocation of Core Output Indicator guidance	JPU Officer
PC032/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 2, Indicator 1	In the text of the original target change the reference to "Table 7 in the Infrastructure Chapter of the JCS."	Update following re- formatting of the JCS as part of preparation of Changes.	JPU Officer
PC033/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 2, Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ IDP Monitoring and Review Process, WNDC, Feedback from Service Providers, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC034/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 2, Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Any significant potential delay in the supply of infrastructure affecting housing / employment delivery identified in the Annual monitoring of the Infrastructure Delivery Plan	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC035/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 2, Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text:	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			"Identify the problem and barriers / causes preventing infrastructure delivery. Dialogue with developers / statutory undertakers / LA partners re resolving the problem Discussion of alternative solutions / reassessment of need and/or timing of infrastructure need. Review of Table 7"	the policy is considered to be ineffective.	
PC036/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 2, Indicator 2	Add the following text to the wording of the original target: "and in the future through Partner authority regulation 123 lists for CIL spending"	To enable CIL spending to be incorporated as part of the target if appropriate in the future and to reflect the Regulations that would enable this.	JPU Officer
PC037/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 2, Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ S106 + CIL + IDP Monitoring, WNDC, LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC038/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 2, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Any significant potential delay in the supply of infrastructure affecting housing / employment delivery identified in the Annual monitoring of the Infrastructure Delivery Plan"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC039/	Appendix 6 –	Objective	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the	To provide contingency	JPU Officer – Part

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
A6	Monitoring Framework	2, Indicator 2	following text: "Identify the problem and barriers / causes preventing infrastructure delivery. Dialogue with developers / statutory undertakers / LA partners re resolving the problem Discussion of alternative solutions / reassessment of need and/or timing of infrastructure need. Review of IDP phasing, timing and funding for infrastructure required to deliver necessary infrastructure."	measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	response to NPPF
PC040/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 3, Indicator 1	Delete the text in the former Indicator 1 for Objective 3 that read: "NI 167 - Congestion - Average Journey Time per mile during the morning peak (Local Transport Plan (LTP) Indicator)" Delete the content of all subsequent content in this row that read: "See LTP Targets" and "C1" and "C2, C3, C4, C5, N3, N4, N5, N6, N7, N8, N9, N11, N12, D1,D3, D4, D5, T1, T2, T3, T4, B1, B2, B3, B4" and "SA Obj 1/2" and "LPAs, NCC Highways, HA, WNDC, Developers" and "DfT, HA, NCC Highways,"	To reflect revocation of the National Indicator dataset and the current format of the Northamptonshire Transport Plan which no longer contains this indicator used to set the target. Development of the NTP and its suite of daughter documents will continue to be reviewed and opportunities sought to develop the target locally in future monitoring.	JPU Officer
PC041/	Appendix 6 –	Objective	In the text of the original indicator, change the term	To reflect the change in	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
A6	Monitoring Framework	3, Indicator 2	"Local Transport Plan" to "Northamptonshire Transportation Plan" and remove the words "(LTP Indicator)" and the end of the paragraph.	name of the Local Transport Plan to the Northamptonshire Transportation Plan and reflect removal of the specific LTP indicator for transport programmes.	
PC042/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 3, Indicator 2	Change the original text of the target that read: "Targets in LTP Delivery Programme and IDP" To the following: "Delivery of specific transportation schemes as set out in the IDP and NTP"	To reflect the change in status of the NTP and the greater role anticipated for the IDP in setting timescales.	JPU Officer
PC043/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 3, Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)" but first remove the words "LTP Monitoring":	To reflect the changing role of the LTP and lack of specific indicators to monitor the delivery of schemes.	JPU Officer
			"/ LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	
PC044/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 3, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Any significant potential delay in the supply of infrastructure affecting housing / employment delivery identified in the Annual monitoring of the	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Infrastructure Delivery Plan and NTP"		
PC045/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 3, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Identify the problem and barriers / causes preventing infrastructure delivery. Dialogue with developers / statutory undertakers / LA partners re resolving the problem Discussion of alternative solutions / reassessment of need and/or timing of infrastructure need. Review of IDP phasing, timing and funding for infrastructure required to deliver necessary infrastructure"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC046/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 4, Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ LPAs, Northamptonshire Police, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC047/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 4, Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "0 permissions approved contrary to advice"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer
PC048/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 4, Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Barriers to good crime prevention by design Consider policy review"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC049/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 4, Indicator 2	In the text of the original target remove from the start of the paragraph the words: "PPG17 Open Space standards and those identified in" And replace with: "Local Standards in Open Space / Recreation studies and the"	To reflect the revocation of PPG17 guidance following publication of the NPPF and that the evidence-base already contains locally justified targets for this indicator.	JPU Officer
PC050/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 4, Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC051/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 4, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: ">20% new permissions failing to meet adopted standards"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC052/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 4, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review development management policies and practices if necessary Discussions with partners and key organisations to review targets and required standards Further discussions with developers on viability Consider a review of policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC053/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring	Objective 5,	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following	To reflect the change in column headings and	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Framework	Indicator 1	text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)":	provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	
PC054/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 5, Indicator 1	 "/ NBC, WNDC, WNJPU Monitoring" In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: ">3,000m² net convenience floorspace permitted 2010 – 2026 <1,000m² net convenience floorspace permitted by 2021" 	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer
PC055/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 5, Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review evidence base Consider review of policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer
PC056/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 5, Indicator 2	In the text of the original target, change the value from "45,000m ² net comparison shopping floorspace" to "37,500m ² net comparison shopping floorspace	Reflect revisions to the evidence-base for retail provision undertaken as part of Changes to the Joint Core Strategy.	JPU Officer
PC057/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 5, Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ NBC, WNDC, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC058/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring	Objective 5,	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text:	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Framework	Indicator 2	"Grosvenor Centre extension not started by 2016 >37,500m ² net comparison shopping approved floorspace for period 2010 – 2026 <20,000m ² net comparison shopping completed floorspace by 2021"	delivery of the policy.	
PC059/ A6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 5, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review evidence base Consider barriers to implementation Consider review of policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC060/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 6, Indicator 1	In the text of the original target, change the value from "2,000m ² net convenience (Food) floorspace for period 2010-2026" to "2,900m ² net convenience (Food) floorspace for period 2010-2026"	Reflect revisions to the evidence-base for retail provision undertaken as part of Changes to the Joint Core Strategy.	JPU Officer
PC061/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 6, Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ DDC, WNDC, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC062/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 6, Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "<1,000m ² net convenience (Food) floorspace completed or under construction by 2021"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC063/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring	Objective 6,	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text:	To provide contingency measures that may be	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Framework	Indicator 1	"Review evidence base Work with developer / land owner to produce a viable and suitable scheme Consider barriers to implementation Consider review of policy"	considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	
PC064/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 6, Indicator 2	In the text of the original target, change the value from "7,600m ² net comparison shopping floorspace" to "5,100m ² net comparison shopping floorspace	Reflect revisions to the evidence-base for retail provision undertaken as part of Changes to the Joint Core Strategy.	JPU Officer
PC065/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 6, Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ DDC, WNDC, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC066/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 6, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "<2,500m ² net convenience (Food) floorspace completed or under construction by 2021"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC067/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 6, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review evidence base Work with developer / land owner to produce a viable and suitable scheme Consider barriers to implementation Consider review of policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC068/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring	Objective 7,	Change the text of the original Indicator that read: "Amount of new convenience floorspace delivered	Change target to reflect revision carried out to	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Framework	Indicator 1	in Towcester" To read: "Vitality of Towcester Town Centre – measured through planning applications"	relevant policy in the Joint Core Strategy. No specific delivery of retail floorspace is required in the policy text but the vitality of town centres will continue to be reported.	
PC069/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 7, Indicator 1	Change the text of the original target that read: "750m ² net convenience (Food) floorspace for period 2010 – 2026" To read: "No loss of A1 floorspace, Increase in total suitable town centre use floorspace"	As per the above change reflecting Changes to relevant Joint Core Strategy policy.	JPU Officer
PC070/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 7, Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ SNC, WNJPU Monitoring" Remove the word "Borough" from the phrase that previously read "South Northamptonshire Borough Council" to correct naming error.	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data. Correct grammatical error	JPU Officer
PC071/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 7, Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Net loss of appropriate town centre floorspace over a rolling 3 year period >10% net loss of A1 floorspace over a rolling 3	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			year period"		
PC072/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 7, Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review impact of changes Work with developer / land owner to produce a viable and suitable scheme Review development management policies Consider AAP Consider review of plan"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC073/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 7, Indicator 2	Change the text of the original Indicator that read: "Amount of new convenience floorspace delivered in Brackley" To read: "Vitality of Brackley Town Centre – measured through planning applications"	Change target to reflect revision carried out to relevant policy in the Joint Core Strategy. No specific delivery of retail floorspace is required in the policy text but the vitality of town centres will continue to be reported.	JPU Officer
PC074/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 7, Indicator 2	Change the text of the original target that read: "500m ² net convenience (Food) floorspace for period 2010 – 2026" To read: "No loss of A1 floorspace Increase in total suitable town centre use floorspace"	As per the above change reflecting Changes to relevant Joint Core Strategy policy.	JPU Officer
PC075/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring	Objective 7,	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following	To reflect the change in column headings and	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Framework	Indicator 2	text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ SNC, WNJPU Monitoring"	provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	
			Remove the word "Borough" from the phrase that previously read "South Northamptonshire Borough Council" to correct naming error.	Correct grammatical error	
PC076/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 7, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Net loss of appropriate town centre floorspace over a rolling 3 year period >10% net loss of A1 floorspace over a rolling 3 year period"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC077/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 7, Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review impact of changes Work with developer / land owner to produce a viable and suitable scheme Review development management policies Consider AAP Consider review of plan"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC078/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 1	In the "Target" column of the table replace the word "supply" in the original text and replace with "Pipeline"	Change target to reflect revision carried out to relevant policy in the Joint Core Strategy. Change better reflects the baseline position set- out in the evidence-base	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
				in the West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study	
PC079/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ WNDC, LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC080/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Amount of land available falls by >15% in a rolling 5 year period against 2012 Employment Technical Paper base"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC081/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text "Identify reasons for fall. Identify reasons if land is being lost to other non employment uses. Review development management policies and practices if necessary Consider allocation of additional employment land. Review Policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC082/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 2	Change the text of the original target which read: "None, unless it can be demonstrated that site not viable for employment." To read:	Change target to reflect revision carried out to relevant policy in the Joint Core Strategy.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			"No loss of employment land areas shown in the WNELS study of 2010. Controlled change of smaller employment sites within main urban areas where it can be demonstrated that the site is no longer viable for employment use"	Change better reflects the position of the employment evidence- base.	
PC083/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ WNDC, LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC084/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Any loss of WNELS employment areas to other uses Any loss of employment land to other uses which are not justified by the evidence."	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC085/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review development management policies and practices if necessary Review annual reporting of change in the AMR Review of WNELS site assessments Review of policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC086/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 3	Change the text of the original target which read: "16,000 additional jobs by 2026" To read:	Change target to reflect revision carried out to relevant policy in the	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			"19,000 additional net jobs by 2026 (over 2008 base)"	Joint Core Strategy. Change better reflects the position of the employment evidence- base, include the 2008 baseline, and the provision to provide a net increase in jobs from this date.	
PC087/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 3	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ WNDC, LPAs, ONS, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC088/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 3	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "<2,000 net additional jobs by 2016 <10,000 net additional jobs by 2021 >10,000 net jobs by 2016"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC089/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 3	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review of plan including WNELS to see if further release of employment land required Identify reasons changes and if jobs are being created faster or slower than expected. Consider allocation of additional employment land Review trigger in annual reporting of change in the	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			AMR Review policy"		
PC090/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 4	Change the text of the original target which read: "3,000 Jobs (1,500 should be delivered by 2026)" To read: "Minimum of 7.5 ha employment land by 2026"	Change target to reflect revision carried out to relevant policy in the Joint Core Strategy.	JPU Officer
				Change reflects that it will not be possible to measure job creation on a specific SUE area and therefore the proxy of floorspace must be used.	
PC091/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 4	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ WNDC, LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC092/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 4	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "No employment land delivered by 2021"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC093/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 4	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review requirement Work with developers / land owners to develop viable and suitable schemes. Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC094/A	Appendix 6 –	Objective	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) /	To reflect the change in	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
6	Monitoring Framework	8 Indicator 5	Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ WNDC, LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	
PC095/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 5	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "<5,000 sqm by 2016 <50,000 sqm by 2021"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC096/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 8 Indicator 5	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Adoption of CAAP by 2013. Identify reasons changes and if jobs are being created faster or slower than expected. Consider allocation of additional employment land Work with developers / land owners to develop viable and suitable schemes. Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC097/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 9 Indicator 1	Change the text of the original indicator that read: "Percentage of new developments that generate a minimum of 10% of its energy needs from decentralised and renewable/ low carbon sources" To read: "New developments that generate its energy needs from decentralised and renewable/ low carbon sources."	Change target to reflect revision carried out to relevant policy in the Joint Core Strategy. Revised target removes reference to a strict 10% target for decentralised energy to reflect the broad range of renewable energy and	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
				low carbon technologies that may be considered on applicable schemes	
PC098/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 9 Indicator 1	Replace the previous text in the target column that read "10%" with: "To provide renewable energy at source through decentralised energy schemes considered on all new developments and regeneration schemes through open book analysis with LPAs"	As per the change referenced above,	JPU Officer
PC099/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 9 Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ WNDC, LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC100/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 9 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: ">0 new development schemes (excluding those already permitted) that are proposed in the Joint Core Strategy and approved by 2016 that fail to provide decentralised energy opportunities"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC101/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 9 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Consider barriers to implementation and relevance of policy with Development Management and key organisations Work with developers / land owners to develop viable and suitable schemes. Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC102/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 9 Indicator 2	Change the text of the original indicator that read: "Delivery of Technology Realm at Northampton North " To read: "Delivery of Technology Realm at SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone"	Change target to reflect revision carried out to relevant policy in the Joint Core Strategy. Reflects the change in location of the Technology Realm and the role of SEMLEP in securing the Enterprise Zone and developing subsequent monitoring targets.	JPU Officer
PC103/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 9 Indicator 2	Replace the previous text in the target column that read "7 hectares over the plan period" with: "Development of Enterprise Zone in accordance with SEMLEP proposed timescale"	As per the change referenced above.	JPU Officer
PC104/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 9 Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ WNDC, LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC105/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 9 Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Use of SEMLEP triggers"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC106/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 9 Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "To be determined by SEMLEP and the	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			government."	the policy is considered to be ineffective.	
PC107/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 10 Objective Wording	At the end of the original objective wording remove the word "and" before "the University of Northampton." add the following: "and Daventry and Silverstone University Technology Colleges"	To mirror the changed objectives in Section 4 of the Joint Core Strategy	JPU Officer
PC108/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 10 Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ S106 + CIL + IDP Monitoring, LPAs, WNJPU	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
DC100/A	Annandiy	Obiestive	Monitoring"	To provide expression	IDU Officer Dert
PC109/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 10 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "School not provided in accordance with relevant SUE policy"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC110/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 10 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Discuss requirement with NCC education section Review school requirement"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC111/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 10 Indicator 2	 Change the wording of the original target that read: "To be determined in Developer Contributions SPD" To read: "Budgeting developed as part of the 'Schedule of required infrastructure' presented in West 	Change target to reflect revision carried out to relevant policy in the Joint Core Strategy. Reflects the LDS for the	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan and in the future through Partner authority regulation 123 lists for CIL spending; or through site specific S106 agreements."	Joint Core Strategy and all the sources of funding that may contribute towards school provision.	
PC112/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 10 Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/ S106 + CIL + IDP Monitoring, LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC113/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 10 Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "No finances or insufficient finances accrued through either Reg 123 CIL or S106 arrangements"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC114/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 10 Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review Reg123 schedules Review S106 Development management practices Discuss requirements with NCC education section"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered to be ineffective.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC115/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 1	In the text of the original indicator remove the word "(Local)"	No longer necessary to refer to specific Local Indicator distinctions following revocation of Core Output Indicator guidance	JPU Officer
PC116/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring	Objective 11	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following	To reflect the change in column headings and	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Framework	Indicator 1	text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "/LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	
PC117/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Masterplan proposes <35dph on SUE Planning Application (or subsequent amendment applications) results in <35dph on SUE	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC118/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Work with developers / land owners to develop viable and suitable schemes. Review requirement Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC119/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 2	In the original text of the indicator remove the words "(following Core Output Indicator H1)" and insert the words "(as set out in the housing trajectory)"	To reflect revocation of Government guidance on the Core Output Indicators and that a detailed breakdown of provision can be found in the JCS housing trajectory	JPU Officer
PC120/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC121/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Dwelling delivery+/- 25% difference against trajectory on a rolling 3 year basis. (Applications and completions)"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC122/A 6			In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Work with developers / land owners to develop viable and suitable schemes. Production and Adoption of NRDA Allocations and Development Management, and DDC and SNC Settlements and Countryside DPDs by 2015. Review trajectory / requirement Update SHLAA annually and full review every 5 years minimum. Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC123/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 3	In the original text of the indicator remove the words "(following Core Output Indicator H2 a-d)" and insert the words "as set out in the Housing Technical Paper and detailed Housing Trajectory" at the end of the indicator	To reflect revocation of Government guidance on the Core Output Indicators and that a detailed breakdown of provision can be found in the JCS housing trajectory	JPU Officer
PC124/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 3	At the end of the original wording of the target delete the words "Policy S6" and replace with "the detailed housing trajectory".	To reflect Changes made to Policy S6 in Changes to the Joint Core Strategy and covered elsewhere in	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
				the housing evidence- base.	
PC125/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 3	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC126/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 3	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Individual SUE trajectories +/- 25% on a rolling 3 year period (permissions and completions measured)"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC127/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 3	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Work with developers / land owners to develop viable and suitable schemes. Review trajectory / requirement Update SHLAA annually and full review every 5 years minimum. Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC128/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 4	In the original text of the indicator remove the words "(following Core Output Indicator H3)"	To reflect revocation of Government guidance on the Core Output Indicators.	JPU Officer
PC129/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 4	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)":	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			"LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	data.	
PC130/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 4	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Dwelling delivery on PDL +/- 25% difference against trajectory on a rolling 3 year basis. (Applications and completions)"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC131/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 4	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Work with developers / land owners to develop viable and suitable schemes. Review trajectory / requirement Update SHLAA annually and full review every 5 years minimum. Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC132/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 5	In the original text of the indicator remove the words "(following Core Output Indicator H4)"	To reflect revocation of Government guidance on the Core Output Indicators.	JPU Officer
PC133/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 5	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "LPA Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC134/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 5	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Policy H7 targets to be achieved by 2017"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC135/A	Appendix 6 –	Objective	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the	To provide contingency	JPU Officer – Part

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
6	Monitoring Framework	11 Indicator 5	following text: "DPD to be prepared Publication December 2013 Submission April 2014 Adoption February 2015"	measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	response to NPPF
PC136/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 6	In the original text of the indicator remove the words "(following Core Output Indicator H5)"	To reflect revocation of Government guidance on the Core Output Indicators.	JPU Officer
PC137/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 6	Replace the wording of the original target which read: "JCS affordable housing targets, based on SHMA in Policy H2: 31% in Daventry District 35% in Northampton Related Development Area 38% in South Northamptonshire District" With: "JCS affordable housing targets, based on SHMA in Policy H2: 25% in the town of Daventry 40% in Rural Areas within Daventry District 35% in Northampton Related Development Area 40% in the towns of Towcester and Brackley 50% in Rural Areas within South Northamptonshire"	To reflect Changes made to Policy in the Joint Core Strategy and updating of the SHMA carried out as part of work on the evidence- base.	JPU Officer
PC138/A	Appendix 6 –	Objective	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) /	To reflect the change in	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
6	Monitoring Framework	11 Indicator 6	Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "LPA Monitoring, CLG Returns, HMA Consultants,, WNJPU Monitoring"	column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	
PC139/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 6	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Daventry Town <20% Daventry Rural Areas <35% Northampton (NRDA) <30% Towcester and Brackley <35% South Northamptonshire Rural Areas <45% All percentages determined on a rolling 3 year basis – permissions and completions."	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC140/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 11 Indicator 6	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Work with developers / land owners to develop viable and suitable schemes. Review development management policies and practices if necessary Review trajectory / requirement Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC141/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 12 Indicator 1	In the original text of the indicator remove the following: "(Local Indicator)"	No longer necessary to refer to specific Local Indicator distinctions following revocation of Core Output Indicator guidance	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC142/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 12 Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC143/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 12 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: ">10 schemes with >5,000sqm each in a rolling 5 year period"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC144/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 12 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review monitoring target Review policy implementation with stakeholders Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC145/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 12 Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC146/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 12 Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: ">40% rural exception sites include an element of market housing in a rolling 3 year period or The proportion of market housing on any individual rural housing exception sites exceeds 25%"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC147/A			In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the	To provide contingency	JPU Officer – Part

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
6			following text: "Examine evidence Review development management policies and practice Review triggers Review policy"	measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	response to NPPF
PC148/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 13 Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC149/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 13 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: ">5% applications are for demolition and complete re-build or new build (not related to Agriculture, horticulture or forestry)"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC150/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 13 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review monitoring target Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC151/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 1	In the original text of the indicator remove the words "(following Core Output Indicator E2)"	To reflect revocation of Government guidance on the Core Output Indicators.	JPU Officer
PC152/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 1	In the original wording of the text for the target column remove: "No Specific Target in Policy BN2"	Removes unnecessary reference to Policy BN2 covered elsewhere in the table.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC153/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "Northamptonshire BAP, LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC154/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "A decrease in designated areas on a rolling 3 year basis"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC155/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 1	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Identify the reasons / causes and discuss with partners, including the Wildlife Trusts to determine what action, if any, is required Assist with identifying sources of finance to address the situation Consider a review of the monitoring trigger Consider a review of the policy."	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC156/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 2	Replace the wording of the original indicator which read: "Development delivering a net gain of residential units within 900m on Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits pSPA Boundary" With text that reads:	To reflect Changes made to Policy in the Joint Core Strategy.	JPU Officer
			"Development designed to take account of bird		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			sightlines within 250 m of the Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits SPA Boundary"		
PC157/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 2	Replace the wording of the original target which read: "Policy BN4 - No net gain of units to be permitted" With text that reads: "All development in 250m zone to show no	To reflect Changes made to Policy in the Joint Core Strategy.	JPU Officer
PC158/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 2	negative impact on bird sightlines" In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC159/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "Review all consents within designated 250m zone and the protection area"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC160/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 2	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review development management policies and practices Review monitoring target Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC161/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 3	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			"Source (for monitoring data)": "LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	sources of monitoring data.	
PC162/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 3	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "No permissions granted where reports not supplied and accepted, or approved subject to a suitable condition"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC163/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 3	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review development control policies and practice. Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC164/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 4	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text moved from the column previously titled "Source (for monitoring data)": "LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC165/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 4	In the column now titled "Trigger" insert the following text: "No permissions granted where reports not supplied and accepted, or approved subject to a suitable condition"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC166/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 14 Indicator 4	In the column now titled "Contingencies" insert the following text: "Review development control policies and practice. Review policy"	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC167/A	Appendix 6 –	Objective	In the box titled "Policy Numbers" insert "S11" into	To reflect Changes	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
6	Monitoring Framework	15 Indicator 1	the list of policies delivered for this objective.	made to Policy and Objectives in the Joint Core Strategy. This change reflects the role of good design in helping to achieve mitigating the effects of	
PC168/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 15 Original Indicator 1	Delete the text in the former Indicator 1 for Objective 15 that read: "Number of Conservation Areas, and Percentage of Conservation Areas with an up to date character appraisal" Insert: "Original indicator transferred to new Objective 16 (see below for changes)" Delete the content of all subsequent columns in the row that read: "Each conservation area to be re-appraised every 5 years" and "BN5" and "S10, R1" and "SA Obj 4/18/19" and "LPAs" and "LPA Monitoring" The indicator has been retained in the Appendix but is shown as a new addition below under Objective 16 on this schedule.	Climate Change. To reflect the addition of a new Objective 16 as part of Changes to the Joint Core Strategy to better specify Design and Heritage objectives	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC169/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 15 Original Indicator 2	Delete the text in the former Indicator 2 for Objective 15 that read: "Percentage of Grade I and II* Listed Buildings At Risk" Insert: "Transferred to new Objective 16 (see below for changes)" Delete the content of all subsequent columns in the row that read: "RSS Policy 26 - Decrease from 2006 levels." and "BN5" and "S10, R1" and "SA Obj 4/18/19" and "English Heritage / LPAs" and "English Heritage" The indicator has been retained in the Appendix but is shown as a new addition below under Objective 16 on this schedule.	To reflect the addition of a new Objective 16 as part of Changes to the Joint Core Strategy to better specify Design and Heritage objectives	JPU Officer
PC170/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 15 New Indicator 1	Insert the following text as a new indicator under Objective 15: In the "Indicator (and type)" column add: "Preparation of Independent Design Appraisals." In the "Target" column add: "To provide Independent Design Appraisals on all new developments and regeneration schemes meeting locally adopted standards in Sustainable	To reflect Changes made to Policy and Objectives in the Joint Core Strategy. This indicator is included to ensure the full range of good practice for the design of new developments is	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Development Principles SPD and relevant Urban Design Frameworks."	considered in Independent Design Appraisals.	
			In the "Main Policy Delivered" column add: "S10"	Appropriate policies and Sustainability Appraisal	
			In the "Additional Policies Delivered?" column add: "S11, BN5, R1"	Objectives have been picked that relate to achieving high quality	
			In the "SA Objective Delivered?" add: "SA Obj 18/19"	design.	
PC171/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 15 New Indicator 1	Insert the following text in the column now titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data)" for the new indicator listed above:	To provide detail on the sources of monitoring data and guidance.	
			"LPAs, Design Council, OPUN, Developers, WNDC / LPAs, WNJPU Monitoring"		
PC172/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 15 New Indicator 1	Insert the following text in the column now titled "Trigger" for the new indicator listed above:	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
			">0 new development schemes (excluding those already permitted) that are proposed in the Joint Core Strategy and approved after 2014 that fail to provide suitable Independent Design Appraisals"		
PC173/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 15 New Indicator 1	Insert the following text in the column now titled "Contingencies" for the new indicator listed above: "Consider barriers to implementation and relevance	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			of policy with Development Management and key organisations for good practice including OPUN and the Design Council Work with developers / land owners to develop viable and suitable schemes. Review policy"		
PC174/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	New Objective 16	Insert a new table at the end of Appendix 6 with the following text in the top 3 rows: "Objective 16 – Heritage" "Objective: To conserve and where possible enhance, through carefully managed change, the important heritage assets and their settings of Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley, and to recognise the role of rural heritage assets and their settings to support a sense of place and local distinctiveness."	To reflect the addition of a new Objective 16 as part of Changes to the Joint Core Strategy to better specify Design and Heritage objectives	JPU Officer
PC175/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 16 Indicator 1	 "Policy Numbers: BN5, S10, R1" Insert the following text previously included as an indicator under Objective 15 as Indicator 1 for the new Objective 16: Under "Indicator (and type)" add: "Number of Conservation Areas, and Percentage of Conservation Areas with an up to date character appraisal" 	To reflect the addition of a new Objective 16 as part of Changes to the Joint Core Strategy to better specify Design and Heritage objectives "/19" is removed from the original text as this	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Under "Target" "Each conservation area to be re-appraised every 5 years" Under "Main Policy Delivered": "BN5" Under "Additional Policies Delivered" add "S10, R1" Under "SA Objectives Delivered" add "SA Obj 4/18" Remove "/19" from the original text now moved to Objective 16	indicator is no longer required to monitor specific design objectives now covered under Objective 15.	
PC176/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 16 Indicator 1	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text previously included in the columns "Main Agencies (for delivery)" and "Source (for monitoring data)" for the indicator under Objective 15: "LPAs / LPA Monitoring"	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
PC177/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 16 Indicator 1	Insert the following new text in the column now titled "Trigger" for the new indicator listed above: "<75% Conservation Areas reviewed in any 5 year period"	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC178/A	Appendix 6 –	Objective	Insert the following new text in the column now	To provide contingency	JPU Officer – Part

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
6	Monitoring Framework	16 Indicator 1	titled "Contingencies" for the new indicator listed above: "Discussions with partners to identify barriers / causes. Consider a review of the policy"	measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	response to NPPF
PC179/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 16 Indicator 2	Insert the following text previously included as an indicator under Objective 15 as Indicator 2 for the new Objective 16: Under "Indicator (and type)" add: Replace text that previously read "Percentage of Grade I and II* Listed Buildings At Risk" with "Percentage of designated heritage assets At Risk" Under "Target" Replace text that previously read "RSS Policy 26 - Decrease from 2006 levels." When under Objective 15 with "Decrease in the percentage from the 2011 baseline of the English Heritage 'At Risk' Register." Under "Main Policy Delivered": "BN5" Under "Additional Policies Delivered" add "S10, R1"	To reflect the addition of a new Objective 16 as part of Changes to the Joint Core Strategy to better specify Design and Heritage objectives. Text under the Indicator and Target columns has been changed to reflect the launch of the statutory 'English Heritage At Risk' register since publication of the Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy that provides a more robust baseline for analysis, allows further assets to be considered over time and also covers a broader range of Heritage assets.	JPU Officer 4585441/JCS_Full/9 79733 English Heritage (East Midlands) referring to the need to reference the full Heritage At Risk Register

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Under "SA Objectives Delivered" add "SA Obj 4/18" Remove "/19" from the original text now moved to Objective 16	"/19" is removed from the original text as this indicator is no longer required to monitor specific design objectives now covered under Objective 15.	
PC180/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 16 Indicator 2	In the column titled "Main Agencies (for delivery) / Source (for monitoring data) insert the following text previously included in the columns "Main Agencies (for delivery)" and "Source (for monitoring data)" for the indicator under Objective 15:	To reflect the change in column headings and provide detail on the sources of monitoring data.	JPU Officer
			"English Heritage / LPAs"		
PC181/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 16 Indicator 2	Insert the following new text in the column now titled "Trigger" for the new indicator listed above: "Increase in percentage of heritage assets at risk over a rolling 3-year period, from a 2011 base (where available) or since monitoring commenced."	To provide appropriate trigger points to monitor delivery of the policy.	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
PC182/A 6	Appendix 6 – Monitoring Framework	Objective 16 Indicator 2	Insert the following new text in the column now titled "Contingencies" for the new indicator listed above:	To provide contingency measures that may be considered if delivery of the policy is considered	JPU Officer – Part response to NPPF
			"Discussions with partners to identify barriers / causes and assist in the development of schemes which will protect designated assets At Risk"		

Section - Foreword

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/F	Foreword	Section Heading	Include the Section number "1.0".	To be consistent with the other sections of the JCS and to ensure clarity.	JPU Officer
PC002/F	Foreword	First Paragraph	In the third sentence delete "Pre-Submission".	To ensure clarity in relation to the stage the JCS has reached.	JPU Officer
PC003/F	Foreword	Second Paragraph	In the first sentence delete "Local Development Framework".	To reflect the recent changes to the planning system.	JPU Officer
PC004/F	Foreword	Second Paragraph	In the fourth sentence delete "Pre-Submission".	To ensure clarity in relation to the stage the JCS has reached.	JPU Officer
PC005/F	Foreword	Second Paragraph	Delete the last sentence: "The Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy replaces the Emergent Joint Core Strategy that was published for consultation in July 2009."	To ensure clarity in relation to the stage the JCS has reached.	JPU Officer
PC006/F	Foreword	Third Paragraph	Delete the last sentence: "Further opportunity to get involved in the planning of our areas is now available through the publication of this Pre- Submission Joint Core Strategy."	To ensure clarity in relation to the stage the JCS has reached.	JPU Officer
PC007/F	Foreword	Fourth Paragraph	Replace "this Pre-Submission" with "the".	To ensure clarity in relation to the stage the JCS has reached.	JPU Officer
PC008/F	Foreword	Fourth Paragraph	Delete "and here is a further opportunity for more input."	To ensure clarity in relation to the stage the JCS has reached.	JPU Officer
PC009/F	Foreword	Sixth Paragraph	In the first sentence replace "Bill" with "Act".	Factual update.	JPU Officer

Section 1.0 - The	Representations	Arrangements
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Change ID	Section of the Pre-Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/R	The Representations Arrangements	The whole Section.	Delete Section 1.0 The Representations Arrangements.	This section sets out the representations arrangements for the Pre-Submission stage which has now past.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/I	3.0 Introduction	Para. 3.8	Amend the paragraph to read as follows: "The Localism Act 2011 and the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 have introduced a range of changes to the planning system including provisions for the removal of Regional Spatial Strategies, the introduction of Neighbourhood Plans and changes to the former Local Development Framework system in favour of Local Plans. Consequently the Joint Core Strategy now becomes a Local Plan alongside a range of other Local Plans covering different locations or topics The Joint Core Strategy forms part of the West Northamptonshire Local Development Framework (LDF): a folder of documents that will guide development and use of land in West Northamptonshire for the Plan preparation of this Joint Core Strategy to the recent planning system reforms and changes have been proposed, where appropriate, to reflect the planning reforms including the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF). Consequently the Joint Core Strategy is now in full accordance with the policies in the NPPF."	To reflect changes to the planning system since 2011.	JPU Officer
PC002/I	3.0 Introduction	Para. 3.9	In the first sentence delete "The LDF will replace old style", and delete "and".	1. To reflect changes to the planning system since 2011 and to	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			In the second sentence delete "Subsequent parts of the LDF" and replace with "Some Local Plans". Amend the third sentence as follows: "The West Northamptonshire Local Development Scheme (LDS) approved in <u>June 2012</u> February 2010 sets out the full list of <u>Local Plans</u> or Local Development Documents (LDDs) that will be produced in West Northamptonshire, who will produce them and when." Delete the fourth sentence of the paragraph and replace with: "In addition to the Local Plans listed in the West Northamptonshire Local Development Scheme Northamptonshire County Council are responsible for the preparation of the Northamptonshire Minerals and Waste Development Local Plan (previously known as the Minerals and Waste Development Framework or NMWDF). Regard has been had to the NMWDF in the preparation of this JCS. Both when promoters are preparing development proposals and when local planning authorities are considering planning applications regard should be had to the content and requirements of the NMWDF."	reflect the revised Local Development Scheme. 2. To clarify the relationship between the JCS and the Northamptonshire Minerals and Waste Development Local Plan.	
PC004/I	3.0 Introduction	Existing Para. 3.13 (New Para. 3.14)	In the first sentence add "Adopted". In the second sentence add "Adopted" and replace "the DPDs that make up the WN LDF"	To reflect changes to the planning system since 2011	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 with "new Local Plans". Amend the third sentence to read: "Policies will not be replaced all at once, <u>as there will be the WN LDF is a series of separate Local Plans</u>. Add "Adopted" to the fourth sentence. Add "unless they are not consistent with the National Planning Policy Framework." To the end of the fourth sentence of the paragraph. 		
PC005/I	3.0 Introduction	Existing Para. 3.15 (New Para. 3.16)	In the first sentence delete "planning guidance and" and replace with "national".	To reflect changes to the planning system since 2011.	JPU Officer
PC006/I	3.0 Introduction	Existing Para. 3.17 (New Para. 3.18)	In the first sentence replace "this" with "the Changes to the" and replace "June 2011" with "November 2012". In the second sentence delete "published for comment at the same time as being". In the fourth sentence delete the first part: "Subject to the timing of the enactment of the Localism Bill which may change the nature of the Inspector's Report and the final stages of plan preparation".	To reflect changes to the planning system since 2011 and to reflect the revised LDS.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			binding". In the fifth sentence replace "required" with "recommended".		
			In the last sentence of the paragraph replace "May 2012" with "October 2013".		

Section 4.0 - Spatial Portrait, Vision and Objectives

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/S	4.0 Spatial Portrait	Para. 4.13	After the first sentence add: "In August 2011 Northampton Waterside was awarded Enterprise Zone status following a bid submitted by the South East Midlands Enterprise Partnership (SEMLEP)."	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC002/S	4.0 Spatial Portrait	Para. 4.33	In the last sentence replace "2011" with "2012".	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC003/S	4.0 Spatial Portrait	Para. 4.36	In the last sentence replace "are being" with " <u>have</u> <u>been</u> ".	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC004/S	4.0 Spatial Portrait	Para 4.51	Add after "redevelopment opportunities" in the second sentence, "such as those provided by the designation of the Waterside Enterprise Zone,"	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC005/S	4.0 Spatial Portrait	Para. 4.53	After the second sentence add: " <u>The economic</u> <u>downturn has adversely affected jobs growth in</u> <u>West Northamptonshire</u> ." At the end of the last sentence add: " <u>which takes</u> account of job losses".	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC007/S	4.0 Spatial Portrait	Para. 4.62	Replace '15' with ' <u>16</u> '.	To reflect the addition of a new objective.	JPU Officer
PC008/S	4.0 Spatial Portrait	Para. 4.63	Replace "is" in first sentence with "are"	To correct grammatical error	JPU Officer
PC009/S	4.0 Spatial Portrait	Objective 10	Amend Objective 10 to read: "To raise educational achievement and the skills base of our communities through supporting the development of West Northamptonshire's learning infrastructure and strengthening the link between local businesses and local schools, Moulton and	To reflect the support for and approval of new University Technology Colleges in West Northamptonshire.	Partners and JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Northampton Colleges, and the University of Northampton and Daventry and Silverstone University Technology Colleges."		
PC010/S	4.0 Spatial Portrait	Para. 4.64	In the first sentence replace "chapter" with " <u>section"</u> . Add a new sentence at the end of the paragraph to read: " <u>Following sections of the JCS refer to West</u> <u>Northamptonshire Wide Polices that apply to the</u> <u>whole plan area and Places Polices which set out</u> <u>policies and proposals for specific places within</u> <u>West Northamptonshire</u> ."	For clarification and to aid navigation through the Joint Core Strategy document.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.4	Amend the paragraph as follows: "Figure 2 in Section 20 at the end of this Joint Core Strategy shows the West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy Key Diagram and Figures 3 <u>and 3-1</u> shows an enlargements of part of that Key Diagram."	Correction to reflect the inclusion of an additional Key Diagram enlargement showing DIRFT – See Proposed Change PC002/MK	Rugby Radio Station Limited Partnership 4641633/JCS_Full/1 097685
PC002/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.7	In the heading before Paragraph 5.7 replace "Aea" with Area". In the last sentence of the paragraph replace "city" with "regional".	 Typographical correction. For consistency of wording throughout the document. 	JPU Officer
PC003/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.14	In the third sentence of the paragraph add "the framework". At the end of the third sentence of the paragraph add "which have remained relatively undisturbed by noise and are prized for their recreational and amenity value for this reason."	Consistency with Policy R1. Further explanation of the term tranquillity.	South Northamptonshire Council – 4617921/ JCS_Full/ 1000341
PC004/SS	Spatial Strategy	Policy S1	Add "ENHANCING AND" to the first bullet point under "D)" in Policy S1.	Recognition that development can enhance as well as maintain the distinctive character and vitality of rural communities. Consistency with Policy R1.	JPU Officer

PC005/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.15	Delete the words "Planning Policy Statement 4" and accompanying footnote and replace with "The National Planning Policy Framework"	To reflect the change in national planning policy documentation.	JPU Officer
PC006/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.16	Delete the final sentence "PPS4 gives a definition of district and local centres."	PPS4 has now been replaced by the National Planning Policy Framework which does not contain a definition of district and local centres.	JPU Officer
PC007/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.18	Reword the paragraph as follows: "Town centre, district centre and local centre boundaries will be provided in subsequent Development Plan Documents (DPDs) Local Plans. The Northampton Central Area Action Plan proposals map will identify the town centre boundary for Northampton, the Daventry <u>District</u> <u>Settlements and Countryside Local Plan</u> Town DPD proposals map will identify the town centre boundary for Daventry and the <u>South</u> Northamptonshire Settlements and Countryside Local Plan West Northamptonshire Site <u>Allocations DPD</u> proposals map will identify town centre boundaries for Towcester , and Brackley. District and Local Centre boundaries for Northampton will be identified in the <u>Northampton</u> <u>Related Development Area Local Plan</u> West Northamptonshire Site Allocations DPD . District and Local Centre identification for Daventry, Towcester and Brackley will be made in the West Northamptonshire Site Allocations DPD .	To update in respect of the revised Local Development Scheme Documents.	JPU Officer
PC008/SS	Spatial	Para. 5.20	In the first sentence delete "DPDs" and replace	To reflect the recent	JPU Officer
1 0000/33	Strategy	1 818. 5.20	with "Local Plans"	changes to the planning system.	

PC009/SS	Spatial Strategy	Policy S2	Delete "Northampton" as a heading in the second column of District and Local Centres and reword as follows: "WESTON FAVELL, <u>NORTHAMPTON</u> KINGSTHORPE, <u>NORTHAMPTON</u> "ST JAMES END, <u>NORTHAMPTON</u> FAR COTTON, <u>NORTHAMPTON</u> FAR COTTON, <u>NORTHAMPTON</u> WELLINGBOROUGH ROAD (ABINGTON), <u>NORTHAMPTON</u> KETTERING ROAD (KINGSLEY), <u>NORTHAMPTON</u> LOCAL CENTRES TO BE PROVIDED WITHIN SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS <u>WEST</u> <u>NORTHAMPTONSHIRE WIDE</u> "	For clarity as not all SUEs are within Northampton.	JPU Officer
PC010/SS	Spatial Strategy	Policy S2	Reword the last two paragraphs of Policy S2 as follows: "THE VITALITY AND VIABILITY OF THESE CENTRES SHOULD MUST BE MAINTAINED AND ENHANCED COMMENSURATE WITH THEIR ROLE AND FUNCTION. THE SCALE OF NEW DEVELOPMENT AT CENTRES BELOW NORTHAMPTON TOWN CENTRE IN THE HIERARCHY MUST NOT HAVE AN ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE FUTURE VITALITY AND VIABILITY OF THE CENTRE OR PUT AT RISK FUTURE INVESTMENT IN NORTHAMPTON TOWN CENTRE. OR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA ACTION PLAN."	To strengthen policy	South Northamptonshire Council - 4617921/JCS_Full/1 000981
PC011/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.21	In the fourth sentence delete "is due to" and add an "s" to the end of "increase".	Factual update to change the tense of the	JPU Officer

PC012/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.21	In final sentence change "50,153" to "50,150"	sentence from future to present reflecting the fact that it is now 2012. For consistency and to avoid over precision.	JPU Officer
PC013/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.22	Delete all references to "2010" and replace with "2011".	The statistics relating to housing provision have been updated to 1 April 2011.	JPU Officer
PC014/SS	Spatial Strategy	Table 1	Update Table 1 to reflect the housing provision position as at 1 April 2011. (See Table 1 at the end of the schedule).	The statistics relating to housing provision have been updated to 1 April 2011.	JPU Officer
PC015/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.23	Amend the paragraph as follows: "Of the new housing provision requirement of 50,153 <u>50,150</u> dwellings, <u>32.6%</u> 31.3% was completed between 2001 and <u>2011</u> 2010 ; 26.1% <u>27.9%</u> is already committed through planning consents, or "Approved in principle" and 42.6% <u>39.5%</u> remains to be provided - this is shown as the remaining requirement."	The statistics relating to housing provision have been updated to 1 April 2011.	JPU Officer
PC016/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para 5.24	Amend the paragraph as follows: "Overall, the annualised housing completion for 2001- <u>2011</u> 2010 was <u>1,637</u> 1,743 dwellings, and the requirement for the remainder of the Plan period is <u>2,252</u> 2,154 dwellings per year."	The statistics relating to housing provision have been updated to 1 April 2011.	JPU Officer
PC017/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.26	Amend the first three sentences of the paragraph as follows: "Since 2001 <u>9,350</u> 9,030 dwellings have been built in Northampton Borough administrative area and at 1 April <u>2011</u> 2010 a further <u>9,380</u> 9,190 dwellings had an outstanding planning permission or were approved in principle. Evidence shows	Housing provision figures rounded and updated to 1 April 2011.	JPU Officer

PC018/SS	Spatial Strategy	Policy S3	 that a further 1,500 dwellings can be provided using previously-developed land and buildings, sometimes referred to as urban capacity. This means that over 20,000 18,220 dwellings are already built or identified for development in Northampton Borough. In addition a further 2,963 dwellings have been built since 2001 or have outstanding planning permission or approval in principle at 1 April 2011 2010 in South Northamptonshire District to meet the needs of Northampton. In addition this JCS allocates four Sustainable Urban Extensions within Northampton Borough providing a total of 6,000 6,500 dwellings. In total Northampton Borough can provide 26,200 26,220 dwellings of its total requirement which along with the already built or consented 2,963 dwellings in South Northamptonshire leaves a shortfall of 4,500 dwellings that needs to be provided outside the Borough boundary." 1. Amend the provision figures for Daventry District from "11,880 "to "11,900*" and for Northampton Borough from "26,220" to "26,200" in Policy S3. 2. Amend the housing provision table within Policy S3 to reflect the updated position as at 1 April 2011. (see the updated table at the end of the schedule) 	 An appropriate rounding of the figures to reflect the strategic nature of the policy. The statistics relating to housing provision have been updated to 1 April 2011. 	JPU Officer
PC019/SS	Spatial Strategy	Policy S4	Amend the provision figure from "33,680" to "33,665".	The statistics relating to housing provision have been updated to 1 April 2011.	JPU Officer

PC021/SS	Spatial Strategy	Para. 5.31	In the first sentence of the paragraph replace "dependant" with "dependent". Amend the second sentence of the paragraph as follows: "Again, some of this will be challenging in the current economic climate, and the anticipated phasing has been set out <u>in the housing trajectory</u> for each district and the Northampton Related <u>Development Area</u> below in Policy S6 which will permit this to happen providing the economy improves as the Government expects." At the end of the third sentence replace "2010" with "2011". Add a new sentence to end of paragraph " <u>This</u> <u>trajectory will be updated annually as a part of the</u> <u>Authorities Monitoring Report.</u> "	 Typographical error. Clarification. The housing trajectories for each Council, and for the NRDA, are published in the Housing Technical Paper, and annually in the Joint AMR. 	JPU Officer
PC023/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para 5.32 (New Para. 5.38)	Amend the third sentence as follows: "The reference value for jobs was provided to support the level of housing growth as set out in the RSS for the same period and complement regeneration in North Northamptonshire."	To clarify the role of the RSS jobs reference value in the wider context.	JPU Officer
PC024/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.34 (New Para. 5.40)	Amend the third sentence as follows: "As a consequence the economically active element of the population will not be as extensive less as anticipated if the compared to the full delivery of the RSS housing requirement be delivered."	Correction.	JPU Officer

PC025/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para 5.35 (New Para. 5.41)	Amend the first sentence as follows: "In order to maintain a broad balance between the provision of homes and jobs a new level of jobs increase has been calculated <u>based</u> on-the basis of the level of population increase and the its likely profile of that population the details of which are included as set out a in the <u>Updated</u> <u>Employment</u> Technical Paper (Feb 2011 June <u>2012</u>) entitled 'Labour Force and Job Numbers for West Northamptonshire'."	Correction and update	JPU Officer
PC026/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para 5.3 (New Para.5.41)	Amend the second sentence as follows: "The paper identifies a A jobs reference value of 169,000 net new jobs to be delivered across the West Northamptonshire area has been identified for the period 2010 2008 to 2026."	To take account of the latest demographic and jobs data.	JPU officers
PC027/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para 5.35 (New Para.5.41	Amend the third sentence as follows: "It is considered that this reference value, if used as a guide for monitoring <u>and review</u> purposes, will provide a sustainable balance in relation to the proposed housing delivery and jobs provision."	To clarify the approach to monitoring and review of the JCS.	JPU Officer
PC028/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para 5.35 (New Para.5.41)	Add a new sentence at the end of the paragraph as follows: "The JCS is committed to make good any such losses, with a corresponding increase to the 19,000 jobs reference value."	Commitment required by the National Planning Policy Framework to provide contingency for job losses through corresponding increase in jobs provision.	JPU Officer
PC029/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para 5.36 (New Para.5.42)	Replace "Limited" with " <u>Partnership</u> " and replace "L" with " <u>P</u> " in relation to "Northamptonshire Enterprise".	Factual update.	JPU Officer

PC030/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para 5.37 (New Para.5.43)	Delete " probably " from first sentence.	To clarify and update the position in relation to employment land availability.	JPU Officer
PC032/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para 5.39 (New Para.5.45)	Add new sentences to the end of the paragraph as follows: "The SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone commenced in April 2012 bringing financial incentives and a simplified planning system to business within it. The SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone will drive the delivery of 120 hectares of employment land in town- centre, edge of centre, and urban locations providing skilled jobs in manufacturing, research and development, and office sectors of the West Northamptonshire economy including High Performance Technology. Jobs created in the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone are incorporated within the minimum jobs requirement for West Northamptonshire."	Factual update to reflect the designation of the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone since the Pre- Submission JCS.	JPU Officer
PC033/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.40 (New Para. 5.46)	In the first sentence of the paragraph delete "reasonably".	Clarification of economic performance in the recession.	JPU Officer
PC034/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.40 (New Para. 5.46)	Add a new sentence at the end of the paragraph as follows: "A University Technical College is proposed for Daventry committed to careers in sustainable and related new technologies."	Factual update to reflect the proposed University Technical College since the Pre-Submission JCS.	JPU Officer
PC035/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.41 New Para 5.47	In the second sentence delete the first "has" after "South Northamptonshire".	Correction.	JPU Officer

PC036/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.42 (New Para 5.48)	Amend the paragraph as follows: " These will be generated primarily through town centre development, <u>Jobs will be generated</u> <u>primarily through the SEMLEP Northampton</u> <u>Waterside Enterprise Zone supporting</u> <u>Northampton town centre and</u> through local employment provision at the Sustainable Urban Extensions (SUEs) and through a new <u>Technology Realm allocation</u> . <u>Initiatives such as</u> <u>the Technology Realm will further help to facilitate</u> and stimulate high quality employment spaces and skilled jobs in Northamptonshire. <u>Northampton's large business areas such as</u> <u>Swan Valley, Westgate, Lodge Farm, Moulton</u> <u>Park, Round Spinney, Crow Lane, and Brackmills</u> <u>will continue to provide new jobs. The proposed</u> <u>Northampton North West Bypass will</u> <u>benefit business areas in the north west of</u> <u>Northampton linking those areas to the Strategic</u> <u>Road Network."</u>	 Factual update to reflect the designation of the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone since the Pre- Submission JCS. To take account of activities supporting job creation. To clarify the role of existing business areas in job creation. 	JPU Officer
PC037/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.43 New Para 5.49	In the second sentence replace "2,500" with "2,000".	To reflect changes to the Daventry North East SUE.	JPU Officer
PC038/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.44 New Para 5.50	Amend the second sentence as follows: "However, to reverse trends of out commuting the district is seeking to support its existing high performance engineering <u>technologies</u> and motor sport clusters and support further growth in home working and leisure and tourism <u>supported by a</u> <u>University Technical College</u> ."	To clarify the approach to reversing out- commuting.	JPU Officer
PC040/SS	Spatial	Existing Para. 5.45	In the second sentence replace "2012" with "2013.	Factual update to the expected adoption date	JPU Officer

	Strategy	(New Para 5.51)		of the JCS.	
PC041/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.45 (New Para 5.51)	Update the second and third sentences as follows: "For the later stages of the JCS the impact of <u>the</u> <u>SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise</u> <u>Zone and</u> the town centre regeneration proposals will begin to impact significantly on jobs growth. <u>The SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise</u> <u>Zone aims to be a centre of excellence for</u> <u>advanced technologies, precision/high</u> <u>performance engineering, low carbon technology,</u> <u>and sustainable construction. The Technology</u> <u>Realm framework will assist in this process."</u>	To take account of the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone's impact on economic sectors.	JPU Officer
PC042/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.46 (New Para. 5.52)	Amend the paragraph as follows: There is sufficient land already committed for office development to last the whole plan period of this JCS to 2026; however-this is primarily focused on the regeneration of depends upon regeneration within Northampton's Central Area and for qualitative reasons additional office development in Daventry central area. Towcester and Brackley will need to maintain, renew and replace their stock of office development. On a quantitative basis no new office development sites are required to be allocated at a strategic level through the JCS.	To clarify the role of Northampton's central area in the provision of office land.	JPU Officer
PC043/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.47 (New Para. 5.53)	Amend the second sentence of the paragraph as follows: "Some elements of manufacturing related to the high performance technologies sector are growing the sector continues to manufacture but often with a lower number of fewer employees due to	To clarify changes in the manufacturing sector and its impact on land take.	JPU Officer

			successful mechanisation."		
PC044/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para 5.48 (New Para. 5.54)	Add at the end of the second sentence " <u>in order</u> to achieve a balanced economy".	To clarify the role of warehousing in relation to the rest of the economy.	JPU Officer
PC045/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para 5.49 (New Para. 5.55)	Amend the first sentence as follows: "West Northamptonshire already has a large supply of warehouse development with planning consent <u>in the pipeline including Swan Valley,</u> <u>Bedford Road (Former Cattle Market) and</u> <u>DIRFT</u> ." Amend the second sentence as follows: "No new warehousing sites are allocated in this JCS, and any new warehousing will be accommodated on existing employment sites through the <u>employment land supply pipeline</u> and churn of employment land."	To clarify the role of the supply pipeline in meeting needs.	JPU Officer
PC046/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.51 (New Para. 5.57)	Amend the paragraph as follows: <u>"The SEMELP Northampton Waterside Enterprise</u> <u>Zone will open up land for research and</u> <u>development and associated industry in the</u> <u>Northampton Central Area. The Technology</u> <u>Realm framework can assist this process.</u> The Northamptonshire Technology Realm Strategy[Northamptonshire Technology Ream: Forward Strategy 2007] seeks to focus high growth business innovation and development within Northamptonshire with Northampton at the hub and at "spokes" within the three growth towns of Corby, Kettering and Wellingborough in North	 To clarify the role of the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone To clarify the role of the revised Technology Realm framework. 	JPU Officer

			Northamptonshire <u>and high performance</u> <u>technology clusters in South Northamptonshire,</u> <u>Daventry and Northampton</u> . Its ethos is to provide a ladder of high quality connected and flexible work places founded on collaboration with learning and skills partners to create a highly skilled and knowledge based workforce."		
PC047/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.53 (New Para. 5.59)	Amend the sentence as follows: "A new strategic land allocation at policy to nurture a range of starter and grow-on business units is proposed in the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone is proposed (Policy E3 refers) for. <u>A a</u> Technology Realm framework will to provide <u>a</u> the hub for business development and flexible workplaces to foster innovation and entrepreneurship."	To focus the role of the Technology Realm ensuring it is sustainable and complements the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone.	JPU Officer
PC048/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para 5.56 (New Para. 5.62)	Replace the word "city" with " <u>regional</u> ".	For consistency of wording throughout the document.	JPU Officer
PC049/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.57 (New Para. 5.63)	Reword the final sentence of the paragraph as follows: "The Northampton Central Area Action Plan (NCAAP) identifies available, achievable and deliverable sites to accommodate 45,000sqm net of-comparison (non-food) retail development to meet identified future floorspace capacity, first within the town centre through the Grosvenor Centre redevelopment, a key investment in the town centre Primary Shopping Area boundary and followed by identified edge of town centre sites in accordance with a sequential approach set out in Policy S9 below."	To reflect the deletion of Paragraphs 5.58 and 5.59 and to ensure the key investment in the redevelopment of the Grosvenor Centre is acknowledged.	JPU Officer

PC050/SS	Spatial Strategy	Paras. 5.58 and 5.59	Delete Paragraphs 5.58 and 5.59. Renumber the subsequent paragraphs.	To update the plan in respect of the 2012 West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update addendum. Following retail commitments in Northampton since the publication of the West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update 2011 and the change in expenditure forecasts and rates of Special Forms of Training the overall need for comparison goods retailing floorspace to support growth is reduced. The comparison retail floorspace needed is likely to be accommodated largely	JPU Officer
PC051/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.60 (New Para. 5.64	In the second sentence of the paragraph delete "Northampton" and add an "s" to "town centre". At the end of the paragraph add: "and to protect the smaller town centres of Daventry, Towcester and Brackley."	For clarity to ensure that it is evident that all town centres in the hierarchy are to be protected.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 104053
PC052/SS	Spatial	Existing Para. 5.61	Reword the final sentence of Paragraph 5.65 as follows:	In response to deletion of convenience retailing	Sainsbury's Supermarkets Ltd

	Strategy	(New Para. 5.65)	"Specific Sustainable Urban Extension (SUE) policies give a requirement for local centre provision and a quantum of convenience <u>retailing</u> floorspace to be provided in each SUE."	floorspace thresholds have been removed from SUE polices to allow for finer grained detailed work in the masterplanning process.	4636257/JCS_Full/1 086837, Waitrose Stores Ltd 4622881/JCS_Full/1 091637 Northampton Garden Centre 4616865/JCS_Full/1 013589
PC053/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.63 (New Para. 5.67)	In the first sentence of the Paragraph delete "to the west".	Not required as the direction of trade leakage is described above.	JPU Officer
PC058/SS	Spatial Strategy	Policy S9	Reword Policy S9 as follows: "RETAIL FLOORSPACE WILL SHOULD BE ACCOMMODATED FIRSTLY WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRES. THEREAFTER UNLESS IDENTIFIED BY FLOORSPACE IN SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS PROPOSALS FOR NEW RETAIL DEVELOPMENT FOR WHICH THERE IS AN IDENTIFIED NEED AND WHICH CANNOT BE ACCOMMODATED WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRES WILL BE: SUBJECT TO SEQUENTIAL APPROACH WHERE FIRST PREFERENCE IS GIVEN TO WELL CONNECTED EDGE OF TOWN CENTRE SITES, THEN DISTRICT/ LOCAL CENTRES WITH PREFERENCE GIVEN TO THOSE THAT ARE WELL SERVED BY LOCAL TRANSPORT. ONLY	For clarity and to update in the context of the published National Planning Policy Framework.	JPU Officer Sainsbury's Supermarkets Ltd 4636257/JCS_Full/1 086837, Waitrose Stores Ltd 4622881/JCS_Full/1 091637 Northampton Garden Centre 4616865/JCS_Full/1 013589

PC059/ SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.70 (New Para. 5.74)	 IF SEQUENTIALLY PREFERABLE SITES ARE NOT AVAILABLE SHOULD OUT OF CENTRE SITES BE CONSIDERED; AND SUBJECT TO IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR PROPOSALS OVER 1,000SQM GROSS IN ORDER TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THEY DO NOT HAVE AN ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE VITALITY AND VIABILITY OF THE IDENTIFIED TOWN CENTRES." Amend the paragraph as follows: "The effects of climate change can take a variety of forms, including: More regular longer, hotter, a rise in temperatures drier summers, warmer wetter winters More extreme weather events of increasing frequency and severity leading to more flooding, stormier weather, higher wind speeds, and Unfamiliar seasonal patterns in the wider 	To update the text to reflect the more recent Northamptonshire Local Climate Impacts Profile.	JPU Officer
PC060/ SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.72 (New Para. 5.76)	 environment." Amend the paragraph as follows: Climate change adaptation and mitigation, together with wider sustainability are fundamentally integrated-into this Joint Core Strategy They inform: locations for new development; the way we will travel in the future; new employment opportunities; and strategies for the adaptation and enhancement of our built, historic and natural environment; and 	To strengthen the link between Policy S10 and Policy S11	JPU Officer

			provision of low carbon and renewable <u>energy."</u>		
PC061/ SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.73 (New Para. 5.77)	Amend the paragraph as follows: "It is recognised that a response to climate change, is something that runs across all areas of policy. It is therefore important to reiterate that all new development will need to take account of all the relevant polices within the JCS ₇ for example: Connections Policies to help reduce carbon emissions from travel;; Flood Risk ,_Water Quality in the Built and Natural Environment sectionin terms of adaptation and mitigation;.; ;Biodiversity policies to protect flora and fauna and reduce fragmentation;; policies to enhance the opportunities from the historic environment in terms of the re-use of existing buildings, in addition to the overall strategy that seeks to direct new development to the most sustainable locations."	To revise text to reflect a revised approach to Policies S10 and S11.	JPU Officer
PC062/ SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.74 (New Para. 5.78)	Third bullet: Add "and reconnect", delete "and".	To aid clarity, reflect the NPPF and the revised approach to Policy S10.	JPU Officer
PC063/ SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.75 (New Para. 5.79)	Amend the paragraph as follows: "The scale of development planned across the area will place-pressure on the environment. <u>il</u> t is therefore important <u>to protect, conserve and</u> <u>enhance the natural and local environment,</u> <u>protecting valued landscapes, minimising impacts</u> <u>on biodiversity, and enhancing green networks.</u> <u>This will include the efficient</u> use is made of natural resources and ensuring that buildings are	To reflect revised approach to achieving Code for Sustainable Homes compliance and approach to Zero Carbon Homes and for non domestic buildings standards and reflect revised approach to	Daventry Distinct Council 4623361/JCS- Full/1104213 Persimmon Homes/Bloor Homes 4622465/JCS- Full/1017427

			constructed to the highest standards possible,	Policies S10 and S11.	
			both in terms of the materials used in their	Folicies 310 and 311.	
			construction and their overall performance during		
			their lifetime <u>leading to zero carbon housing from</u>		
			2016 and zero carbon non -domestic buildings		
			from 2019. This includes the re-use of materials		
			during construction as part of the maximisation of		
			recycling, as well as minimising any waste either		
			during the construction or the lifetime of the		
			building, as set out within the Development and		
			Implementation Principles SPD ^[12] , prepared by		
			Northamptonshire County Council. Development		
			viability testing for the area ^[13] has demonstrated		
			that sites can deliver the standards set out in		
			Code for Sustainable Homes Level 4(or		
			equivalent) at present with some areas,		
			particularly within South Northamptonshire, able		
			to exceed this target . Code Level 4 is therefore a		
			minimum policy standard _ for residential		
			developments until 2016, with the requirements		
			increasing throughout the plan period in line with		
			national policy. Proposals for Non-residential		
			developments, over 500m ² gross internal		
			floorspace, will achieve a rating of at least		
			BREEAM (BRE Environmental Assessment		
			Method Very Good (or equivalent)."		
PC064/	Spatial	Existing	Amend the paragraph as follows:	To reflect Government	Daventry Distinct
SS	Strategy	Para. 5.76	P p roposals for new developments and	policy changes including	Council
	Charley	(New Para.	regeneration opportunities, should consider ways	the use of energy	4623361/JCS-
		(New Fara. 5.80)	of enabling energy to be generated at source and	efficiency, fabric first	Full/1104213
		3.00)	in ways that both minimise the carbon emissions	techniques, and the	
					Persimmon
			and ensure on-going energy security. In line with	future alignment of Code for Sustainable Homes/	
			national policy objectives, the JCS encourages the		Homes/Bloor Homes
			adoption of there is a requirement to increase the	Zero Carbon Homes and	4622465/JCS-

			use of decentralised, renewable, low or zero- carbon technologies <u>wherever viable</u> . Where viable and feasible, these technologies should provide a minimum of 10% of the predicted energy demand of the total development. In the event that providing such technologies proves unviable, as demonstrated through open book analysis carried out by the relevant local planning authority, contributions will <u>may</u> be sought towards the delivery of off-site carbon reduction opportunities: examples of such opportunities are set out within the Planning Obligations Strategy and will be included within the Developer Contributions SPD." Delete Footnote 14 – "DCLG (2009) Supplement to Planning Policy Statement 1: Climate Change."	building regulations that impact on the suitability and increasing redundancy of using a 10% target level for on - site renewable energy.	Full/1017427 JPU Officer
PC065/ SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.77 (New Para. 5.81)	 Amend the paragraph as follows: "Other factors that will need to be considered in ensuring developments are sustainable design of new development include: ensuring the layout and orientation of dwellings to maximise solar gain; ensuring development densities that are high enough to support local services, facilities and sustainable transport; creating layouts designing neighbourhoods that reduce the need to travel and maximise opportunities for walking and cycling; locating new development close to services, such as education and retail; and the creation of <u>attractive, usable and durable</u> places, <u>and improvement of the historic</u> 	To reflect the revised approach to Policy S10 and a strengthened approach to sustainable design.	JPU Officer

PC066/SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.79 (New Para. 5.83)	 <u>environment, including high quality and</u> <u>inclusive design of development, open spaces</u> and green infrastructure that support community <u>health and</u> well being." Delete the second sentence in the paragraph: "All new development will be expected to conform to the principles of Building for Life." 	To reflect the revised approach to Policy S10	JPU Officer
PC068/ SS	Spatial Strategy	New Para. 5.84	Add a new paragraph 5.84 as follows: "A key part of the government's commitment to meet climate change targets is to reduce carbon emissions through greater use of and energy efficiency in building construction and by increased use of low or zero carbon and renewable energy. The use of low carbon and renewable energy represents a significant opportunity over the plan period to reduce carbon emissions, help reduce fuel poverty and contribute to energy security. The Government has been working towards a target to achieve 15% of its total energy to be generated by renewable sources by 2020 and therefore, supports low carbon and renewable energy development across the UK, where the technology is viable and environmental, economic and social impacts are addressed satisfactorily."	To reflect the emerging approach to Zero Carbon Homes and the NPPF approach to renewable energy.	Persimmon Homes/Bloor Homes 4622465/JCS_Full/1 017429 Barratt Strategic 462521/JCS_Full/10 54933 Home Builders Federation Ltd 4638113/JCS_Full/1 080917 Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 104213
PC069/ SS	Spatial Strategy	Existing Para. 5.80 (New Para. 5.85)	Amend the paragraph as follows: "To minimise the demand for resources and mitigate and adapt to climate change Objective 1 <u>of this JCS</u> states that the JCS encourages renewable energy production in appropriate locations. The Government has been working towards a target of 20% of electricity in the UK coming from renewable sources by 2020, though	To reflect the emerging approach to Zero Carbon Homes and the NPPF approach to renewable energy.	Persimmon Homes/Bloor Homes 4622465/JCS_Full/1 017429 Barratt Strategic 462521/JCS_Full/10 54933

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the recent Renewable Energy Strategy (2009)	
has suggested that this figure should rise to	Home Builders
around 30%. The Government therefore	Federation Ltd
promotes rather than restricts such development,	4638113/JCS_Full/1
and it encourages renewable energy	080917
development across England where the	
technology is viable and environmental,	Daventry District
economic and social impacts can be addressed	Council
satisfactorily. The use of low carbon and	4623361/JCS Full/1
renewable energy and sustainable design	104213
approaches that enables adaptation to the effects	
of climate change over the lifetime of the	Northampton
development. This can be done through	Borough Council
incorporating in buildings, low carbon "fabric first"	4618241/JCS_Full/1
approaches to energy efficiency, and then	006677
optimised on site or near site energy generation	
in appropriate locations. The use of low carbon	Wind Prospects
sustainable building design and site planning of	Developments Ltd
development also has a key role in optimising	4614177/JCS_Full/1
layouts to increase passive solar energy gain,	127157
providing woodlands and trees and green	
infrastructure to act as windbreaks and carbon	
sinks and securing the integration of micro-	
generation technologies, such as solar thermal	
and/or photovoltaic panels."	

Proposed changes to Table 1 (See Change ID PC012/SS above)

 Table 1 - Housing Requirement 2001-2026 (Rounded)

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Borough/ District	Total Housing Requirement 2001-2026	Completions 2001-2006	Completions 2006-2011	Outstanding Planning Permissions and Approvals in Principle at 1 April 2011	Remaining Requirement 2011-2026
Daventry District	11,900	1,720	1,130	1,770	7,280
Northampton Borough	26,200	5,180	4,170	9,130	7,720
South Northamptonshire District	12,050	2,980	1,190	2,820	5,060
Total	50,150	9,880	6,490	13,720	20,060

Proposed Change to table in Policy S3 (See Change ID PC016/SS above)

BELOW THE BOROUGH AND DISTRICT LEVEL HOUSING DEVELOPMENT WILL BE DISTRIBUTED IN THE FOLLOWING WAY:

DISTRICT/	SETTLEMENT/	NET	ADDITIONAL	OF	WHICH
BOROUGH	AREA	HOUSING		HOUS	ING
		REQU	IREMENT	COMP	LETIONS

		2001-2026	2001-2011
DAVENTRY			
TOWNS	DAVENTRY	5,330	1,405
RURAL AREAS	DAVENTRY RURAL	2,800	1,445
NORTHAMPTON RELATED DEVELOPMENT	NORTHAMPTON	3,750	-
DAVENTRY TOTAL		11,900*	2,850
NORTHAMPTON			
TOWNS	NORTHAMPTON	26,200	9,350
NORTHAMPTON TOTAL		26,200	9,350
SOUTH NORTHAMPT	ONSHIRE	·	
TOWNS	BRACKLEY	2,510	430
	TOWCESTER	2,225	480

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SOUTH NORTHANTS	SOUTH	3,605	1,815		
RURAL AREAS	NORTHANTS				
NORTHAMPTON	NORTHAMPTON	3,715	1,435		
RELATED					
DEVELOPMENT					
SOUTH NORTHANTS		12,050	4,165		
TOTAL					
WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE					
WEST NORTHANTS		50,150	16,365*		
TOTAL					

*DIFFERENCE DUE TO ROUNDING

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragrap h	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC001/C	Connections	Para. 6.10	In the third sentence add "Policies" between "Places" and "section".	To aid navigation through the Joint Core Strategy document.	JPU Officer
PC002/C	Connections	Para. 6.10	In the fourth sentence add "Northampton" before "North West Bypass" and delete "for Northampton".	Factual correction.	JPU Officer
PC003/C	Connections	New Para. 6.15	Add a new paragraph before existing Paragraph 6.15 as follows: "The Northamptonshire vision is for the County to be at the leading edge of the digital economy. This requires new development, both housing and commercial, to be directly served by high quality fibre networks. Access to these networks will make working from home, and operating businesses, easier and therefore reduce the need to travel. Such access will enable e-learning and access to an increasing number of on-line applications and services provided by the public and	To provide more detail about support for broadband infrastructure.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragrap h	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			private sector, including tele- health, and can help to reduce the challenge of social exclusion."		
PC004/C	Connections	Policy C1	Amend the first sentence of Policy C1 as follows:: <u>"PRIORITY WILL BE GIVEN</u> <u>TO</u> PROPOSED TRANSPORT SCHEMES <u>THAT</u> WILL BE REQUIRED TO DEMONSTRATE HOW THEY WILL CONTRIBUTE TO BEHAVIOURAL CHANGE BY"	To clarify the approach to further capacity ensuring that sustainable approaches are prioritised.	Highways Agency 4623105/JCS- Full/1093141
PC005/C	Connections	Policy C1	Add a new paragraph to Policy C1 after the fourth bullet point as follows: <u>"ANY CAPACITY</u> <u>IMPROVEMENTS SHOULD</u> <u>SUPPORT ECONOMIC</u> <u>GROWTH AND/ OR</u> <u>SAFEGUARD STRATEGIC</u> <u>ROUTES AND/ OR REDUCE</u> <u>TRANSPORT ENERGY USE"</u>	To clarify the approach to further capacity increases on the transport network.	Highways Agency 4623105/JCS - Full/1093141
PC006/C	Connections	Policy C1	In the second part of Policy C1 add a fourth bullet point: "NEW DEVELOPMENT	To clarify the requirements to enable superfast broadband as supported by	Northamptonshire County Council

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragrap h	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			SHOULD BE ACCESSED BY FIBRE TO THE PREMISES (FTTP) TECHNOLOGY ENABLING ACCESS TO SUPERFAST BROADBAND AND SPEEDS OF AT LEAST 30 MEGABITS PER SECOND"	the Northamptonshire Transport Plan.	
PC007/C	Connections	Existing Para. 6.15 (New Para. 6.16)	Add new sentences to the end of the paragraph as follows: "The JCS plans for modal shift combining incentives, information, and public transport improvements with new development influencing behaviour before car dependency becomes a habit. A range of soft and hard measures will be phased in over the build-out of development sites. New development will be required to mitigate its effects on the highway network."	To clarify the approach to modal shift and the phasing of measures that will be required of developments.	Capel House Property Trust Ltd 4613537/JCS-Full/ 987189 Bovis Homes 4602561/JCS –Full/ 1004021 Kislingbury Action Group 4602561/ JCS – Full/1004085 Hallam Land 4622465/JCS-Full/ Persimmon Homes/ Bloor Homes 4622465/JCS- Full/1017621 Northamptonshire County Council 4625761/JCS-Full 1126517

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragrap h	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC008/C	Connections	Existing Para. 6.17 (New Para. 6.18)	At the end of the paragraph replace "Further guidance on the production of travel plans will be provided by a" with " <u>A</u> separate Supplementary Planning Document <u>will provide</u> further guidance on the production of travel plans including thresholds for different forms of development. Thresholds will define what constitutes traffic movements taking opportunities to maximise modal shift outlined in the NTSG and the Northamptonshire Transportation Plan."	To clarify the approach to securing travel plans and to make clear that it will be seeking to set thresholds that optimise modal shift.	Capel House Property Trust Ltd 4613537/JCS-Full/ 987189
PC009/C	Connections	Policy C2	In the first sentence of Policy C2 delete "All" and add cross reference in the Policy to Paragraph 6.13 as follows: "ALL-NEW HOUSING, EMPLOYMENT, COMMERCIAL AND RETAIL DEVELOPMENTIN THE FOUR TOWNS OF NORTHAMPTON, DAVENTRY, TOWCESTER AND BRACKLEY AND PRIMARY SERVICE VILLAGES WILL BE	To clarify/give flexibility on approach to achieving modal shift targets set out in paragraph 6.13 to minimise impact on development viability. Some smart measures have negligible impact on viability while other measures have more significant impact and may require phasing.	JPU officer Capel House Property Trust Ltd 4613537/JCS-Full/ 987189 Taylor Wimpey Barrett Strategic 4639873/JCS- Full/1085621

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragrap h	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			EXPECTED TO ACHIEVE THE MODAL SHIFT TARGETS (IN PARAGRAPH 6.13) BY MAXIMISING TRAVEL CHOICE FROM NON-CAR MODES."		
			Then add " <u>WHEN THIS IS</u> <u>APPROPRIATE</u> " to the end of the second bullet point in Policy C2 as follows: • "ENSURE THAT NEW OR ENHANCED PUBLIC TRANSPORT SERVICES ARE SECURED ON OCCUPATION OF THE FIRST DWELLING <u>WHEN</u> THIS IS APPROPRIATE"		
PC010/C	Connections	Policy C2	Add " <u>MITIGATE ITS EFFECTS</u> ON THE HIGHWAY NETWORK <u>AND</u> " to the second paragraph Policy C2 as follows: • "DEVELOPMENT WILL BE REQUIRED TO <u>MITIGATE</u> ITS EFFECTS ON THE HIGHWAY NETWORK AND BE SUPPORTED BY A TRANSPORT	To make it clear that development must mitigate its effects on the highway and to clarify the requirements for enhanced public transport services.	Northamptonshire County Council 4625761/JCS-Full 1126517

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragrap h	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			ASSESSMENT"		
PC011/C	Connections	Existing Para. 6.19 (New Para. 6.20)	Amend the last sentence as follows: "In the case of the A45 and A43 trunk roads in the area, the Highways Agency are proposing to implement secure the implementation of traffic management measures and related junction modifications in conjunction with development coming forward in these corridors."	To clarify the delivery of necessary Highways Agency measures.	Highways Agency 4623105/JCS - Full/1093141
PC012/C	Connections	Existing Para. 6.19 (New Para. 6.20)	Add further information about the Northampton Growth Management Scheme to the end of the paragraph as follows: " <u>The Northampton Growth</u> <u>Management Scheme (NGMS)</u> for the M1/ A45 sets out necessary mitigation measures on the A45 between the M1 Junction 15 and Great Billing Junction required to support the growth of Northampton. The WNJPU and partners have agreed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with the	Add description of M1/A45 Northampton Growth Management Scheme to clarify the approach to mitigating the growth of Northampton on the Strategic Road Network. Set out the flexible delivery of these measures through Section 106 agreements through an agreed MOU on the NGMS with the Highways Agency and partners.	Highways Agency 4623105/JCS - Full/1093141

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragrap h	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC013/C	Connections	Existing Para. 6.19 (New Para. 6.20)	Highways Agency on the delivery of NGMS. The MoU provides a mechanism for using S106 planning obligations (prior to the introduction of CIL and then CIL funding) to secure contributions to enable delivery of the NGMS. The NGMS also considers the staging of developer contributions to support the viability of developments." Add cross-reference to the A45 and A43 measures in Appendix 4 at the end of the paragraph as follows: "The specific developer funded measures on the A45 and A43 are set out in the Infrastructure Schedule in Appendix 4 of this	To clarify approach to A45/A43 ensuring measures and delivery are clear	North Northamptonshire JPU 4661505/JCS- Full/1079765
PC014/C	Connections	Existing Para. 6.20 (New Para. 6.21)	Plan." Amend "Chiltern s" Line in third sentence.	Factual correction.	South Northamptonshire Council 46117921/JCS-Full/ 1001237
PC015/C	Connections	Existing Para. 6.21	Add a new sentence to the end of the paragraph as follows:	To explain the potential impact of HS2 on the M1	Highways Agency 4623105/JCS – Full

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragrap h	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
		(New Para. 6.22)	"If HS2 proceeds it is expected to reduce future pressures on the M1"	motorway.	/1093141
PC016/C	Connections	New Para. 6.23	Add a new paragraph after existing Paragraph 6.21 (new Paragraph 6.23): "The North Northamptonshire Core Spatial Strategy (2008) Policy 2 (Connecting North Northamptonshire with surrounding Areas) states that 'North Northamptonshire's connections with surrounding areas will be strengthened and enhanced to ensure that these are to the_standard necessary to fulfil the role expected of them. This JCS supports this policy and in particular includes reference to A43 Kettering to Northampton improvements under the Road section in Policy C3 below."	Ensure the JCS reflects appropriate measures in the North Northamptonshire Core Spatial Strategy (2008) Policy 2 on Connecting North Northamptonshire with its surroundings including A43 improvements.	JPU Officer
PC017/C	Connections	Policy C3	Amend the third bullet point under Rail in Policy C3 as follows: "IMPLEMENTATION OF AN INTER-URBAN COACH	To clarify the requirements in relation to access to East Midlands Airport.	Northamptonshire County Council 4625761/JCS-Full 1126517

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragrap h	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			SERVICE TO CONNECT TO THE MIDLAND MAINLINE ALLOWING PASSENGERS TO ACCESS EAST MIDLANDS AIRPORT AND IMPROVED JOURNEY TIMES/ CONNECTIONS TO ACCESS EAST MIDLANDS AIRPORT;"		
PC020/C	Connections	Existing Para. 6.24 (New Para. 6.26)	Amend first sentence to Chiltern s Line	Factual correction.	South Northamptonshire Council 46117921/JCS-Full/ 1001237
PC021/C	Connections	Existing Para. 6.25 (New Para. 6.27)	Amend the last sentence of the paragraph as follows: "These improvements are set out within the Places sections <u>and the Infrastructure Schedule</u> in Appendix 4 of this plan along with additional physical infrastructure requirements, such as A45 <u>Northampton to</u> Daventry <u>Development Link</u> corridor improvements, which are required to support the development of the area."	Add reference to Appendix 4 to clarify need and viability of public transport and other improvements. Factual correction of the name of Daventry Development Link.	Highways Agency 4623105/JCS_Full/ 1093141 JPU Officer
PC022/C	Connections	Policy C4	Under *A: PUBLIC TRANSPORT CORRIDORS"	Factual corrections to show that two distinct corridors	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS-Full/

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragrap h	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			correct as follows: In the fourth bullet add " <u>A4500</u> ". In the seventh bullet point amend to: " A43 / <u>A361</u> BRACKLEY DAVENTRY TO <u>CHERWELL DISTRICT</u> (BANBURY/BICESTER)". Add the following new eighth bullet point: "<u>A43/A422 BRACKLEY TO</u> <u>CHERWELL DISTRICT</u> (BANBURY/BICESTER)"	are present rather than one.	1104373 Northamptonshire County Council 4625761/JCS-Full 1126517
PC023/C	Connections	Policy C5	The first sentence of Policy C5 replace " OR " with " <u>AND</u> ".	To clarify the approach to enhancement of connections.	JPU Officer
PC024/C	Connections	Existing Para. 6.28 (New Para. 6.30)	Add a new sentence at the end of the paragraph as follows: <u>"A revised alignment has been</u> incorporated in the confirmed line of route for phase one of HS2 which was announced in January 2012."	Factual update on HS2.	JPU Officer
PC025/C	Connections	Existing Para. 6.29	Add to the last sentence of the paragraph as follows:	To clarify the benefits required by the policy.	Northamptonshire County Council

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragrap h	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
		(New Para. 6.31)	" such as improved journey times and services from Northampton to Birmingham and London."		4625761/JCS-Full 1126517
PC026/C	Connections	Policy C6	Change numbered list to a bullet point list.	To be consistent with other policies. A numbered list could infer an order of priority.	JPU Officer

Section 7.0 – Regenerating and Developing Communities

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC001/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Para. 7.11	In the second sentence replace: "Development Plan Documents" with "Local Plans".	To reflect the recent changes to the planning system.	JPU Officer
PC002/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Para. 7.19	In the second sentence delete "Plan" in "Development Plan Documents" and add "Local" before "Development".	To reflect the recent changes to the planning system.	JPU Officer
PC003/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Table 3	Add "voluntary sector/faith groups" to Table 3 - 2 nd row as follows: Add to the first column: "Focus on collective investment from agencies <u>and voluntary sector</u> <u>including faith groups</u> " Add "church halls" to the second column as follows: "This will include school sites, shops, community centres, <u>church</u> <u>halls,</u> land and other capital assets".	To clarify the approach to priority areas and the best use of existing facilities	United Reformed Church 4625985/JCS_FULL/ 1126261

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC004/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Para 7.26	Add "Church Halls" to the 5 th bullet point in Paragraph 7.26.	To clarify the approach to priority areas and the best use of existing facilities.	United Reformed Church 4625985/JCS_FULL/ 1126261
PC005/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Para 7.29	Amend paragraph as follows; "The Central Area Action Plan contains proposals for an enhanced cultural offer within Northampton's town centre. There are additional plans prepared by each of the local authorities, Northamptonshire County Council and <u>the</u> Northamptonshire Enterprise <u>Partnership</u> , which aim to develop new facilities, and to enhance facilities, for arts and entertainment in order to diversify the existing offer."	Factual correction	JPU Officer
PC006/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Para. 7.31	Delete "as part of the LDF".	To reflect the recent changes to the planning system.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC007/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Para. 7.32	Delete reference to "Circular 05/05" at the end of the first sentence and in the footnote.	Factual update. Circular 05/05 has been superseded by the National Planning Policy Framework (2012).	JPU Officer
PC008/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Para. 7.35	In the first sentence add "the former" before "Planning Policy Guidance Note 17"	Factual update. Planning Policy Guidance note 17 has been superseded by the National Planning Policy Framework (2012).	JPU Officer
PC009/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Footnote to Para. 7.35	Amend the footnote to Planning Policy Guidance note 17 as follows: "Communities and Local Government - Planning Policy Guidance 17: Planning for Open Space, Sport and Recreation <u>now</u> <u>cancelled by the NPPF (2012).</u> "	Factual update. Planning Policy Guidance note 17 has been superseded by the National Planning Policy Framework (2012).	JPU Officer
PC010/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Para. 7.36	Amend the paragraph as follows: "Northampton Borough Council <u>has</u> <u>reviewed</u> are presently in the process of reviewing their <u>it</u>'s Playing Pitch Strategy <u>and</u> <u>published the Northampton Playing</u> <u>Fields Key Issues and</u>	Factual update to reflect the changes to the Northampton Borough Council Playing Pitch Strategy.	JPU Officer

Section 7.0 – Regeneratin	g and Developin	g Communities
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Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC011/RC	Regenerating	Footnote to	Recommendations Report which has updated the Northampton Open Space, Sport and Recreation Assessment, including the which will set out local standards for the provision of recreational open space. Additional local work may also be required to identify facilities required for young people, such as playgrounds and multi-use games areas."	Factual update to	JPU Officer
FCUTI/RC	and Developing Communities	Para. 7.36	<u>"Neil Allen Associates (2011)</u> <u>Northampton Playing Fields Key</u> <u>Issues and Recommendations</u> <u>Report"</u>	reflect the changes to the Northampton Borough Council Playing Pitch Strategy.	JFU Onicer
PC012/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Para 7.42	Amend paragraph 7.42 as follows: "Where proposals for development would result in the loss of a facility, the policy approach should be determined by; the availability of alternative or replacement facilities nearby (as derived from the relevant <u>former</u> PPG17 assessment for open space <u>or</u> <u>relevant assessment for other</u> <u>community facilities</u>), whether the	To take account of the need to protect community facilities.	JPU Officer

Section 7.0 – Regenerating and Developing Communities

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			facility is still required, or whether there may be wider community benefits associated with the new proposal."		
PC013/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Policy RC2	In the first sentence of Policy RC2 replace "THE PLANNING POLICY GUIDANCE 17" with "OPEN SPACE/ RECREATION".	To better describe evidence studies used to support policy.	JPU Officer
PC014/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Policy RC2	Amend second paragraph of Policy RC2 as follows: "THE LOSS OF EXISTING <u>COMMUNITY FACILITIES</u> <u>INCLUDING</u> BUILT SPORTS FACILITIES AND AREAS OF OPEN SPACE WILL BE RESISTED UNLESS IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT:"	To protect community facilities unless these can be replaced or are no longer required.	JPU Officer
PC015/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Policy RC2	In the first bullet point of Policy RC2 add reference to accessibility as follows: "THERE IS EVIDENCE THAT IMPROVEMENTS CAN BE MADE THROUGH THE PROVISION OF A REPLACEMENT FACILITY OF EQUAL OR BETTER QUALITY	To amplify requirements on replacement of existing facilities.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_FULL/ 1104565

Section 7.0 – Regeneratin	g and Developing	Communities
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Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			TAKING INTO ACCOUNT ACCESSIBILITY;"		
PC016/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Policy RC2	In the second bullet point of Policy RC2 replace "SIGINIFICANT " with "SIGNIFICANT ".	To correct a typographical error.	JPU Officer.
PC017/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Policy RC2	Add a third bullet point to Policy RC2 and amend the second bullet point as follows: <u>" OR;</u> • <u>HAVING REGARD TO THE</u> <u>RELEVANT OPEN SPACE</u> <u>STUDY, THE OPEN SPACE IS</u> <u>SURPLUS AND IS LITTLE</u> <u>USED"</u>	To clarify requirements on the replacement of existing facilities.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_FULL/ 1104565
PC018/RC	Regenerating and Developing Communities	Policy RC2	In the last sentence of Policy RC2 replace "DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT AND SITE ALLOCATION DPD'S" with "DAVENTRY DISTRICT SETTLEMENTS AND COUNTRYSIDE LOCAL PLAN AND SOUTH	To reflect changes to the planning system since 2011 and to reflect the updated LDS.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			NORTHAMPTONSHIRE SETTLEMENTS AND COUNTRYSIDE LOCAL PLAN".		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC001/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.5	In the first sentence of the paragraph amend as follows: "The plan area already has a considerable amount of employment floorspace in the planning pipeline <u>in sustainable</u> <u>locations</u> already consented through planning applications."	To clarify the sustainability of existing employment locations.	JPU Officer
PC002/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.5	Add to the end of the paragraph as follows: "Much of West Northamptonshire's employment is provided on large purpose built estates with corresponding infrastructure, often badly suited to non-employment uses. Losses of employment land in West Northamptonshire for the last five years have been low. Where it can be shown that vacant employment land is no longer viable a mix of employment uses including, exceptionally, Non-B class employment uses (as_mentioned in WNELS) may be considered where shown to be	To clarify the need to retain existing employment land and include flexibility as required by the National Planning Policy Framework. To clarify the need to retain existing non- strategic B8 employment land.	JPU Officer Prologis Developments Ltd 4641889/JCS_Full/ 1037205

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			essential to viability and compliant with the sequential test in Policy E2. While employment land will be protected WNELS does not require B class employment land to be protected for Strategic B8 use given the amount available over the plan period, comparatively low jobs densities, sustainability impacts, and the need for a balanced economy. WNELS does require the protection of small B8 uses in order to provide necessary support for other employment uses. Non Strategic B8 use typically has higher job densities of 1 worker per 50 sqm or better and will be protected."		
PC003/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.6	Amend the second sentence in the paragraph as follows: "However, there is still a need to retain manufacturing <u>and</u> <u>supporting warehousing</u> jobs as part of a mixed economy that offers a diverse range of employment opportunities."	To clarify the role of warehouse development.	JPU Officer Prologis Developments Ltd 4641889/JCS_Full/ 1037205

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC004/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.7	In the first sentence of the paragraph replace "DPD's" with "Local Plans", and delete the first reference to "office".	 To reflect changes to the planning system since 2011. Typographical error. 	JPU Officer
PC005/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.8	Amend the paragraph as follows: "Office development will also be directed to Daventry central area to support Daventry's regeneration objectives and to supporting the transition of its their economy from predominantly manufacturing and warehousing to provide more diverse employment opportunities".	To clarify the role of office development.	JPU Officer
PC006/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.10	Amend paragraph as follows: "The Northampton Technology Realm framework at Northampton North Sustainable Urban Extension is a selected and targeted allocation aims to nurture the growth of value added jobs in West Northamptonshire and in the County The site is located near	To clarify the role of the Technology Realm framework in nurturing business with partners. Moving the Technology Realm framework from Northampton North SUE to the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone provides a more sustainable and	Northamptonshire Enterprise Limited 4615873/JCS_Full/ 1003477

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			to the University of Northampton and other key Higher and Further Education partners. The concept of the Technology Realm in this location is to provide, through collaboration with-learning and skills partners such as the Northamptonshire Enterprise Partnership, the South East Midlands Local Enterprise Partnership (SEMLEP), and the University of Northampton alongside businesses and other partners across Northamptonshire. The concept of the Technology Realm is to enable the development of a highly skilled and knowledge based workforce that is capable of meeting the needs of targeted employers supported by a range of employment floorspace/unit size solutions to provide appropriate workplaces. The Technology Realm will support the promotion of industry- university led collaboration in partnership, stimulating	 viable location for the Technology Realm framework. The transfer of the Technology Realm to the Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone therefore: is more sustainable helping regenerate derelict land in town centre and edge of centre locations provides a better economic offer by complementing the role of the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone instead of competing with it retains approach of delivering quality jobs through enabling a range of business spaces. 	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			innovation in products, processes and services. Work in partnership with these education institutions to promote university-industry collaboration will ensure the skilled workforce created has the opportunity to use those skills in an appropriate workplace within Northampton creating The Technology Realm will also support inward investment activities and enable high value added employment and with opportunities for innovative business development."		
PC007/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.11	Amend paragraph as follows: "The Technology Realm <u>framework</u> will provide <u>support</u> <u>the development of</u> start-up and grow-on premises which should be designed to allow for expansion as start up firms grow. The Developments should be designed to maximise formal and informal interaction within a	To clarify & focus the role of the Technology Realm as regards the premises needed for firms to grow.	Northamptonshire Enterprise Limited 4615873/ JCS_Full/ 1003477

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			high design and landscaped environment with high standards of environmental sustainability-will be expected."		
PC008/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.12	Amend paragraph as follows: "A key <u>feature</u> driver of the sustainability and long-term success of the Northampton Technology Realm will be the provision of effective and well- resourced enterprise support services The enterprise support services which will focus on assisting pre-start, start- up/emerging and established businesses across identified sectors."	To clarify the role of the Technology Realm as regards support services.	Northamptonshire Enterprise Limited 4615873/ JCS_Full/ 1003477

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC010/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.13	Amend second sentence as follows: "Although DIRFT is within Daventry District it lies immediately east of Rugby and adjoins Rugby Radio Station Urban Extension which is proposed for major development in the Submission Rugby <u>Borough Council</u> Core Strategy (2011)."	Rugby Borough Council Core Strategy is now adopted.	JPU Officer
PC011/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.15	Amend first sentence as follows: "National policy At a national level both Planning Policy Statement 4 'Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth' and Planning Policy Guidance Note 13 'Transport' strongly supports the movement of freight by rail which <u>enables</u> supports the modal shift away from road based transport."	The National Planning Policy Framework supersedes PPS4 and PPG13, but retains support for rail freight.	JPU Officer
PC012/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.18	Amend second sentence as follows: "As an existing location for rail	Correction.	JPU Officer

Section 8.0 - Economic Advantage

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			freight DIRFT has a significant investment in rail existing rail freight infrastructure in place and DIRFT 2 proposals will further enhance these intermodal facilities in transferring freight from road to rail."		
PC013/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.20	Amend and add to second sentence as follows: "It has become a popular and important motorsport venue and its reputation has become synonymous with excellence not only in motorsport, but also in education, employment, and high performance <u>technology</u> , and engineering skills."	To include the role of high performance technology	JPU Officer
PC014/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.29	Amend first sentence as follows: "Policy E5 below provides a framework for the development of Silverstone Circuit and is consistent with the Silverstone Circuit Development Brief (January February 2009)."	Factual correction.	Silverstone Estates Ltd 4625857/JCS_Full/101256 5

Section 8.0 - Economic Advantage

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC015/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.29	Add sentence to the end of paragraph as follows "South Northamptonshire Council granted outline planning permission for the expansion of Silverstone Circuit in December 2011."	To take account of planning permission granted by SNC.	JPU Officer
PC016/E	Economic Advantage	Policy E5	Delete from the first bullet: "(APPROXIMATELY 50% IN AYLESBURY VALE DISTRICT)"	Factual correction.	Aylesbury Vale District Council 4636321/JCS_Full/107909 3
PC017/E	Economic Advantage	Policy E5	Add a new bullet to Policy E5 as follows; "A 600 PLACE SILVERSTONE UNIVERSITY TECHNICAL COLLEGE (WITHIN SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE DISTRICT)."	To take account of the proposal for a new college at the Silverstone Circuit.	South Northamptonshire Council Officers
PC018/E	Economic Advantage	Para. 8.31	Add between fourth and fifth sentence the following: "A University Technical College is proposed at Silverstone."	To take account of University Technical College proposal at Silverstone.	JPU Officer

Section 8.0 - Economic Advantage

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC019/E	Economic Advantage	Policy E6	Add " TRESHAM COLLEGE " to the first sentence of the policy.	To correct omission.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC001/H	9.0 Housing	Para. 9.1	In the second sentence replace "around" with 'adjoining'.	The reference to development being 'around' the towns could be interpreted too widely. The use of the word 'adjoining' is more precise and is consistent with Policy S1.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/11 04757
PC002/H	9.0 Housing	Para. 9.4	Add the following at the end of the second sentence: "and have been updated to reflect the 2008 based household projections." Amend the final sentence to read: "The percentage requirements for affordable housing specified in Policy H2 below reflect have regard to the estimated requirements for intermediate and social rented housing set out in Table 4, together with the results of a series of sensitivity tests. ^[2] ." Insert the following footnote: "2. Details of the sensitivity tests undertaken as part of the SHMA update are set out in a separate technical paper."	Factual update to reflect the updated Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA). To more accurately reflect the role and status of the SHMA in terms of informing the policy requirements for affordable housing set out in Policy H2.	JPU Officer
PC004/H	9.0 Housing	New Paras. Added after Para. 9.4 and Table 4	Insert the following paragraphs after Paragraph 9.4 and Table 4: "9.5 In October 2010 the Government announced its new Affordable Rent model which allows	To set out the findings of the SHMA update in respect of the implications of the	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			Registered Providers of affordable housing to charge rents which are up to 80% of market rents for the area on new build developments and relets. The Affordable Rent tenure has now been included within the definition of affordable housing set out in the <i>National</i> <i>Planning Policy Framework.</i> "	Affordable Rent tenure announced by Government in October 2010.	
			"9.6 A further update of the SHMA ⁵ was undertaken to consider the possible impact of the introduction of Affordable Rents on the housing requirements in the area. The study concludes that although affordable rent represents a change in tenure it will still be used to meet the needs of households who require affordable housing. If allocation policies remain constant and households who cannot afford to meet the costs of Affordable Rent receive housing benefit to cover the costs then Affordable Rent will be the equivalent of social rent. It follows therefore that the findings of the revised SHMA assessment are still valid for the affordable housing requirements in the area."		
			Insert the following footnote: "5. Opinion Research Services (2011) West Northamptonshire Strategic Housing Market Assessment Update."		
PC005/H	9.0 Housing	Existing	Add the following after the third sentence in	To explain that the	Daventry District

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
		Para. 9.6 (New Para. 9.8)	existing Paragraph 9.6 (new Paragraph 9.8): "The provision of 2 bedroom units rather than 1 bedroom units makes them more flexible for allocation purposes and as such are favoured by Registered Providers."	provision of 2-bed units as opposed to 1-bed units provides greater flexibility for Registered Providers in terms of allocations.	Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 104757
PC006/H	9.0 Housing	New Para. 9.11	Insert a new paragraph as follows: "9.11 A further update of the Viability Appraisal (EVA) was published in March 2012 ⁷ . This presents an analysis of the implications of the new Affordable Rent tenure and the costs associated with the delivery of different standards of Zero Carbon Housing. The update shows that viability has not changed significantly since the main report was produced. As such the conclusions of the main report remain valid." Insert the following footnote: "7. Three Dragons (2012), Analysis of the Implications of Affordable Rents and Costs Associated With The Delivery of Different Standards of Zero Carbon Housing."	Factual update to reflect the findings of a further update to the Viability Appraisal.	JPU Officer
PC007/H	9.0 Housing	Existing Para 9.10 (New Para 9.13)	Delete the first sentence and add the following at the end of the paragraph: "The calculation of minimum average densities will be based on the net developable area of the allocated SUE site."	Factual update to reflect the National Planning Policy Framework. To provide clarification on the operation of the policy.	JPU Officer Home Builders Federation 4638113/JCS_Full/1 080981
PC008/H	9.0 Housing	Existing	Amend the paragraph as follows:	To provide clarification	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
		Para. 9.11 (New Para. 9.14)	"Policy H2 below sets out the percentage requirements and site size thresholds for <u>the on-</u> <u>site provision of</u> affordable housing based on the findings of the SHMA and the Viability Appraisal. ^[1] Whilst there is a clear preference for on-site provision it is recognised that in the case of very small sites on site provision may not be practicable. In these cases financial contributions in lieu of onsite provision should ensure that at least an equivalent amount of affordable housing can be built off site. Further guidance on the operation of the affordable housing policy, <u>including where financial contributions in lieu of</u> <u>onsite affordable housing will be considered</u> <u>appropriate</u> , will be provided in the Affordable <u>Housing through</u> Supplementary Planning Document(<u>s</u>)."	on the operation of the policy.	
PC009/H	9.0 Housing	Existing Para. 9.12 (New Para. 9.15)	Amend the paragraph as follows: "The findings of the Viability Assessment have informed the percentage affordable housing requirements, but it is acknowledged that viability will have to be considered on a site by site basis. The thresholds for affordable housing proposed in Policy H2 have also been informed by the Viability Assessment together with an assessment of the likely contribution that small sites will make to overall housing provision. An analysis of the five- year land supply and the housing trajectory indicates that almost 15% of housing provision in Daventry District and at least 13% of housing	Factual update to reflect an assessment of the likely contribution that small sites will make to future housing provision. The reference to seeking commuted sums on sites of 4 dwellings or fewer in South Northamptonshire is proposed to be deleted as this will be a matter	JPU Officer.

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			provision in South Northamptonshire will be on sites of 15 dwellings or less. Within the Northampton Related Development Area less than 6% of housing provision is anticipated on sites below 15 dwellings.For South Northamptonshire the Viability Assessment concluded that the actual threshold for seeking affordable housing could be set at zero, but in practice for sites of 4 dwellings or fewer a commuted sum would be sought in lieu of on site provision."	for local policy.	
PC010/H	9.0 Housing	New Para. 9.16	Insert a new paragraph as follows: "The full proportion of affordable housing, as set out in Policy H2, will be expected to be delivered on each site unless a viability assessment that is prepared in conjunction with the relevant local planning authority, clearly demonstrates that it cannot be delivered. In exceptional circumstances and when agreed with the local planning authority, an off site financial contribution of equivalent value will be appropriate on sites between 5 and 14 dwellings within the rural areas of Daventry District and South Northamptonshire to meet identified needs within the locality ² ." Insert the following footnote: "2. For the purposes of this policy a locality is defined as the ward within which the development	To provide further guidance on the operation of the policy within the rural areas of Daventry District and South Northamptonshire.	JPU Officer
PC013/H	9.0 Housing	Existing	is proposed or any adjoining wards." At the end of the paragraph insert the following	To recognise that on site	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
		Para. 9.15 (New Para. 9.20)	sentence: "Where on site provision is not practicable then an off site contribution of equivalent value will be acceptable."	provision of affordable housing will not always be practicable within market specialist housing schemes.	
PC014/H	9.0 Housing	Policy H4	After the words: "A LOCAL COMMUNITY" delete the comma and replace with a full stop so that the second sentence starts with the words "REGARDLESS OF TENURE".	To correct a drafting error.	JPU Officer
PC015/H	9.0 Housing	Existing Para. 9.16 (New Para. 9.21)	In the third sentence replace "S10" with "S11". At the end of the paragraph insert the following sentence: <u>"For the purposes of this policy residential</u> <u>development refers to development falling within</u> <u>Class C3 'Dwellinghouses' of the Town and</u> <u>Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as</u> <u>amended).</u> "	To reflect changes to policy numbering and wording in the Spatial Strategy section. To clarify the scope of the policy.	JPU Officer JPU Officer
PC016/H	9.0 Housing	Policy H5	Amend Policy H5 to read: "RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT MUST BE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE ACCOMMODATION THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LIFETIME HOMES STANDARD <u>SUBJECT TO</u> THE ASSESSMENT OF VIABILITY ON A SITE BY SITE BASIS. NEW HOUSING MUST ALSO MEET THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PRINCIPLES <u>AND STANDARDS</u> SET OUT IN POLICIESY-S10 <u>AND S11</u> IN THE SPATIAL STRATEGY."	 To acknowledge the additional costs involved in constructing dwellings to Lifetime Homes standards and recognises that the level of provision will be subject to viability. To reflect changes to policy numbering and wording in the Spatial 	Persimmon Homes / Bloor Homes 4622465/JCS_Full/1 019093 Capel House Property Trust Ltd 4626465/JCS_Full/1 035861 Haselwood 4638625/JCS_Full/1 080501 Barratt Strategic

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
				Strategy section.	(Overstone Leys) 4638657/JCS_Full/1 081781 Taylor Wimpey and Barratt Strategic 4638593/JCS_Full/1 082997 Persimmon Homes/ Barratt Homes (Dallington Grange) 4639873/JCS_Full/1 086101
PC017/H	9.0 Housing	Existing Para. 9.19 (new Para. 9.24)	Amend existing Paragraph 9.19 (new Paragraph 9.24) as follows: "The Local Development Framework is Local Planning Authorities are required by national planning policy (ODPM Circular 01/2006 and CLG Circular 04/2007) to set pitch and plot targets provide sufficient sites to meet address identified accommodation needs for gypsies, travellers and travelling showpeople. National policy also emphasises the importance of a robust evidence base to establish need and inform development plan preparation. assessing needs at a sub- regional level, and to identify and make provision for the resultant land and accommodation requirements."	To reflect the National Planning Policy Framework and the withdrawal of Circulars 01/2006 and 04/2007.	JPU Officer change
PC018/H	9.0 Housing	Existing	In the first sentence replace "the West	To reflect the Revised	JPU Officer
		Para. 9.21 (New Para.	Northamptonshire Site Allocations Development Plan Document" with "a joint Local Plan".	Local Development Scheme which now	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
		9.26)		includes the preparation of a joint Local Plan to address the accommodation needs of Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Showpeople.	
PC019/H	9.0 Housing	Existing Para 9.23 (New Para 9.28)	Insert the following sentence at the end of the paragraph: "Consideration will be given to the allocation of sites which are suitable for mixed residential and business use in recognition of the benefits that such sites offer in terms of supporting traditional lifestyles and reducing the need for travel to work journeys."	To reflect national policy set out in "Planning Policy for Traveller Sites" (March 2012)	JPU Officer
PC020/H	9.0 Housing	Existing Para. 9.26 (New Para. 9.31)	Amend the paragraph as follows: "The GTAA for Northamptonshire only identifies pitch requirements up to 2017. <u>A joint Local Plan</u> will be prepared which will review the need for accommodation in West Northamptonshire up to and beyond 2017 and identify sites to meet this need in accordance with national policy. Clearly it will be necessary to review and update the GTAA and any revised requirements beyond 2017 will need to be addressed through a future review of the JCS."	To reflect the Revised Local Development Scheme which now includes the preparation of a joint Local Plan to address the accommodation needs of Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Showpeople.	JPU Officer
PC021/H	9.0 Housing	Policy H7	Insert the following sentence after the third bullet point of the policy: "CONSIDERATION WILL BE GIVEN TO THE ALLOCATION OF SITES SUITABLE FOR	To reflect national policy set out in "Planning Policy for Traveller Sites" (March 2012)	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
			MIXED RESIDENTIAL AND BUSINESS USE."		
PC022/H	9.0 Housing	Policy H7	Change numbered list to a bullet point list.	To be consistent with other policies. A numbered list could infer an order of priority.	JPU Officer

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PC001/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.1	Delete "historical" and replace with "man made" and add "agricultural landscapes" between "biodiversity" and "buildings".	To aid clarity and reflect landscape influences more accurately.	South Northamptonshire Council 461792/JCS- Full/1001653
PC002/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.2	Add "biodiversity" at the beginning of the list of features and replace "buildings of interest" with "heritage assets".	To reflect the wording of the NPPF and national Biodiversity Strategy.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS- Full/1104917
PC003/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.5	Amend the list of built and natural assets as follows: In the third bullet; delete "remains" and replace with "sites of national, regional and local significance;" Add a new fifth bullet: "Scheduled monuments and registered battlefields;" Add a new sixth bullet: "Significant historic designated landscapes such as parks and gardens;"	To add clarity to list of significant nationally protected built and natural assets.	South Northamptonshire Council 461792/JCS- Full/1001653 Friends of Alderton Monuments 4586113/JCS- Full/973205
PC004/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	10.6	Amend final bullet point as follows "The conservation <u>and management</u> of <u>heritage</u> historic assets".	To reflect wording of the NPPF.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS- Full/1104917
PC005/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	New Para 10.8	Insert a new paragraph as follows: "10.8 The establishment of the Northamptonshire Local Nature Partnership will strengthen local	To reflect the establishment of the Local Nature Partnership and the	JPU Officer.

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			leadership on landscape and other natural environmental matters and will raise awareness about the services and benefits of a healthy natural environment to the green economy and wellbeing of people and wildlife. The designation of the Nene Nature Improvement Area will also help develop the next phase of environmental improvements along the Nene Valley landscape, enhancing and reconnecting nature on a significant scale."	designation of the Nature Improvement Area.	
PC006/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.8 (New Para 10.9)	Amend the first sentence as follows: "Green Infrastructure (GI) is a network <u>comprising</u> <u>the broadest range</u> of multi-functional green spaces and , their connections <u>and other</u> <u>environmental features including but not limited to</u> <u>parks, private green spaces, woodlands, wetlands,</u> <u>open and running water, wastelands and disturbed</u> <u>grounds, rivers and canals and their banks, road</u> <u>and rail corridors, public rights of way allotments,</u> <u>cemeteries and churchyards².</u> "	To provide a more thorough definition of Green Infrastructure.	JPU Officer Environment Agency 4626369/JPU_Full/1 128821
PC007/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.11 (New Para 10.12)	Delete the third sentence: "Further work on the economic benefits of green infrastructure is currently being undertaken by Northamptonshire County Council"	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC008/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.12 (New Para	Add "protect," to first sentence between "to" and "create".	To aid clarity	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		10.13)			
PC009/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	BN1 Green Infrastruct ure.	1. Amend second bullet point as follows: "SECURING CONTRIBUTIONS FROM DEVELOPMENT OR OTHER SOURCES FOR THE <u>CREATION OF AND</u> FUTURE MANAGEMENT OF THE GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE NETWORKS"	1. To include creation in relation to funding measures.	1-4 South Northamptonshire Council 467921/JCS_Full/10 01685
			2. Amend the second paragraph as follows: <u>"MEASURES TO ENHANCE EXISTING AND</u> <u>PROVIDE</u> NEW GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE PROVISION WILL:"	2. To include the improvement of existing Green Infrastructure.	
			3. Amend numbering of bullets 1 to 5 to bullet points.	3. For consistent approach to listing throughout document.	
			4. Amend the third bullet in the second part of the policy as follows:	4. To aid clarity and reflect national Biodiversity Strategy	
			"BE DESIGNED TO THE HIGHEST QUALITY IN TERMS OF APPEARANCE, ACCESS PROVISION AND <u>BIODIVERSITY</u> <u>ENHANCEMENT AND PROTECTION</u> WILDLIFE PROVISION ;"	wording.	

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			5. Amend the fourth bullet in the second part of the policy as follows: "REFLECT LOCAL CHARACTER THROUGH THE PLANTING OF NATIVE <u>AND OTHER</u> <u>CLIMATE APPROPRIATE</u> SPECIES AND CONSIDERATION OF NATURAL AND CULTURAL HERITAGE FEATURES;"	5. To respond to adaptation to a changing climate.	5. JPU Officer
PC010/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.14 (New Para 10.15)	Amend the paragraph as follows: "Increasing pressure is being placed on natural habitats, both as a result of new development, and the wider impacts of climate change and the <u>introduction of non-native species</u> . There is a pressing need to not only protect, enhance and manage the adaptation of existing sites, but also to restore and create habitats <u>at a landscape scale</u> , especially those that are also important to the wider green infrastructure network to enable wildlife to freely move. Functioning <u>and resilient</u> ecosystems <u>networks</u> provide significant beneficial effects such as: <u>flood risk management</u> , <u>carbon stores</u> ; and <u>crop pollination</u> .	To improve clarity and reflect wording of Natural Environment White Paper and national Biodiversity Strategy and reflect the need for climate change adaptation.	JPU Officer
PC011/BN	10.0 Built	Para	Add "on individual sites" after "resources".	To improve clarity.	JPU Officer

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	and Natural Environment	10.15 (New Para			
		10.16)			
PC012/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.16 (New Para 10.17)	Amend the paragraph as follows: "Within the existing policy hierarchy <u>some individual</u> wildlife sites designated <u>for their biodiversity or</u> geodiversity value are recognised as being of importance at an international or national level, e.g. Special Protection Areas (SPA), Regionally Important Geological and Geomorphologic Sites (RIGGs) and Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), while others are valued as being of regional or local significance e.g. Regionally Important <u>Geological and Geomorphologic Sites (RIGGs)</u> and protected road verges. <u>Some designations</u> receive statutory protection (under specific existing legislation) whilst other sites <u>particularly those</u> designated at a local level receive less protection e.g. Local Wildlife Sites, potential wildlife sites and pocket parks. Within the plan area there are a number of designations ranging from International, National, Regional and Local level."	To improve clarity	JPU Officer
PC013/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.17 (New Para 10.18)	Add "and resilience" after connectivity.	To reflect adaptation to climate change.	JPU Officer
PC014/BN	10.0 Built	Para	Delete the words "should be taken into	To clarify the operation	Natural England

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	and Natural Environment	10.18 (New Para 10.19)	consideration" and replace with "must be fully considered."	of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended)	4617761/JCS_Full/9 99637
PC015/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Policý BN2	 Amend the first bullet point as follows: "THE METHODS USED TO CONSERVE BIODIVERSITY IN ITS DESIGN AND <u>CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION</u> IMPLEMENTATION " Amend the final paragraph as follows: "DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT DECISIONS WILL REFLECT THE HIERARCHY OF BIODIVERSITY AND GEODIVERSITY DESIGNATIONS ATTACHING APPROPRIATE WEIGHT TO THE STATUS OF THE SITE WHICH WOULD BE AFFECTED. IN CASES WHERE IT CAN BE SHOWN THAT THERE IS NO REASONABLE ALTERNATIVE TO DEVELOPMENT THAT IS LIKELY TO PREJUDICE THE INTEGRITY OF AN EXISTING WILDLIFE SITE OR PROTECTED HABITAT APPROPRIATE MITIGATION MEASURES INCLUDING COMPENSATION WILL BE EXPECTED IN PROPORTION TO THE ASSET THAT WILL BE LOST. WHERE MITIGATION <u>OR</u>, 	To aid clarity of policy, clarify the approach to designations and confirm that compensatory measures will be required in cases of biodiversity loss.	Daventry Distinct Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105013

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			COMPENSATION OR OTHER MEASURES CAN NOT BE AGREED WITH THE RELEVANT AUTHORITY DEVELOPMENT WILL NOT BE PERMITTED."		
PC016/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.21 (New Para 10.22)	At the end of the first sentence add "Daventry district also contains some remnant ancient woodland". In the final sentence delete "Development Management DPD" and replace with "Daventry District Settlements and Countryside Local Plan, Northampton Related Development Area Local Plan and South Northamptonshire Settlements and Countryside Local Plan".	Factual updates including changes to the documents included in the Local Development Scheme.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105045 JPU Officer
PC018/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.22 (New Para 10.23)	Amend paragraph as follows: "The Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) has been designated as a potential European Special Protection Area (pSPA) because of its international importance as a wetland habitat for <u>non-breeding waterbirds</u> . <u>The</u> <u>site has also been included on the list of wetland</u> <u>sites of international importance - Ramsar sites.It is</u> <u>also a rare example of wet floodplain woodland.</u> "	Factual update following designation of Special Protection Area. To clarify international importance	JPU Officer Further discussions with Natural England following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal and new evidence base.
PC019/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	New Para 10.24	Insert a new paragraph as follows: "10.24 The Special Protection Area is important for its populations of Bittern, Gadwall and Golden Plover and is also used regularly by over 20,000	Factual update	JPU Officer Further discussions with Natural England

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			waterbirds each year, including key populations of Wigeon, Gadwall, Mallard, Shoveler, Pochard, Tufted Duck, Great-Crested Grebe, Cormorant, Mute Swan, Bittern, Golden Plover, Lapwing and Coot."		following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal and new evidence base.
PC020/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.23 (New Para 10.25)	In the second sentence delete "land use planning" and replace with "plans and projects". In the final sentence delete "including a buffer zone around the site of 900 metres"	The effects of designation extend beyond land use planning. Further assessment has indicated that a 900m buffer was not justified.	JPU Officer Further discussions with Natural England following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal and new evidence base.
PC021/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	New Para 10.26	Add a new paragraph as follows: "The compartment of the Special Protection Area within the plan area, known as Clifford Hill Gravel Pits or Northamptonshire Washlands, is used by large numbers of Golden Plover, Lapwing and Wigeon."	To clarify the location of the SPA.	JPU Officer Further discussions with Natural England following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal and new evidence base.
PC022/BN	10.0 Built	New Para	Add a new paragraph as follows:	To clarify the nature of	JPU Officer

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	and Natural Environment	10.27	"10.27 These species, along with other waterbirds are susceptible to recreational disturbance. Assessments have identified that birds using the Northamptonshire Washlands are already suffering from significant levels of disturbance which will increase with future development and recreational usage."	the impacts on the SPA	Further discussions with Natural England following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal and new evidence base.
PC023/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	New Para 10.28	Add a new paragraph as follows: "10.28 In order to minimise disturbance to protected species when planning new development, dialogue will be encouraged between Northampton Borough Council, Natural England, developers, the SPA owners, Wildlife Trust and Environment Agency in order to utilise developer contributions to establish suitable site and access management plans."	To reflect advice contained in the Sustainability Appraisal.	JPU Officer Further discussions with Natural England following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal and new evidence base.
PC024/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	New Para 10.29	Add a new paragraph as follows: "10.29 The Northamptonshire Washlands continue to support waterbirds due to its open nature and good sightlines. It is important to maintain an unobstructed line of sight for Golden Plover and Lapwing in particular, to enable predator detection which is important while feeding, resting and roosting. Development close to habitat used by	To clarify the nature of the impacts on the SPA	JPU Officer Further discussions with Natural England following representations, taking account of Sustainability

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			these species can reduce sight-lines and therefore the habitats suitability for feeding and roosting."		Appraisal and new evidence base.
PC025/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	New Para 10.30	Add a new paragraph as follows: "10.30 During the winter period Golden Plover and Lapwing use the Northamptonshire Washlands for resting and roosting; however they rely on supporting habitat including arable and pasture land outside of the Special Protection Area for feeding habitat and it is important that sufficient areas are maintained to support the populations of Golden Plover and Lapwing."	To clarify the nature of impacts on the SPA.	JPU Officer Further discussions with Natural England following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal and new evidence base.
PC026/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.24 (New Para 10.31)	Delete "emerging" in the second and final sentences and delete "Site of" in the second sentence and "p" before SPA.	Factual update.	JPU Officer Further discussions with Natural England following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal and new evidence base.
PC028/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.25 (New Para 10.32)	Amend the paragraph as follows: "In addition to natural features, such as green infrastructure networks and habitats, the historic environment is an important element of the	To aid clarity.	JPU Officer

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			landscape and reflects the human interaction relationship with geology, topography and the natural environment over time."		
PC029/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.26 (New Para10.33)	Add :"leather related industries" after agricultural.	To aid clarity	JPU Officer
PC030/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.27 (New Para 10.34)	In the third sentence delete "300" and replace with "3,900"	To correct an error.	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 78709
PC031/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.28 (New Para 10.35)	Amend the first two sentences as follows: "The historic built environment is one of the plan area's most valued assets. This includes buildings and structures, parks and gardens, and archaeological remains that are an important aspect of the area's past. There is statutory protection of designated historic heritage assets, including scheduled ancient monuments, listed buildings and conservation areas, through legislation."	To better reflect the NPPF	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 78709
PC032/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.29 (New Para	Amend the paragraph as follows: "Whilst protection of <u>designated heritage historic</u> assets is generally good, with relatively few "at	Factual update and minor text changes to aid clarity.	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 78709

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		10.36)	risk", there are some larger sites that are of particular importance including Weedon Depot and Delapre Abbey. Weedon Depot, a Grade II listed example of a planned military complex, is the subject of a specific policy (Policy BN6) in this Joint Core Strategy due to its size, location and historical importance. Delapre Abbey is a Grade II* Listed building in Northampton and its parkland is a designated registered battlefield in Northampton. Northampton Borough Council is currently preparing a management plan for the site. Often however the historic assets most at risk are those that are " <i>non-designated</i> ". Although assets may be of national importance action to protect these assets is often taken locally including developing an understanding of their significance importance. Action is presently being taken by the Councils in West Northamptonshire and partner organisations to better understand the issues relating to their own assets; such as the retention of "local lists" and the surveying of ridge and furrow and the appraisal of the terraced streets and former factories that are related to Northampton's Boot and Shoe industry. Mechanisms to protect specific heritage assets, including non-designated assets, will be strengthened through policies in the <u>respective</u> Local Plans.Development Management		JPU Officer

and Natural BN5 "DESIGNATED AND NON-DESIGNATED of the	mprove the clarity le policy and reflect wording of the PF	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9
and Natural BN5 "DESIGNATED AND NON-DESIGNATED of the Environment HERITAGE ASSETS AND THEIR SETTINGS the way	e policy and reflect wording of the	4585441/JCS_Full/9
RECOGNITION OF THEIR INDIVIDUAL AND CUMULATIVE SIGNIFICANCE AND CONTRIBUTION TO WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE'S LOCAL DISTINCTIVENESS AND SENSE OF PLACE. IN ENVIRONMENTS WHERE VALUED HERITAGE ASSETS ARE AT RISK, THE ASSET AND ITS SETTING WILL BE <u>APPROPRIATELY</u> CONSERVED AND MANAGED. IN PROPORTION TO THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE ASSET. IN ORDER TO SECURE AND <u>ENHANCE RETAIN</u> THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE AREA'S HERITAGE ASSETS AND THEIR SETTINGS DEVELOPMENT IN AREAS OF KNOWN HISTORIC <u>OR HERITAGE SIGNIFICANCE</u> IMPORTANCE WILL BE REQUIRED TO: 1. SUSTAIN AND ENHANCE THE FEATURES WHICH CONTRIBUTE TO THE CHARACTER OF		78709 Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105077 South Northamptonshire Council 4617921/JCS_Full/1 001877

 THE AREA INCLUDING: CONSERVATION AREAS; SIGNIFICANT HISTORICAL LANDSCAPES INCLUDING HISTORIC PARKLAND BATTLEFIELDS AND RIDGE AND FURRON 		
 THE SKYLINE AND SETTINGS OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES; SITES OF KNOWN OR POTENTIAL <u>HERITAGE OR</u> HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANC LOCALLY AND NATIONALLY <u>IMPORTANT SIGNIFICANT</u> BUILDINGS AN STRUCTURES AND MONUMENTS. DEMONSTRATE AN APPRECIATION AND UNDERSTANDING OF <u>THE IMPACT OF</u> DEVELOPMENT ON SURROUNDING HERITAG ASSETS AND THEIR SETTING <u>IN ORDER TO</u> <u>MINIMISE HARM TO THESE ASSETS; WHERE</u> LOSS OF HISTORIC FEATURES OR <u>ARCHAEOLOGICAL REMAINS IS</u> UNAVOIDABLE AND JUSTIFIED, PROVISION SHOULD BE MADE FOR RECORDING AND TI PRODUCTION OF A SUITABLE ARCHIVE ANI REPORT; BE SYMPATHETIC TO LOCALLY 	SE; HÐ GE <u>HE</u>	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			DISTINCTIVE LANDSCAPE FEATURES, DESIGN STYLES AND MATERIALS IN ORDER TO CONTRIBUTE TO A SENSE OF PLACE. THE RETENTION AND SENSITIVE RE-USE OF DISUSED OR UNDERUSED <u>HERITAGE</u> HISTORIC-ASSETS AND STRUCTURES IS ENCOURAGED IN ORDER TO RETAIN AND REFLECT THE DISTINCTIVENESS OF THE ENVIRONMENT, CONTRIBUTE TO THE SENSE OF PLACE AND PROMOTE THE SUSTAINABLE AND PRUDENT USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES;		
			PROPOSALS TO SUSTAIN AND ENHANCE THE AREA'S UNDERSTANDING OF HERITAGE ASSETS, FOR TOURISM AND HISTORIC INTEREST AS PART OF CULTURAL, LEISURE AND GREEN NETWORKS WILL BE SUPPORTED."		
PC034/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para. 10.32 (New Para 10.39)	In the second sentence insert "and" between "viable" and "sustainable", and delete "and" between "sustainable" and "uses".	To correct a drafting error.	JPU Officer
PC035/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para. 10.33 (New Para	Amend the paragraph as follows: " <u>The former</u> Weedon <u>Barracks</u> Depot is a unique UK example of a planned military industrial	To more accurately reflect the heritage significance of the site.	English Heritage (4585441/JCS_FUL L/978773)

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		10.40)	complex <u>dating mainly from the early 19th century</u> , <u>consisting of 27 listed structures</u> . and Tthe main depot buildings were listed as Grade II* in 1999. Of the Depot's original component parts, the storehouse enclosure, magazine enclosure, their buildings and a section of the Ordnance Canal survive today. <u>The significance of the site stems</u> from the combination of the individual listed buildings and structures, their spatial arrangement, including the spaces between them and the wider setting within the village of Weedon."	To recognise that it is the combination of the individually listed buildings and structures, the spaces between them, their functional and historic connections, and wider setting that contributes to the significance of the site as a whole.	Daventry District Council (4623361/JCS_FUL L/1105109).
PC036/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para. 10.34 (New Para 10.41)	Replace the reference to "English Heritage's Buildings at Risk Register" with a reference to "the national Heritage at Risk Register".	Factual change to reflect the replacement of the 'Buildings at Risk Register' with the 'Heritage at Risk Register'.	English Heritage (4585441/JCS_FUL L/978773)
PC037/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para. 10.36 (New Para 10.43)	In the first sentence replace "enable" with "actively encourage".	To reflect the positive intent of the policy which goes beyond enabling.	Daventry District Council (4623361/JCS_FUL L/1105109)
PC038/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.39 (New Para 10.46)	Add the following text at the end of the final sentence: " to identify and secure the implementation of mitigation measures."	To further explain the purpose of a transport assessment for the site.	Northamptonshire County Council (4625761/JCS_Full/ 1126581)
PC039/BN	10.0 Built	Policy	Move the first sentence of the second paragraph of	A minor re-ordering of	Daventry District

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	and Natural Environment	BN6	Policy BN6 to become the second sentence of Policy BN6.	the policy wording to improve its clarity.	Council (4623361/JCS_FUL L/1105109)
PC040/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Policy BN6	In the first bullet point following the second paragraph of Policy BN6 insert the words "and its setting" following " the heritage value of the site".	To recognise the importance of the wider setting of the site.	Daventry District Council (4623361/JCS_FUL L/1105109)
PC041/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Section Heading before Para 10.40	Amend section heading to read: "Water Resources, and Water Quality, and Flood Risk <u>Management"</u> Delete the section heading before para 10.42: "Flood Risk Management and Water Quality"	To simplify the headings in this section.	JPU Officer
PC042/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.40 (New Para 10.47)	Amend the first sentence as follows: "Development can have a significant impact on water resources, from putting additional strain on existing supplies, to affecting flood patterns by changing both the way that water flows across and percolates into land."	To improve clarity.	JPU Officer
PC043/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.41 (New Para 10.48)	Delete "Potential" and "p" in (pSPA)	Factual Update	JPU Officer
PC044/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.43 (New Para 10.49	Move original para 10.43 to follow original para 10.41 and amend as follows: " <u>10.49</u> Due to the potential effects of climate change there is an increasing need for local	To reflect the strengthened Water Resources, Water Quality and Flood Risk Management section	JPU Officer Further use of new evidence, i.e. Phase 2 Water Cycle Study

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			authorities to appraise, manage and reduce flood risk from all sources. In accordance with the sequential test and principles of national Planning Policy Statement 25: Development and Flood Risk (PPS25) the National Planning Policy Framework and Technical Guidance, development will be steered away from areas of greatest risk and, where this is not possible, flood risk management will be required to make development safe."	and to support development of new policy to reflect national Technical Guidance	following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal. Environment Agency 4626369/JCS_Ful/1 014581
PC045/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.42 (New Para 10.50)	Amend the final sentence as follows: "In addition to fluvial flooding there is also an <u>increased</u> risk of surface water flooding following periods of heavy rainfall, <u>more intense storms</u> and/ or where <u>wastewater</u> drainage is ineffective."	To strengthen climate change impacts in text.	JPU Officer
PC046/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	New Para 10.51	Add new paragraph as follows: " The Flood and Water Management Act 2010 gives Northamptonshire County Council a lead responsibility in relation to all local flooding issues. NCC will also become the SuDs approval body (SAB) that has responsibility for assessment and approval of all surface water drainage systems. The Water Cycle Study (WCS) ¹ provides guidance on the likely suitability of different SuDs methods."	To reflect changes to lead responsibilities and approval bodies for local flood risk and link to Water Cycle Study.	Further use of new evidence, Phase 2 water Cycle Study following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal. Environment Agency 4626369/JCS_Full/1 014581

¹ West Northamptonshire Water Cycle Study Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy Detailed WCS Final report September 2011

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Insert footnote: "West Northamptonshire Water Cycle Study Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy Detailed WCS Final report September 2011"		
PC047/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.44 (New Para 10.52)	At the end of the paragraph add the following: "All SUEs will require site specific flood risk assessments and the WCS contains guidance to inform these assessments."	To link text to new Policy and Water Cycle Study work.	Further use of new evidence, Phase 2 Water Cycle Study following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal.
PC048/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.45 (New Para 10.53)	Amend the paragraph as follows: "Some development has historically also had a negative impact on water quality, due to run-off from hard surfaces or other changes to the water cycle. In order to meet the requirements of the new Water Framework Directive ² , a statutory duty has been placed on local authorities to ensure that development creates no detriment to the water quality and in some cases can <u>improve water</u> create betterment of quality as well as providing benefits such as flood risk management <u>and to</u> <u>biodiversity</u> Given this requirement it is vital that this plan ensures that new development is sustainable. Policy S10 Sustainable Development Principles in the Spatial Strategy sets out how it is expected that development will meet this objective."	Factual update To reflect the national Biodiversity Strategy	Further use of new evidence, Phase 2 water Cycle Study following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal.

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC049/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	New Para 10.54	Insert a new paragraph as follows: "10.54 Most of West's Northamptonshire's water bodies achieve good ecological status. The WCS has identified the impacts of the proposed new development on water quality and concluded that although there are still water quality issues, these issues remain even without the new development proposed in the JCS and in most cases, it is not possible to maintain good status, even if wastewater treatment works were upgraded to the best that can be achieved with current technology."	To reflect results of the Water Cycle study.	Further use of new evidence, Phase 2 water Cycle Study following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal.
PC050/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	New Para 10.55	Insert a new paragraph as follows: "Given these issues, that are widespread across the UK, and would be an issue even without any development, various initiatives are underway to address the problem, including a new River Nene Partnership Project. It is vital that the JCS ensures that all new development reduces the risk of impacts on water quality and removes or mitigates as much as possible the risk of none compliance with the Water Framework Directive. Policy S10 Sustainable Development Principles together with Policy BN7a sets out how it is expected that development will have regard to these risks and to propose a combination of effective wastewater infrastructure, extensive use of SuDs and high standards of water efficiency in the Code for	To reflect the results of the Water Cycle Study	Further use of new evidence, Phase 2 water Cycle Study following representations, taking account of Sustainability Appraisal.

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Sustainable Homes to address water quality issues."		
PC051/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.48 (New Para 10.58)	Amend the paragraph as follows: "Development will be required to take account of the <u>Sequential and Exception Tests as set out in</u> the NPPF and the national Technical Guidance for flood risk. The aim of the Sequential Test is to steer new development to areas with the lowest probability of flooding. Table 6, below, details the approach that will need to be taken for each flood zone. A fuller explanation of what constitutes essential infrastructure, water compatible, highly vulnerable, more vulnerable, and less vulnerable is set out within the national Technical Guidance to the NPPF."	To reflect the NPPF and Technical Guidance for flood risk.	JPU Officer
PC052/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Table 6 Exception Test	Insert the following footnote: "This table does not show the application of the Sequential Test which guides development to Flood Zone 1 first, then Flood Zone 2 and then Flood Zone 3; Flood Risk Assessment requirements; or policy aims for each Flood Zone."	To aid clarity	JPU Officer
PC055/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Policy BN8	In the second paragraph add "WITHIN AND" between "BIODIVERSITY" and "BEYOND"	To aid clarity	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105173
PC056/BN	10.0 Built and Natural	Para 10.52	Amend the paragraph as follows: "New development can have a negative impact on	To aid clarity.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Environment	(New Para 10.62)	the environment and property through its potential to pollute. Furthermore, opportunities for new development, particularly on previously <u>developed</u> land, can be constrained by existing pollution issues. The overall aim of planning and pollution control policies is to ensure the sustainable and beneficial use of land. Within this aim, polluting activities that are necessary for society and the economy should be positioned <u>minimised</u> and subject to <u>appropriate</u> controls in order to minimise <u>reduce</u> their adverse effects and contain them within acceptable limits. <u>Policy BN7a addresses the</u> <u>need to protect water resources, water quality and</u> <u>water efficiency in relation to the design of</u> <u>development.</u> "		
PC057/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.53 (New Para 10.63)	Add "and address contaminated land" between "pollution" and "including"	To aid clarity	JPU Officer
PC058/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.54 (New Para 10.64)	Delete : "twelve" amend to "eight" Delete: "ten" amend to "six"	Factual update and to reflect changes to national policy	JPU Officer
			Delete the final sentence: "When Planning for new development, Planning Policy Statement 23: Planning and Pollution Control, plays a key role in		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			directing development away from areas that may give rise to pollution either directly or indirectly and ensuring that other uses and development are not, as far as possible, affected by major existing or potential sources of pollution."		
PC059/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	New Para 10.65	Insert a new paragraph as follows: "10.65 The issues associated with the provision of outdoor lighting are a recognised source of pollution. Obtrusive lighting can be both an environmental and intrusive nuisance, predominantly from glare and light spillage. Poor lighting can have an impact on dark skies limiting the opportunity for viewing the night sky and altering ecological and wildlife patterns which can affect the appreciation of the rural landscape."	To reflect the impact of light pollution.	South Northamptonshire Council 4617921/JCS_Full/1 000117
PC061/BN	10.0 Built and Natural Environment	Para 10.60	Delete: "Further detailed guidance on development affecting unstable land can be found in Planning Policy Guidance Note 14 - Development on Unstable Land (1990)"	To reflect changes to national policy.	JPU Officer

Section 11.0 – Infrastructure and Delivery

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Para. 11.8	Amend the paragraph as follows: "It is clear that a major concern of local communities is to ensure that facilities and services are provided to meet future growth. A key requirement of the JCS is to secure appropriate levels of funding to ensure that supporting infrastructure is provided at an appropriate scale where planning permission for development is granted. It will seek to maximise all oOpportunities to secure funding both through public and private means must be maximised."	For clarity.	JPU Officer
PC002/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Para. 11.9	Amend the paragraph as follows: <u>"Implementation of the JCS will require a co-ordinated approach to the activities of agencies</u> <u>and other service providers to ensure that new</u> <u>development will be supported by the necessary</u> <u>infrastructure provision</u> . An IDP has been prepared to provide evidence to address these issues and is considered in further detail later in this section. The broad timing of the infrastructure <u>provision will be informed through the IDP and its</u> <u>subsequent monitoring and review mechanisms</u> , <u>which will identify the range of infrastructure</u> <u>required to deliver the proposed development in</u> West Northamptonshire up to 2026."	To include in the paragraph text formerly located in Policy INF1.	JPU Officer.
PC003/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Policy INF1	Amend Policy INF1 as follows: "NEW DEVELOPMENT WILL BE SUPPORTED BY, AND PROVIDE GOOD ACCESS TO,	For clarity and to strengthen Policy.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			INFRASTRUCTURE, INCLUDING PHYSICAL,		South
			GREEN AND SOCIAL ELEMENTS. IT WILL		Northamptonshire
			SHOULD SEEK TO INTEGRATE WITH AND		Council
			COMPLEMENT ADJOINING COMMUNITIES.		4617921/JCS_Full/1 002069
			WHERE DEVELOPMENT GENERATES A NEED		
			FOR NEW INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPERS		
			WILL NEED TO DEMONSTRATE THAT		
			ADEQUATE CAPACITY EXISTS, OR THAT		
			PROVISION WILL BE MADE, TO MEET THE		
			NECESSARY REQUIREMENTS ARISING		
			FROM THAT DEVELOPMENT WITHIN AN		
			APPROPRIATE TIMESCALE.		
			IN ASSESSING CAPACITY, DEVELOPERS		
			WILL BE EXPECTED TO PROVIDE EVIDENCE		
			AS TO WHETHER EXISTING		
			INFRASTRUCTURE CAN BE USED MORE		
			EFFICIENTLY, OR WHETHER THE IMPACT OF		
			DEVELOPMENT CAN BE REDUCED		
			THROUGH PROMOTING BEHAVIOURAL		
			CHANGE.		
			IMPLEMENTATION OF THE JOINT CORE		
			STRATEGY WILL REQUIRE A CO-ORDINATED		
			APPROACH TO THE ACTIVITIES OF		
			AGENCIES AND OTHER SERVICE		
			PROVIDERS TO ENSURE THAT NEW		
			DEVELOPMENT WILL BE SUPPORTED BY		
			THE NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			PROVISION. THE PRECISE TIMING OF INFRASTRUCTURE PROVISION WILL BE INFORMED THROUGH THE INFRASTRUCTURE DELIVERY PLAN, AND ITS SUBSEQUENT MONITORING AND REVIEW MECHANISMS, WHICH WILL IDENTIFY THE RANGE OF INFRASTRUCTURE REQUIRED TO DELIVER THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT IN WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE UP TO 2026."		
PC004/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Para. 11.12	In the first sentence of Paragraph 11.12 delete: <u>"(including West Northamptonshire Development</u> Corporation)".	Factual update as West Northamptonshire Development Corporation no longer has a development control function.	JPU Officer
PC005/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Para. 11.17	Amend Paragraph 11.17 as follows: "The types of infrastructure and services that developments may be required to provide, or contribute towards, during the plan period may include, but are not limited to, <u>the following:</u> those set out in the appendices to the West Northamptonshire IDP. The broad types of infrastructure required to service new development will include:"	Rewording for clarity.	JPU Officer
PC006/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Title before Para. 11.18	Replace "Strategic Contributions" with "Community Infrastructure Levy".	Rewording for clarity.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC007/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Para. 11.19	Amend the paragraph as follows: "Charging authorities are required to apply CIL <u>monies</u> to funding infrastructure in order to support <u>new</u> development in the plan area. The range of infrastructure required to deliver the growth proposed in the JCS is outlined in the accompanying IDP, which will be subject to regular monitoring and updating."	Rewording for clarity.	JPU Officer
PC008/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Para. 11.20	Delete this paragraph and renumber the subsequent paragraphs.	Further clarification on the operation of CIL to be provided through CIL documentation.	JPU Officer
PC009/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Existing Para. 11.21 (New Para. 11.20)	Insert the following text: "The JCS will require significant investment in infrastructure provision to ensure that a full range of services and facilities supports major housing and commercial developments. Developer contributions will be sought through the application of CIL, by the West Northamptonshire local authorities."	For clarification	JPU Officer
PC010/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Existing Para. 11.22	Delete this paragraph and renumber the subsequent paragraphs.	Further clarification on the operation of CIL to be provided through CIL documentation.	JPU Officer Home Builders Federation 4638113/JCS_Full/1 081365
PC011/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Existing Para. 11.23 (New	Amend the paragraph as follows: "The approach to strategic funding will apply to both residential and commercial development. It is the intention that <u>CIL will be progressed</u>	To update in response to progress made by the Partner Authorities in progressing CIL and for	JPU Officer Home Builders Federation

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		Para. 11.21)	through partnership working by will be undertaken with the local authorities within West Northamptonshire to ensure this approach is successful, whilst reflecting the needs of each administrative area. Each of the West Northamptonshire local authorities will be individual charging and collecting authorities and will determine individually and in partnership priority infrastructure spending. However, i It will be for individual authorities to take forward and set out the <u>ir</u> charging schedules."	clarity.	4638113/JCS_Full/1 081365
PC012/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Para. 11.24	Delete this paragraph and renumber the subsequent paragraphs.	Further clarification on the operation of CIL to be provided through CIL documentation.	JPU Officer
PC013/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Existing Para. 11.26 (New Para. 11.23)	 Amend the paragraph as follows: "Planning obligations will also continue to be used to secure affordable housing. However, where development contributions are to be sought via planning obligations there is a need to meet the statutory tests set out in Regulation 122 of the CIL Regulations (2010), and the National Planning Policy Framework which state that a planning obligation must be" Necessary to make the development acceptable in planning terms: Directly related to the development: and Fairly and reasonably related in scale and kind to the proposed development." 	To reflect the fact that CIL Regulations will be updated and not limited to those issued in 2010 and to reflect the publication of the National Planning Policy Framework and its wording.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC015/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Existing Para. 11.32 (New Para. 11.29)	Amend the paragraph as follows: <u>"A West Northamptonshire</u> The IDP was commissioned in Spring 2010 ^[1] . It refreshes and supersedes previous work undertaken by West Northamptonshire Development Corporation in 2008. In 2012 the IDP was further up-dated with regard to the identification of strategic priorities for infrastructure. The IDP provides the basis for determining: • the specific local and strategic infrastructure requirements, identified on a phased basis;"	To update in respect of further information gathering on the provision of infrastructure	JPU Officer
PC030/ID	11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery	Existing Para. 11.37 (New Para. 11.34)	In the last sentence of the paragraph replace "The infrastructure schedule is set out in Appendix 4 of this plan." with "Priorities for Strategic infrastructure are identified at Appendix 4."	To reflect the revised Appendix 4.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.4	Amend the final sentence as follows: "There has been a long term levelling off of the unemployment rate in West Northamptonshire at about 4%; however the most-recent figures reflect the economic downturn and unemployment rates have increased. to 5.2%".	Factual update to delete reference to a specific unemployment figure which is now out of date.	JPU Officer
PC002/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.6	Add new second and third sentences as follows: "It has an important historic town centre reflecting its long history from its Saxon origins through to the legacy of the boot and shoe industry. Northampton has many listed buildings and conservation area designations throughout the town and wider urban area. "	To reflect the historic significance of the town centre and the importance of its heritage assets.	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_FULL /978933.
PC003/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.9	Add a new second sentence as follows: "Northampton has one of the country's leading track records for jobs growth and is well placed to thrive."	To emphasise Northampton's past success in job creation and the potential for future growth.	JPU Officer.
PC004/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.11	Amend the paragraph as follows: "The Northampton Central Area Action Plan (NCAAP) identifies a number of sites in the central area for redevelopment to accommodate a variety of town centre uses such as offices, retail and leisure as well as identifying capacity for 3,400 homes. <u>The SEMLEP Northampton</u> <u>Waterside Enterprise Zone will act as a catalyst to</u> <u>accelerate growth and regeneration</u> <u>opportunities. The Enterprise Zone covers 120</u> <u>hectares of mostly disused land along the River</u> <u>Nene, and includes sites identified in the</u>	Factual update to reflect the designation of the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC006/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.18	Northampton Central Area Action Plan including Castle Station and parts of Waterside and the Avon/ Nunn Mills site. The Zone aims to build on local strengths in advanced technologies and engineering. Further regeneration opportunities in addition to those already identified could arise in the longer term through rationalisation of sites that are acknowledged to not make efficient use of land, such as Northampton General Hospital." Amend the last sentence of the paragraph as follows: "The importance of the Grosvenor Centre redevelopment and the focus <u>particularly</u> on <u>comparison</u> retailing within the town centre as a priority within Northampton Central Area requires that comparison retail outside the town centre must be <u>carefully</u> assessed and subject to <u>detailed analysis against the requirements of the</u> <u>National Planning Policy Framework. heavily</u> restricted to ensure that town centre proposals are not jeopardised."	Rewording to reflect the emphasis for comparison retailing focused on the town centre and the provisions of the National Planning Policy framework.	Sainsbury's Supermarkets Ltd 4636257/JCS_Full/1 086709
PC008/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.21	In the second sentence replace " 3.5km " with " <u>4</u> <u>miles".</u>	To amend a factual error regarding the distance of the SUE from the town centre.	Stephen Townsend 4622433/JCS_Full/1 093653
PC009/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.24	In the final sentence delete " at the end of the JCS " after "Figure 5".	To reflect the updating of the document.	JPU Officer
PC010/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.27	Delete the existing paragraph relating to the use of land for a Northampton Technology Realm and	The SEMLEP Northampton Waterside	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			replace with the following: "The allocated site will provide for a mixed use development of homes, jobs, community facilities including school provision, retail and leisure and green open space. Employment uses within the SUE must be of an appropriate scale to ensure that major office expansion and leisure development within Northampton Central Area is not prejudiced."	Enterprise Zone will make provision for jobs in the technology, research and development sector. As such the Technology Realm site within the Northampton North SUE is no longer required. It is still appropriate however for a mix of uses to be provided to support the sustainable development of the site.	
PC012/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.29	Amend the first sentence as follows: "It is anticipated that the Northampton North SUE can commence delivery <u>early</u> in the <u>plan</u> 2016 to 2021 period."	Factual update to reflect the anticipated commencement of development.	JPU Officer.
PC014/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.30	In the final sentence of the paragraph replace "east" with "west".	To correct a drafting error.	JPU Officer
PC015/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.31	In the final sentence add the word " <u>indicatively</u> " after the words "the development are" and delete "these".	For consistency of wording throughout the document.	JPU Officer
PC016/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.33	Amend the first sentence as follows: "Part of the North West Bypass (also known as the Sandy Lane Improvement North) has been <u>constructed along the eastern edge of the site</u> for Northampton is presently under construction on the western edge of the town. The road will be	Factual update.	Althorp Estate and J & E Rogers 4601793/JCS_Full/9 96117

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			brought forward in its entirety by both public funding and developer contributions."		
PC018/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.39	Delete the footnote.	Planning Policy Statement 25 has been cancelled by the National Planning Policy Framework.	JPU Officer
PC019/N	12.0 Northampton	Para. 12.43	Delete the paragraph: The SUE will provide a contribution towards a two-form entry primary school of 420 places to enable educational needs to be addressed in an area where there are additional pressures from further residential developments. and renumber the subsequent paragraphs.	To avoid being too prescriptive regarding the size of the schools that will be required.	JPU Officer
PC021/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.50	Delete the paragraph: The SUE will provide a contribution towards a two-form entry primary school of 420 places to enable educational needs to be addressed in an area where there are additional pressures from further residential developments. and renumber the subsequent paragraphs.	To avoid being too prescriptive regarding the size of the schools that will be required.	JPU Officer
PC023/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.53 (New	Amend the last sentence as follows: "Structural landscaping greenspace as shown indicatively on the Proposals Map (Figure 5-at the end of the JCS) will be provided between the	For consistency of wording throughout the document.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		Para. 12.51)	development and the Harlestone Firs."		
PC025/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.57 (New Para. 12.55)	In the first sentence replace "up to 3,500" with "in the region of 3,000".	To reflect a revised dwelling capacity for the site having regard to environmental constraints and build rates.	Persimmon Homes/Barratt Homes 4639873/JCS_Full/1 086357
PC027/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.59 (New Para 12.57)	Add a new sentence after the first sentence as follows: " <u>To the north of the SUE lies open</u> countryside and to the north east is the historic village of Boughton."	To acknowledge the proximity of the site to the historic village of Boughton.	Boughton Parish Council 4596769/JCS_Full/1 002901
PC029/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.66 (New Para. 12.64)	In the fourth sentence replace "A45" with "A4500".	Factual correction.	JPU Officer.
PC030/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.67 (New Para. 12.65)	In the first sentence replace "A45" with " <u>A4500</u> ".	Factual correction.	JPU Officer
PC031/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.68 (New	Amend the second and third sentences of the paragraph as follows: "To the north east of the SUE is the historic Upton Hall parkland, the deserted medieval village of	This area is no longer proposed as a country park and is excluded from the boundary of the	JPU Officer.

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		Para. 12.66)	<u>Upton and Quinton House School.</u> an additional area of Country Park. This area of Country Park is bounded by Upton development to the east, the Upton Park SUE to the south and west and the Weedon Road and areas of further development to the north. The Country Park This area includes listed buildings, a Scheduled Ancient Monument and a County Wildlife Site."	SUE.	
PC032/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.70 (New Para. 12.68)	Amend the first sentence as follows: "It is anticipated that the Northampton Upton Park SUE can commence delivery in the <u>early part of</u> <u>the</u> 2016 to 2021 <u>plan</u> period."	The site is the subject of a current outline planning application and the change reflects the stage that the site has reached in the planning process.	Homes and Communities Agency 4639841/JCS_Full/1 092917
PC034/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.72 (New Para. 12.70)	Amend the first sentence as follows: "In accordance with Planning Policy Statement 4 'Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth' To support regeneration objectives and a renewed focus on Northampton as the key economic driver for the region new office development will be focused within the town centre and central area."	To reflect the replacement of PPS4 by the National Planning Policy Framework.	JPU Officer
PC035/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.74 (New Para. 12.72)	Amend the paragraph as follows: "The existing stock of employment land in Northampton, <u>opportunities created by the</u> <u>SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise</u> <u>Zone</u> , central area opportunities for employment within the office development sector and non B class jobs in retailing and leisure to be generated through the Central Area Action Plan proposals and site allocations present substantial	To reflect the designation of the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone and the consequent deletion of the Northampton Technology Realm as part of the Northampton North SUE.	JPU Officer.

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			opportunities for employment growth. Therefore no further strategic employment sites are allocated through the JCS <u>in Northampton.</u> other than the Northampton Technology Realm associated with the allocation of Northampton North SUE (see Policy E3 in the Economic Advantage section of the JCS). Local employment opportunities are included within SUE allocations."		
PC036/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para's 12.77 & 12.78 (New Para. 12.75)	 Delete Paragraphs 12.77 and 12.78: 12.77 Local centres contain small shops of a local nature which might include a small supermarket, newsagent, small post office, pharmacy, take away and laundrette. New local centres and convenience retail provisions is required within Northampton's SUEs and will provide local retailing and services associated with new housing growth. 12.78 The boundaries of District and Local Centres will be defined in the West Northamptonshire Site Allocations Development Plan Document. Replace with the following new Paragraph (12.75) as follows: "Provision is made for new local centres within the Sustainable Urban Extensions. Local centres 	To update text in the light of the deletion of PPS4 and its replacement by the National Planning Policy Framework.	Northampton Borough Council 4618241/JCS_Full/1 009269 Sainsbury's Supermarkets 4636257/JCS_Full/1 087285 Waitrose Stores Ltd 4622881/JCS_Full/1 092469

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			<u>may vary in scale appropriate to their local</u> <u>circumstances and with regard to the availability</u> <u>of existing convenience retailing provision, and</u> <u>other services and facilities nearby."</u>		
PC038/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.82 (New Para. 12.80)	Amend the paragraph as follows "Spring Boroughs lies within the area covered by the Northampton Central Area Action Plan (NCAAP). The Borough Council published an emerging strategy document for consultation in August 2009 to consider how the town centre and its adjoining commercial, residential and mixed- use areas would develop over the next 20 years. The policy direction within the JCS aims to support a comprehensive, community led approach for the area to address the levels of deprivation that currently exist. In particular the approach will focus on redevelopment of the housing stock, which fails to meet the Decent Homes Standard, meeting community deficiencies which exist in the area, improving connectivity and enhancing the local environment. A Neighbourhood Plan will set out in greater detail the community's vision for regenerating the area."	To update information and to refer to the neighbourhood planning role and the communities vision in steering planning decisions.	JPU Officer
PC039/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para 12.83 (New Para.	In the second sentence replace " 3,500 " with " <u>3,000</u> ".	To reflect changes made within Policy N7.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		12.81)			
PC040/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para 12.84 (New Para. 12.82)	Delete " is " in second sentence.	To correct typographical error.	JPU Officer
PC041/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para. 12.88 (New Para. 12.86)	Insert the words " <u>neighbourhood plans</u> ," before "supplementary planning documents" in the final sentence, and delete the word " layout " before design	To refer to the neighbourhood planning role and the communities vision in steering planning decisions.	JPU Officer
PC042/N	12.0 Northampton	Existing Para 12.89 (New Para. 12.87)	Delete paragraph which reads: "Following the announcement by Central Government of the withdrawal of Private Finance Investment Credits (PFI) Northampton Borough Council is currently exploring other opportunities for future funding". and replace with: <u>"Significant investment in the public housing stock</u> will be undertaken in the next three years through the Decent Homes programme. In addition the Councils and communities will work together to make best use of existing assets and look to secure additional funding streams for	To update information.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			improvement".		
PC043/N	12.0 Northampton	Policy N11	 In the first paragraph Policy N11 after the words "OTHER SERVICE PROVIDERS" add "<u>AND THE COMMUNITY</u>". In the penultimate paragraph of Policy N11 after the words "WILL SET OUT" add "<u>A</u> <u>FRAMEWORK OF</u>" 	 To emphasise the importance of working with local communities to deliver regeneration. To clarify that the Central Area Action Plan will provide a framework for regenerating Spring Boroughs. 	 Northampton Borough Council 4618241/JCS_Full/1 009397 JPU Officer
PC044/N	12.0 Northampton	New Para. 12.96	Insert a new paragraph as follows: "Measures identified on the A45 between M1 Junction 15 and Great Billing Junction will be required in order to deliver growth in the town. These measures are set out in the Growth Management Scheme prepared by the Highways Agency. The provision of key highway infrastructure will be required as set out in Table 7 - Key Primary Infrastructure Projects."	To include an appropriate reference to the Northampton M1/ A45 Growth Management Scheme. The Growth Management scheme includes the improvements required to the strategic road network to support planned development.	Highways Agency 4623105/JCS_Full/1 093717

Section 13.0 – Daventry

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.3	Add an additional sentence at the end of the paragraph as follows: "A vision for developing a masterplan for Daventry to 2040 was consulted on by Daventry District Council in 2011."	Factual update to reflect progress on the Daventry Masterplan 2040.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105397
PC002/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.5	Reword the paragraph as follows: <u>"In September 2009 construction of</u> The 'iCon' building, completed in 2011 commenced at a gateway into the town centre, The building is an exemplar of energy efficient and sustainable construction and provides 60 business incubator units, a conference centre and a 300 seat theatre, exhibition space and meeting rooms. The iCon is a symbol of Daventry's ambition to be at the forefront of the sustainable construction and engineering industry".	Factual update to reflect the completion of the building.	JPU Officer
PC003/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.6	Reword the last sentence of the paragraph as follows: " <u>A planning application for Phase 1 of this</u> development is expected to commence in 2012."	To reflect the updated position with respect to the development.	JPU officer.
PC004/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.7	Reword the paragraph as follows: "In 2011 a planning application was submitted to Daventry District Council for Daventry's Waterspace proposals present an ambitious mixed use project including residential, office and leisure uses. Known as the Daventry Waterspace proposal the development envisages Hhigh quality public spaces and buildings will be set around water basins which will to be used for	Factual update to reflect the submission of the planning application for the Waterspace proposals.	JPU Officer

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Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			short and long terms canal boat moorings and connected to the Grand Union Canal to the north."		
PC005/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.9	In the second sentence replace "neighbourhood' with "community".	For consistency of wording with Policy D4.	JPU Officer
PC006/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.11	Reword the paragraph as follows: "Daventry's town's educational offer, particularly for secondary and tertiary education, is provided by Danetre School and William Parker School in the town centre, which as of 2011 offer sixth form education. is not sufficient to meet the needs of the area and significant numbers of students are transported to education facilities elsewhere. Moulton College is the lead sponsor, in partnership with the University of Northampton, for the Daventry University Technology College for New Technologies. The Daventry University Technology College will provide 600 places for 14 to 16 year olds and is planned to open in 2013. Partners, including local authorities and all providers of secondary and tertiary education in the area are working on means to improve the educational offer at this level."	Factual update in relation to secondary schools and the University Technology College.	JPU Officer
PC007/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.15	Amend the third sentence as follows: "It <u>has been</u> will be subject to full public consultation and <u>is expected to be</u> approved by Daventry District Council as guidance against which to determine future planning applications."	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC008/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.18	In the first sentence replace '2,500' with " <u>a</u> minimum of 2,000".	The delivery of 2,500 dwellings within the plan period to 2026 is uncertain in the present	JPU Officer

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Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
				economic climate and would require significant annual build out rates for this to be achieved which may have been achieved at the height of the market but appear unlikely at present. The replacement of the wording with a minimum allows for flexibility for higher rates of delivery as and when a stronger housing delivery market returns and does not fetter the developer within the plan period.	
PC009/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.18	At the end of the paragraph delete: "(Policy D2 below refers)".	The text is unnecessary.	JPU Officer
PC010/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.19	Insert at the end of the first sentence, <u>"known as</u> the Daventry Development Link".	For consistency of wording throughout the document.	JPU Officer
PC011/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D1	In the first bullet point replace "MIDDLEMOOR" with "MIDDLEMORE"	Typographical error.	JPU Officer
PC012/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D1	In the fourth bullet point replace "NEIGHBOURHOOD" with " <u>COMMUNITY</u> ".	For consistency of wording with Policy D4.	JPU Officer
PC013/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D1	In the seventh bullet point add after " PROVISION OF " " THE DAVENTRY DEVELOPMENT LINK ".	For consistency of wording.	JPU Officer
PC016/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.23	In the second sentence replace "Development" with "Delivery".	For consistency of wording throughout the	JPU Officer

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Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
				document.	
PC017/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.24	In the first sentence delete "at the end of the JCS". In the first sentence add " <u>indicative</u> " before "structural".	 To reflect updated document layout For consistency of wording throughout the document. 	JPU Officer
PC018/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.25	Add the word "Indicative" at the beginning of the paragraph and change the capital "S" to a small " <u>s</u> " on the word "structural".	For consistency of wording throughout the document.	JPU Officer
PC019/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.25	After the words "Daventry Reservoir" in the first sentence add " <u>designated Conservation Area and</u> Local Nature Reserve."	For information as to the status of the adjoining land.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105461
PC020/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.25	Add at the end of the paragraph a new sentence as follows: "Sympathetic treatment of development at the Country Park edge will be required to be demonstrated in the development brief accompanying the proposals."	In order to clarify the purpose of an element of the masterplan.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105461 and Daventry District LSP 4639105/JCS_Full/1 092661
PC021/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.27	In the final sentence delete "form" and replace with " <u>from</u> ".	Typographical error	JPU Officer
PC022/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.30	Replace "Site Allocations DPD" with " <u>Daventry</u> <u>District Settlements and Countryside Local Plan</u> ".	To reflect the updated Local Development Scheme.	JPU Officer
PC023/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.31	Replace "to Northampton transport corridor' with "Development Link".	For consistency of wording throughout the document.	JPU Officer
PC024/D	13.0	Para.	Reword the paragraph as follows:	1. Change ID PC007/D	JPU Officer

Section 13.0 – Daventry

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Daventry	13.32	"The Daventry North East SUE allocation is suitable, available and deliverable for <u>at least</u> up to 2,500 2,000 dwellings within the plan period and Policy D3 below sets out the land use requirements for the full 4,000 dwelling <u>development and</u> . The development should commence from the south-western edge and infrastructure provision <u>must be phased</u> accordingly. It is anticipated that the development of the SUE will commence broadly in the south west quadrant of the site."	refers. 2. For clarity and to ensure the development can appropriately reflect the timing of other potential projects in the vicinity such as the Daventry Canal Arm and Waterspace.	Croudace Homes Limited 4545057/JCS_Full/9 99797
PC026/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D3	In the second bullet point of Policy D3 delete '420 PLACE ".	To allow for flexibility in the provision of primary schools.	JPU Officer
PC028/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D3	Amend the eighth bullet point as follows: " <u>NECESSARY</u> A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO <u>OFF-SITE HIGHWAY WORKS TO MITIGATE</u> <u>THE IMPACT OF THE DEVELOPMENT ON THE</u> <u>HIGHWAY NETWORK INCLUDING</u> <u>CONTRIBUTION TO</u> THE DAVENTRY <u>DEVELOPMENT LINK</u> TO NORTHAMPTON A45 <u>CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENTS AND PROVISION</u> OF REQUIRED HIGHWAY INFRASTRUCTURE <u>TO SERVE THE DEVELOPMENT.</u>"	For clarity in respect of financial contributions in relation to the development.	JPU Officer
PC029/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D3	Add after the ninth bullet point a new bullet point to Policy D3 as follows: " <u>ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL</u> <u>ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED</u> <u>MITIGATION; AND</u> "	For consistency of wording in line with other SUE polices throughout the plan.	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/8 2581
PC030/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D3	Replace the final two bullet points of Policy D3 with: "FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT	For clarity in respect of flood risk assessment.	Environment Agency 4626369/JCS_Full/1

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Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES."		125621
PC031/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D4	Delete the last sentence of Policy D4 which reads "THE DAVENTRY MASTERPLAN WILL SET OUT HOW THESE KEY PRINCIPLES WILL BE DELIVERED IN REGENERATING SOUTHBROOK".	For updating as the masterplan will not be specific in regards to Southbrook community Regeneration.	JPU Officer
PC032/D	13.0 Daventry	Para. 13.35	Reword the paragraph as follows: <u>"The growth of Daventry will necessitate</u> <u>improvements within the A45 Daventry to</u> <u>Northampton transport corridor by the provision of</u> <u>the Daventry Development Link. New</u> <u>development at Daventry will be expected to</u> <u>make a proportionate financial contribution</u> <u>to such improvements. As set out in preceding</u> <u>paragraphs in order for Daventry to grow to a</u> <u>sustainable town of 40,000 population</u> <u>improvements along the A45 transport corridor to</u> <u>the east of the town will be required. These</u> <u>improvements will be delivered as a consequence</u> <u>of the Daventry North East SUE which will be</u> <u>required to provide a financial contribution to</u> <u>identified improvements."</u>	For clarity.	Croudace Homes Limited 4545057/JCS_Full/9 99989 Highways Agency 4623105/JCS_Full/1 093813
PC033/D	13.0 Daventry	Policy D5	Add " <u>A4500</u> " to the first bullet point in Policy D5.	For clarity.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/T	14.0 Towcester	Para. 14.7	 Amend the paragraph relating to the Towcester Masterplan as follows: "South Northamptonshire Council has <u>adopted</u> <u>produced</u> a Masterplan ¹for Towcester which aims to secure Towcester's position as a <u>successful</u> market town <u>in</u> for the 21st century by achieving the following key objectives: A Vibrant Town Centre - A thriving, historic and expanded town centre, a hub for employment, shopping, professional and public services with the market place at its heart; Excellent Connectivity - Fast road connections to a range of other towns, cities, stations and airports, a <u>relief road bypass</u> to take strategic traffic <u>out of away from</u> the town <u>centre</u>, a walkable town with up to the minute virtual connections; Successful Local Businesses - Ideal home- working environment, part of a high technology corridor, tourism and leisure based business opportunities and access to centres of research and learning; A Family Environment - Excellent quality, and modern education facilities, top class 	Factual update to reflect the final version of the Masterplan adopted by South Northamptonshire Council in March 2011.	JPU Officer

¹ South Northamptonshire Council (20092011) Towcester Masterplan Consultation Draft

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 sports teams and leisure facilities, safe streets and spaces and new residential neighbourhoods; Respect for the Landscape - Physical and visual connections to the landscape to retain the rural and urban character and a range of quality open spaces retaining the town's urban and rural character; Determination to Succeed - Proactive and coordinated local partners, an active Town Council and Towcester Partnership and engaged residents that take pride in their town." 		
PC002/T	14.0 Towcester	Para 14.8 And Para 14.9	Replace "bypass" with "relief road".	To ensure consistency of wording.	JPU Officer
PC003/T	14.0 Towcester	Policy T1	In the fifth bullet point replace "BYPASS" with "RELIEF ROAD".	To ensure consistency of wording.	JPU Officer
PC004/T	14.0 Towcester	Policy T2	Add the following text to the final bullet point of Policy T2: ",THE CONSERVATION AREA AND THE TOWN CENTRE'S HERITAGE ASSETS."	To strengthen the policy by recognising the town centre's heritage assets.	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 82613
PC007/T	14.0 Towcester	Policy T4	In the third bullet point replace "BYPASS" with "RELIEF ROAD".	To ensure consistency of wording.	JPU Officer
PC008/T	14.0 Towcester	Existing Para. 14.22 (New Para.	Insert a new paragraph after existing paragraph 14.22 (new paragraph 14.24) as follows: "The racecourse site falls almost entirely within the Grade II* registered park and garden of Easton Neston and includes a Grade I listed	To acknowledge the heritage assets within the site and the need for development to take account of these.	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 79413

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		14.25)	building. The northern part of the site also abuts the Easton Neston Conservation Area. Development of the site will need to ensure that the designated heritage assets and their settings are protected."		
PC009/T	14.0 Towcester	Existing Para 14.25 (New Para 14.28)	Insert a new third sentence as follows: "In March 2012 South Northamptonshire Council approved a planning application for a £1.25m Greyhound track that will be laid on the inside of the racecourse with the home straight directly opposite the main grandstand."	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC010/T	14.0	Policy T5	 Amend criterion 4, 5 and 6 of Policy T5 to read: APPROPRIATE LANDSCAPING SCHEMES WILL BE REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL <u>PLANNING</u> AUTHORITY AS PART OF ANY DEVELOPMENT PROPOSAL; 	To correct a drafting error and to ensure that development does not adversely affect the significance of heritage assets, including archaeology.	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 79413
			 THE RACECOURSE LIES WITHIN THE HISTORIC PARKLAND REGISTERED PARK AND GARDEN OF EASTON NESTON AND ANY DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE SENSITIVELY DESIGNED NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT THE SIGNIFICANCE OF HERITAGE ASSETS, INCLUDING ARCHAEOLOGY, OR THEIR SETTINGS; DEVELOPMENT MUST NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT SITES CONTAINING ARCHAEOLOGICAL REMAINS OR THE 		

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			INTEGRITY OF THEIR SETTINGSAN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE WILL BE UNDERTAKEN AND MITIGATION MEASURES IDENTIFIED;"		
PC011/T	14.0 Towcester	Policy T5	Change numbered list to a bullet point list.	To be consistent with other policies. A numbered list could infer an order of priority.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/B	15.0 Brackley	Para 15.3	In the second sentence insert a full stop at the end.	To correct a drafting error.	JPU Officer
PC002/B	15.0 Brackley	Paragraph 15.7	 Amend Paragraph 15.7 relating to the Brackley Masterplan as follows: "In order to achieve this vision the following objectives have been identified: Deliver a range of new high quality, sustainable housing <u>and employment</u> opportunities and economic development that creates a balanced and sustainable community in Brackley; Revitalise <u>and increase the functionality of</u> the town centre through hands on management, public realm and linkage improvements, new retail occupiers, social, leisure and community facilities and initiatives to improve<u>d</u> car parking provision to make the town centre attractive and functional for residents and the surrounding rural communities; Improve accessibility through pedestrian and cycle links from the residential and employment areas to the town centre and improved public transport links to rural areas, Silverstone and adjacent towns; Increase opportunities for Green Infrastructure within and around the town to provide green corridors linking to the surrounding countryside, and green edges to provide a 	Factual update to reflect the final version of the Masterplan adopted by South Northamptonshire Council in January 2011.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 <u>clear boundary to the town:</u> Enhance and expand sports, indoor and outdoor leisure, swimming, recreation and open space facilities; <u>Expand and redefine employment opportunities and economic focus;</u> Revitalise markets and promote festivals to make Brackley a recognised regional 'event' centre with a range of hotel and conference facilities; Ensure development provides expands housing and economic growth opportunities through well designed, high quality and sustainable development that is special and relates to the context of Brackley; A strengthened 'Brackley Business District' that combines the Town Centre and adjoining industrial estate (i.e. Buckingham Road Industrial Estate) which form two parts of the Brackley Business District." 		
PC003/B	15.0 Brackley	Paragraph 15.8	Amend Paragraph 15.8 as follows: "The Masterplan also identifies the following priorities for improvements to services and facilities, which new development will be expected to contribute towardsprovides a framework to deliver the agreed vision for the town and to secure coordinated growth of the town. The plan illustrates: • Actions to revitalise, expand and regenerate	Factual update to reflect the final version of the Masterplan adopted by South Northamptonshire Council in January 2011.	JPU Officer

Submission JCS		(e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	 the town centre; Housing and employment development in accordance with the Joint Core Strategy; Redevelopment of Buckingham Road Industrial Estate; Options for education provision; New indoor and outdoor Leisure/ Swimming/ Wellbeing Centre New Health Care Facilities; Greenways around the town and green corridors; New playing pitches and open space provision; New Cemetery and Allotments; and Improved bus services and pedestrian and cycle networks Improvements in the 'Brackley Business District', which brings together the existing Town Centre and Buckingham Road Industrial Estate to strengthen the economy of the town as the town expands; Affordable Housing to meet local needs; The redevelopment and expansion of Brackley Leisure Centre; Improved health provision including a new primary healthcare centre and 60 bed unit for elderly care as a replacement cottage hospital; Extension and improvement of sewage treatment works serving Brackley; 	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 Extension or creation of a waste disposal and recycling facility; Improved car and cycle parking provision in Brackley Town Centre; New open space and playing pitches to the north west; A new primary school within the Brackley North SUE and contributions towards secondary school provision; Improved pedestrian and cycle links between new development and the town centre; Provision of upgraded bus facilities within the town centre serving new development; and New road infrastructure to provide effective links between new development does not create additional capacity problems on the A43. South Northamptonshire Council; Jan 2011. Brackley Masterplan South Northamptonshire Council: June 2010. The Draft Brackley Masterplan (SPD) - Consultation Draft Towcester: South Northamptonshire Council - [back] 		
PC004/B	15.0 Brackley	Para 15.10	Amend Paragraph 15.10 as follows: "In September 2010 a revised proposal by HS2 Ltd for the preferred route option around Brackley was published by the Department for Transport. The revised proposal moves the proposed route further to the west of the town and ensures that	Factual update regarding HS2.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			the proposed strategic urban extensions identified at Brackley North and Brackley East are no longer affected by the proposed route. The government confirmed in December 2010 that this is the preferred route that it will consult on in Spring 2011. A final route is not expected until passage of a proposed Hybrid Bill through Parliament in 2015. This revised alignment has been incorporated in the confirmed line of route for phase one of HS2 which was announced by the government in January 2012. Approval to construct phase one will be sought through a hybrid bill which is expected to be introduced to Parliament by the end of 2013. The government expects phase one to be operational by 2026."		
PC005/B	15.0 Brackley	Para. 15.12	In the second sentence include a reference to the specific Inset Maps (Insets 14 and 15) showing the location of Brackley Business District.	To assist users of the document.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105621
PC006/B	15.0 Brackley	Para. 15.13	Insert the following text after the third sentence in paragraph 15.13: "The town centre's attractive historic environment provides opportunities to promote heritage led regeneration. Development in the town centre should conserve its historic character."	1. To recognise the opportunities offered by the historic environment of the town centre.	English Heritage 4585441/JCS_Full/9 79445
			Amend the final sentence of the paragraph as follows: "More detailed policies and proposals for the town centre will be <u>are</u> provided by the West	2. Factual update to reflect the adoption of the Brackley Masterplan and changes to the Local Development Scheme.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Northamptonshire Site Allocations Development Plan Document (DPD), the West Northamptonshire Development Management Policies DPD and the final Brackley Masterplan Supplementary Planning Document."		
PC007/B	15.0 Brackley	Policy B1	Include a reference to the specific Inset Maps (insets 14 and 15) showing the location of Brackley Business District in the second bullet point.	To assist users of the document.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105621
PC008/B	15.0 Brackley	Para. 15.16	Amend the second sentence of Paragraph 15.16 to read: "South Northamptonshire Council has resolved to grant <u>ed outline</u> planning permission for a business park development on the site, subject to the completion of a legal agreement."	Factual update to reflect the current planning status of the site.	SNC Officer
PC009/B	15.0 Brackley	Para. 15.18	Amend the final sentence of Paragraph 15.18 to read: "Residential development is proposed on this part of the site and is expected to come forward in the third phase of the plan period i.e. 2021-26. <u>commence during the first phase of the plan</u> <u>period prior to 2016."</u>	To provide a more realistic indication of when development will commence on the site having regard to the fact that South Northamptonshire Council has resolved to grant outline planning permission for residential development.	Brown (Brackley) 4634177/JCS_Full/1 022421
PC011/B	15.0 Brackley	Para. 15.21	Add the following at the end of Paragraph 15.21: "South Northamptonshire Council has granted planning permission for 130 dwellings on the	Factual update to reflect the planning status of the site.	SNC Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Sawmills site and resolved to grant outline planning permission for 1000 dwellings on land known as Radstone Fields subject to the completion of a S106 agreement."		
PC012/B	15.0 Brackley	Para. 15.25	Replace the final sentence of Paragraph 15.25 with: "A new access route to Northampton Road to connect the sites into a single area of development will be necessary. The comprehensive development of the site will enable the provision of a continuous road link between Halse Road and Northampton Road. This will ensure connectivity across the development site and reduce pressure on the local road network."	To explain why the link road would be beneficial and to reflect the position established through the consideration of planning applications for Radstone Fields and the Sawmills site.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/R	16.0 Rural Areas	Para 16.4	Amend Paragraph 16.4 as follows: "The government has indicated that LDFs plans should enable housing development in rural areas and support sustainable economic growth in rural communities. A particular emphasis is placed on increasing housing supply especially affordable housing. There are early indications that the government is determined to ensure that neither people nor enterprise is priced out of the countryside. There is a clear commitment to ensure that local communities have more power to determine the type of development that is suitable for rural areas. Local planning authorities are expected to respond to local circumstances and plan housing development to reflect local needs. Local communities have a key positive role to play in shaping their surroundings, and neighbourhood planning provides the opportunity for local people to develop a shared vision for their areas and deliver the development that is needed."	Factual update to reflect the National Planning Policy Framework	JPU Officer
PC002/R	16.0 Rural Areas	Para 16.8	In the final sentence change "protecting" to "protects".	To correct a typographical error.	JPU Officer
PC003/ R	16.0 Rural Areas	Para 16.9	In the first sentence replace "Development Plan Documents (DPDs)" with "Local Plans". In the third sentence replace "DPDs" with "Local Plans".	Factual update to reflect a change in the terminology used in government policy.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC004/R	16.0 Rural Areas	Policy R1/ Para 16.9	Delete the final paragraph of Policy R1 and insert at the end of Paragraph 16.9 as follows: " <u>Until the named rural settlement hierarchy has</u> <u>been defined within future local plans, prepared</u> <u>by individual local planning authorities in</u> <u>consultation with local communities, the existing</u> <u>saved Adopted Local Plan policies for Daventry</u> District and South Northamptonshire will apply."	This is a factual statement which is more appropriately located in the supporting text rather than the policy itself.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105717
PC005/R	16.0 Rural Areas	Para 16.10	Amend Paragraph 16.10 to read: "The hierarchy will be based on a robust analysis of village services and facilities <u>either within a</u> <u>particular village or as part of a defined cluster of</u> <u>settlements, together with the other factors</u> <u>specified in Policy R1</u> . This will include an <u>assessment of the following services and</u> <u>facilities: The following list of services and</u> <u>facilities is suggested, but the local planning</u> <u>authorities, in consultation with local communities,</u> <u>may vary the importance attached to a particular</u> <u>services and facilities, to reflect local</u> <u>circumstances.</u>	To provide greater flexibility for local communities to determine which services and facilities are most important and also to clarify that service provision is not the only factor to be considered in determining the settlement hierarchy.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105717 West Haddon Parish Council 4615265/JCS_Full/9 92437
PC006/R	16.0 Rural Areas	Para 16.10 a)	Delete "and" before "Public Transport". Add "and Public House/ Restaurant" to the list of "Most Important Services and Facilities".	To correct a drafting error in the Pre- Submission document.	K B Benfield Group Holdings Ltd 4613825/JCS_Full/9 87957
PC007/R	16.0 Rural Areas	Para 16.15	Amend Paragraph 16.15 as follows: "The scale of development which will be appropriate in each village will vary having regard to the position in the hierarchy <u>and the housing</u>	To provide further clarification on the scale of development that may be appropriate and the	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 103445

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			requirements for the rural areas of individual districts. Policy R1 sets out the scale of development that will be acceptable in each category of settlement. This level of development will be measured as the percentage increase from the existing dwelling stock as at the base date of 2011 2006. This will ensure that the scale of development is proportionate to the scale of each village within the hierarchy. Irrespective of whichever category villages are allocated to within the hierarchy this will not automatically mean that development will be appropriate. The Local Planning Authority will need to be satisfied that any proposals are acceptable in terms of environmental, social and economic sustainability. Once the residual housing requirements for the rural areas have been met through planning permissions or allocations in future Local Plans, or Once a particular settlement has reached the upper limit of the scale then further developments will be resisted unless exceptional circumstances can be demonstrated as specified in Policy R1	criteria that should be considered.	Hallam Land Management 4596833/JCS_Full/1 007797 Haselwood 4638635/JCS_Full/1 080661 Lucas Land and Planning 4633857/JCS_Full1 062229 Miller Homes 4638689/JCS_Full/1 083573 Samuel Rose 4639489/JCS_Full/1 084693
PC008/R	16.0 Rural Areas	New Paras. after Para. 16.15	below." Insert the following paragraphs after Paragraph 16.15: "16.16 The overall housing provision is set out in the Spatial Strategy in Section 5 of this plan which includes an allowance for development in the rural areas. Policy S3 identifies the scale and distribution of housing development within West	To clarify the scale of development that is required in the rural areas.	South Northamptonshire Council 4617921/JCS_Full/1 002389 Daventry District

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Northamptonshire. 16.17 For Daventry District Policy S3 identifies a housing requirement for the rural areas of 2800 (net additional dwellings 2001-2026). Between 2001 and 2011 1445 dwellings have been completed which leaves a net residual requirement of 1355 dwellings. For South Northamptonshire the housing requirement for the rural areas is 3605 (net additional dwellings 2001- 2026), of which 1815 dwellings have been completed between 2001 and 2011. This leaves a net residual requirement of 1790 dwellings. Within both Districts there are a number of commitments which are not yet built, but will count towards meeting this net residual requirement. The provision of development to meet any remaining residual requirement will be determined by the Settlements and Countryside Local Plans which will be prepared for each District."		Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 103445
PC009/R	16.0 Rural Areas	Existing Para. 16.16 (New Paras. 16.18 and 16.19)	Amend existing paragraph 16.16 and add a new paragraph as follows: "16.168 Particular emphasis is given to the role of local communities in identifying and meeting their own needs for development. Documents such as Parish Plans Community led plans (e.g. Neighbourhood Plans)provide an appropriate mechanism whereby local communities can identify the vision for the future of their village and what is needed to deliver it. Provided that	To reflect the provisions of the Localism Act and the introduction of Neighbourhood Plans.	JPU Officer

Section 16.0 – Rural Areas

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			they follow the requirements for Supplementary Planning Documents, the planning elements of Parish Plans can be adopted and used as material considerations in planning decisions are prepared in accordance with the relevant regulations such plans will become part of the development plan for West Northamptonshire. The local authorities will encourage and support the preparation of Parish Plans (or their equivalents) by local communities <u>Neighbourhood</u> <u>Plans in appropriate areas</u> . It is particularly important that these documents fairly reflect the views of the whole community and are also based on robust evidence of need.		
			Add a new paragraph as follows: "16.19 Community led plans cannot allocate less development than in a higher tier plan. However they can allow for additional growth, for example where this would support the retention of or improvement to essential local services that may be under threat (in particular the local primary school or primary health services). Planning applications for additional growth within villages will need to be informed by a community involvement exercise prior to the submission of the planning application."		
PC011/R	16.0 Rural Areas	Policy R2	Add " AND ENHANCE " after the word " SUSTAIN " in the first sentence of Policy R2.	It is appropriate for the policy to support proposals which	The Sulgrave Manor Board 4625313/JCS_Full/1

Section 16.0 – Rural Areas

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
				"enhance" as well as "sustain" the rural economy.	011669
PC012/R	16.0 Rural Areas	Policy R2	Delete the word ' AND ' from the end of the fifth bullet point and insert ' AND ' at the end of the sixth bullet point.	To correct a typographical error in the Pre-Submission document.	JPU Officer
PC013/R	16.0 Rural Areas	Existing Para. 16.23 (New Para. 16.26)	Amend "Northamptonshire's Third Local Transport Plan" to read " the Northamptonshire Transportation Plan"	Factual update.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/M	17.0 Monitoring	Para. 17.1	In the first sentence of the paragraph make a minor grammatical change to create two sentences for readability. Delete words "both from" in the original sentence and start a new sentence with "These include parties from"	To improve readability and reduce sentence length.	JPU Officer
PC002/M	17.0 Monitoring	Para. 17.1	Add a new sentence to the end of this paragraph to read: " <u>How this will happen is set out in more</u> <u>detail in the Monitoring Framework (Appendix 6)</u> <u>of this document</u> ".	To provide an explicit link in the first paragraph to where specific monitoring indicators are identified.	JPU Officer
PC003/M	17.0 Monitoring	Para. 17.2	Amend the first sentence as follows: "and finally the expected delivery rates of new homes, jobs and infrastructure referred to as trajectories as specified in the JCS and its supporting documents."	To clarify that some schedules that are important for monitoring are set out in separate documents to the JCS (i.e. the IDP or evidence base). It is important that all of these are monitored and updated as necessary. They are not necessarily set out as trajectories in these documents as implied by the original text.	JPU Officer
PC005/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.4 (New Para.	Add "and its associated schedule" to the end of the paragraph.	To clarify what is being monitored in terms of infrastructure provision in the JCS.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		17.5)			
PC006/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.5 (New Para. 17.6)	Remove the first sentence "The IDP will be monitored as part of the JCS" from the start of the paragraph.	Monitoring arrangements are now clarified by further changes in the paragraph.	JPU Officer
PC007/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.5 (New Para. 17.6)	Amend the second sentence of the paragraph as follows: "The improvements programmed in the IDP, and their required phasing to support development, are essential to ensure the objectives <u>and the</u> <u>developments set out in this</u> of the JCS are achieved."	As a consequence of the previous change to clarify the infrastructure delivery being monitored.	JPU Officer
PC008/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.5 (New Para. 17.6)	In the third sentence add "in Table 7" after "projects highlighted".	To clarify what is being monitored in terms of infrastructure projects.	JPU Officer
PC009/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.6 (New Para. 17.7)	In the fourth sentence amend "delivery plan" to read "Infrastructure Delivery Plan and its associated schedule".	To clarify the role and projects in the IDP and for consistency with other changes	JPU Officer
PC010/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.7 (New Para. 17.8)	Amend "developers" to "developer".	Typographical correction.	JPU Officer
PC012/M	17.0	Existing	Amend the former second sentence as follows:	To reflect the fact that	JPU Officer and also

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Monitoring	Para. 17.8 (New Para. 17.9)	"In line with government guidance policy for achieving sustainable development in the National Planning Policy Framework "a systematic and dynamic monitoring system will help authorities is essential to understand the wider social, environmental and economic issues affecting their an areas and the key drivers of spatial change."	the National Planning Policy Framework has replaced Planning Policy Statement 12.	4617921/JCS_Full/1 002453 (South Northants Council) requesting previous quote be referenced.
PC013/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.8 (New Para. 17.9)	Add a new sentence to the end of the paragraph: "The Monitoring Framework is set out in full in Appendix 6 of this document."	To provide a more explicit link to the full indicator suite in Appendix 6 of the JCS (The Monitoring Framework).	JPU Officer
PC014/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.9 (New Para. 17.10)	At the end of the third sentence of the paragraph add the following: "(Section 4 above)".	To clarify the reference and redirect readers to Vision and Objectives.	JPU Officer
PC015/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.9 Parts a and b (New Para. 17.10)	 Amend Parts a and b of the paragraph as follows: a. National Core Output Indicators – A statutory set of iIndicators required nationally from all Authorities reporting key tangible outputs in residential, commercial and environmental development. This includes monitoring the housing trajectory. There is already a timeseries of core development outputs such as housing and employment floorspace completions covering many years. Reporting 	Update of text to reflect revocation of guidance on National Core Output Indicators. Re-wording of previous Core Output Indicators paragraph to reflect time-series of core data and requirements for continued statutory reporting duty on some	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 these aspects is part of established monitoring practice across West Northamptonshire and will continue in the future. There is a statutory duty to report several output indicators to Government as part of the Single Data List¹. Other output indicators have been developed locally to record against specific targets set in Joint Core Strategy Policies. These cover matters like infrastructure delivery, creating more open space or meeting design standards. These are set out in more detail in The Monitoring Framework (Appendix 6) of this document." Delete part b) "Local Output Indicators" and reletter the subsequent parts. Insert the following footnote on "Single Data List" in the bullet point: "http://www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/ decentralisation/tacklingburdens/singledatalist/" 	indicators. Footnote to provide reference to the Single Data List as the new source for data where there remains a statutory duty to report to the Government. Also provides more explicit link to the full indicator suite in Appendix 6 (the Monitoring Framework)	
PC016/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.9 Parts c and (New	In the last sentence of the former part d of the paragraph (now part c) replace "Annual" with "Authorities".	Minor change to reflect new statutory name of AMRs.	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		Para. 17.10)			
PC017/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.10 (New Para. 17.11)	Amend the first sentence in the paragraph as follows: "Many of the indicators needed to monitor JCS Policies are important characteristics already <u>picked up being actively recorded</u> by our Partners <u>Councils</u> and key organisations."	To better reflect the duty to co-operate in the NPPF and the range of monitoring activity affecting the plan area.	JPU Officer
PC018/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.10 (New Para. 17.11)	Delete the second sentence in the paragraph: "For example, the Northamptonshire Transportation Plan (NTP) and its suite of associated documents has a monitoring framework which deals with access to public transport from new development."	To reflect the change in the Northamptonshire Transportation Plan since publication of the PSJCS. The principle of jointly monitoring transportation indicators remains but there is a lack of specific indicators in the new suite of documents NTP documents at present.	JPU Officer
PC019/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.10 (New Para. 17.11)	At the end of the last sentence in the paragraph replace "approach approved in government guidance" with "principle established in monitoring systems."	Removes previous reference to guidance that is now revoked.	JPU Officer
PC020/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para.	Insert semi-colons after each bullet point in the list in the paragraph.	Consistency in the format of bulleted lists	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		17.11 (New Para. 17.12)	Add "; and" at the end of the bullet point reading: "Realistic".	within Section 17.	
PC021/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.12 (New Para. 17.13)	In the first sentence change 'Annual Monitoring Report' to 'Monitoring Framework'.	Better reflects that indicators are contained within the Monitoring Framework.	JPU Officer
PC022/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.13 (New Para. 17.14)	Amend the paragraph to read as follows: "The monitoring of the plan and monitoring framework will be reported in the Joint Annual Authorities' Monitoring Report (AMR) for West Northamptonshire. Annual Monitoring Reports have been produced for West Northamptonshire in December 2010 and January 2012 to report on key development outputs and outcomes since March 2010 and provide a baseline for the development of this Joint Core Strategy. This report Future reports will cover all the indicators required in the monitoring framework as well as additional contextual indicators to provide a full portrait of West Northamptonshire. In addition, the AMR will allow the Joint Planning Unit and Partner Authorities to provide an update on the development and review of documents in the LDF Local Development Scheme (LDS) or activity in related areas such as the implementation of the Community Infrastructure Levy. The Partner	To reflect changes to the planning system as a reflect of the Localism Act including changes to AMRs and LDFs and Local Plans.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Authorities of Daventry, Northampton Borough and South Northamptonshire Councils will also be able to add their own local information, including indicators for their own Development Plan <u>Local</u> <u>Plans</u> or updates on Sustainable Community Strategies, <u>Neighbourhood Plans</u> or Masterplans."		
PC023/M	17.0 Monitoring	New Para. 17.15	Insert a new Paragraph 17.5: "The Joint Authorities' Monitoring Report does not need to be published at a fixed yearly deadline but must be updated within a period not longer than twelve months. To ensure relevant information is made available to the public as soon as possible, such as significant progress in the development of any Local Development Scheme document or substantial departures from adopted policy, the Joint Authorities' Monitoring Report will be updated as appropriate and its publication duly advertised."	Reflect the new provisions to produce an AMR as required. Fits with the intention to produce a Joint AMR in October 2012 to support Submission of the JCS.	JPU Officer
PC024/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.15 (New Para. 17.17)	Amend the first sentence of the paragraph as follows: "As well as reporting the Monitoring Framework, the AMR will identify where policies need to be amended or replaced, allowing indicating whether the LD <u>S</u> F documents need to undergo review and alteration of necessary."	To reflect the 2012 Planning Regulations and for consistency with other changes to reference documents in the LDS. Also to clarify the purpose of the AMR by removing the word "allow" which was misleading.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC025/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.16 (New Para. 17.18)	In the first sentence capitalise "Joint".	Typographical error.	JPU Officer
PC027/M	17.0 Monitoring	Existing Para. 17.16 (New Para. 17.18)	Add the following to the end of the paragraph: "The housing trajectory is synchronised with the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA) to a base-date of April 2011 to demonstrate the realistic supply of potential housing sites in West Northamptonshire to 2026. Detailed projections of supply on identified sites have been considered in a housing technical paper as part of the evidence base for this strategy. Updated versions of the housing trajectory are provided in each AMR."	Reflect the publication of the SHLAA in January 2012 to support the Joint Core Strategy, emphasise that the trajectory is frequently updated and provide reference to technical paper for detailed breakdown.	4633857/JCS_Full/1 062933 / 01 / 69 (Lucas Land and Planning) And 4617921/JCS_Full/1 002485 (South Northamptonshire District Council)

Schedule of Minor Possible Proposed Changes

Section 18.0 / Appendices – List of Appendices

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/A	List of Appendices		Delete the word "Schedule" and replace with "Delivery Plan Update 2012 – Schedule Extract"	To update in respect of the Updated IDP.	JPU Officer

Section 18.0 / Appendix 1 – Plans and Other Strategies Taken into Account in the Preparation of the Joint Core Strategy

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/s)
PC001/A1	Appendix 1	National	Add "Allowable Solutions for Zero Carbon Homes: towards a workable framework – Zero Carbon Hub (July 2011)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to national policy.	JPU Officer
PC002/A1	Appendix 1	National	Add "Biodiversity 2020: A strategy for England's wildlife and ecosystem services (2011)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to national policy.	JPU Officer
PC003/A1	Appendix 1	National	Add "Guidance on Transport Assessments – Department for Transport (2007)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to national policy.	JPU Officer
PC004/A1	Appendix 1	National	Add "Laying the Foundations – the Government's Housing Strategy for England (November 2011)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to national policy.	JPU Officer
PC005/A1	Appendix 1	National	Add "National Planning Policy Framework (2012)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to national policy.	JPU Officer
PC006/A1	Appendix 1	National	Add "Planning for Growth - Communities and Local Government: Ministerial statement (25/3/2011)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to national policy.	JPU Officer
PC007/A1	Appendix 1	National	Add "Planning Policy for Traveller Sites (2012)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to national policy.	JPU Officer
PC008/A1	Appendix 1	National	Add "The Natural Choice - Natural Environment White Paper (June 2011)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to national policy.	JPU Officer
PC009/A1	Appendix 1	National	Add "Water for Life - Water White Paper (December 2011)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to national policy.	JPU Officer
PC010/A1	Appendix 1	Local	Add "Enterprising Northamptonshire -	To reflect recent	JPU Officer

Section 18.0 / Appendix 1 – Plans and Other Strategies Taken into Account in the Preparation of the Joint Core Strategy

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)				
			Northamptonshire Enterprise Partnership (2011)" to the list.	changes to local policy.					
PC011/A1	Appendix 1	Local	Add "Getting Down to Business - South East Midlands Local Economic Partnership Business Plan April 2012- March 2013" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to local policy.	JPU Officer				
PC012/A1	Appendix 1	Local	Add "High Performance Technologies: Northamptonshire - Northampton Enterprise Partnership (2011)" to the list.	Igh Performance Technologies:To reflect recentImptonshire - Northampton Enterprisechanges to localImptionshire - Northampton Enterpriseinformation.					
PC013/A1	Appendix 1	Local	Add "Libraries Review and Strategy April 2012 to March 2015 – Northamptonshire County Council" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to local information.	JPU Officer				
PC014/A1	Appendix 1	Local	Add "Memorandum of Understanding: Statement of Co-operation and Partnership South East Midlands Local Economic Partnership/ Northamptonshire Enterprise Partnership (December 2011)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to local policy.	JPU Officer				
PC015/A1	Appendix 1	Local	Add "Northampton Playing Fields Key Issues and Recommendations Report - Neil Allen Associates (2011)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to local information.	JPU Officer				
PC016/A1	Appendix 1	Local	Add "Northamptonshire Local Economic Assessment (2010)" into the list.	To reflect recent changes to local information.	JPU Officer				
PC017/A1	Appendix 1	Local	Add "Northamptonshire Transportation Plan (2012)" into the list.	To reflect recent changes to local policy.	JPU Officer				
PC018/A1	Appendix 1	Local	Add "SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone FAQ's - Northampton Borough Council" (2011) to the list.	To reflect recent changes to local policy.	JPU Officer				
PC019/A1	Appendix 1	Local	Add "SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone/ Supporting a regional economy of national	To reflect recent changes to local policy.	JPU Officer				

Section 18.0 / Appendix 1	– Plans and Other St	rategies Taken into	Account in the Pre	eparation of the Jo	oint Core Strategy

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)	
			significance - South East Midlands Local Economic Partnership/ Northampton Borough Council (2011)" to the list.			
PC020/A1	Appendix 1	Local	Add "St. James Employment Area Local Development Order - Northampton Borough Council (2012)" to the list.	To reflect recent changes to local policy.	JPU Officer	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)	
PC001/ A2	Appendix 2	General	Add "Village Services and Facilities Technical Paper (including 2008 Village Services Questionnaire returns) – Complete – 2011"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC002/ A2	Appendix 2	General	Amend "West Northamptonshire Annual Monitoring Report 2009/10 – Submitted Complete – 2010"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC003/ A2	Appendix 2	General	Add "West Northamptonshire Annual Monitoring Report 2010/11 – Complete – 2011"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC004/ A2	Appendix 2	Transport Related	Add "Northamptonshire County Council: Northampton Corridor Review (including junctions) – Complete – 2012"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC005/ A2	Appendix 2	Transport Related	Amend as follows: "Highways Agency A45/ M1 Corridor Study, <u>Northampton Growth Management Scheme</u> <u>delivery process, and Partner's A45/ M1 (J15)</u> <u>NGMS Memorandum of Understanding</u> " Replace "In progress" with "Complete - 2012".	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC006/ A2	Appendix 2	Transport Related	Add "Transport Spatial Portrait Paper – Complete – 2011"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC007/ A2	Appendix 2	Transport Related	Add "Transport Technical Paper: Transport Options – Complete – 2011"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC008/ A2	Appendix 2	Employment Related	Add "Employment Technical Paper – Complete – 2011"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC009/ A2	Appendix 2	Employment Related	Add "Population, Households and Labour Force Technical Paper – Complete – 2011"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC010/ A2	Appendix 2	Employment Related	Add "West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study (WNELS) Update" - "In progress" - "Due July 2012".	Factual update	JPU Officer	
PC011/	Appendix 2	Employment	Add "West Northants Further Evidence	Factual update.	JPU Officer	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)				
A2		Related	(Employment) – Complete – 2011".						
PC012/ A2	Appendix 2	Housing Related	Add "Analysis of the Implications of Affordable Rents and Costs Associated with the Delivery of Different Standards of Zero Carbon Housing – Complete – 2012".	Factual update.	JPU Officer				
PC013/ A2	Appendix 2	Housing Related	Add "Housing Technical Paper – Complete – 2011".	Factual update.	JPU Officer				
PC014/ A2	Appendix 2	Housing Related	Add "Latest Linked Housing Trajectory – Complete – Dec 2010".	"Latest Linked Housing Trajectory – Factual update. , plete – Dec 2010".					
PC015/ A2	Appendix 2	Housing Related	Add "October 2010 Forecast – Complete – Oct 2010".	JPU Officer					
PC016/ A2	Appendix 2	Housing Related	Add "Population & Household Forecasts Methodology Review – Complete – 2011".	Factual update.	JPU Officer				
PC017/ A2	Appendix 2	Housing Related	Add "Population, Households and Labour Force Technical Paper – Complete – 2011".	Factual update.	JPU Officer				
PC018/ A2	Appendix 2	Housing Related	Add "Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy Population Projections (Dwellings F) – Complete – 2011".	Factual update.	JPU Officer				
PC019/ A2	Appendix 2	Housing Related	Add "September 2010 Forecast – Complete – Sept 2010".	Factual update.	JPU Officer				
PC020/ A2	Appendix 2	Housing Related	Add "Viability Appraisal of Affordable Housing Provision and Developer Contributions in West Northamptonshire – Complete – 2010".	To correct an omission from the original list.	JPU Officer				
PC021/ A2	Appendix 2	Housing Related	Amend "West Northamptonshire Strategic Housing land Availability Assessment – In Progress Complete – Due 2011 2012"	Factual update.	JPU Officer				
PC022/ A2	Appendix 2	Housing Related	Add "West Northamptonshire Strategic Housing Market Assessment Update – Complete – 2011".	Factual update.	JPU Officer				
PC023/	Appendix 2	Built and	Add "East Midlands Councils – Low Carbon	Factual update.	JPU Officer				

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)	
A2		Natural Environment	Energy Opportunities and Heat Mapping for Local Planning Areas Across the East Midlands: Final Report – Complete – 2011"			
PC024/ A2	Appendix 2	Built and Natural Environment Related	Add "Ground Instability Technical Paper – Complete - 2011".	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC025/ A2	Appendix 2	Factual update.	JPU Officer			
PC026/ A2	Appendix 2	Built and Natural Environment Related	For the West Northamptonshire Water Cycle Strategy (Phase 2 – Detailed Study) change the status to 'Complete' and delete the word 'due'.	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC027/ A2	Appendix 2	Infrastructure Related	Amend as follows: "West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan – In Progress Complete – Due 2011".	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC028/ A2	Appendix 2	Infrastructure Related	Add "West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan Update – Complete – 2012"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC029/ A2	Appendix 2	Leisure and Retail Related	Amend "West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update – In Progress Complete – Due 2011"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC030/ A2	Appendix 2	Leisure and Retail Related	Add "West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update – Complete – 2012"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	
PC031/ A2	Appendix 2	Daventry - Transport Related	Amend sentence as follows "Daventry to Northampton A45 Corridor Study <u>Note"</u> in progress <u>June 2012</u> Due March 2011'	Factual update.	JPU Officer	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC032/ A2	Appendix 2	Northampton - Transport Related	Amend as follows: "Northampton Multi Modal Study (Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy) <u>Land</u> <u>Use Option Testing Results</u> – <u>Complete</u> In Progress – Due February 2011".	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC033/ A2	Appendix 2	Northampton – Housing Related	For Northampton Five Year Housing Land Supply Assessment delete "2009" and replace with "Annual"	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC034/ A2	Appendix 2	South Northampton shire Council - General	For Towcester Masterplan replace "2010" with "2011"	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC035/ A2	Appendix 2	South Northampton shire Council - General	For Brackley Masterplan replace "2010" with "2011".	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC036/ A2	Appendix 2	South Northampton shire Council - General	Amend the completion date of the Roade Masterplan from "2010" to "March 2011".	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC037/ A2	Appendix 2	South Northampton shire Council – Transport Related	For the Towcester Transport Study change the status to "Complete" and delete the words "Due March".	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC038/ A2	Appendix 2	South Northampton shire – Employment Related	Add "South Northamptonshire Economic Development Strategy – Complete – March 2010" to the list.	Factual update.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)	
PC039/ A2	Appendix 2	South Northampton shire – Housing Related	For the Five Year Housing Land Supply Assessment delete "2008" and replace with "Annual"	Factual update.	JPU Officer	

Section 18.0 / Appendix 3 – West Northamptonshire Housing Trajectory

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)		
PC001/ A3	Appendix 3 – Housing Trajectory	Table – Actual Completio ns 2001/02 – 2009/10	A new column entitled 2010/2011 has been added. The Totals column has been updated to reflect the new column. Table relabelled "A. Completions 2001-2011 and Proposed Trajectory 2011-2026 by District"	The evidence base has been updated to 31/03/2011 to reflect the current plan base date.	JPU Officer		
PC002/ A3	Appendix 3 – Housing Trajectory	Table – Projected Completio ns Trajectory	The first data column entitled 2010/10 has been removed, and the Totals column has been updated to reflect this removal	The evidence base has been updated to 31/03/2011 to reflect the current plan base date.	JPU Officer		
PC003/ A3	Appendix 3 – Housing Trajectory	Table – Projected Completio ns Trajectory	The individual cell data has been updated to reflect the latest information available from developers, current market trends, and future prospects.	The evidence base has been updated to 31/03/2011 to reflect the current plan base date.	JPU Officer		
PC004/ A3	Appendix 3 – Housing Trajectory	Add new table – "B. Completio ns 2001- 2011 and Proposed Trajectory by Northampt on Related Developm	New table – Completions (by Area) – 2001 - 2011 Subdivision of table A above by area	Request for breakdown from representations.	South Northamptonshire Council 4617921/JCS_Full/1 002485		

Section 18.0 / Appendix 3 – West Northamptonshire Housing Trajectory

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
		ent Area (NRDA) and Residuals for Daventry District and South Northampt onshire Council Areas"			
PC005/ A3	Appendix 3 – Housing Trajectory	New table (part of B) – Projected Completio ns Trajectory	New table – Projected Completions (by Area) – 2011 - 2026 Subdivision of table A (part 2) above by area	Request for breakdown from representations.	South Northamptonshire Council 4617921/JCS_Full/1 002485
PC006/ A3	Appendix 3 – Housing Trajectory	Chart showing projected housing completio ns by Council area (2010- 2026) replaced	Chart updated to show latest projections for the whole of West Northamptonshire	The evidence base has been updated to 31/03/2011 to reflect the current plan base date	South Northamptonshire Council 4617921/JCS_Full/1 002485

Section 18.0 / Appendix 3 – West Northamptonshire Housing Trajectory

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)	
		with chart showing the period 2011-2026				
PC007/ A3	Appendix 3 – Housing Trajectory	New Chart showing projected housing completio ns by NRDA and residual Council area (2011- 2026)	Chart added to allow better monitoring of the NRDA and the residual for Daventry and South Northamptonshire outside the NRDA	The evidence base has been updated to 31/03/2011 to reflect the current plan base date. To provide greater clarity of where the plan is proposing development should be located.	South Northamptonshire Council 4617921/JCS_Full/1 002485	

Section 18.0 / Appendix 3 – West Northamptonshire Housing Trajectory

Revised tables and charts referred to above

1149 1452

A. Completions 2001-2011 and Proposed Trajectory 2011-2026 by District Boundary

Completions

(by District)

	2001/ 2002	2002/ 2003	200 200			2005/ 2006	200 200		2007/ 2008					<u>Totals</u>	
DDC	417	43	35	266	247	36	0 2	95	319	183	174	1	<u>158</u>	<u>28</u>	54
NBC	935	5 58	81	753	1353	155	4 18	02	983	707	360)	322	<u>93</u>	50
SNC	647	7 99	93	431	595	31	0 2	57	248	219	258	3	207	<u>41</u>	65
												_			
Total	1999	200)9	1450	2195	222	4 23	54	1550	1109	792	2	<u>687</u>	<u>163</u>	69
Projected C	ompletions Tr	ajectory	<u>y</u>												
2011/ 2012		2013/ 2 2014 2			11 11	2017/ 2 2018 2		201 202			21/ 20 22 20			2024/ 2025	
DDC <u>149</u>	203	213	<u>472</u>	<u>550</u>	<u>590</u>	<u>745</u>	<u>855</u>	8	<u>65</u> 8	375	845	770	<u>645</u>	665	585
NBC <u>440</u>	<u>641</u>	859	1024	<u>1125</u>	1170	1492	555	14	25 14	36 1.	589 1	417	1271	818	600
SNC <u>295</u>	<u>305</u>	380	430	485	668	760	760	6	<u>90</u> 5	585	540	560	<u>5</u> 30	540	365

<u>1926</u> 2160 2428 2997 3170 2980

2896 2974

2747

2446 2023

Totals

9027 16862

7893

1500 33782

Total

884

Section 18.0 / Appendix 3 – West Northamptonshire Housing Trajectory

B. Completions 2001-2011 and Proposed Trajectory 2011-2026 by Northampton Related Development Area (NRDA) and Residuals for Daventry District and South Northamptonshire Council Areas

Completions (by Area)

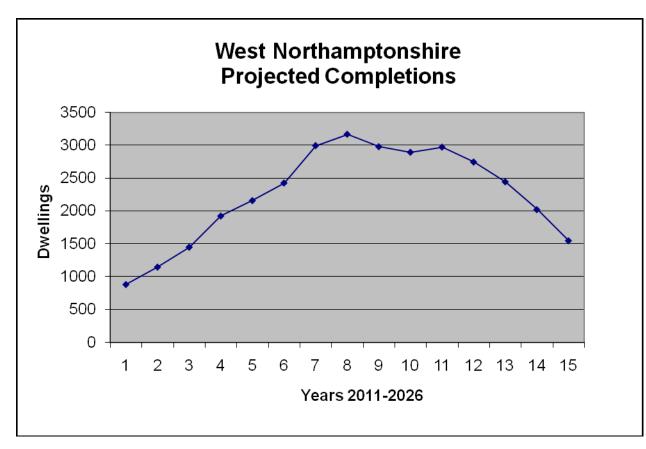
-	<u>2001/</u> 2002	<u>2002/</u> 2003	<u>2003/</u> 2004	<u>2004/</u> 2005	<u>2005/</u> 2006		<u>2007/</u> 2008			<u>2010/</u> 2011	<u>Totals</u>
DDC	417	435	266	247	<u>360</u>	<u>295</u>	<u>319</u>	183	<u>174</u>	<u>158</u>	2854
NRDA	1084	1208	1009	1623	1626	1824	1020	707	<u>360</u>	322	<u>10783</u>
<u>SNC</u>	498	<u>366</u>	<u>175</u>	325	238	235	211	219	258	207	2732
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	1999	2009	1450	2195	2224	2354	<u>1550</u>	1109	792	<u>529</u>	<u>16369</u>

Projected Completions Trajectory

_	<u>2011/</u> 2012	<u>2012/</u> 2013	<u>2013/</u> 2014	<u>2014/</u> 2015	<u>2015/</u> 2016	<u>2016/</u> 2017	<u>2017/</u> 2018	<u>2018/</u> 2019	<u>2019/</u> 2020	<u>2020/</u> 2021	<u>2021/</u> 2022	<u>2022/</u> 2023	<u>2023/</u> 2024	2024/ 2025	2025/ 2026	Totals
DDC	<u>149</u>	203	<u>213</u>	<u>307</u>	<u>345</u>	<u>345</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>465</u>	420	<u>430</u>	<u>425</u>	400	<u>395</u>	415	335	5277
NRDA	440	<u>641</u>	<u>939</u>	1329	1515	1690	2157	2285	2130	2031	2159	<u>1937</u>	<u>1621</u>	1168	850	22892
<u>SNC</u>	<u>295</u>	<u>305</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>290</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>393</u>	<u>410</u>	<u>420</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>435</u>	<u>390</u>	<u>410</u>	<u>430</u>	440	365	5613
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Total	884	1149	1452	1926	2160	2428	2997	<u>3170</u>	2980	2896	2974	2747	2446	2023	1550	33782

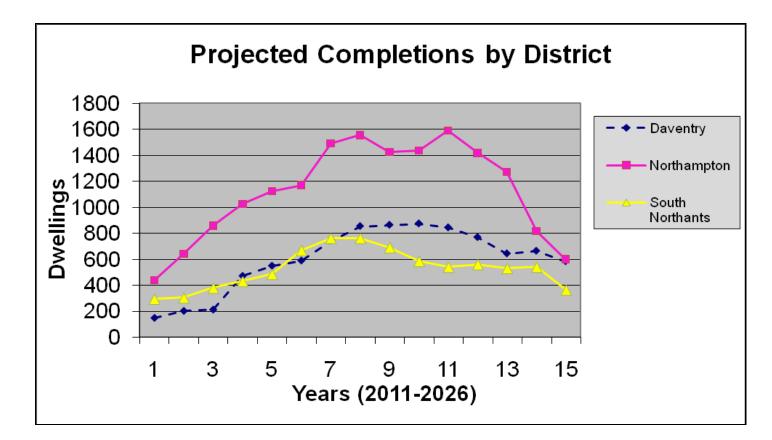
Section 18.0 / Appendix 3 – West Northamptonshire Housing Trajectory

West Northamptonshire Proposed Trajectory



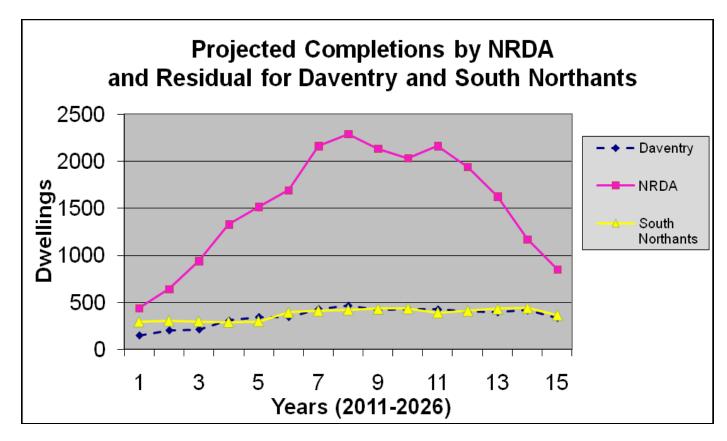
Section 18.0 / Appendix 3 – West Northamptonshire Housing Trajectory

Trajectory based on District Boundaries



Section 18.0 / Appendix 3 – West Northamptonshire Housing Trajectory

Trajectory by NRDA and Residuals for Daventry and South Northants



Section 18.0 / Appendix 5 – Saved Local Plan Policies to be Replaced by Joint Core Strategy Policies

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/ A5	Appendix 5	Pretext	Add "Northamptonshire County Council" to "The Relevant Development Plans for <u>Northamptonshire County Council</u> , Daventry District Council"	Factual correction.	JPU Officer
PC002/ A5	Appendix 5	Pretext	Add "Northamptonshire County Structure Plan (adopted March 2001)" to the bullet point list.	Factual correction.	JPU Officer
PC003/ A5	Appendix 5	New Section	Add a new table to Appendix 5 listing the replacement of Policy SDA1 of the Northamptonshire County Structure Plan with Policy S1 (The Distribution of Development) and Policy S5 (Sustainable Urban Extensions) of the JCS.	Factual correction.	Northamptonshire County Council 4617921/JCS_Full/1 002645
PC004/ A5	Appendix 5	Daventry (Policy HS2)	Add "Policy N8 (North of Whitehills SUE)" to the replacement Joint Core Strategy section.	Factual correction.	JPU Officer
PC005/ A5	Appendix 5	Daventry (Policy HS25)	Add "Policy H3 (Rural Exception Sites)" to the replacement Joint Core Strategy section.	Factual correction.	JPU Officer
PC006/ A5	Appendix 5	Daventry (Policy EM4)	Add "Policy EM4 – Changes of Use of Industrial Estates" to be replaced by "Policy E1 (Existing Employment Areas)".	Factual correction.	JPU Officer
PC007/ A5	Appendix 5	Daventry (Policy CM8)	Add "Policy C2 (New Developments)" to the replacement Joint Core Strategy section.	Factual correction.	JPU Officer
PC008/ A5	Appendix 5	Daventry (Policy RC2)	Add "Policy RC2 – Retention of Open Space" to be replaced by "Policy RC2 (Community Needs)".	Factual correction.	JPU Officer
PC009/	Appendix 5	Northampt	Add "Policy BN5 (The Historic Environment)" to	Factual correction.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
A5		on (Policy E12)	the replacement Joint Core Strategy section.		
PC010/ A5	Appendix 5	Northampt on (Policy B13)	Remove Infrastructure related to business use and insert 'Satisfactory residential environment'.	Factual correction.	JPU Officer
PC011/ A5	Appendix 5	Northampt on (Policy T14)	Add "Policy C3 (Strategic Connections)" to the replacement Joint Core Strategy section.	Factual correction.	JPU Officer
PC012/ A5	Appendix 5	South Northampt onshire (Policy WFH1)	Remove "Policy WFH1" from Appendix 5.	Factual correction - this policy has yet to be implemented and will remain a Saved Policy.	JPU Officer

Section 19.0 – Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Affordable Housing	Amend the final sentence as follows: "It includes both socially rented, <u>affordable rented</u> and intermediate housing".	Changes in National Planning Policy.	JPU Officer
PC002/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Ancient Woodlands	Amend text as follows: "Ancient Woodlands <u>: These</u> are defined as areas"	Typographical error.	JPU Officer
PC003/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Application Approved in Principle (AIP)	Delete "-"after the title ' Application Approved in Principle (AIP):- (Remove this dash).	Typographical error.	JPU Officer
PC004/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	D2 Assembly and leisure	Amend text as follows: "Town and Country Planning (USE Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) includes <u>C</u> cinemas, music and concert halls, bingo and dance halls"	Typographical error.	JPU Officer
PC005/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Development Plan Document (DPD)	Add the following sentence at the end: "Current Local Planning Regulations no longer use the term DPD and refer to Local Development Documents (LDDs) instead."	To reflect changes in Local Planning Regulations	JPU Officer
PC006/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	District Centre	Amend text as follows: "A centre that provides a <u>broad diversity of retail</u> <u>uses and</u> a number of facilities to serve the community, such as a group of shops including supermarket or superstore and a range of non- retail services such as banks, building societies, and restaurants, as well as local public facilities	For clarity and to reflect changes in National Planning Policy Guidance.	JPU Officer

Section 1	9.0 – Glossary	of Terms	and Abbrev	<i>iations</i>

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			such as a library and health care provision. as defined in PPS4."		
PC007/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Environment Agency	Amend text as follows: "Environment Agency: This is a Public Body that is responsible for protecting and improving the environment of England and Wales, and for protecting communities from the risk of flooding and managing water resources."	Typographical error.	JPU Officer
PC008/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Interchanges	Amend text as follows: "Interchanges: Place where passengers or goods are exchanged/transported between tow two (or more) different types of transport".	Typographical error.	JPU Officer
PC009/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Local Centre	Amend text as follows: "Local Centre: A centre that includes a range of small shops <u>and services</u> of a local nature, serving a small catchment. They might typically include a small supermarket, a newsagent, a sub-post office, a pharmacy <u>and</u> take-away. and laundrette as defined in PPS4."	To reflect changes in National Planning Policy.	JPU Officer
PC010/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Local Development Documents	 Insert a definition of Local Development Documents as follows: "Local Development Documents (LDDs): Any document prepared by a local planning authority individually or with other local planning authorities which deals one or more of the following: the development and use of land; the allocation of sites for a particular form of development or use; 	To reflect changes in Local Planning Regulations.	JPU Officer

Section 19.0 – Glossary of Terms	and Abbreviations
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Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 environmental, social, design and economic objectives relevant to the development and use of land; and development management and site allocations policies which guide the determination of planning applications." 		
PC011/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Local Development Framework (LDF)	Insert the following sentence at the end of the definition: "The National Planning Policy Framework no longer refers to LDFs and uses the term 'Local Plan' instead."	To reflect changes in National Planning Policy Guidance.	
PC012/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Local Development Orders	Insert a definition of 'Local Development Orders' as follows: " Local Development Orders: Local Development Orders are statutory documents that define what land uses may be developed without planning permission."	To describe the role of Local Development Orders.	
PC013/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Local Plan	Insert a definition of 'Local Plan' as follows: "Local Plan: The plan for the future development of the local area, drawn up by the local planning authority in consultation with the community. In law this is described as the development plan documents adopted under the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004. Current core strategies and other planning policies which under the regulations would be considered to be development plan documents, form part of the Local Plan. The term includes old policies which	To describe the role of Local Plans.	

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			have been saved under the 2004 Act."		
PC014/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Local Strategic Partnership	Remove 'a' from the following sentence: "Local Strategic Partnership: This-a is a partnership that brings together organizations organisations from public, private, community and voluntary sector in a local authority,'"	Typographical error.	JPU Officer
PC015/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Localism Act	Insert the following text in regards to the Localism Act: "Localism Act: This is an Act of Parliament that changes the powers of local government in England. The act includes provisions for local government finance, town and country planning, the Community Infrastructure Levy and the authorisation of nationally significant infrastructure projects."	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC016/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)	Insert a definition of the NPPF as follows: "National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF): This document sets out the Government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied. It provides a framework within which local people and their accountable councils can produce their own distinctive local and neighbourhood plans, which reflect the needs and priorities of their communities."	Factual update.	JPU Officer
PC017/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Northampton Enterprise Limited	Amend the text as follows: "Northamptonshire Enterprise Limited Partnership (NELP): A partnership between the public, private and voluntary sectors. Its purpose is	Factual update.	JPU Officer

Section 19.0 – Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations

Section 19.0 – Gl	ossary of Terms	and Abbreviations

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			to develop the Northamptonshire economy and support job creation."		
PC018/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Open Book Approach	Amend the text as follows: "This is a term used to describe the process by which a Local Planning Authority can expect a developer to further submit evidence (i.e. Viability Assessment), when negotiating planning contributions such as Affordable Housing, Infrastructure, etc, in order to demonstrate that the development will be unviable if the contributions are provided."	Grammatical error.	JPU Officer
PC019/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Planning Policy Guidance Notes (PPGs)	Amend the text as follows: "Planning Policy Guidance Notes (PPGs): Prepared by the government after public consultation to provide guidance to local authorities on planning policy. These are gradually being replaced by Planning Policy Statements. These documents have now been replaced by the National Planning Policy Framework"	To reflect changes in National Planning Policy.	JPU Officer
PC020/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Planning Policy Statements	Amend the text as follows: "Planning Policy Statements (PPS): National planning policy produced by Government, gradually replacing Planning Policy Guidance Notes (PPGs). With the exception of PPS 10 (Planning for Sustainable Waste Management) these documents have now been replaced by the National Planning Policy Framework"	To reflect changes in National Planning Policy.	JPU Officer
PC021/G	19.0	Strategic	Insert apostrophe at the end of the sentence:	Grammatical error.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
	Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Environment Assessment	"The European 'SEA Directive' (2001/42/EC) requires a formal 'environmental assessment of certain plans and programmes, including those in the field of planning and land use'."		
PC022/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Sustainable Urban Extensions (SUE's)	Insert the following text in regards to a definition of Sustainable Urban Extensions (taken from Paragraph 5.30 of the JCS): "Sustainable Urban Extensions: These are defined as a planned expansion of a city or town that can contribute to creating more sustainable patterns of development when located in the right place, with well-planned infrastructure including access to a range of facilities and when developed at appropriate densities."	To improve clarity.	JPU Officer
PC023/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Water Cycle Study (Phase 1)	Insert the following text in regards to a definition of Phase 1 of the Water Cycle Study: "Water Cycle Study (WCS) Phase 1: This assessed the potential impacts and constraints associated with the proposed major development areas with regard to the key topics of flood risk, water resources and supply, foul sewerage, waste water treatment, water quality and water-related ecology."	To improve clarity.	JPU Officer
PC024/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	Water Cycle Study (Phase 2)	Insert the following text in regards to a definition of Phase 2 of the Water Cycle Study: "Water Cycle Study (WCS) Phase 2: This is the final detailed water cycle study which updates and extends the Phase 1 outline study."	To improve clarity.	JPU Officer

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC025/G	19.0 Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	West Northampton shire Employment Land Study (WNELS)	Insert the following text in regards to the West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study (WNELS): "West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study (WNELS): This is an assessment of the need and demand for employment land and premises in the West Northamptonshire area."	To improve clarity.	JPU Officer

Section 19.0 – Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations

Schedule of <u>Minor</u> Proposed Changes

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC001/M K	20 Maps and Key Diagram Index	Figure 2 and Figure 3	 Remove "Policy RC1" from the notation for "Northampton Town Centre". Delete "Northampton" from the notation for "Existing and Proposed Local Centres Policy No. S2". Remove the "s" from "Daventry Areas of Community Regeneration Policy No D4" Under "Improvement to Road Infrastructure" replace "Daventry to Northampton A45 Corridor Improvement" with "Daventry Development Link". Under "Improvement to Road Infrastructure" replace "Towcester South A5 Bypass" with "Towcester Relief Road". Remove "Northampton Employment Site, Policy No N3 Technology Realm, Northampton North". Move "Weedon Depot Policy No BN6" from "Strategic Employment Sites" to "Built & Natural Environment". Remove "Potential" SPA Policy No BN4". Remove "Unbuilt Development with planning approval in principle" under "Existing Features". Add "Existing Canals" under "Existing Features". Add the "A428" to the north west of Northampton. 	 1-3. Correction. 4-6. For consistency with the rest of the JCS. 7. Correction. 8. Factual update. 9. This notation is unnecessary on the Key Diagram. 10-12. For clarity. 	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 106037

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			12. Add the "A508" to the north of Northampton.		
PC002/M K	20 Maps and Key Diagram Index	New Figure 3-1	Inset a new enlargement of the Key Diagram as Figure 3-1 to enable the location of Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal to be more clearly seen.	To improve clarity.	Rugby Radio Station Limited Partnership 4641633/JCS_Full/1 097685
PC003/M K	20 Maps and Key Diagram Index	Figure 4	 Amend the shading for the Sustainable Urban extensions to yellow from orange. Amend the notation for Phase 2 of the Northampton North West Bypass to "Indicative alignment for improvements to Transport Infrastructure (Road)". Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUEs." 	To improve clarity and ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 105941
PC004/M K	20 Maps and Key Diagram Index	Figure 5 and all Inset Maps	 Add reference on the Proposals Map and all the inset maps to where further details are available about the Minerals Safeguarding Areas as follows: "Note: For further details about the Minerals Safeguarding Areas see the Northamptonshire MWDF Core Strategy DPD (Adopted May 2010)." Update the flood zones in accordance with updated Environment Agency flood zone maps. 	 To improve clarity. Factual update. 	Northamptonshire County Council 4639073/JCS_Full/1 090613
PC005/M K	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 1	 Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUE." Delete the following notations from the 	 To ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS. 	 JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu

Schedule of Minor Proposed Changes

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			Legend; District Boundary, Local Nature Reserve, Mineral Safeguarding Limestone, Flood Zone 2 and Flood Zone 3. 3. Show the boundary for Brackley East SUE (Policy B2).	 The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. For clarity. 	II/1105941
РС006/М К	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 2	 Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUEs." Delete the following notations from the Legend: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, Local Nature Reserve, and Mineral Safeguarding Limestone. Show the boundary for Brackley North SUE (Policy B3). 	 To ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS. The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. For clarity. 	 JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941
РС007/М К	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 3	 Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUEs." Delete the following notations from the Legend: District Boundary, Sites of Special Scientific Interest, Local Nature Reserve, Mineral Safeguarding Limestone, and Area not covered by SUE Policy Amend the SUE boundary to reflect the latest planning proposals for the Towcester South SUE and the conclusions of the Towcester Transport Study Show the boundaries for Policies T2 and T5 on the Inset Map and include in the Legend. 	 To ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS. The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. To reflect the latest planning proposals for the Towcester South SUE and the conclusions of the Towcester Transport Study. For completeness. 	 JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941 JPU Officer JPU Officer

Schedule of Minor Proposed Changes

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
PC008/M K	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 4	Delete the following notations from the Legend: District Boundary, Sites of Special Scientific Interest, Local Nature Reserve, and Mineral Safeguarding Limestone.	The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 10594
PC009/M K	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 5	Delete the following notations from the Legend: District Boundary, Sites of Special Scientific Interest, Local Nature Reserve, Potential Wildlife Sites and Mineral Safeguarding Limestone.	The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 10594
PC010/M K	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 6	 Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUE". Delete the following notations from the Legend: Sites of Special Scientific Interest and Mineral Safeguarding Limestone. Change colour of the Local Nature Reserve designation from brown to green and show on the Inset Map. Add a new notation to the Legend and Inset Map: "Local Nature Reserve & Mineral Safeguarding Sand and Gravel" Amend red line allocation to include access road along B4036 to A5. 	 To ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS. The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. For clarity and to correct an omission. For clarity where these features overlap. For clarity regarding required road access upgrade 	 JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941 Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941 JPU Officer JPU Officer
PC011/M K	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 7	 Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUE." Delete the following notations from the Legend: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, and Mineral Safeguarding Limestone. 	 To ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS. The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. 	 JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)	
PC012/ MK	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 8	 Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUEs." Delete the following notations from the Legend: Sites of Special Scientific Interest and Mineral Safeguarding Limestone. Amend red line allocation to include access road along Hawksmoor Way to the A428. Add policy reference 'N7' and 'N8' with respective allocations and show redline allocation at N8 SUE. District boundary notation on inset map shown more clearly in relation to SUE. Show the boundary of Northampton North of Whitehills SUE. 	 To ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS. The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. For clarity regarding required road access upgrade For clarity as two SUE allocations appear on one inset map, & 6. For clarity. 	 JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941 JPU Officer JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941 	
РС013/ МК	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 9	 Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUE." Delete the following notations from the Legend: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, Local Nature Reserve, and Mineral Safeguarding Limestone. District boundary notation on inset map shown more clearly in relation to SUE. 	 To ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS. The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. For clarity 	 JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941 Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941 	
РС014/ МК	20 Maps and Key Diagram Index	Inset Map 10	 Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUE." Delete the following notations from the Legend: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, and Mineral Safeguarding Limestone. 	 To ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS. The features listed do not appear on the 	 JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941 JPU Officer 	

Schedule of Minor Proposed Changes

Change ID	Change IDSection of the Pre- Submission JCSPolicy/ ParagraphProposed Change		Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
			 Change colour of the Local Nature Reserve designation from brown to green and show on the Inset Map. Expand the Inset Map to show the full extent of the SUE boundary. 	 Inset Map. For clarity and to correct an omission For completeness and clarity. 	4. JPU Officer
РС015/ МК	20 Maps and Key Diagram Index	Inset Map 11	 Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUEs." Delete the following notations from the Legend: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, Local Nature Reserve, Mineral Safeguarding Limestone, Flood Zone 2 and Flood Zone 3. 	 To ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS. The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. 	 JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941
PC016/ MK	20 Maps and Key Diagram Index	Inset Map 12	 Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUEs." Delete the following notations from the Legend: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, Local Nature Reserve, Mineral Safeguarding Limestone, and Area not covered by SUE Policy. 	 To ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS. The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. 	 JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941
PC017/ MK	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 13	 Amend the Green Space wording in the Legend to read "Indicative Structural Green Space associated with SUEs." Delete the following notations from the Legend: Sites of Special Scientific Interest, Local Nature Reserve, and Mineral Safeguarding Limestone. Amend the northern boundary of the SUE to exclude land and buildings associated with Quinton House School. 	 To ensure consistency of wording throughout the JCS. The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. Quinton House School is not part of the SUE proposal. 	 JPU Officer Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941 JPU Officer JPU Officer Multiple representations on the PSJCS

Schedule of <u>Minor</u> Proposed Changes

Change ID	ge ID Section of Policy/ Proposed Change Reason for Change Submission JCS		Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)	
			 Minor extension to the eastern boundary of the SUE. Extend the Green Space designation eastwards up to the Cross Valley Link Road (CVLR). Delete the Green Space designation from the northern boundary adjoining the A4500. 	 To be consistent with the planning application submitted by the Homes and Communities Agency. To ensure that development does not extend beyond the CVLR in this location. In recognition that this area does not perform a structural green space function. 	6. JPU Officer
PC018/ MK	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 14	 Delete the following notations from the Legend: District Boundary, Sites of Special Scientific Interest, Local Nature Reserve, Mineral Safeguarding Sand and Gravel and Mineral Safeguarding Limestone. Include the boundary of Policy B1 Employment Area 	 The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. For clarity. 	 Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941 JPU Officer
PC019/ MK	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Inset Map 15	 Delete the following notations from the Legend: District Boundary, Sites of Special Scientific Interest, Local Nature Reserve, Mineral Safeguarding Sand and Gravel and Mineral Safeguarding Limestone. Include the boundary of Policy B1 Town Centre. Show "Area not covered by this Joint Core Strategy" on the Inset Map and on the Legend. 	 The features listed do not appear on the Inset Map. For clarity. To reflect that the Map includes land which is outside South Northamptonshire's 	 Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Fu II/1105941 JPU Officer JPU Officer

Schedule of Minor Proposed Changes

Change ID	Section of the Pre- Submission JCS	Policy/ Paragraph	Proposed Change	Reason for Change	Source of Change (e.g. JPU Officer, Representation Number/ s)
				District Boundary.	
PC020/ MK	20 Maps and Key Diagram	Figure 6	In the Figure title delete the "s" on "Network s ".	For clarity.	Daventry District Council 4623361/JCS_Full/1 106037
PC021/ MK	20 Maps and Key Diagram	New Figure 7	Inset a new Figure 7 in relation to the Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits Special Protection Area (Policy BN4) to illustrate the 250 metres buffer zone where further assessment will be required in relation to bird sightlines.	To support and give clarity to the revised Policy BN4 to take account of the recommendations of the Habitats Regulations Assessment and the Sustainability Appraisal.	West Northamptonshire Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy Habitats Regulations Assessment and the West Northamptonshire Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy Sustainability Appraisal.

1.0 Foreword

The importance of "Strategic Planning" which shapes and makes the places in which people live, work and play cannot be underestimated. The alternative would, in all likelihood, result in an uncoordinated approach through speculative developer-led planning and related applications. This Pre Submission West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy is a key document in ensuring places are shaped and made in a way which meets the needs of the people of today whilst ensuring the needs of future generations are safeguarded.

This document is the first one to be produced in the West Northamptonshire Local Development Framework, a suite of planning policy and related documents that will, together, guide the evolution of Northampton, Daventry and South Northamptonshire in the years that lie ahead. It provides a long-term vision for the area with an overall framework in which more detailed plans will be drawn up and decisions made. It contains a broad planning strategy aimed at meeting that vision, and contains core strategic policies, which the Partner Councils - Daventry District, Northampton Borough, South Northamptonshire and Northamptonshire County Councils - believe will provide sound guidance in the years ahead. This Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy has been prepared in such a way so as to enable it to be disaggregated into three separate local plans, one for each of the partner Borough and District Councils, if that is considered appropriate in the future. The Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy replaces the Emergent Joint Core Strategy that was published for consultation in July 2009.

The whole community has had a real opportunity to positively and collectively influence and improve the way we do things in the future - in the way we use land, we build, and how we shape our environment. Further opportunity to get involved in the planning of our areas is now available through the publication of this Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy.

The involvement of the local community and many other organisations and groups to date has helped the Partner Councils to shape <u>the this Pre-Submission</u> Joint Core Strategy document. All involved in the preparation of it are very grateful for these contributions that have been made throughout the lengthy period the document has been in the making and here is a further opportunity for more input.

The Councils consider that the scale of development set out in this Plan to meet the local needs of the area is both realistic and deliverable. We recognise the importance of ensuring the appropriate levels of strategic and local community infrastructure requirements are delivered alongside any future housing growth.

The Localism Bill Act includes a duty to co-operate to ensure that local authorities and public bodies co-operate with each other. The duty is seen by Government as a key element of its proposals for strategic working once Regional Strategies are abolished. The dynamic partnership of Councils and other stakeholders that make up the West Northamptonshire planning partnership are delighted that we have reached this stage in order to protect our communities whilst at the same time meeting future local housing demand and encouraging future economic growth, which is so important to all of us. It strikes the right balance between ensuring the area is planned as a whole whilst also celebrating the diversity of the

distinctive places across the constituent Councils' areas. The Councils remain committed to this co-operative working and where appropriate this will extend to other local authority areas.



Councillor Chris Millar,

Chair of the West Northamptonshire

Joint Strategic Planning Committee

The Representation Arrangements

Topic of the representation period	The West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy sets out a spatial vision and spatial objectives. It is a spatial strategy to provide spatial polices to deliver sustainable development and to make strategic allocations to 2026.
Stage of plan making	Consultation has been on going from the start of the preparation process. The stages and methods adopted are stated in the partner Councils adopted Statements of Community Involvement.
Purpose and scope of the representation period	The purpose of the representations period is to gain views on the soundness or legal compliance of the Pre-Submission West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy under Regulation 27 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Development) (England) Regulations 2004 (as amended 2008).
Consultation bodies	Statutory bodies, local authorities, Town and Parish Councils, strategic partners, utilities companies, other local groups and organisations and the general public have been invited to make representations.

Table i: The Representations Arrangements

Publication period	The period of representations is for the statutory 6 weeks period commencing on 17 February 2011 to 31 March 2011.			
	Representations using the representation form can be made electronically through the on-line consultation portal at:			
	http://ldfconsultation.westnorthamptonshirejpu.org			
	A link to the consultation portal is also available via the West Northamptonshire Joint Planning Unit website at:			
How to respond	www.westnorthamptonshirejpu.org			
	You can email us at:			
	westnorthantsjpu@northampton.gov.uk			
	Alternatively you can write to us at the address set out below.			
	_			
	West Northamptonshire Joint Planning Unit,			
~	PO Box 1022, Northampton, NN1 9EA.			
Contact	Tel: 01604 837838			
	Fax: 01604 838543			

2.0 Contents and List of Policies

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3.0 Introduction

3.1 This section sets out the introduction to the West Northamptonshire Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy document. The section explains:

- What the West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy is;
- The format of the Joint Core Strategy; and
- The next stages in the Joint Core Strategy preparation process.

What is the West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy?

3.2 West Northamptonshire is the area covered by Daventry District, Northampton Borough and South Northamptonshire Councils. It includes the towns of Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley and all the villages and rural areas within the three Councils' administrative areas.

3.3 The West Northamptonshire Joint Strategic Planning Committee was established by Statutory Instrument[1] in 2008. The Committee is responsible for plan-making in West Northamptonshire. The Committee is supported by the West Northamptonshire Joint Planning Unit (JPU).

3.4 This Joint Core Strategy (JCS) has been prepared by the JPU on behalf of the three Councils of Daventry District, Northampton Borough and South Northamptonshire working together with Northamptonshire Council.

3.5 The JCS sets out the long-term vision and objectives for the whole of the West Northamptonshire area for the plan period up to 2026, including strategic policies for steering and shaping development. It identifies specific locations for strategic new housing and employment and changes to transport infrastructure and other supporting community facilities, as well as defining areas where development will be limited. It helps to ensure the co-ordination and delivery of other services and related strategies (these strategies are identified in Appendix 1).

3.6 In many areas existing infrastructure is at, or near capacity. The JCS is designed to deliver significant growth in housing and employment but this is dependent on necessary investment being available in a timely way to overcome the deficiencies in supporting infrastructure. The JCS cannot be delivered without key infrastructure as set out in section 11 of this Plan. Public sector finance is likely to be limited, at least in the early phases of the Plan period which means that the effectiveness of the approach to developer contributions set out in this JCS will be fundamental to the successful achievement of the spatial vision and objectives through the spatial strategy. The monitoring and implementation section (Section 17) of the JCS sets out how the JCS will be monitored and reviewed to ensure its objectives are met.

3.7 The Local Strategic Partnerships have identified the aspirations and needs of local people in their Sustainable Community Strategies[2], which together create a long-term vision for the area and set the agenda for the priorities in the Joint Core Strategy.

3.8 The Localism Act 2011 and the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 have introduced a range of changes to the planning system including provisions for the removal of Regional Spatial Strategies, the introduction of Neighbourhood Plans and changes to the former Local Development Framework system in favour of Local Plans. Consequently the Joint Core Strategy now becomes a Local Plan alongside a range of other Local Plans covering different locations or topics The Joint Core Strategy forms part of the West Northamptonshire Local Development Framework (LDF): a folder of documents that will guide future development and use of land in West Northamptonshire for the Plan period up to 2026. Regard has been had in the preparation of this Joint Core Strategy to the recent planning system reforms and changes have been proposed, where appropriate, to reflect the planning reforms including the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF). Consequently the Joint Core Strategy is now in full accordance with the policies in the NPPF.

3.9 The LDF will replace old-style Local Plans and will be used to assess all planning applications. Some Local Plans Subsequent parts of the LDF will provide more detailed development management policies and will also allocate smaller, non-strategic sites for new developments. The West Northamptonshire Local Development Scheme (LDS) [3]approved in June 2012 February 2010 sets out the full list of Local Plans or Local Development Documents (LDDs) that will be produced in West Northamptonshire, who will produce them and when. All Development Plan Documents (DPDs) and Supplementary Planning Documents (SPDs) produced in West Northamptonshire will have to be in conformity with the JCS. In addition to the Local Plans listed in the West Northamptonshire Local Development Scheme Northamptonshire County Council are responsible for the preparation of the Northamptonshire Minerals and Waste Development Local Plan (previously known as the Minerals and Waste Development Framework or NMWDF). Regard has been had to the NMWDF in the preparation of this JCS. Both when promoters are preparing development proposals and when local planning authorities are considering planning applications regard should be had to the content and requirements of the NMWDF.

3.10 When considering development proposals the relevant Council will take a positive approach that reflects the presumption in favour of sustainable development contained in the National Planning Policy Framework. It will always work proactively with applicants jointly to find solutions which mean that proposals for sustainable development will be approved and to secure development that improves the economic, social and environmental conditions in the area. Planning applications that accord with the policies in this Local Plan (and, where relevant, with policies in other local plans and neighbourhood plans) will be approved without delay, unless material considerations indicate otherwise. Where there are no policies relevant to the application or relevant policies are out of date at the time of making the decision then the appropriate Council will grant permission unless material considerations indicate otherwise - taking into account whether:

- <u>Any adverse impacts of granting permission would significantly and</u> <u>demonstrably outweight the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the</u> <u>National Planning Policy Framework taken as a whole; or</u>
- Specific policies in that Framework indicate that development should be restricted.

3.<u>11</u>40 European and national legislation requires local planning authorities to undertake a Sustainability Appraisal, a Strategic Environmental Assessment and a Habitats Regulations Assessment (also known as an Appropriate Assessment) of the JCS. These documents form part of the evidence base that supports this Plan. All the Sustainability Appraisal/ Strategic Environmental Assessment and Appropriate Assessment documents for West Northamptonshire are listed in Appendix 2 of this Joint Core Strategy.

3.<u>12</u>11 The JCS is required to comply with national and regional policies but should not repeat them. References are provided to Government policy documents, the evidence base, technical papers and the spatial objectives throughout the document. The list of Plans and Other Strategies Taken into Account in the Preparation of the Joint Core Strategy is included in Appendix 1 and the list of the Evidence Base for the Joint Core Strategy is included in Appendix 2 of this Joint Core Strategy.

3.<u>13</u>12 The JCS is a high level strategy and most of the policies in the currently adopted Local Plans[4] will continue to apply. However, some of the policies in these plans are of a

more strategic nature and will no longer be relevant following the adoption of this JCS. Although this strategy will have limited effect on the adopted Local Plans' proposals maps, there are a few instances where these maps will change. The superseded policies and the changes to proposals maps are listed in Appendix 5.

3.<u>14</u>13 As of 27 September 2007, some <u>Adopted</u> Local Plan policies ceased to be "saved" (see Appendix 5 for details). Eventually, all the policies of the <u>Adopted</u> Local Plans will be replaced by <u>new Local Plans</u> the <u>DPDs</u> that make up the WN LDF. Policies will not be replaced all at once, as there will be the WN LDF is a series of separate Local Plans DPDs. Thus, as each document is produced, further existing <u>Adopted</u> Local Plan policies will, if appropriate, be replaced and, therefore, will no longer be "saved". Planning decisions will continue to be made in accordance with "saved" <u>Adopted</u> Local Plan policies until such time as they are replaced or revoked, or they are not consistent with the National Planning Policy Framework.

1. The West Northamptonshire Joint Committee Order 2008 No 1572 [back]

2. Daventry District Local Strategic Partnership:2010. Sustainable Community Strategy for Daventry District 2010-2026 Northampton Local Strategic Partnership:2008. Northampton Sustainable Community Strategy 2008-11 South Northamptonshire Local Strategic Partnership: 2010. South Northamptonshire Sustainable communities Strategy 2010-2015. [back]

 West Northamptonshire Local Development Scheme: June 2012 February 2010] [back]
 Daventry District Council: Adopted Daventry District Local Plan (June 1997) and Saved Policies (September 2007) Northampton Borough Council: Adopted Northampton local Plan (June 1997) and Saved Polices (September 2007) South Northamptonshire Council: Adopted South Northamptonshire Local Plan (October 1997) and Saved Policies (September 2007)

The Format of the Joint Core Strategy

3.<u>15</u>14 The format of this JCS is as follows:

- Section 4 is the spatial portrait which gives an overview of West Northamptonshire's characteristics, the issues that arise from this and lead to the identification of the Vision and Objectives for this Plan.
- Section 5 sets out the Spatial Strategy for the Plan the big picture of "where" and "when" we want activity, development and investment to be over the period to 2026. This includes the roles and relationships of the settlements, the hierarchy of centres and the distribution of development.
- Sections 6 11 set out the policies that apply to the whole of the plan area the West Northamptonshire-wide policies. These policies cover: connections, regenerating and building communities, economic advantage, housing, built and natural environment, and, infrastructure and delivery.
- Sections 12 16 set out the policies and proposals for the places in West Northamptonshire. These policies cover: the towns of Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley; and the rural areas.
- Section 17 sets out the Implementation and Monitoring Framework outlining "how" the plan will be monitored and reviewed to ensure that its objectives are met.
- The Context Map, Key Diagram and the Proposals Map are included in Section 20 of the JCS. The purpose of the Key Diagram is to present the spatial policies in the JCS

in a diagrammatic form. The purpose of the Proposals Map is to identify areas of protection, areas at risk of flooding and sites allocated for particular land use and development proposals to which specific policies apply.

3.<u>16</u>+5 Every effort has been made to make the document as clear as possible with little reference to planning guidance and <u>national</u> policy statements. However, it does contain some technical language so there is a Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations in Section 19 to help readers with the range of new terms that have been introduced. Where appropriate footnotes are also included at the bottom of each page of the JCS.

3.<u>17</u>16 The JCS should be read as a whole. All policies are interrelated and must be read together to understand their combined effect as a strategy. Unless otherwise stated, they apply across the whole plan area and are designed to encourage, facilitate and manage development that makes a positive contribution to West Northamptonshire and its component areas.

The Next Stages in the Joint Core Strategy Preparation Process

3.<u>18</u>17 The outcome of <u>the Changes to the this</u> Pre-Submission JCS consultation will lead to the preparation of the Submission JCS by <u>November 2012</u> June 2011. The Submission JCS will be <u>published for comment at the same time as being</u> submitted to the Planning Inspectorate for consideration at a Public Examination. The independent Public Examination will test the "soundness" of the JCS and consider representations on the basis of whether the plan is sound. Subject to the timing of the enactment of the Localism Bill which may change the nature of the Inspector's Report and the final stages of plan preparation, t The Inspector appointed by the Secretary of State to conduct the Examination will produce a report with recommendations which will be binding. Any changes <u>recommended required</u> by the Inspector will be incorporated and then the JCS will be adopted. The adoption of the JCS will be advertised. It is expected that the JCS will be adopted in <u>October 2013</u> May 2012 and published shortly afterwards.

4.0 Spatial Portrait, Vision and Objectives

4.1 This section sets out the spatial portrait of West Northamptonshire, the vision we have for the future of the area and the objectives we will follow to achieve that vision.

4.2 The spatial portrait describes where we are now - it gives an overview of West Northamptonshire's characteristics and the challenges that arise from those characteristics.

4.3 The vision describes what we want for the area in the future and how we see the area will develop and move forward. The objectives set out how we will achieve our vision and provide specific direction to the policies of this Joint Core Strategy (JCS).

Spatial Portrait - Where we are now

The Spatial Context

4.4 <u>Figure 1 in Section 20 at the end of this Plan shows the West Northamptonshire</u> <u>Context Map.</u>

4.5 West Northamptonshire is located within the southern part of central England. It covers a large geographical area and encompasses the administrative areas of Northampton Borough Council, Daventry District Council and South Northamptonshire Council in the County of Northamptonshire. The area includes four towns: Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley and the extensive rural areas within South Northamptonshire and Daventry Districts incorporating over 190 villages.

4.6 There are strong connections between Daventry, South Northamptonshire and Northampton areas, reflected in significant household and travel to work movements between the settlements in these areas. To the east, travel links to Kettering and Corby are weaker although Wellingborough has strong links with the Northampton area. There are also significant commuter flows into Milton Keynes from Northampton and South Northamptonshire.

4.7 West Northamptonshire has excellent connections to the rest of the country and to mainland Europe. The area benefits from key strategic transport infrastructure including linkages to the M1, M40, M6, the Haven Ports and the West Coast Mainline, Chiltern and Midland Mainline railways. The area is often described as being at the crossroads of the M1 north-south route and the A14/ M6 east-west route.

4.8 West Northamptonshire is within the influence of Greater London and Birmingham, the country's two largest cities. Travel times from Northampton to both London and Birmingham by train are only one hour. For air travel most passenger journeys by residents and businesses in West Northamptonshire are made from major gateway airports at London and smaller regional airports at East Midlands, London Luton or Birmingham International. Whilst both East Midlands Airport and London Luton Airport are accessible by car within one hour's journey time from Northampton there are limited rail connections to both destinations.

4.9 For shopping, Northampton town centre together with its retail parks is the main attractor for the majority of West Northamptonshire residents and for some residents of areas beyond. However, there is a pull from Milton Keynes in the southern part of the West Northamptonshire area for town centre shopping and likewise from Banbury and Rugby for the western parts of the West Northamptonshire area. Northampton, as the County town, is also the focus for major services and facilities for the surrounding towns including those beyond West Northamptonshire such as Wellingborough, Kettering and Rushden.

The West Northamptonshire Area

4.10 West Northamptonshire has an overall population of 377,900 people (Office of National Statistics 2009 mid-year estimate). Whilst the land area is predominately rural, 55% of this population live within the urban area of Northampton. The majority of residents from South Northamptonshire and Daventry districts live in the rural areas outside the market towns of Brackley, Daventry and Towcester.

4.11 The area presently has an above average youth population and a below average older population, however population projections indicate that the proportion of elderly people within the population is likely to rise.

Northampton

4.12 Northampton, as the County town for Northamptonshire, is the area's main employment, retail and cultural centre. It has a population of over 210,500 people (Office of National Statistics 2009 mid-year estimate). In 1965 Northampton was designated as a New Town and planned expansion was carried out between 1968 and 1985 by Northampton Development Corporation. Consequently the population of the town steadily grew from about 100,000 in the early 1960s.

4.13 The town is home to well known companies such as Carlsberg, Avon Products, Barclaycard, Nationwide Building Society and Panasonic. In August 2011 Northampton Waterside was awarded Enterprise Zone status following a bid submitted by the South East Midlands Enterprise Partnership (SEMLEP). Northampton is also the focus for learning in the area and is the home of University of Northampton and Northampton College, with Moulton College lying immediately to the north of the town. Northampton town centre provides the main services and facilities, health care and retail offer for the wider population of Northamptonshire.

Daventry

4.14 Daventry is a market town with a population of around 25,000. The town experienced significant expansion in the 1960s and 1970s as a result of its designation as an overspill town for Birmingham, although the level and speed of growth did not occur as expected in this period.

Towcester

4.15 Towcester is the oldest town in Northamptonshire with a population of about 10,000. The town experienced significant housing expansion in the 1980s. Towcester residents predominantly travel to either Northampton or Milton Keynes for work and shopping (other than food shopping). Towcester has an historic and attractive town centre but is adversely affected by congestion and poor air quality on the A5.

Brackley

4.16 Brackley is an attractive historic market town. It has a population of about 14,000 and has experienced extensive housing expansion over the last 20 years. Brackley residents are increasingly travelling to the neighbouring larger towns of Banbury, Oxford and Milton Keynes for employment and shopping and the town centre is declining. Brackley does however have major motorsport employment.

Jobs

4.17 West Northamptonshire, being a diverse area, has a broad economic base. Historically the economy of the area was agriculturally based with manufacturing predominantly at the towns, particularly Northampton. Whilst farming still accounts for much of the land use it represents a very small percentage of the employed population. However, the agricultural sector remains an essential part of the local economy and it is important that farming and farmers are encouraged to be more competitive and more sustainable. Today manufacturing is in decline and jobs are largely in the office, technology, warehousing and service industries.

4.18 Outside the urban areas rural diversification is significant in supporting the economy of the rural communities, with small industrial units often containing high occupancy rates. The visitor and tourism economy is also a strong source of employment, particularly in South Northamptonshire District.

4.19 Northampton accounts for nearly 70% of jobs in West Northamptonshire, whilst Daventry town and its district account for a further 18%. The remaining 12% is generated from South Northamptonshire district. Silverstone Circuit plays an important role in South Northamptonshire's economy. Internationally renowned for motor racing it straddles the boundary with Aylesbury Vale and is both a year round tourist attraction and a significant employer with a focus on knowledge based research and high technology motorsport related industry. Motorsport and high performance engineering has broadly influenced the economy of the whole area.

4.20 Given West Northamptonshire's central position in the country and its excellent rail and road network (particularly north-south and less so east-west) there has been a strong growth in the warehouse sector. In particular Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal (DIRFT) serves as a strategic location for storage and distribution. Further demand for storage and distribution premises remains high.

4.21 Creation of office jobs in West Northamptonshire has been high in the last 10 years or so and has largely been associated with Northampton. Between 2001 and 2008 Northampton Borough added just over 3,000 new office sector jobs, South Northamptonshire 2,300 new office sector jobs (largely related to Grange Park which is located on the southern edge of Northampton) and Daventry District 1,300 new office sector jobs.

4.22 The growth in office jobs has mainly been through growth in the public sector rather than in the private commercial sector and much of this growth is centred on Northampton as the principal town for the area. Between 2001 and 2008 public sector office jobs in Northampton grew from just under 3,000 to 5,000. The anticipated reduction in public sector spending in 2010 could have a significant impact on the number of public sector office jobs within the local economy for the next few years.

Homes

4.23 The four main towns in West Northamptonshire have all experienced considerable housing growth over the years in order to support viable, sustainable and mixed communities. Housing stock varies greatly from older, traditional housing to modern, contemporary forms. Some specific neighbourhoods in Northampton and Daventry are in need of housing improvement.

4.24 Whilst there are some areas of high house prices within the West Northamptonshire area, affordability is relatively good in comparison with national house prices. Between April 2008 and March 2009 48.3% of all properties sold were priced between £125,000 and

£200,000[1]. Average house prices in Northampton Borough are below the national average, peaking at around £175,000 in 2007 and dropping to £130,000 in 2009. Daventry and South Northamptonshire Districts have above the national average house prices with both areas peaking at around £270,000 in 2007 and dropping to £200,000 in Daventry District and £230,000 in South Northamptonshire in 2009.

4.25 The West Northamptonshire Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2009 identified that nearly 20,000 households across West Northamptonshire are unsuitably housed, amounting to 13.8% of all households (which compares closely to the national average). Unsuitably housed households occur more predominantly in the urban areas whereas the rural areas and villages show very low levels of unsuitably housed residents. In terms of overcrowding in 2001 4.8% of all households in West Northamptonshire were over-crowded[2]. Although this was slightly higher than average for the East Midlands at around 4.4% it was lower than the average for England and Wales at 6.9%.

- 1. West Northamptonshire Strategic Housing Assessment, 2009 [back]
- 2. 2001 Census of Population (Office for National Statistics) [back]

Movement

4.26 In Northampton, 80% of people both live and work within the Borough, with the majority of trips being less than 5km. However, 61% of these journeys are made by car adding almost 59,000 trips on the road network. The trips made outside of the Borough are to a number of locations, including Milton Keynes, with public transport presently only making up 4% of these inter-urban trips.

4.27 In Daventry District 48% of residents live and work within the District. Whilst many residents commute to Northampton only 4% of these trips are made by bus.

4.28 Both South Northamptonshire and Daventry Districts are largely rural and the predominant mode of transport is by private car with public transport being limited in the rural areas. Almost 90% of trips generated from Daventry and Northampton are contained within the County of Northamptonshire, whereas 32% of people travel outside of the County from South Northamptonshire for either employment or other services and facilities. Key destinations include Banbury and Milton Keynes. Only 1% of trips to Milton Keynes are by public transport.

4.29 The West Northamptonshire area is one of generally high car ownership and residents appear to use the private car as the preferred mode of travel. This is reinforced by a poor public transport network in terms of destination choice, frequency, vehicle comfort, interchanges and signs. This over-reliance on the private car is leading to increased congestion on many of the area's roads.

Community Regeneration

4.30 The West Northamptonshire area is generally an affluent one; however, there are pockets of deprivation. Northampton Borough contains significant pockets of deprivation in central and eastern areas, with 16 wards that are among the most deprived 20% in the country. There is also a small pocket of deprivation in Daventry town. Consequently there are a number of social and economic issues facing some neighbourhoods and communities where

regeneration intervention is required. Towcester and Brackley do not have any localised areas of deprivation in their urban areas.

4.31 In the rural areas many traditional rural jobs no longer exist and residents are increasingly commuting long distances to urban areas for work. In addition, access by public transport to services and facilities in larger towns is often limited. House prices have risen dramatically in the last ten years, which has meant that many village properties are now unaffordable for local people. The overall appearance of wealth in the rural areas masks pockets of rural deprivation.

Town Centres

4.32 Northampton town centre has many good attributes, not least its historic buildings, but is in need of regeneration and new investment to improve the town centre experience. Regeneration of the Beckett's Park area is already underway with the creation of a recreation and leisure development to include a marina at the centre of two navigations, the River Nene and the Grand Union Canal. The project will bring access to the riverside environment close to the town centre and create a tourist attraction in its own right.

4.33 Redevelopment of the town centre and its increasingly out-dated Grosvenor Centre and Greyfriars Bus Station is seen as key to Northampton town centre's future performance as a regional destination of choice. The programme for the Grosvenor Centre redevelopment and expansion is underway and a planning application is anticipated in Autumn-2011 2012.

4.34 Northampton town centre is the location for higher level services and facilities. There is a long held view that the provision of some services and facilities in West Northamptonshire has not kept pace with a growing population. Residents are concerned that new development should come hand in hand with the necessary supporting infrastructure.

4.35 Daventry town centre is in need of some regeneration but not on the same scale as Northampton. Daventry has seen recent investment and new buildings (such as the iCon) which have brought a renewed vitality, but continued improvement to the environment and the quality of its town centre experience is required so it can fully achieve its potential and compete more directly and successfully with the town centres of Rugby and Banbury. Daventry District Council is developing a Daventry Masterplan which will cover the whole town and facilitate the regeneration of the town centre.

4.36 Towcester and Brackley function as rural service centres for their large rural areas and operate well within this role. There are well advanced plans for the regeneration of the Moat Lane part of Towcester's town centre that will assist in enhancing its vitality and viability in the future. Town centre revitalisation for Brackley will be required to ensure the town's continued improvement as local service provider. Masterplans for both Towcester and Brackley town centres <u>have been</u> are being prepared by South Northamptonshire Council to direct regeneration proposals.

Sport and Leisure

4.37 As the hub of West Northamptonshire Northampton is home to a range of high quality professional sports clubs (including rugby union, football and county cricket) and cultural facilities (including two theatres, museums and gallery space). Northampton's

extensive network of parks and open spaces provides an important resource for both residents and visitors.

4.38 Daventry is proud of its country park and the greenspace at Borough Hill, whilst Towcester can boast the nationally protected Easton Neston Historic Park and Towcester Racecourse. Brackley has local facilities for leisure and recreation, but would benefit from additional open space, play areas and sports pitch provision.

4.39 The River Nene flows through West Northamptonshire and close to the southern edge of Northampton town centre. It provides a rich resource for water sports, nature conservation and informal recreation. The area also benefits from the historic Grand Union Canal as a cultural, recreational and wildlife asset. The countryside around the West Northamptonshire towns is itself a wider recreational resource.

4.40 Silverstone Circuit is a year round international sporting attraction and the home of Formula 1 until at least 2026. It draws motorsport enthusiasts from all over the country and beyond and reinforces the area's long tradition in the motor sports industry. It has potential to be a major economic driver through sport based tourism and high technology companies.

4.41 The towns and rural areas within West Northamptonshire have a rich heritage. There is a wealth of listed buildings and conservation areas within the towns and villages as well as numerous archaeological sites. The many historic houses and associated historic parks and gardens are a significant feature of the countryside and in many cases provide a valuable tourism asset.

Future Opportunities

4.42 West Northamptonshire clearly has much to commend it but there are regeneration opportunities for our town centres and the potential to create successful and sustainable communities and a high quality living environment fit for the 21st century and beyond.

4.43 The key policy directions and strategic development proposals within the JCS will be the drivers to focus new development to the best advantage of the area for its existing resident population and also for future residents, businesses and visitors.

Climate Change

4.44 Development that aims to secure sustainable communities is designed to minimise its impact on the environment and so combat climate change. A realistic and serious response to meeting climate change objectives must be made through the JCS direction on policies. Larger scale developments, including Sustainable Urban Extensions (SUEs), provide the opportunity to secure exemplary standards of design, renewable or low carbon energy generation and through the location of development reduce the need to travel. All development proposals will need to fully consider climate change adaption to meet the vision of sustainable development.

Infrastructure and Development

4.45 Historically the provision of infrastructure within West Northamptonshire has failed to keep pace with and fully support a growing population. Elements of the existing infrastructure in the area are already at or close to capacity.

4.46 Accommodating planned development in the area will require an increase in the capacity of the existing infrastructure. Significant investment is needed in public transport, new roads, utilities (including trunk sewer improvements and increasing the capacity of water treatment facilities), health, education and emergency services. There is also a requirement for investment in social infrastructure such as cultural and community facilities, children's play spaces and libraries, in order to build sustainable communities. It is critical that necessary infrastructure is provided in a timely manner.

Connections

4.47 It is important for economic prosperity and quality of life that people can easily reach important facilities such as education, employment, healthcare facilities, shops and leisure attractions. At present there are high numbers of car journeys within and between urban areas, leading to increasing road congestion.

4.48 Traffic congestion must be addressed and new developments must be well connected to towns and services by a choice of transport options, giving priority to public transport, walking and cycling. Connections between settlements in West Northamptonshire should also be reinforced.

Protecting and Building Communities

4.49 Within the rural areas sustainable communities must be maintained, enhanced and protected as vital places providing homes and jobs balanced against the need to protect the built and natural environments that are so highly valued.

4.50 In the larger urban areas the policies within the JCS must address issues of inadequate accessibility to employment and services as well as poor social environments.

Supporting Town Centres

4.51 The Central Area Action Plan, produced by Northampton Borough Council, together with the JCS must work together to ensure that planning policies for Northampton central area actively support regeneration projects. The Grosvenor Centre/ Greyfriars project in particular, amongst a range of redevelopment opportunities <u>such as those provided by the designation of the Waterside Enterprise Zone</u>, is key to Northampton town centre's regeneration and will ensure Northampton takes its place as the county town and destination of choice.

4.52 There are strong aspirations for Daventry's town centre to grow and develop to support regeneration allied to the town's growth and as supported through Daventry District Council. Town centre revitalisation at Towcester and Brackley are also firmly supported by South Northamptonshire Council to ensure they continue to develop as successful town centres delivering services and facilities to their communities and surrounding villages. These aims must be supported and policies within the JCS must ensure they can be delivered.

The Economy

4.53 The area is attractive to the warehouse and storage industry due to the excellent road and rail connections. However, it is important that the area does not become over-reliant on one employment sector and continues to provide diverse employment opportunities for its residents. The economic downturn has adversely affected jobs growth in West Northamptonshire. Provision must be made through the JCS to ensure a range of job opportunities can be delivered which takes account of job losses.

4.54 The economy of the rural areas must be supported and rural diversification encouraged whilst respecting the environmental quality and character of the rural areas. The JCS will help to secure a diverse and vibrant economy, with dynamic town centres that support rural economic development through a range of local employment opportunities to meet the needs of the existing and new population.

Educational Attainment

4.55 Northampton and Daventry anticipate a growing student population in their schools and colleges. The University of Northampton also anticipate more students.

4.56 Excellent educational provision for our resident population must be supported to encourage high educational attainment within our schools and allowing school leavers the opportunity to take advantage of higher learning at the University of Northampton and vocational colleges. In addition, it is noted that many graduates presently leave the West Northamptonshire area for jobs elsewhere. Job opportunities within West Northamptonshire must be provided to meet aspirations and retain graduates and those with higher qualifications as a vital part of our economy.

Housing

4.57 Quality and affordable housing must be delivered to create balanced communities and to meet the current and future needs of our communities, taking into account mix, size and tenure and including the requirements for specialised accommodation. Housing should be sustainable, flexible and well designed.

Green Infrastructure

4.58 West Northamptonshire has a large rural area and its urban areas have important parks and gardens and an existing green infrastructure including valuable wetlands. Polices within the JCS are required to protect and enhance the existing green infrastructure network and add to it wherever possible. A positive response to green infrastructure will improve levels of biodiversity and help to progressively reduce the impact of climate change.

Design

4.59 West Northamptonshire has a strong cultural heritage shown in its built form and its landscape context. There are numerous conservation areas and listed buildings in both the rural and urban areas.

4.60 This valued historic character must be protected without stifling new and innovative design. Our aim is to create an inspiring place to live and work in both urban and rural places. Design must also incorporate sustainable building techniques to help combat climate change and community safety principles to help reduce the opportunity for crime and make our places safer.

Spatial Vision - where we want to be

4.61 The Spatial Vision is a vision of where we want to be. Our vision for West Northamptonshire is to embrace new development and the benefits it can bring for regeneration, whilst retaining and improving what is good about the area.

The Joint Core Strategy Vision

In our vision of the future...

.....the area will form an outstanding UK location of choice for diverse employment opportunities, high academic and vocational educational attainment, high quality housing for all and a superb quality of life for its communities. The area will blend the best of modern cultural urban living with an enhanced network of green spaces and high quality parks and gardens. The rural areas will include vital and tranquil villages within its rolling landscapes. The area's proximity to London and connections to other parts of the UK and beyond will continue to be a great economic strength. The area will be a national example of low environmental impact development in response to climate change and high biodiversity and habitat protection.

With new development focused on the four towns of Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley regeneration initiatives and successful and expanded economies will flourish. Communities will be diverse and sustainable and social cohesion and integration will be strong. Services, facilities and infrastructure will support the communities adding to the quality of life, and supporting their residents and visitors.

Northampton as the principal urban area will be a beacon of high quality urban design with an outstanding public realm. It will successfully blend its distinctive historic character with innovative new development both of which will enhance its riverside setting. It will be repositioned as the key economic driver at the cultural heart of Northamptonshire. It will enhance its role as the leading retail, entertainment, employment, health and learning centre, based upon a thriving mixed economy and the services it offers, with continuing pride in its theatres, museums and professional sports teams. Northampton will provide the focus and heart for its well integrated neighbourhood communities. Northampton will be linked with the reinvigorated towns of Daventry, Towcester and Brackley.

Daventry will be a vibrant historic market town with a population approaching 40,000. It will offer a thriving town centre which values its historic assets, with attractive retail and leisure opportunities, high quality public realm and a robust commercial core moving strongly towards a well developed office sector. Local economic strengths in engineering and sustainable construction will have been developed. It will provide an

enhanced walking and cycling environment throughout the town and it will have strong connections with Northampton.

Towcester will have a successful historic town centre that is the focus of its rural catchment. The town will retain its visual and physical connections to the landscape through Easton Neston Park, nearby watermeadows and Towcester Racecourse. It will provide a diverse economy based on high technology, tourism and leisure.

Brackley will be the major service provider for the residents of the town and the surrounding countryside. It will provide knowledge based, research and high technology based jobs and leisure facilities as well as a distinctive and vibrant historic town centre which will offer both retail opportunities and community services and facilities.

Silverstone Circuit will continue to be at the pinnacle of international motor sport venues. It will foster high technology motor sport business at the forefront of technology with a motorsport cluster located nearby.

Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal (DIRFT) will maintain its role as an internationally significant centre for rail connected strategic distribution. It will be exemplary in the field of sustainable logistics with links to the University of Northampton. It will be well connected by public and sustainable transport to the surrounding workforce.

Our rural areas will support a network of vibrant rural communities. Villages will retain their local distinctiveness and character, providing affordable homes for local people set within a beautiful landscape. The countryside will support a diverse rural economy including leisure and tourism through its waterways, country houses, parks and woodlands.

Spatial Objectives - How we get there

4.62 To ensure our vision is achieved, the following 16 + 5 Spatial Objectives have been identified and provide specific direction to the policies of the JCS.

4.63 To enable us to monitor how effectively the objectives (and therefore the vision) is are being achieved; specific targets have been set for each objective. More detail regarding the targets can be found in the Monitoring and Implementation Framework in section 17 of this JCS.

Objective 1 - Climate Change

To minimise demand for resources and mitigate and adapt to climate change, by:

- Promoting sustainable design and construction in all new development;
- Ensuring strategic development allocations are located and designed so as to be resilient to future climate change and risk of flooding;

- Encouraging renewable energy production in appropriate locations; and
- Ensuring new development promotes the use of sustainable travel modes.

Objective 2 - Infrastructure and Development

To protect and enhance existing local services and to ensure social, physical and green infrastructure is adequately provided to meet the needs of people and business in a timely and sustainable manner in response to regeneration and new development in West Northamptonshire.

Objective 3 - Connections

To reduce the need to travel, shorten travel distances and make sustainable travel a priority across West Northamptonshire by maximising the use of alternative travel modes. In so doing, combat congestion in our main towns and town centres, reduce carbon emissions and address social exclusion for those in both rural and urban areas who do not have access to a private car.

Objective 4 - Protecting and Building Urban Communities

To ensure new development in urban areas effectively supports and links new and existing communities physically and socially, to achieve social cohesion and address the areas of deprivation identified in parts of Northampton and Daventry.

Objective 5 - Supporting Northampton Town Centre

To support the regeneration of Northampton's town centre by making it the focus of high quality retail, employment, leisure and cultural development at the heart of Northamptonshire and to support the delivery of the Northampton Central Area Action Plan.

Objective 6 - Supporting Daventry Town Centre

To support the regeneration of Daventry town centre through planned growth and infrastructure delivery.

Objective 7 - Supporting Towcester and Brackley's Town Centres

To support Towcester and Brackley in their rural service centre roles to ensure their communities are self-sufficient sustainable places and the towns are the focus of services and facilities for surrounding villages.

Objective 8 - Economic Advantage

To strengthen and diversify West Northamptonshire's economy by taking advantage of our internationally well-placed location, strategic transport network and proximity to London and Birmingham.

Objective 9 - Specialist Business Development

To support and develop opportunities for specialist employment clusters and business development focused on a low carbon economy.

Objective 10 - Educational Attainment

To raise educational achievement and the skills base of our communities through supporting the development of West Northamptonshire's learning infrastructure and strengthening the link between local businesses and local schools, Moulton and Northampton Colleges, and the University of Northampton <u>and Daventry and Silverstone University Technology Colleges.</u>

Objective 11 - Housing

To provide a range of housing in sustainable locations to ensure all residents have access to a home that they can afford and that meets their needs. Housing development will be focused at the most sustainable location of Northampton, supported by Daventry and Towcester and Brackley in their roles as rural service centres with limited development in the rural areas to provide for local needs and support local services.

Objective 12 - Protecting and Supporting Rural Communities

To protect and support rural communities to ensure they thrive and remain vital.

Objective 13 - Rural Diversification and Employment

To support rural diversification and rural employment opportunities, in particular those related to agriculture, horticulture and forestry.

Objective 14 - Green Infrastructure

To protect natural species present in West Northamptonshire and enhance the existing strategic green infrastructure network, including biodiversity corridors, by incorporating and designing these into Sustainable Urban Extensions (SUEs) at Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley.

Objective 15 - High Quality Design

To achieve high quality design in both rural and urban areas that takes account of local character and heritage and provides a safe, healthy and attractive place for residents, visitors and businesses.

Objective 16 - Heritage

To conserve and where possible enhance, through carefully managed change, the important heritage assets and their settings of Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley, and to recognise the role of rural heritage assets and their settings to support a sense of place and local distinctiveness.

4.64 The next <u>section</u> chapter sets out the Spatial Strategy and gives the scale and distribution of development across the West Northamptonshire area. <u>Following sections of</u>

the JCS refer to West Northamptonshire Wide Polices that apply to the whole plan area and Places Polices which set out policies and proposals for specific places within West Northamptonshire.

5.0 Spatial Strategy

Introduction

5.1 The spatial strategy flows from the spatial portrait, vision and objectives in Section 4 and provides the framework for the spatial policies in the rest of the Joint Core Strategy (JCS) and presented on the Key Diagram.

5.2 The spatial strategy outlines the hierarchy of places and centres within these places (i.e. the towns of Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley, and the rural areas) and the principles for the distribution of development between the places. This includes maximising the use of land and buildings within the existing urban areas of the towns as well as developing new sustainable urban extensions to the towns. The spatial strategy identifies how much new development will be provided and when, i.e. the overall phasing of development. The spatial strategy also sets out the principles of sustainable development that all development will follow in order to achieve the vision of West Northamptonshire, particularly in response to climate change.

5.3 The delivery mechanisms that will be used in order to fulfil the spatial strategy are set out in Section 11.

The Key Diagram

5.4 Figure 2 in Section 20 at the end of this Joint Core Strategy shows the West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy Key Diagram and Figures 3 and 3-1 shows an enlargements of part of that Key Diagram.

5.5 The Key Diagram for West Northamptonshire provides:

- a strategic picture of the distribution and scale of development within West Northamptonshire including regeneration priorities in the towns and the location of the sustainable urban extensions; and
- strategic transport improvements and road linkages.

Hierarchy of Places

5.6 Before determining the principles for the distribution of development between the places in West Northamptonshire it is important to establish the roles of the places and the relationship of those places to each other and other places outside the area. The spatial portrait in Section 4 of this JCS has already described the characteristics of the four towns and the rural areas in West Northamptonshire and their relationship to other areas. In the future the existing roles of the towns will continue as described below but in all cases the emphasis will be on enhancing and strengthening these roles to achieve the spatial vision set out in Section 4.

Northampton - Principal Urban Aea-Area

5.7 As the largest urban area and the main commercial, administrative, cultural and retail centre for Northamptonshire, Northampton has an important influence across the whole of the county and beyond. Northampton has a particular influence in the western half of the county. Due to its size, function and location in the national context, the town will continue to generate economic growth and attract in-migration. Northampton's Central Area, as the heart of the Northampton Principal Urban Area and the county of Northamptonshire, will enhance its existing role so that by 2026 it performs a <u>regional eity</u> centre role.

Daventry - Sub-Regional Centre

5.8 As the second largest urban area in West Northamptonshire Daventry town provides a range of services to support its own needs as well as the rural areas around it. It also provides opportunities for economic growth and diversification. Daventry town will continue to provide this complimentary role to Northampton without prejudicing Northampton's role as the principal urban area.

Towcester and Brackley - Rural Service Centres

5.9 Both Towcester and Brackley towns' current roles are to provide local services and facilities for their own populations and the rural areas around them. These roles will continue and will be strengthened and enhanced.

The Rural Areas

5.10 It is recognised that many of the villages in the rural areas play an important role in providing local services and facilities, including employment opportunities, both for the village itself and the wider rural areas. Furthermore, some villages also provide facilities and services for the nearby urban population too. Clearly these roles will continue but the emphasis will be on providing for local needs and basic services and facilities rather than serving a higher order function that should be the role of the Rural Service Centres or even the Sub-Regional Centre or the Principal Urban Area.

Development in the Towns and Adjoining the Towns

5.11 The primary choices with respect to the distribution of development in West Northamptonshire must be made in the context of the challenges the area faces and with a view to capitalising upon its strengths. In order to deliver vibrant and vital towns, together with sustained rural areas, the pattern of development must be supportive of these objectives and have regard to the hierarchy of places. Piecemeal development spread around the edges of the urban areas would increase the load to the current road and utilities infrastructure, without bringing forward the economies of scale that would make the provision of further infrastructure cost effective and therefore deliverable. Such incremental development is more difficult to serve with the range of community facilities needed to support the increase in population. Consequently, the spatial strategy is one of concentrating additional development within the existing towns as far as possible and in a small number of large development areas, called sustainable urban extensions. This will maximise the use of previously developed land and vacant and under-used buildings within West Northamptonshire's urban areas, whilst also enabling managed greenfield land releases where they meet the Plan's objectives. In all circumstances high quality design will be required that reflects the local character. Policy S1 below sets out the strategy for the broad distribution of development across West Northamptonshire.

Making the Best Use of Previously-Developed Land and Vacant and Under-Used Buildings

5.12 In meeting development needs opportunities to reuse suitable previously developed land and vacant and under-used buildings within the existing urban areas and other sustainable locations should be maximised without undermining the quality of the environment within the urban areas and having regard to the nature of previous uses, such as contamination, which can restrict re-use. Significant progress has already been made in the plan area to identify and re-use previously-developed land and vacant and under-used buildings for housing and other uses including leisure, retail and offices. Northampton, in particular, has already successfully brought substantial areas of previously developed land and buildings back into use in recent years including the Northampton Cattlemarket, Simpson Barracks and Manfield Hospital. Opportunities to re-use previously-developed land and vacant and under-used buildings will continue to be supported in West Northamptonshire, particularly in the town centres including Northampton's Central Area. Specific policies that promote regeneration and revitalisation of the urban areas, particularly the town centres, are included in each of the town sections in the Places part of this JCS. High quality design, including higher densities where appropriate, can also contribute to making efficient use of greenfield land as well as previously developed land and vacant and under-used buildings. Policy H1 in the Housing section of this JCS provides more guidance on housing density and mix and type of dwellings.

5.13 Analysis of past development and potential sources of housing land suggests that between 2001 and 2026 around 30% of new housing in West Northamptonshire could be built on previously-developed land. This target will be annually reviewed.

Development in Rural Areas

5.14 The JCS recognises that there is a need for limited development in the rural areas, but aims to ensure that the scale of this development is consistent with the objective of meeting local needs and supporting local services. To this end the overall housing provision set out in Policies S3 and S6 in this Spatial Strategy includes an allowance for development in the rural areas. Section 16 of this JCS provides <u>the framework</u> for a rural settlement hierarchy which will enable the provision of new homes, jobs and services needed in rural areas, whilst ensuring that new development is focused in sustainable settlements whilst protecting the overall rural character of the area including the tranquillity of areas <u>which have remained relatively undisturbed by noise and are prized for their recreational and amenity value for this reason [1].</u>

1. Campaign to Protect Rural England (2007) - Tranquility Map for Northamptonshire [back] POLICY S1 - The Distribution of Development

DEVELOPMENT AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITY WILL BE DISTRIBUTED ON THE FOLLOWING BASIS:

A) DEVELOPMENT WILL BE CONCENTRATED PRIMARILY IN AND ADJOINING THE PRINCIPAL URBAN AREA OF NORTHAMPTON

B) APPROPRIATE DEVELOPMENT OF A LESSER SCALE WILL BE LOCATED IN AND ADJOINGING THE SUB-REGIONAL CENTRE OF DAVENTRY TOWN

C) THE DEVELOPMENT NEEDS OF THE RURAL SERVICE CENTRES OF TOWCESTER AND BRACKLEY AND THE RURAL AREAS WILL ALSO BE PROVIDED FOR

D) NEW DEVELOPMENT IN THE RURAL AREAS WILL BE LIMITED WITH THE EMPHASIS BEING ON:

- <u>ENHANCING AND</u> MAINTAINING THE DISTINCTIVE CHARACTER AND VITALITY OF RURAL COMMUNITIES;
- SHORTENING JOURNEYS AND FACILITATING ACCESS TO JOBS AND SERVICES;
- STRENGTHENING RURAL ENTERPRISE AND LINKAGES BETWEEN SETTLEMENTS AND THIER HINTERLANDS; AND
- **RESPECTING THE QUALITY OF TRANQUILITY.**

IN ASSESSING THE SUITABILITY OF SITES FOR DEVELOPMENT PRIORITY WILL BE GIVEN TO MAKING BEST USE OF PREVIOUSLY DEVELOPED LAND AND VACANT AND UNDER-USED BUILDINGS IN URBAN OR OTHER SUSTAINABLE LOCATIONS CONTRIBUTING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF A WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE TARGET OF 30% OF ADDITIONAL DWELLINGS ON PREVIOUSLY DEVELOPED LAND OR THROUGH CONVERSIONS.

The Hierarchy of Centres within the Places

5.15 Planning Policy Statement 4[1] The National Planning Policy Framework requires local planning authorities to define a network and hierarchy of centres that are resilient to anticipated future economic changes and that meet the needs of their catchment population. Within the West Northamptonshire area there is already a clear hierarchy of centres at the upper tiers with Northampton town centre as the largest, followed by Daventry town centre, and then Towcester and Brackley as smaller town centres.

5.16 The scale of retail, leisure and office development within the centres must be appropriate to the role and function of the centre and the catchment area it serves. District and local centres serve more local needs and consequently their catchment areas will be much smaller than that of a town centre. District and local centres should only support a scale of development that serves an appropriate catchment area, and should not have a detrimental impact on other centres. **PPS4 gives a definition of district and local centres**.

5.17 Northampton town centre has suffered greatly from a decentralisation of retail, leisure and employment uses and there is a need to redress this imbalance as a critical strategic issue for the JCS to ensure the vision for Northampton is not jeopardized. Policy S2 seeks to focus new town centre development firmly back to Northampton town centre and the central area and Policy S9 seeks to focus retail development on the town centre.

5.18 Town centre, district centre and local centre boundaries will be provided in subsequent Development Plan Documents (DPDs) Local Plans. The Northampton Central Area Action Plan proposals map will identify the town centre boundary for Northampton, the Daventry District Settlements and Countryside Local PlanTown DPD proposals map will identify the town centre boundary for Daventry and the South Northamptonshire Settlements and Countryside Local Plan West Northamptonshire Site Allocations DPD proposals map will identify town centre boundaries for Towcester, and Brackley. District and Local Centre boundaries for Northamptonshire Site Allocations DPD. District and Local Centre identification for Daventry, Towcester and Brackley will be made in the West Northamptonshire Site Allocations DPD.

5.19 Whilst town centres must be the focus for new retail, office, leisure and cultural development there is also a need to ensure that local convenience shopping, services and facilities are met within the wider urban areas to deliver sustainable patterns of development, reduce the need to travel by car, shorten distances travelled and so respond positively to climate change.

5.20 Policy R1 in Section 16 sets out a spatial strategy for the rural areas where development will be guided by a rural settlement hierarchy with the specific villages in each level of the hierarchy determined in future <u>DPDs Local Plans</u>. Policy R1 advises that the detailed hierarchy must consider existing service provision and any opportunities to improve service provision to enhance the sustainability of the settlement.

POLICY S2 - Hierarchy Of Centres

THE FOLLOWING HIERARCHY OF CENTRES IS IDENTIFIED:

REGIONALTOWN CENTRE	NORTHAMPTON
SUB REGIONAL TOWN CENTRE	DAVENTRY
RURAL SERVICE	TOWCESTER,
TOWN CENTRES	BRACKLEY
	NORTHAMPTON
DISTRICT CENTRES	WESTON FAVELL, <u>NORTHAMPTON</u>
	KINGSTHORPE, <u>NORTHAMPTON</u>
	NORTHAMPTON
LOCAL CENTRES	ST JAMES END, <u>NORTHAMPTON</u>
LOCAL CENTRES	FAR COTTON, <u>NORTHAMPTON</u>
	WELLINGBOROUGH ROAD (ABINGTON),

NORTHAMPTON

KETTERING ROAD (KINGSLEY) <u>NORTHAMPTON</u>, AND

LOCAL CENTRES TO BE PROVIDED WITHIN SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS <u>WEST</u> <u>NORTHAMPTONSHIRE WIDE</u>

THE VITALITY AND VIABILITY OF THESE CENTRES <u>SHOULD MUST</u> BE MAINTAINED AND ENHANCED COMMENSURATE WITH THEIR ROLE AND FUNCTION.

THE SCALE OF NEW DEVELOPMENT AT CENTRES BELOW NORTHAMPTON TOWN CENTRE IN THE HIERARCHY MUST NOT <u>HAVE AN ADVERSE IMPACT</u> <u>ON THE LONG TERM FUTURE VITALITY AND VIABILITY OF THE CENTRE</u> <u>OR PUT AT RISK FUTURE INVESTMENT IN NORTHAMPTON TOWN CENTRE.</u> OR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA ACTION PLAN.

1. PPS4 - Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth 2009 [back]

The Amount of Housing Required

5.21 The East Midlands Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS) sets out a housing provision for West Northamptonshire of 62,125 dwellings to be provided between 2001-2026. Even before the economic downturn in 2008 the RSS targets were challenging. Housing completions compared with the RSS targets were approximately 4,500 dwellings less than the RSS targets for the period 2001-2010. Furthermore, the RSS target is due to increases by 325 per annum from 2011. The current economic situation has rendered the achievement of the RSS housing rates unattainable despite on-going endeavours locally to increase the housing supply. Even the meeting of predicted housing "need" based on the natural increase of the existing population will be extremely challenging, and will be dependent upon the development of new funding and delivery mechanisms nationally. In preparing this Plan it has been assumed that such new funding and delivery mechanisms will come forward, even though at this time it is not possible to say what form they will take. In this context work has been undertaken to establish an achievable and reasonable level of housing provision. Full details of the methodology used are set out in the housing provision technical paper. As a result of this work the housing provision total of 50,153 50,150 dwellings for West Northamptonshire has been identified.

5.22 Table 1 below sets out the housing requirement by Borough/ District, the housing completions between 2001 and $2011 \ 2010$, outstanding planning permissions and approvals in principle at 1 April $2011 \ 2010$ and the remaining requirement between $2011 \ 2010$ and the end of the Plan period, 2026. Table 1 shows the housing requirement rounded to the nearest 10 dwellings.

Borough/	Total	Completion	Completion	Outstandin	Remaining
District	Housing	s 2001-2006	s 2006- <u>2011</u>	g Planning	Requireme
	Doguinama		2010	Permission s and	nt <u>2011</u> 2010 -2026
	Requireme nt			s and Approvals	2010 -2020
	III			in Principle	
	2001-2026			at 1 April	
				<u>2011</u> 2010	
Daventry	<u>11,900</u>	1,720	<u>1,130</u> 970	<u>1,770</u> 1,830	<u>7,280-7,360</u>
District	11,880				
Northampton	<u>26,200</u>	5,180	<u>4,170</u>	<u>9,380 9,190</u>	<u>7,470-8,000</u>
Borough					
	26,220				
South	12,050	2,980	<u>1,190</u>	<u>2,820</u> 2,080	<u>5,060-6,010</u>
Northamptonshi					
re					
District					
Total	50,150	9,880	<u>6,490 </u> 5,800	<u>13,970</u>	<u>19,810</u>
				13,100	21,370

 Table 1 - Housing Requirement 2001-2026 (Rounded)

5.23 Of the new housing provision requirement of $\frac{50,153}{50,150}$ dwellings, $\frac{32.6\%}{31.3\%}$ was completed between 2001 and $\frac{2011}{2010}$; $\frac{26.1\%}{27.9\%}$ is already committed through planning consents, or "Approved in principle" and $\frac{42.6\%}{39.5\%}$ remains to be provided - this is shown as the remaining requirement.

5.24 Overall, the annualised housing completion for $2001-\underline{2011}$ $\underline{2010}$ was $\underline{1,637}$ $\underline{1,743}$ dwellings, and the requirement for the remainder of the Plan period is $\underline{2,252}$ $\underline{2,154}$ dwellings per year.

5.25 Northampton Borough is unable to physically accommodate its own housing needs. This has been identified since January 1992 when the Northamptonshire County Structure Plan Alteration No 1 was approved. This showed 1,000 dwellings to be provided in both Daventry District and South Northamptonshire related to the growth of Northampton. Significant levels of development have continued to be provided for and built within Northampton Borough's administrative area. However, the Borough's housing needs are being, and will increasingly be, met outside its administrative area with the development of Grange Park in South Northamptonshire, the allocation in Daventry District's Adopted Local Plan (now a Saved policy) of North of Whitehills (also known as Buckton Fields) and the planning consents at Wootton Fields Extension and Norwood Farm in South Northamptonshire district. The housing requirement for Northampton shown in Table 1 above is essentially the minimum housing requirement needed. This means that there is a clear need for Northampton Borough Council and its neighbouring authorities to work together to ensure Northampton's housing needs can be planned and provided in a sustainable way for all. This joint approach is also important as the residents of those areas adjoining Northampton will be largely reliant on Northampton's services placing an extra burden on it.

5.26 Since 2001 9,350 9,030 dwellings have been built in Northampton Borough administrative area and at 1 April 2011 2010 a further 9,380 9,190 dwellings had an outstanding planning permission or were approved in principle. Evidence shows that a further 1,500 dwellings can be provided using previously-developed land and buildings, sometimes referred to as urban capacity. This means that over 20,00018,220 dwellings are already built or identified for development in Northampton Borough. In addition a further 2,963 dwellings have been built since 2001 or have outstanding planning permission or approval in principle at 1 April 2011 2010 in South Northamptonshire District to meet the needs of Northampton. In addition this JCS allocates four Sustainable Urban Extensions within Northampton Borough providing a total of 6,000 6,500 dwellings. In total Northampton Borough can provide 26,200 26,220 dwellings of its total requirement which along with the already built or consented 2,963 dwellings in South Northamptonshire leaves a shortfall of 4,500 dwellings that needs to be provided outside the Borough boundary. This JCS has allocated three Sustainable Urban Extensions adjoining Northampton's urban area but in Daventry and South Northamptonshire Districts to meet this requirement. In recognition of the importance of ensuring that Northampton's housing needs are provided in a sustainable way the extent of the area in which Northampton's housing needs, including affordable housing, will be accommodated is identified in this JCS as the Northampton Related Development Area.

5.27 The Northampton Related Development Area is defined as:

- the whole of Northampton Borough Council's administrative area;
- those neighbouring parts of Daventry District and South Northamptonshire Councils' administrative areas where development 'related to the growth of Northampton' has already been completed or has planning permission or an approval in principle; and
- those neighbouring parts of Daventry District and South Northamptonshire Councils' administrative areas that are allocated for Sustainable Urban Extensions. It is recognised that some essential infrastructure, for example parts of the North-West Bypass, will take place outside the Northampton Related Development Area.

5.28 The Northampton Related Development Area is identified on the Proposals Map, Figure 5 in Section 20 of this JCS. It is also illustrated on Figure 4 in Section 20. Policy S4 sets out the scale of housing development to be provided in the Northampton Related Development Area.

5.29 Policy S3 below sets out the scale of housing development to be provided in West Northamptonshire by district and below district level over the Plan period 2001-2026.

POLICY S3 - Scale and Distribution Of Housing Development

Provision will be made for 50,150 net additional dwellings in the plan area during the plan period to 2026.

This provision will be distributed BETWEEN THE BOROUGH AND DISTRICT COUNCILS as follows:

DAVENTRY DISTRICT

11,880 <u>11,900*</u>

26,220 <u>26,200</u>

NORTHAMPTON BOROUGH

SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE DISTRICT 12,050

BELOW THE BOROUGH AND DISTRICT LEVEL HOUSING DEVELOPMENT WILL BE DISTRIBUTED IN THE FOLLOWING WAY:

DISTRICT /BOROUGH	SETTLEMENT/ARE A	ADDITIONAL HOUSING REQUIREME NT 2001- 2026	OF WHICH HOUSING COMPLETIO NS 2001- 2010 2011
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DAVENTRY

TOWNS	DAVENTRY	<u>5,330</u> -5,820	<u>1,405</u> 1,310
RURAL AREAS	DAVENTRY RURAL	<u>2,800</u> 2,310	<u>1,445</u> 1,380
NORTHAMPTON RELATED DEVELOPMENT	NORTHAMPTON	3,750	-
DAVENTRY TOTAL		<u>11,900*</u> 11,880	<u>2,850</u> 2,690

NORTHAMPTON

TOWNS	NORTHAMPTON	<u>26,200</u> 26,220	<u>9,350</u> -9,030
NORTHAMPTON TOTAL		<u>26,200</u> 26.220	<u>9,350</u> 9,030

SOUTH

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE

TOWNS	BRACKLEY	<u>2,510</u> 2,460	<u>430</u> 4 20
	TOWCESTER	<u>2,225</u> 2,260	490
SOUTH NORTHANTS RURAL AREAS	SOUTH NORTHANTS	<u>3,605</u> 3,620	<u>1,815 </u> 1,630
NORTHAMPTON RELATED DEVELOPMENT	NORTHAMPTON	<u>3,715</u> - 3,710	<u>1,435</u> 1,430
SOUTH NORTHANTS TOTAL		12,050*	<u>4,170</u>

WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE

	WEST NORTHANTS		50,150	<u>16,370</u> 15,680
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TOTAL

* Difference due to rounding

POLICY S4 - Northampton Related Development Area

Provision will be made for <u>33,665</u> 33,680 net additional dwellings within the Northampton RELATED DEVELOPMENT area in the period 2001 to 2026. No further development beyond the Northampton RELATED DEVELOPMENT AREA will be permitted in the plan PERIOD THAT RELATES TO NORTHAMPTON'S HOUSING NEEDS.

THE NORTHAMPTON RELATED DEVELOPMENT AREA WILL BE REVIEWED AS PART OF ANY REVIEW OF THE HOUSING REQUIREMENT FOR WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE OR ANY OF ITS CONSTITUENT ADMINISTRATIVE AREAS.

THE NORTHAMPTON RELATED DEVELOPMENT AREA IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5).

Sustainable Urban Extensions

5.30 It is not physically possible or appropriate to accommodate all of West Northamptonshire's needs within the existing urban areas of the four towns of Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley. Dispersing significant development to the rural areas would also not be appropriate as it would increase pressure on the rural environment overall and particularly as a result of the increased need to travel, usually by car, without addressing the needs of the towns themselves. Consequently the JCS focuses development that cannot be accommodated within the existing urban areas or towns in sustainable urban extensions. Sustainable urban extensions are defined as planned expansion of a city or town that can contribute to creating more sustainable patterns of development when located in the right place, with well-planned infrastructure including access to a range of facilities and when developed at appropriate densities. Full details of the locations, form and requirements for the 11 Sustainable Urban Extensions is set out in Policy S5 below. The planned amount of housing and employment provision is also set out in Policy S5.

POLICY S5 - Sustainable Urban Extensions

OUTSIDE THE EXISTING URBAN AREAS DEVELOPMENT WILL BE FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS TO THE URBAN AREAS.

SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS WILL BE PROVIDED AT:

NORTHAMPTON

- NORTHAMPTON KINGS HEATH (3,500 <u>3,000</u> DWELLINGS, 10 HA EMPLOYMENT)
- NORTHAMPTON NORTH (2,000 DWELLINGS, 7 HA LOCAL EMPLOYMENT <u>OPPORTUNITIES</u>)
- NORTHAMPTON NORTH OF WHITEHILLS (1,000 DWELLINGS, LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES)
- NORTHAMPTON SOUTH (1,000 DWELLINGS, LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES)
- NORTHAMPTON SOUTH OF BRACKMILLS (1,000 DWELLINGS, LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES)
- NORTHAMPTON UPTON PARK (1,000 DWELLINGS, LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES)
- NORTHAMPTON WEST (1,500 DWELLINGS, LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES)

DAVENTRY

• DAVENTRY NORTH EAST (2,500 2,000 DWELLINGS, LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES)

TOWCESTER

• TOWCESTER SOUTH (1,500 DWELLINGS, 1,500 JOBS <u>15.5 HA</u> <u>EMPLOYMENT</u>)

BRACKLEY

- BRACKLEY EAST (380 <u>350</u> DWELLINGS, 1,000 JOBS <u>9.4 HA</u> <u>EMPLOYMENT</u>)
- BRACKLEY NORTH (1,380 DWELLINGS, LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES)

THE BROAD LOCATION OF EACH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE KEY DIAGRAM (FIGURES 2 AND 3). THE BOUNDARY OF EACH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5).

Delivery and Contingency

5.31 Achievement of the housing provision is <u>dependent</u> dependent upon necessary supporting infrastructure coming forward in a timely manner. Again, some of this will be challenging in the current economic climate, and the <u>anticipated</u> phasing has been set out <u>in</u> the housing trajectory for each district and the Northampton Related Development <u>Area below in Policy S6</u> which will permit this to happen providing the economy improves as the Government expects. The housing trajectory in Appendix 3 of this JCS sets out the phasing of the housing development identified in this Plan on an annual basis over the period <u>2011</u> 2010-2026. <u>This trajectory will be updated annually as a part of the Authorities</u> <u>Monitoring Report.</u>

5.32 The principles of monitoring and review run throughout the JCS to aid the effective implementation and delivery of individual policies and associated infrastructure. This is essential to ensure that the JCS achieves its aims and objectives leading to sustainable development overall.

5.33 The implementation of policies in the JCS is designed to achieve a range of outputs and outcomes. How an individual policy is delivered depends on the specific elements of the plan objectives that it seeks to address. Some policies are designed to be implemented through specific actions such as house building (referred to as 'outputs') while others aim to support improved 'outcomes' such as safeguarding social and environmental assets through development management decisions. Delivering the combination of both is important to support the full range of social, environmental and economic objectives in the JCS.

5.34 Policies in the JCS have been prepared in a way that enables progress on delivery to be actively measured. Targets have been set where appropriate and relevant indicators have been selected that best reflect required outputs or outcomes. Mechanisms for review are provided through a system of triggers. These highlight levels of outputs or outcomes that if observed would indicate delivery has varied significantly from that intended in the implementation strategy. A range of contingency measures are set out in this policy that provide a starting point for how remedial action will be taken where considered necessary. The type of contingency considered depends on both the type of outcome or output not being observed as anticipated and the level of significance of this divergence.

5.35 In the first instance where the output of development is significantly different from that intended:

- Identify the reasons/ causes and relevance of output targets and discuss with partners and stakeholders;
- <u>Review evidence base (including SHLAA and WNELS) for</u> availability and deliverability of housing / employment land);
- Work with developer and landowners of existing committed or allocated sites to produce a viable and suitable scheme; and
- <u>Identify the problem and barriers / causes preventing infrastructure</u> <u>delivery. Seek to identify additional sources of finance or alternative</u> <u>programme for delivery.</u>

Where the wider outcomes from development appear significantly different from those intended:

- <u>Identify barriers preventing achievement;</u>
- Review implementation of policy and monitoring mechanisms with Development Management;
- <u>Assist with identifying sources of finance to address the situation (to aid the viability of including improvements as part of specific schemes); and</u>
- Discuss with partners and service providers potential solutions to better address issues within the design of schemes e.g. crime.

5.36 If these actions fail to re-align delivery of outputs and outcomes, then the more significant actions specified in the policy below would be implemented.

5.37 Full details of how the Monitoring and Implementation Framework of the Joint Core Strategy has been developed are considered in Section 17. This should be read in conjunction with Appendix 6 ('The Monitoring Framework') where specific indicators are identified.

POLICY S6 - Monitoring and Review

Policies in the Joint Core Strategy will be monitored to support implementation and the delivery on the plan's aims and objectives. Contingency for policies in the Joint Core Strategy is provided through the Monitoring Framework. Appropriate targets are established through the objectives of each policy and relevant indicators are set out in detail under 'Appendix 6: The Monitoring Framework'.

<u>The principAl mechanism for reporting delivery will be through the Joint Authorities'</u> <u>Monitoring Report. The critical areas that will be monitored include:</u>

- <u>The completion of serviced employment floorspace, the creation of jobs and the</u> <u>availability of land for employment use in the future;</u>
- Housing completions by location and type and the availability of land for housing in the future;
- The delivery of floorspace to support retail, community and healthcare land-use;
- <u>The delivery of major infrastructure projects and provision of financial</u> <u>contributions towards such schemes; and</u>
- The protection, enhancement and creation of assets in the natural environment.

<u>If policies remain ineffective after the initial measures set out in the supporting text</u> above are implemented then the following may apply:

- Consider a review of targets;
- <u>Consider Area Action Plans or alternative Local Plans;</u>
- <u>Consider changes to the allocation of employment / housing land; AND</u>
- <u>Consider a review of policy or strategy.</u>

Policy S6 Phasing Of Housing Development

AS AN AID TO THE MONITORING OF THE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT PROPOSED, THE TABLE BELOW SHOWS THE CURRENT EXPECTED Provision will be made for the following total requirement and rates phasing of housing development (TO BE UPDATED ANNUALLY IN THE AUTHORITIES MONITORING REPORT):

TABLE S6A DISTRICT TOTALS

District	2010-	<u>2011</u> 2010-	2016-	2021-
	11	2016	2021	2026
Daventry	200	<u>1,590-1,410</u>	3,930	<u>3,510</u>
			3,950	3,630
Northampton	510	<u>4,090</u> -4,800	7,080	<u>5,695</u> 5,270

			6,610	
South	200	<u>1,895</u> 2,000	<u>3,465</u> <u>3,640</u>	<u>2,535</u> 2,260
Northants				
Total	910	<u>7,575</u> -8,210	<u>14,475</u> 14,200	<u>11,740</u> 11,160

TABLE S6B NORTHAMPTON RELATED DEVELOPMENT AREA (NRDA)

PLAN AREA	2011-2016	2016-2021	<u>2021-2026</u>
Daventry (EX NRDA)	1,220	2,090	<u>1,970</u>
NRDA	4,865	10,295	7,735
South	<u>1,490</u>	<u>2,090</u>	2,035
Northants (EX NRDA)			
<u>Total</u>	<u>7,575</u>	<u>14,475</u>	<u>11,740</u>

The Number of Jobs Required

5.382 The East Midlands Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS)[East Midlands Regional Plan, March 2009]sets out a 'reference value' for jobs growth of 37,200 jobs for the period from 2001 to 2021. This figure is to be used for monitoring and review and not as a jobs target. The reference value for jobs was provided to support the level of housing growth as set out in the RSS for the same period and complement regeneration in North Northamptonshire.

5.393 For the period 2001 to 2008 West Northamptonshire showed strong employment growth against the RSS reference value. This reflected a picture of strong economic trends nationally at that time. The area delivered jobs slightly in excess of this annualised target largely in the B1 office sector and the B8 warehouse/distribution sector both of which made up for job losses in the B2 manufacturing sector, again mirroring the national decline in this sector.

5.340 The housing provision of 50,150 dwellings for the period 2001 to 2026 allows for a more limited housing growth than that suggested in the RSS based on an achievable delivery of housing within the plan period. The housing provision accounts largely for the natural growth of the existing resident population. As a consequence the economically active element of the population will not be as extensive less as anticipated if the compared to the full delivery of the RSS housing requirement be delivered. With a reduced housing provision the labour force associated with the population to 2026 will be reduced and consequently the number of jobs required will be reduced from the RSS reference value.

5.3541 In order to maintain a broad balance between the provision of homes and jobs a new level of jobs increase has been calculated <u>based</u> on the basis of the level of population increase and the its likely profile of that population the details of which are included as set <u>out a</u> in the <u>Updated Employment</u> Technical Paper (June 2012) entitled 'Labour Force and Job Numbers for West Northamptonshire'. The paper identifies a A jobs reference value of 169,000 net new jobs to be delivered across the West Northamptonshire area has been

identified for the period 2010 2008 to 2026. It is considered that this reference value, if used as a guide for monitoring <u>and review</u> purposes, will provide a sustainable balance in relation to the proposed housing delivery and jobs provision. However, with anticipated job losses due to the economic recession, in the short term, provision of additional jobs over and above this target is likely to be required to make up for jobs lost. <u>The JCS is committed to make good any such losses</u>, with a corresponding increase to the 19,000 jobs reference value.

5.3642 The Councils within the plan area are working closely with a variety of organisations such as West Northamptonshire Development Corporation, (WNDC), Northamptonshire Enterprise Limited Partnership(NELP) and with the South East Midlands Local Enterprise Partnership (SEMLEP) to support the growth of new and existing businesses and the creation of new jobs.

5.3743 West Northamptonshire has an existing potential supply of employment provision in the form of planning applications and available sites to cover the first five years of the plan period following adoption and probably beyond (West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study - July 2010). In addition to which sites of national importance such as Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal (DIRFT) and Silverstone Circuit have the potential to bring forward further jobs growth over the plan period to 2026 but which are related to a wider as well as local area for employment catchment.

5.3844 For the period 2016 to 2026 jobs are likely to be created through renewal and regeneration of existing employment areas for B use , and jobs growth in the office and non-B sector jobs (such as health within the central areas of Northampton and Daventry). In addition DIRFT Phase 2 extension will commence delivery of jobs (approximately 2,000) as will Silverstone Circuit (approximately 2,500 jobs). It is anticipated that the first five years of the plan from adoption (2010 to 2016) will still be in a recessionary mode but leading in to economic recovery. Housing provision is likely to be subdued in this period and therefore jobs growth will similarly be suppressed.

POLICY S7 - Provision of Jobs

PROVISION WILL BE MADE FOR A MINIMUM NET INCREASE OF <u>19,000</u> 16,000 JOBS IN THE PERIOD 2010 <u>2008</u> - 2026 IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN A BROAD BALANCE OVER TIME BETWEEN HOMES AND JOBS AND TO MAINTAIN A DIVERSE ECONOMIC BASE.

The Distribution of Jobs

5.3945 West Northamptonshire incorporates contrasting districts in terms of employment. Northampton is a key employment location which attracts workers from the surrounding districts of South Northamptonshire, Daventry, Kettering, Wellingborough and beyond. However, the creation of large out-of-town employment areas has left Northampton town centre with fewer employment opportunities, especially in the office sector. The policies within this JCS and the Northampton Central Area Action Plan are focused on securing new office, retail and leisure development within Northampton town centre and its central area in order to boost its economy, vitality and vibrancy. <u>The SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone commenced in April 2012 bringing financial incentives and a simplified planning system to business within it. The SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone</u>

will drive the delivery of 120 hectares of employment land in town-centre, edge of centre, and urban locations providing skilled jobs in manufacturing, research and development, and office sectors of the West Northamptonshire economy including High Performance Technology. Jobs created in the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone are incorporated within the minimum jobs requirement for West Northamptonshire.

5.4<u>60</u> Daventry has traditionally attracted the manufacturing and warehouse employment sectors and has remained reasonably resilient to the economic down-turn. Daventry District Council is seeking a step change in its town centre and central area offer in order to support housing growth, reverse some of the out commuting, boost the town centre and widen the office sector job opportunities. Through the Daventry Masterplan and Daventry Vision proposals Daventry District Council envisage a revitalisation of office, retail and leisure uses within Daventry town's central area. <u>A University Technical College is proposed for Daventry committed to careers in sustainable and related new technologies.</u>

5.4<u>7</u>4 South Northamptonshire, like Daventry, is a largely rural district and struggles with the level of out commuting and has a low job density. South Northamptonshire has state in their Economic Development Strategy that they wish to address the issue of out commuting and the impact this has on the sustainability of its urban and rural settlements. South Northamptonshire therefore needs to address the level of out commuting by providing employment opportunities which meet the professional profile of their resident workforce.

5.482 With Northampton as the key economic driver for West Northamptonshire and beyond the town is rightly the focus for jobs growth. These will be generated primarily through town centre development, Jobs will be generated primarily through the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone supporting Northampton town centre and through local employment provision at the Sustainable Urban Extensions (SUEs) and through a new Technology Realm allocation. Initiatives such as the Technology Realm will further help to facilitate and stimulate high quality employment spaces and skilled jobs in Northamptonshire. Northampton's large business areas such as Swan Valley, Westgate, Lodge Farm, Moulton Park, Round Spinney, Crow Lane, and Brackmills, will continue to provide new jobs. The proposed Northampton North West Bypass will benefit business areas in the north west of Northampton linking those areas to the Strategic Road Network.

5.493 Daventry will experience growth within the plan period although growth is dependent on infrastructure provision. Housing growth for Daventry will come forward primarily through the Daventry North East Sustainable Urban Extension allocated for 2,500 2,000 dwellings within the plan period. Employment provision will take place through town centre regeneration and for local employment at Monksmoor and Daventry North East SUE.

5.<u>50</u>44 South Northamptonshire will experience a fall in its labour force due to an aging population and therefore its job requirements are likewise affected. However, to reverse trends of out commuting the district is seeking to support its existing high performance engineering <u>technologies</u> and motor sport clusters and support further growth in home working and leisure and tourism <u>supported by a University Technical College</u>.

POLICY S8 - Distribution of Jobs

THE MAJORITY OF NEW JOB GROWTH WILL BE CONCENTRATED WITHIN THE PRINCIPAL URBAN AREA OF NORTHAMPTON THROUGH:

- RENEWAL AND REGENERATION OF EXISTING EMPLOYMENT SITES AS SET OUT IN POLICY E1;
- <u>INDUSTRIAL/MIXED/OFFICE LAND (120HA) WITHIN THE SEMLEP</u> <u>NORTHAMPTON WATERSIDE ENTERPRISE ZONE INCLUDING;</u>
 - OFFICE AND LEISURE DEVELOPMENT IN THE CENTRAL AREA FOLLOWING A SEQUENTIAL APPROACH AS SET OUT IN POLICY E2;
 - INDUSTRIAL LAND (INCLUDING RESEARCH/ LIGHT INDUSTRY/GENERAL INDUSTRY)
 - **PROVISION OF A TECHNOLOGY REALM AS SET OUT IN POLICY E3; AND**
- LOCAL EMPLOYMENT PROVISION WITHIN SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS AS SET OUT IN THE NORTHAMPTON SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION POLICIES
- <u>DEVELOPMENT</u> <u>WITHIN</u> <u>EXISTING</u> <u>BUSINESS</u> <u>AREAS</u> <u>INCLUDING SWAN</u> <u>VALLEY</u>, <u>LODGE</u> <u>FARM</u>, <u>MOULTON</u> <u>PARK</u> <u>AND</u> <u>BRACKMILLS</u>

EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES IN DAVENTRY WILL BE BROADENED BY PROVISION OF:

- RENEWAL AND REGENERATION OF EXISTING EMPLOYMENT SITES AS SET OUT IN POLICY E1;
- OFFICE AND LEISURE DEVELOPMENT IN THE CENTRAL AREA AS SET OUT IN POLICY E2; AND
- LOCAL EMPLOYMENT PROVISION WITHIN DAVENTRY NORTH EAST SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION

EMPLOYMENT PROVISION WITHIN SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE DISTRICT COMPRISING:

- RENEWAL AND REGENERATION OF EXISTING EMPLOYMENT SITES AS SET OUT IN POLICY E1;
- HIGH <u>PERFORMANCE</u> TECHNOLOGY MOTORSPORT CLUSTER AT SILVERSTONE CIRCUIT AS SET OUT IN POLICY E5;
- LOCAL EMPLOYMENT PROVISION WITHIN SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS AS SET OUT IN THE SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION POLICIES; AND
- TOURISM AND VISITOR DEVELOPMENT IN THE RURAL AREAS AS SET OUT IN POLICIES E7 AND R2.

Jobs Growth by Sector

5.45<u>1</u> Given the uncertainty inherent in the economic position at present it is considered impractical to give individual targets for job growth by sector. For the early years of the JCS from adoption (expected in <u>2013</u> 2012) jobs growth is likely to be challenging as the economy emerges from recession. For the later stages of the JCS the impact of <u>the SEMLEP</u> <u>Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone and the town centre regeneration proposals will begin to impact significantly on jobs growth. The SEMLEP Northampton Waterside</u>

Enterprise Zone aims to be a centre of excellence for advanced technologies, precision/high performance engineering, low carbon technology, and sustainable construction. The Technology Realm framework will assist in this process.

Offices

5.4652 There is sufficient land already committed for office development to last the whole plan period of this JCS to 2026; however this depends upon regeneration within is primarily focused on the regeneration of Northampton's Central Area and for qualitative reasons additional office development in Daventry central area. Towcester and Brackley will need to maintain, renew and replace their stock of office development. On a quantitative basis no new office development sites are required to be allocated at a strategic level through the JCS.

Manufacturing

5.47<u>53</u> The jobs growth in the manufacturing sector is in decline, however this does not necessarily mean that less land is required for this sector. Some elements of manufacturing related to the high performance technologies sector are growing the sector continues to manufacture but often with a lower number of fewer employees due to successful mechanisation. Land requirements remain and may even require expansion. The land reservoir of existing and available employment land across the West Northamptonshire area will accommodate the needs of this sector over the plan period through the 'churn' (reuse, redevelopment and renewal) of employment land and development.

Warehousing

5.48<u>54</u> The area remains attractive to the warehouse industry and indications are that it is likely to remain so for the life time of the plan. However, delivering new space to cater for the warehousing sector on a trend based trajectory would not be desirable nor sustainable in the long term <u>in order to achieve a balanced economy</u>.

5.4955 West Northamptonshire already has a large supply of warehouse development with planning consent in the pipeline including Swan Valley, Bedford Road (Former Cattle Market), and DIRFT. No new warehousing sites are allocated in this JCS, and any new warehousing will be accommodated on existing employment sites through the <u>employment</u> land supply pipeline and churn of employment land.

5.560 DIRFT is a logistics site of national importance and is covered in the Economic Advantage Section 8 of this JCS under Policy E4.

Research and Development

5.574 The SEMELP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone will open up land for research and development and associated industry in the Northampton Central Area. The Technology Realm framework can assist this process. The Northamptonshire Technology Realm Strategy[1] seeks to focus high growth business innovation and development within Northamptonshire with Northampton at the hub and at "spokes" within the three growth towns of Corby, Kettering and Wellingborough in North Northamptonshire and high performance technology clusters in South Northamptonshire, Daventry and Northampton. Its

ethos is to provide a ladder of high quality connected and flexible work places founded on collaboration with learning and skills partners to create a highly skilled and knowledge based workforce.

 $5.5\underline{82}$ West Northamptonshire is driving up its educational standards across all of its towns and seeking new partnerships between higher educational providers and established businesses sectors for example at Silverstone Circuit.

5.5<u>9</u>3 A new strategic land allocation at policy to nurture a range of starter and grow-on business units is proposed in the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone is proposed (Policy E3 refers) for a. A Technology Realm framework will to provide a the hub for business development and flexible workplaces to foster innovation and entrepreneurship.

Non B Class Jobs

5.54<u>60</u> Non B Class jobs include those jobs in health care, retail, leisure, tourism, sport, education and cultural development. The non B jobs sector has grown in West Northamptonshire and the focus on town centres to provide more retail and service development to cater for the growing population will see this sector grow further. In addition the tourism and leisure industries are important to both the rural and urban economies.

Green Economy

5.5561 The theme of sustainable development and addressing climate change to secure a lower carbon live/work area runs throughout the JCS' policy approach. These objectives are supported by the development of high technology networking through the use of superfast broadband, increasing accessibility and use of public transport. Supporting innovation and working with industry in the use and development of alternative energy sources and through design and build to ensure effective and efficient sustainable workplaces are also important initiatives.

1. Northamptonshire Technology Ream: Forward Strategy 2007 [back]

Distribution of Retail Development

5.562 A key theme and critical issue for the JCS is the regeneration of Northampton town centre in order for it to fully secure its influence and function towards a <u>regional</u> eity centre role. Retail development is an important town centre function and its quality and attractiveness will strengthen, support and encourage further town centre regeneration. Northampton has suffered from a decentralisation of retail and other town centre uses which has over time adversely affected the vitality and viability of the town centre. Further inappropriate retail development ahead of town centre regeneration proposals would further harm the town centre, undermine its necessary role and put at serious risk new investment.

5.57<u>63</u> Policies within the JCS direct the retail requirement to be accommodated at the most appropriate centres. Policy N2 in the Northampton Section of this JCS, Section 12, sets out the retail floorspace requirement to be accommodated firstly in Northampton town centre and then within the Central Area. The Northampton Central Area Action Plan (NCAAP) identifies available, achievable and deliverable sites to accommodate 45,000sqm net of

comparison (non-food) retail development to meet identified future floorspace capacity, first within the town centre through the Grosvenor Centre redevelopment, a key investment in the town centre Primary Shopping Area boundary and followed by identified edge of town centre sites in accordance with a sequential approach set out in Policy S9 below.

5.58 The comparison retail requirement for Northampton is for the period 2010 to 2021. During this period it is anticipated that the Grosvenor Centre redevelopment, a key investment in the town centre Primary Shopping Area, will be delivered. Other town centre retail proposals and leisure and office development in the central area will also come forward in this period. Further capacity for comparison retail development beyond 2021 will be assessed following the commencement of these key town centre regeneration schemes.

5.59 Regeneration proposals are expected to lead to the transformation of the town centre and central area and will have a positive impact on economic recovery for Northampton and the wider area. Seeking to identify the amount and location of comparison floorspace beyond 2021 in advance of the regeneration proposals would not be appropriate. Reinvestment in the town centre once secured may lead to potential new redevelopment sites within the central area coming forward to which new retail development should be directed under PPS4. In addition any further comparison retailing at out of town locations will further exacerbate the present decentralisation and is likely to severely jeopardise the town centre retail investment. Further guidance will be issued on the comparison retail requirement for Northampton for the period for the final five years of the plan 2021 to 2026.

5.604 Policy S9 also applies an impact assessment for retail development. The lower threshold for impact assessment for retail proposals outside the Northampton town centres is a reflection of the need to ensure town centre development is not put at risk by out of town centre development. This is critical to rebalance the retail position in Northampton from dispersed to town centre focused and to protect the smaller town centres of Daventry, Towcester and Brackley.

5.645 For Northampton's convenience (food) retailing there is a requirement for a more significant convenience retailing presence within the town centre together with a spread of convenience retailing provision within the urban area associated with new areas of housing growth. Specific Sustainable Urban Extension (SUE) policies give a requirement for local centre provision and a quantum of convenience retailing floorspace to be provided in each SUE.

5.626 For Daventry retailing provision follows a similar picture with the focus of Daventry's new floorspace requirement directed to within Daventry's town centre and central area. Whilst Daventry has not suffered from decentralisation as Northampton has, the town centre is subject to strong competition from other town centres such as Banbury and Rugby. In addition the town has a lack of appropriate floorspace configured to meet modern retailing format requirements. Consequently, Daventry is under represented by national retailers in comparison with other towns.

5.6<u>37</u> To meet a growing population and to secure an increased market share by drawing back trade leakage to the west, Daventry needs to improve the quality of its retail offer both as a niche retailing destination and for larger high street stores. With the town centre and central area regeneration proposals identified in the Daventry Master Plan[1] and Daventry Town Centre Vision[2] the town is set to transform its retail offer.

5.6<u>8</u>4 Policy D2 in the Daventry section, Section 13 of this JCS, sets out floorspace requirements for retail development to be located in Daventry town centre and edge of centre sites and retail development will be required to follow the sequential approach set out in Policy S9.

5.6<u>9</u>5 The towns of Towcester and Brackley operate at a local level providing for the service and convenience retailing needs of the residents of the towns and surrounding villages. There is limited floorspace capacity for both towns for retailing needs in either the convenience or comparison sectors.

5.6670 For comparison retailing the South Northamptonshire Retail Study[3] advises that there is scope for both Towcester and Brackley to improve their vitality and viability. The study sets a range of environmental improvements and other actions suggesting how this can be achieved. Even with the new housing growth within Towcester and Brackley there is only a modest increase in the requirement for comparison floorspace and this can be accommodated within the existing town centres and which could be accommodated as extensions to existing stores. The extent of the floorspace requirement would not fundamentally alter the nature of the towns in retail terms.

5.67<u>1</u> For convenience retailing there is a relatively limited amount comprising some 750 sqm net convenience retailing to 2026[4] for Towcester which will be accommodated within the Towcester South Sustainable Urban Extension (Policy T3 - Towcester South Sustainable Urban Extension refers). For Brackley a small convenience store of up to 500 sqm net floorspace associated with housing growth would accommodate Brackley's retail needs to 2026 (Policy B3 - Brackley North Sustainable Urban Extension refers).

5.6872 South Northamptonshire Council is preparing master plans for both Towcester and Brackley town centres and which will provide the detailed strategy to improve their service centre roles. The Towcester and Brackley sections in this JCS, Sections 14 and 15, set out the scope of the master plans for these towns.

Town	Comparison (sqm net)	Convenience (sqm net)
Northampton	<u>37,500</u> 4 5,000 (to 2021)	<u>7,800</u> 7,000
Daventry	<u>5,100</u> 7,600	<u>2,900</u> 2,000
Towcester	Limited town centre provision	750
Brackley	Limited town centre provision	500

Table 2 - Retail Requirement to 2001-2026 (Rounded)

POLICY S9 - Distribution of Retail Development

RETAIL FLOORSPACE WILL SHOULD BE ACCOMMODATED FIRSTLY WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRES.

THEREAFTER UNLESS IDENTIFIED BY FLOORSPACE IN SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS PROPOSALS FOR NEW RETAIL DEVELOPMENT FOR WHICH THERE IS AN IDENTIFIED NEED AND WHICH CANNOT BE ACCOMMODATED WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRES WILL BE:

• SUBJECT TO SEQUENTIAL APPROACH WHERE FIRST PREFERENCE IS GIVEN TO WELL CONNECTED EDGE OF TOWN CENTRE SITES, THEN

DISTRICT/ LOCAL CENTRES WITH PREFERENCE GIVEN TO THOSE THAT ARE WELL SERVED BY LOCAL TRANSPORT. <u>ONLY</u> IF SEQUENTIALLY PREFERABLE SITES ARE NOT AVAILABLE SHOULD OUT OF CENTRE SITES BE CONSIDERED; AND

- SUBJECT TO IMPACT ASSESSMENT FOR PROPOSALS OVER 1,000SQM GROSS IN ORDER TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THEY DO NOT HAVE AN ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE VITALITY AND VIABILITY OF THE <u>IDENTIFIED TOWN</u> CENTRE<u>S</u>.
- 1. Daventry Master Plan Interim Draft December 2006 [back]
- 2. Daventry Town Centre Vision 2004 [back]
- 3. South Northamptonshire Retail Study March 2010 Chase and Partners [back]
- 4. South Northamptonshire Retail Study March 2010 Chase and Partners [back]

Climate Change and Sustainable Development Principles

5.6973 The overall aim of this JCS is to deliver sustainable development. Sustainable development ensures that the economic, social and environmental needs of the area are delivered in a balanced way. Fundamental to achieving this aim is the contribution West Northamptonshire can make to addressing the local causes and potential impacts of climate change. This will be undertaken through a combination of measures that, taken together, will enable the area to adapt to the challenges it will face through the plan period brought about by climate change. Such measures will also ensure mitigation measures, such as measures to reduce our of greenhouse gas emissions are put in placeto minimise the area's future contribution to climate change.

5.7 $\underline{40}$ The effects of climate change can take a variety of forms, including:

- <u>More regular longer, hotter, a rise in temperatures</u> <u>drier summers, warmer wetter</u> <u>winters;</u>
- More extreme weather events <u>of increasing frequency and severity leading to more</u> flooding, stormier weather and higher wind speeds; and
- Unfamiliar seasonal patterns in the wider environment.

5.751 Such effects can have serious consequences, which may take diverse forms including;

- surface water flooding;
- damage to property;
- risk to people; and
- damage to the economy.

5.7<u>6</u>² Climate change adaptation and mitigation, together with wider sustainability goals are fundamentally integrated into this Joint Core Strategy. They inform:

- locations for new development;
- the way we will travel in the future;
- new employment opportunities; and

- strategies for the adaptation and enhancement of our built <u>, historic</u> and natural environment; <u>and</u>
- provision of low carbon and renewable energy

5.7<u>7</u>3 It is recognised that a response to climate change is something that runs through all areas of policy. It is therefore important to reiterate that all new development will need to take account of all the relevant polices within the JCS, for example Connections Policies to help reduce carbon emissions from travel; Flood Risk, Water Quality in the Built and Natural Environment section in terms of adaptation and mitigation; Biodiversity policies to protect flora and fauna <u>and reduce fragmentation</u>; policies to enhance the opportunities from the historic environment in terms of the re-use of existing buildings, in addition to the overall strategy that seeks to direct new development to the most sustainable locations.

5.7<u>84</u> Achieving sustainability is a core objective in all proposals for development and this approach will underpin the commitments made by partner Councils to tackling climate change (for example, as outlined in the Northamptonshire Climate Change Strategy [1] the South Northamptonshire Climate Change Strategy[2] and the Sustainable Community Strategies). This JCS sets out the strategic spatial planning policy framework needed to:

- make the places where we live, shop and work more accessible by means that minimise the environmental burden of travel;
- make such places resilient to future flood events;
- protect and, enhance and reconnect natural habitats;
- minimise the use of energy and water;
- manage the water environment; and
- ensure natural resources are used prudently including those used in construction.

5.795 The scale of development planned across the area will place pressure on the environment. It is therefore important to ensure prudent protect, conserve and enhance the natural and local environment, protecting valued landscapes, minimising impacts on biodiversity, and enhancing green networks. This will include the efficient use is made of natural resources and that buildings are constructed to the highest standards possible, both in terms of the materials used in their construction and their overall performance during their lifetime leading to zero carbon housing from 2016 and zero carbon non -domestic buildings from 2019. This includes the re-use of materials during construction as part of the maximisation of recycling, as well as minimising any waste either during the construction or the lifetime of the building, as set out within the Development and Implementation Principles SPD[3], prepared by Northamptonshire County Council. Development viability testing for the area^[4] has demonstrated that sites can deliver the standards set out in Code for Sustainable Homes Level 4(or equivalent) at present with some areas, particularly within South Northamptonshire, able to exceed this level. Code Level 4 is, therefore, a minimum policy standard for residential developments until 2016, with the requirements increasing throughout the plan period in line with national policy. Non-residential developments, over 500m² gross internal floorspace, will achieve a rating of at least BREEAM (BRE Environmental Assessment Method Very Good (or equivalent).

5.8076 Proposals for new developments and regeneration opportunities, should consider ways of enabling energy to be generated at source and in ways that both minimise the carbon emissions and ensure on-going energy security. In line with national policy objectives [5], the JCS encourages the adoption of there is a requirement to increase the use of decentralised,

renewable, low or zero-carbon technologies <u>wherever viable</u>. Where viable and feasible, these technologies should provide a minimum of 10% of the predicted energy demand of the total development. In the event that providing such technologies proves unviable, as demonstrated through open book analysis carried out by the relevant local planning authority, contributions will <u>may</u> be sought towards the delivery of off-site carbon reduction opportunities: examples of such opportunities are set out within the Planning Obligations Strategy and will be included within the Developer Contributions SPD.

5.<u>81</u>77 Other factors that will need to be considered in ensuring developments are sustainable <u>design of new development</u> include:

- ensuring the <u>layout and</u> orientation of dwellings to maximise solar gain;
- ensuring development densities that are high enough to support local services, facilities and sustainable transport;
- creating layouts designing neighbourhoods that reduce the need to travel and that maximise opportunities for walking and cycling;
- locating new development close to services, such as education and retail; and
- the creation of <u>attractive</u>, <u>usable and durable</u> places, <u>and improvement of the historic</u> <u>environment</u>, <u>including high quality and inclusive design of development</u>, open spaces and green infrastructure that support community <u>health and</u> well being.

5.8278 In addition to climate change, another important aspect of sustainable <u>design</u> development that the JCS will need to consider is community safety and cohesion. Community safety, including crime reduction relates to different aspects of the plan and has been considered alongside the criteria set out within the Safer Places guidance[6]. Measures to assist with counter terrorism, community safety and security will need to be incorporated into the design of buildings and spaces, particularly public spaces that are likely to attract crowds.

5.8379 Further information and advice on how to design sustainable developments in both the rural and urban areas will be provided within a Sustainable Development Principles Supplementary Planning Document and Urban Design Frameworks as prepared by the relevant local planning authorities. All new development will be expected to conform to the principles of Building for Life. In order to maximise community safety there will also be the requirement to seek to adhere to the guidelines set out in the Safer Places and Secured by Design[7] documents as well as the Planning out Crime in Northamptonshire Supplementary Planning Guidance[8].

POLICY S10 - Sustainable Development Principles

In order to achieve the overarching goals of Sustainability DEVELOPMENT WILL:

- ACHIEVE THE HIGHEST STANDARDS OF <u>SUSTAINABLE</u> DESIGN <u>Including in relation to</u> <u>INCORPORATING</u> SAFETY AND SECURITY <u>CONSIDERATIONS AND A STRONG SENSE OF PLACE</u>;
- <u>BE DESIGNED TO IMPROVE ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE,</u> <u>ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND ADAPT TO changes of use and A CHANGING</u> <u>CLIMATE OVER ITS LIFETIME;</u>
- MAKE USE OF SUSTAINABLY SOURCED MATERIALS;

- MINIMISE <u>RESOURCE DEMAND</u> AND THE GENERATION OF WASTE AND MAXIMISE opportunities FOR <u>REUSE AND</u> RECYCLING;
- BE LOCATED WHERE SERVICES AND FACILITIES CAN BE EASILY ACCESSed by walking, cycling or PUBLIC TRANSPORT;
- MAXIMISE USE OF SOLAR <u>GAIN</u>, PASSIVE HEATING AND COOLING, NATURAL LIGHT AND VENTILATION <u>USING SITE LAYOUT AND</u> <u>BUILDING DESIGN</u>;
- AIM TO MAXIMISE THE generation GENERATE A MINIMUM OF 10% OF its ENERGY NEEDS FROM DECENTRALISED AND RENEWABLE OR LOW CARBON SOURCES;
- MAXIMISE WATER EFFICIENCY <u>AND PROMOTE SUSTAINABLE</u> <u>DRAINAGE;</u>
- **<u>PROTECT, CONSERVE AND ENHANCE NATURAL AND BUILT</u></u> ENVIRONMENT AND HERITAGE ASSETS;**
- PROMOTE THE CREATION OF GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE NETWORKS, ENHANCE BIODIVERSITY AND REDUCE THE FRAGMENTATION OF HABITATS; AND
- MINIMISE POLLUTION FROM NOISE, AIR AND RUN OFF.

UNLESS IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT IT WOULD NOT BE VIABLE, The minimum CODe for SUSTAINABLE Homes Level for all residential developments will be:

- 2011 to 2016: Level 4
- 2016 to 2021: Level 5
- 2021 to 2026: Level 6

Non-residential developments in west northamptonshire over 500m² gross internal floorspace will be required to achieve a rating of at least BREEAM (BRE Environmental Assessment Method) Very Good (or equivalent).

1. Northamptonshire County Council (2010) Climate Change Strategy 2010-2014 [back]

2. South Northamptonshire (2010) South Northamptonshire Climate Change Strategy 2010-2014 [back]

3. Northamptonshire County Council - Development Implementation Principles DPD (Adopted March 2007) [back]

4. Three Dragons (2010) Viability Appraisal of Affordable Housing Provision and Developer Contributions in West Northamtponshire [back]

5. DCLG (2009) Supplement to Planning Policy Statement 1: Climate Change] [back]

6. Office of the Deputy Prime Minister/Home Office - Safer Places: The Planning System and Crime Prevention (April 2004) [back]

7. Association of Chief Police Officers - Secured by Design Initiative (www.securedbydesign.com) [back]

8. Northamptonshire County Council, Northamptonshire Police, Northamptonshire Borough and District Councils - Planning out Crime in Northamptonshire Supplementary Planning Guidance (2004) [back]

5.84 <u>A key part of the government's commitment to meet climate change targets is to</u> reduce carbon emissions through greater use of energy efficiency in building construction and by increased use of low or zero carbon and renewable energy. The use of low carbon and renewable energy represents a significant opportunity over the plan period to reduce carbon emissions, help reduce fuel poverty and contribute to energy security. The Government has been working towards a target to achieve 15% of its total energy to be generated by renewable sources by 2020 and therefore, supports low carbon and renewable energy development across the UK, where the technology is viable and environmental, economic and social impacts are addressed satisfactorily.

5.805 To minimise the demand for resources and mitigate and adapt to climate change Objective 1 of this JCS states that the JCS should encourages renewable energy production in appropriate locations. The Government has been working towards a target of 20% of electricity in the UK coming from renewable sources by 2020, though the recent Renewable Energy Strategy (2009) has suggested that this figure should rise to around 30%. The Government therefore promotes rather than restricts such development, and it encourages renewable energy development across England where the technology is viable and environmental, economic and social impacts can be addressed satisfactorily. The use of low carbon and renewable energy and sustainable design approaches enable adaptation to the effects of climate change over the lifetime of the development. This can be done through incorporating in buildings, low carbon "fabric first" approaches to energy efficiency, and then optimised on site or near site energy generation in appropriate locations. The use of low carbon sustainable building design and site planning of development also has a key role in optimising layouts to increase passive solar energy gain, providing woodlands and trees and green infrastructure to act as windbreaks and carbon sinks and securing the integration of micro-generation technologies, such as solar thermal and/or photovoltaic panels.

5.81 As a consequence, both offshore and inshore wind turbines are being promoted as a method of generating low carbon generation in the UK. This has led to considerable recent interest in proposing wind turbines in and around the rural areas of West Northamptonshire.

5.862 <u>A study[9] has assessed the potential for the full range of renewable energy</u> technologies in West Northamptonshire. With the exception of Northampton, onshore wind energy forms the largest potential renewable resource for West Northamptonshire. At the micro scale, combinations of solar /photo voltaic and heat pumps also have significant potential, especially when combined with fabric improvements to improve the energy efficiency of buildings sought through the Code for Sustainable Homes and Breeam (BRE Environmental Assessment Method) for non domestic buildings.

5.87 In the central areas of Northampton and Daventry, the greatest heat demand was identified, which could have potential for the development of decentralised energy networks. Daventry and South Northamptonshire were also identified as having potential for the generation of energy from biomass, in particular from energy crops and plant biomass. Northampton, as an urban area also has potential for the use of energy from waste, sewage gas and waste wood.

5.82 Wind energy and other renewable energy development could have a range of positive or negative effects on nearby communities. They could provide landowners with the opportunity for rural diversification, local jobs and opportunities for community based schemes and benefits. However, such schemes can raise a range of concerns including landscape and visual effects, noise, shadow flicker and effects on the local economy. Although the negative effects may be localised in nature or could be mitigated against, local planning authorities

need to consider both positive and negative impacts of such schemes in reaching development management decisions.

5.88 The deployment of larger scale low carbon and renewable energy schemes can have a range of positive or negative effects on nearby communities. They could provide landowners with the opportunity for rural diversification, deliver local jobs and opportunities for community based schemes and benefits. However, proposals can have a range of impacts that will vary depending on the scale of development, type of area where the development is proposed and type of low carbon and renewable energy technology deployed.

5.89 When considering planning applications for low carbon and renewable energy, an assessment will need to take account of impacts on landscape, townscape, natural, historical and cultural features and areas and nature conservation interests. Proposals should also use high quality design to minimise impacts on the amenity of the area, in respect of visual intrusion, noise, dust, and odour and traffic generation.

5.90 Low carbon and renewable energy provision to achieve Level 4 of the Code for Sustainable Homes is more viable than meeting higher Code levels and can be achieved through more stringent fabric standards and integrated dwelling level micro generation technologies. At higher levels of the Code for Sustainable Homes energy system options, include combinations of fabric improvements with a range of low carbon technologies, either at the building or at the neighbourhood scale.

5.91 For edge of town development, such as Sustainable Urban Extensions, there are a range of energy system options, using combinations of technologies both at the building and neighbourhood scales. In addition to building fabric and energy efficiency improvements on major development sites and in Sustainable Urban Extensions, opportunities for the deployment of combined Heat and Power and district level heating and cooling networks, should be taken where viable and appropriate.

5.92 From 2016, the Government proposes that all housing will need to meet the zero carbon homes standard when adopted, with potential on site, near site or off site low carbon and renewable energy schemes provided though a Community or Private Energy Fund. From 2019, it is also proposed that non-domestic buildings should meet the adopted zero carbon standard.

S11 - Low Carbon and Renewable Energy

APPLICATIONS FOR PROPOSALS TO GENERATE ENERGY FROM RENEWABLE SOURCES (INCLUDING ANY ASSOCIATED TRANSMISSION LINES, BUILDINGS AND ACCESS ROADS) WILL BE EXPECTED TO:

- BRING WIDER ENVIRONMENTAL, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL BENEFITS AND CONTRIBUTE TO NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY PRODUCTION TARGETS IN TERMS OF ADDRESSING CLIMATE CHANGE;
- HAVE NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE HISTORIC AND NATURAL LANDSCAPE, LANDSCAPE CHARACTER, TOWNSCAPE OR NATURE CONSERVATION INTERESTS;

- HAVE NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE AMENITY OF THE AREA IN RESPECT OF FLICKER, GLARE, NOISE, DUST, ODOUR AND TRAFFIC GENERATION; AND
- PROVIDE FOR THE REMOVAL OF THE FACILITIES AND REINSTATEMENT OF THE SITE, SHOULD THEY CEASE TO BE OPERATIONAL.

MAJOR DEVELOPMENT AND SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS SHOULD CONTRIBUTE TO REDUCTIONS IN CARBON EMISSIONS AND ADAPT TO THE EFFECTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE THROUGH THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PRINCIPLES (POLICY S10), SO AS TO MINIMISE ENERGY USING SUSTAINABLE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION, MAXIMISE ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND THE PROVISION OF LOW CARBON AND RENEWABLE ENERGY, INCLUDING WHERE FEASIBLE AND APPROPRIATE, PROVISION OF DECENTRALISED ENERGY.

PROPOSALS SHOULD BE SENSITIVELY LOCATED AND DESIGNED TO MINIMISE POTENTIAL ADVERSE IMPACTS ON PEOPLE, THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT, BIODIVERSITY, HISTORIC ASSETS AND SHOULD MITIGATE POLLUTION. IN ADDITION, THE LOCATION OF WIND ENERGY PROPOSALS SHOULD HAVE NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACT ON AMENITY, LANDSCAPE CHARACTER AND ACCESS AND PROVIDE FOR THE REMOVAL OF THE FACILITIES AND REINSTATEMENT AT THE END OF OPERATIONS.

ALL NEW RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS (INCLUDING MIXED USE) ARE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE A MINIMUM OF LEVEL 4 STANDARD IN THE CODE FOR SUSTAINABLE HOMES AND TO ACHIEVE THE ZERO CARBON STANDARD FROM 2016 OR NATIONAL EQUIVALENT STANDARD, INCLUDING WHERE APPROPRIATE A CONTRIBUTION TO COMMUNITY OR PRIVATE ENERGY FUNDS.

ALL NEW NON-RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS OVER 500M² GROSS INTERNAL FLOORSPACE ARE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE A MINIMUM RATING OF AT LEAST BREEAM (BRE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT METHOD) VERY GOOD STANDARD (OR EQUIVALENT) OR ANY FUTURE NATIONAL EQUIVALENT ZERO CARBON STANDARD FROM 2019.

THESE REQUIREMENTS WILL APPLY UNLESS IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT THEY WOULD MAKE THE DEVELOPMENT UNVIABLE.

9. Land Use Consultants (2011) Low Carbon Energy Opportunities and Heat Mapping for Local Planning Areas Across the East Midlands: Final Report [back]

West Northamptonshire Wide Policies

Introduction

The following sections set out the policies that apply to the whole of the plan area. These policies cover:

- Connections;
- Regenerating and Developing Communities;
- Economic Advantage;
- Housing;
- Built and Natural Environment; and
- Infrastructure and Delivery.

6.0 Connections

Introduction

6.1 Transport links and connections between places are vital. They allow people to access healthcare, education, retail and leisure facilities; they assist in opening up new opportunities for employment and economic growth; and, as a result of increased access, encourage regeneration and revitalisation of towns, villages and neighbourhoods. Connections operate at different levels that interact with each other:

- **Strategic Connections** connecting West Northamptonshire to key regional centres and transport gateways of international or national importance, e.g. road and rail connections to London and Birmingham, rail connections for freight to Europe, and road connections to airports such as London Luton or Birmingham International;
- Area Connectivity connecting the towns and villages within West Northamptonshire and connecting key locations within towns e.g. residential areas to town centres and principal employment areas, and;
- Local and Neighbourhood Connectivity connecting rural and urban neighbourhoods to key facilities, such as healthcare or local retail services, and improving movement around neighbourhoods, particularly by public transport, walking or cycling.

6.2 West Northamptonshire is often described as having "good connectivity" especially by road. This is due to its location at the heart of the country and its access to nationally significant routes including the M1 motorway and the A14 that link it to sea ports and airports. The central location, together with connectivity to strategic transport networks, has brought significant economic benefits to the area, particularly from the distribution industry, including Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal (DIRFT).

6.3 However, it is the easy access to the road network together with the interdependencies of the rural hinterlands, the towns within Northamptonshire (such as Northampton, Wellingborough and Kettering) and surrounding centres, such as Milton Keynes, which has created challenges that this Joint Core Strategy will need to address including:

- How to provide effective services that cross administrative boundaries;
- Congestion on our local and strategic transport networks;
- Reducing the distances we travel, particularly for work;
- The reliance on private cars, even for short trips;

- Economic and regeneration issues, where transport factors may act as a barrier to investment;
- Air Quality and other environmental issues, particularly around congested junctions in the towns and routes with high traffic volumes;
- Health issues, such as increasing obesity as a result of less active lifestyles;
- Increasing social exclusion faced by those without a car, within urban and rural areas especially in light of rising fuel costs.

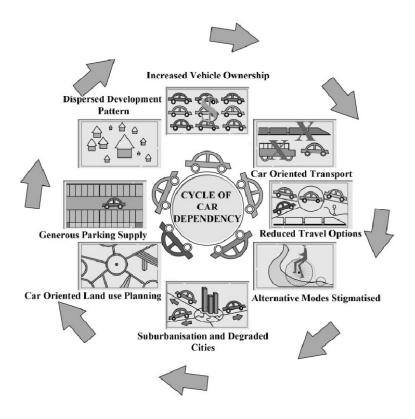
6.4 Some of these issues are much wider than "transport" and creating more selfcontained communities, both rural and urban, with the right levels of housing, employment and easy access to essential services, for example, will be vital.

6.5 There is no single reason why West Northamptonshire has higher than average levels of car use or ownership, or why traffic growth has been higher than the national average. The area's existing travel behaviour is a result of a number of different factors including:

- Social changes such as greater affluence and greater numbers of families moving to the rural areas;
- Investment in national road infrastructure around the urban areas that has not been matched with investment in public transport; and
- Land use choices, particularly in Northampton itself, such as the dispersal of employment and retail development around the edges of the towns, and new developments that do not make walking and cycling easy.

6.6 As a result, many communities within West Northamptonshire have entered into a "cycle of car dependency", which makes it difficult to change behaviour. This is shown on Diagram 1: Cycle of Car Dependency below.

Diagram 1: Cycle of Car Dependency



6.7 Since the early 1990s there have been on-going attempts, both nationally and locally, to break the cycle of dependency and to alter the way that we travel so development becomes more sustainable. The changes required will take a long time and may not be fully realised in the life of this plan. However, it is vital to increase the emphasis on achieving more sustainable travel through:

- Improvements to public transport, cycling and walking infrastructure;
- Locating development where people can access facilities such as retail, education and employment without using the car;
- Ensuring that developments are well designed to minimise the need to use cars for shorter trips;
- Reducing the need to travel, for example through home working;
- Restricting unnecessary car usage, by providing necessary measures such as limited car parking, where appropriate;
- Managing the demand for travel, such as introducing charging;
- Managing traffic access to strategic routes:
- Managing road space to give priority to public transport or cycling and to reduce environmental impacts of traffic, and;
- Encouraging cycling and walking for short journeys.
- 6.8 As well as addressing wider emerging issues for the area, such as:
 - Rising fuel and energy costs;
 - Supporting regeneration initiatives, both community and economic regeneration; and
 - The desire to protect the historic character of our towns and villages from traffic.

6.9 Effective local transport policies can help to tackle these issues, whilst ensuring that transport infrastructure retains and continues to benefit West Northamptonshire's economic competitiveness. The Regional Transport Strategy (RTS)[1], which is included within the East Midlands Regional Spatial Strategy, contains a clear set of over-arching objectives and policies to achieve the step-change in behaviour required to meet the changing needs of the area. Whilst it is the intention of the Government to abolish the regional plan tier, the framework helps to demonstrate that, particularly for transport, a co-ordinated approach across larger areas is required and that many of the issues require co-ordination between different authorities to deliver.

6.10 This section of the JCS sets out ways that the changes required can be delivered. It firstly deals with how we will go about changing the way we travel, before dealing with the improvements to connections at a strategic, sub-regional, local and individual development level. It is recognised that there is not a "one size fits all" when defining the issues or for dealing with the traffic and travel problems and so specific policies relating to each of the towns and the rural areas are set out within the Places <u>Policies</u> section of this JCS. Large infrastructure projects, such as the <u>Northampton</u> North West Bypass for <u>Northampton</u> are also set out within the Infrastructure and Delivery section, Section 11, and in the Infrastructure Schedule in Appendix 4 of this Plan.

1. East Midlands Regional Plan, March 2009 [back]

Changing the way we travel

6.11 The transport evidence base shows that there are significant parts of the road network, especially around the four towns of Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley which cannot cope with the expected number of trips as a result of traffic growth from the existing residents, or new development, if travel behaviour does not alter. It also demonstrates that there are areas, both rural and urban, that are unable to access key services by public transport, such as health facilities, education and employment centres.

6.12 In order to achieve wider sustainability goals and meet future travel needs of visitors and residents, this JCS recognises that a change in travel behaviour will be required. This is sometimes known as "Modal Shift". This approach does not mean that people will be prevented from using their cars altogether; it encourages people to use alternatives to the car where this is possible and seeks to provide a viable alternative. It is acknowledged that for some residents, the car is seen to be the only option and will be for the foreseeable future. Public transport, particularly in the rural areas, is incomplete, infrequent or unreliable. Cycling networks vary significantly in quality and the walking environment can be perceived as unsafe. However, there are also solutions to altering our travel behaviour that are focused on reducing our need to travel, for example superfast broadband access to enable people to work from home where possible. All of these elements must be improved as part of the overall strategy.

6.13 This plan is based on the Modal Shift Targets set out in Northamptonshire County Council's Transport Strategy for Growth (NTSG)[1]. These are: 5% Modal Shift away from Private Car Trips across existing developments and a 20% shift away from Private Car Trips from all new development. Our analysis shows that it may be possible to achieve more. These targets are, therefore, viewed as minima in this plan, and all travel interventions should be

designed to achieve the highest modal shift possible, with some new developments, particularly the Sustainable Urban Extensions, aspiring to achieve a modal split of no more than 40% of trips being made by car. This target, and progress towards it, will be reviewed jointly as part of the monitoring and implementation of this JCS and the Local Transport Plan.

6.14 In addition to the provision of "physical infrastructure[2]", measures such as improvements to ticketing and the pricing of public transport, promotion of public transport and provision of travel information services will play an essential part in the development of future strategies; these measures are often known as "soft measures" or "smarter choices". The formation of quality partnerships between the relevant local authorities, public transport operators and other key stakeholders will be supported to ensure that the necessary improvements to the services can be delivered.

6.15 <u>The Northamptonshire vision is for the County to be at the leading edge of the digital economy.</u> This requires new development, both housing and commercial, to be directly served by high quality fibre networks. Access to these networks will make working from home, and operating businesses, easier and therefore reduce the need to travel. Such access will enable e-learning and access to an increasing number of on-line applications and services provided by the public and private sector, including tele-health, and can help to reduce the challenge of social exclusion.

POLICY C1 - Changing Behaviour and Achieveing Modal Shift

<u>PRIORITy will be given to</u> Proposed transport schemes <u>that</u> will BE Required to demonstrate how they will contribute to behavioural change by:

- PROVIDING ACCESS BY WALKING, CYCLING AND PUBLIC TRANSPORT TO KEY FACILITIES AND SERVICES;
- promoting the use of walking, cycling and public transport over and above private car trips;
- maximising the use of existing capacity within transport infrastructure; AND
- Managing The demand for car-based travel within urban areas.

ANY CAPACITY IMPROVEMENTS SHOULD SUPPORT ECONOMIC GROWTH AND/OR SAFEGUARD STRATEGIC ROUTES And/or reduce transport Energy use

IN ORDER To achieve behavioural change THE FOLLOWING MEASURES WILL BE INTRODUCED across West Northamptonshire:

- The Delivery of a Comprehensive Public Transport Network.
- The formation of formal Partnerships to deliver improvements to through ticketing and public transport information.
- the provision of effective Cycling Networks across the Existing urban and rural area linked to key transport Interchanges.
- <u>New development should be accessed by fibre to the premises (FTTP)</u> technology enabling access to superfast broadband and speeds of at least <u>30 megabits per second.</u>

INFORMATION COMMUNICATION NETWORKS, SUCH AS SUPERFAST BROADBAND, WILL BE SUPPORTED ACROSS THE WHOLE OF WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE TO REDUCE THE NEED TO TRAVEL AND BE A REQUIREMENT FOR NEW DEVELOPMENTS.

1. Northamptonshire County Council: Transport Strategy for Growth (September 2007) [back]

2. See the Glossary for further information [back]

New Developments

6.165 The location of housing, employment, retail, education, health and other facilities, is one of the most important influences on travel behaviour in terms of the distance, where and how people chose to travel. The Northamptonshire Transport Strategy for Growth modal shift targets will be expected to be delivered as part of Policy C1 above. The JCS plans for modal shift combining incentives, information, and public transport improvements with new development influencing behaviour before car dependency becomes a habit. A range of soft and hard measures will be phased in over the build-out of development sites. New development will be required to mitigate its effects on the highway network.

 $6.1\underline{76}$ The design of new developments is an important factor in influencing travel behaviour. New developments should be legible, safe and provide an attractive, healthy environment. The design, density and location of services within new developments should maximise the opportunity for trips by non-car modes.

6.187 There is growing evidence to support the success of travel plan measures, such as personalised travel plans and dedicated travel centres as an integral part of the development. In order to alter travel behaviour, new public transport services need to be made available as soon as new developments are being inhabited. Further guidance on the production of travel plans will be provided by a <u>A</u> separate Supplementary Planning Document <u>will provide</u> further guidance on the production of travel plans including thresholds for different forms of development. Thresholds will define what constitutes significant traffic movements taking opportunities to maximise modal shift outlined in the NTSG and the Northamptonshire Transportation Plan.

POLICY C2 - New Developments

all-new housing, Employment, commercial AND retail developmentin the Four Towns of Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley and PRIMARY SERVICE VILLAGES will be expected to ACHIEVE the MODAL shift targets <u>(IN PARAGRAPH</u> <u>6.13)</u> by maximising travel choice from non-car modes.

Development will be required to <u>MITIGATE ITS EFFECTS ON THE HIGHWAY</u> <u>NETWORK AND</u> be supported by a transport assessment and travel Plan prepared in accordance with current best practice guidelines as issued by the department for transport or the relevAnt local Authority.

Sustainable Urban Extensions, as allocated within this plan, will additionally BE required to:

- provide access via walking, cycling and public transport routes to a mix of uses including local employment, housing and retail facilities;
- Ensure that New or enhanced public transport services are secured on occupation of THE first dwelling <u>WHEN THIS IS APPROPRIATE;</u>
- Secure the most efficient networks for walking, cycling and public transport within the development;
- Ensure sufficient density across the site in order to sustain public transport and other local services.

Strategic Connections

6.<u>198</u> West Northamptonshire's strategic road and rail connections have made the area economically attractive for distribution and other industries which rely on national and, increasingly, international connections. However, these connections are attractive for more local trips and an increasing number of people are using the national road network (such as the M1) for local journeys around urban areas. This increases congestion particularly around the junctions on the strategic road network and compromises its ability to function efficiently.

6.2019 In order to ensure that the road network remains efficient and can serve the strategic demand, it will be important to make improvements to carefully manage more local movements (see Area Connections) to enhance capacity. At the strategic level the Government has plans to introduce Managed Motorways including Hard Shoulder Running on a number of sections of the national Motorway network. This has included the M1 between J14 and J19 and, although this scheme is not currently programmed, it may come forward during the plan period. In the case of the A45 and A43 trunk roads in the area, the Highways Agency are proposing to implement secure the implementation of traffic management measures and related junction modifications in conjunction with development coming forward in these corridors. The Northampton Growth Management Scheme (NGMS) for the M1/A45 sets out necessary mitigation measures on the A45 between the M1 Junction 15 and Great Billing Junction required to support the growth of Northampton. The WNJPU and partners have agreed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with the Highways Agency on the delivery of NGMS. The MoU provides a mechanism for using S106 planning obligations (prior to the introduction of CIL and then CIL funding) to secure contributions to enable delivery of the NGMS. The NGMS also considers the staging of developer contributions to support the viability of developments. The specific developer funded measures on the A45 and A43 are set out in the Infrastructure Schedule in Appendix 4 of this Plan.

6.2<u>10</u> The West Coast Mainline provides the key north-south rail link, but is particularly congested around Northampton where freight and passenger services share the same lines. As both passenger and freight demands on the line increase there may be a conflict between users. Whilst the area benefits from this strategic rail link, via the West Coast Mainline, the range of destinations available, the frequency and speed of connections is weaker than nearby towns such as Coventry, Rugby and Milton Keynes and journey times to London are less from Kings Sutton, a smaller station on the Chilterns line, which serves the more rural areas in the west of the plan area. This places Northampton at a disadvantage, in terms of rail access to major centres, as it is further away in terms of journey time from key cities and towns. This may prove to be a hindrance to its future economic development.

6.221- The business case put forward by the Department for Transport for the High Speed 2 rail link between London and Birmingham, states that one of the key advantages for West Northamptonshire will be the relief to the capacity of the existing lines through the removal of some of the long distance trains and opening up lines for enhanced passenger services from the stations on the West Coast Line within West Northamptonshire. It will be vital to ensure that any release in capacity is capitalised upon in order to improve the area's connections to major transport interchanges and that the area is not left at a disadvantage. These benefits will also have to be balanced against the environmental costs of the High Speed Rail proposal and this section contains a specific policy (Policy C6) to ensure that the most affected communities are protected, particularly during construction. If HS2 proceeds it is expected to reduce future pressures on the M1.

6.2<u>3</u> The North Northamptonshire Core Spatial Strategy (2008) Policy 2 (Connecting North Northamptonshire with surrounding Areas) states that "North Northamptonshire's connections with surrounding areas will be strengthened and enhanced to ensure that these are to the standard necessary to fulfil the role expected of them. This JCS supports this policy and in particular includes reference to A43 Kettering to Northampton improvements under the Road section in Policy C3 below.

POLICY C3 - Strategic Connections

THE PRIORITIES TO RETAIN AND ENHANCE WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE'S STRATEGIC CONNECTIONS FOR ECONOMIC ADVANTAGE ARE TO WORK IN PARTNERSHIP WITH, AND SUPPORT THE RELEVANT TRANSPORT PROVIDERS IN ORDER TO SECURE THE FOLLOWING INITIATIVES:

RAIL

- AN ENHANCED SERVICE IN TERMS OF JOURNEY TIME AND FREQUENCY OF PASSENGER RAIL SERVICES BETWEEN LONDON AND BIRMINGHAM (VIA NORTHAMPTON CASTLE STATION);
- THE INTRODUCTION OF ADDITIONAL RAIL SERVICES TO THE WIDER NORTH WEST FOR PASSENGER AND FREIGHT MOVEMENTS ALONG THE M6 CORRIDOR TO RELIEVE CONGESTION ON THE ROAD NETWORK;
- IMPLEMENTATION OF AN INTER-URBAN COACH SERVICE TO CONNECT TO THE MIDLAND MAINLINE ALLOWING PASSENGERS TO ACCESS THE EAST MIDLANDS AIRPORT AND IMPROVED JOURNEY TIMES/CONNECTIONS TO ACCESS EAST MIDLANDS AIRPORT;
- THE ENHANCEMENT OF RAIL CONNECTIONS TO THE DAVENTRY INTERNATIONAL RAIL FREIGHT TERMINAL TO ENCOURAGE THE MOVEMENT OF GOODS BY RAIL.

<u>ROAD</u>

THE NECESSARY ROAD IMPROVEMENTS TO SUPPORT STRATEGIC CONNECTIVITY ARE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF-:

• M1 JUNCTION 14-19 MANAGED MOTORWAY INCLUDING HArD SHOULDER RUNNING

- TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES AND RELATED JUNCTION MODIFICATIONS ON THE A45 AND A43 TRUNK ROADS IN CONJUNCTION WITH DEVELOPMENT COMING FORWARD IN THE CORRIDORS <u>INCLUDING THE M1/A45 NORTHAMPTON GROWTH</u> <u>MANAGEMENT Scheme</u>
- <u>A43 Kettering to Northampton improvementS</u>

WATER

SUPPORT WILL BE GIVEN TO PROPOSALS TO USE THE CANAL NETWORK FOR FREIGHT MOVEMENTS.

Connecting Urban Areas

6.2<u>4</u>2- Journeys between the towns in West Northamptonshire and to surrounding centres, such as Milton Keynes, Rugby and Banbury are dominated by the private car, particularly for trips to work. The inter-urban bus network does not currently provide an attractive alternative to the private car for many journeys, with services operating at 30 minute intervals during the peak period and less frequent in the early mornings and evenings. The Rural Service Centres of Towcester and Brackley will be expected to form a vital part of the rural public transport network, providing key inceptors to allow passengers to change to faster inter-urban routes.

6.253- As indicated in the spatial portrait in section 4, a significant proportion of commuting is within Northamptonshire with residents in neighbouring towns such as Wellingborough travelling to Northampton to work. The Northamptonshire Arc Report,[1] prepared by the County Council, indicates that there is significant potential for improvements to the inter-urban bus network within Northamptonshire. One of the biggest challenges is to overcome the negative perception of road based public transport and ensure that it is seen as a reliable and efficient alternative to the car. The Arc Report proposes the development of a high quality Northamptonshire Arc Transit (NAT) network to provide mass transit links between the main urban centres which could be extended to other important centres such as Milton Keynes.

6.2<u>64</u> There are presently three rail stations within the plan area: Northampton Castle Station and Long Buckby Station, which are both on the West Coast line, and Kings Sutton station which is on the Chilterns line. All of the stations in the plan area have services to London and Birmingham, providing important services for commuters to both these cities and intermediate stations. For Northampton and Long Buckby this includes towns such as Milton Keynes to the south and Rugby to the north, whereas Kings Sutton serves towns such as Bicester. However, for shorter journeys to neighbouring areas the train is not always seen as a practical option due to issues such as the accessibility of the station, waiting facilities and the costs associated with travel particularly at peak times.

6.2<u>7</u>5- Whilst walking and cycling will play an important role for shorter trips, road improvements will be required to connect new development into the network and also to relieve some existing congestion issues. In addition to our strategic priorities, additional improvements are required to ensure West Northamptonshire's continued economic prosperity include the effective management of junctions on the A45 around Northampton, which are an integral part of the town's road network. Other road improvements may be

required where they will help to deliver improvements to air quality or relieve villages of unsuitable amounts of traffic. These improvements will need to be carefully managed to ensure that they also help to prioritise public transport, walking and cycling and meet the principles set out in Policy C1. These improvements are set out within the Places sections and the Infrastructure Schedule in Appendix 4 of this plan along with additional physical infrastructure requirements, such as A45 Northampton to Daventry Development Link corridor improvements, which are required to support the development of the area.

POLICY C4 - Connecting Urban Areas A: PUBLIC TRANSPORT CORRIDORS

An Effective, Reliable Inter-urban Public transport Network linking Major Towns and Cities, including the development of a high Quality Northamptonshire Arc Transit network, will be prioritised on THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPAL journey to work corridors:

- A508 Northampton to milton keynes
- A45 Northampton to Wellingborough
- A5 Towcester to Milton Keynes
- A45/A4500 Daventry to Northampton
- A45 Daventry to Rugby
- A43 Brackley to Northampton
- A43/ A361 Brackley DAVENTRY to Cherwell district (Banbury/ Bicester)
- A43/A422 bRACKLEY TO cHERWELL dISTRICT (BANBURY/bICESTER)
- a43 Northampton to Kettering

improvements will be required to:

- Increase the accessibility of inter-urban public transport;
- reduce journey times By public transport;
- Improve the Frequency of services between key centres; and
- provide mechanisms to enable more flexible ticketing options across modes and administrative boundAries.

B: public transport interchanges

To complement an increased frequency in service provision, improvements will be made to Key public transport interchanges in ORDER TO Raise the profile of Public transport.

Priority interchanges are Identified as follows:

Northampton

- Central Northampton bus Interchange
- northampton Castle Rail Station

Daventry

• Daventry Bus Interchange

• Long Buckby Rail Station

South Northamptonshire

- Towcester Bus interchange
- Brackley bus interchange
- Kings Sutton Rail Station

interchanges will provide a safe and attractive environment including:

- Secure cycle parking;
- sheltered and Safe waiting facilities;
- safe and convenient pedestrian access; and
- information including Signposting, timetables and ticketing.

Rail interchanges will also be required to provide taxi waiting areas and long stay parking at a locally determined level.

1. Northamptonshire County Council - Northamptonshire Arc Report (2010) [back]

Enhancing Local and Neighbourhood Connections

 $6.2\underline{86}$ Improved local and neighbourhood connectivity is required to ensure that the places within West Northamptonshire, both rural and urban, can become more sustainable; this includes the creation and enhancement of local bus, cycle and walking routes within the towns as well as and access to facilities. Without these changes the amount of traffic will continue to grow and we will not secure the changes in behaviour required. Neighbourhood connectivity for new developments, including the ability to access services, is addressed within the overall transport strategy (see Policies C1 and C2) and the Places sections of the JCS.

6.2<u>9</u>7 For the rural areas in particular there are challenges that will need to be addressed to enhance the range of facilities available to communities, such as access to health care, education and retail. The rural areas section, Section 16, sets out the over-arching policies for securing future services for these areas including measures for enhancing rural accessibility.

POLICY C5 - Enhancing local and neighbourhood connections

The connections within urban areas, between neighbourhoods and town and district centres, $\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \mathbf{N}}$ the rural hinterlands of West Northamptonshire with their most accessible service centre, will be strengthened by the following measures:

- Improvements to the strategic and local bus networks including upgrades to local Interchanges, service frequency, reliability and quality;
- Personalised Travel Planning and voluntary travel plans;
- Improvements to cycling networks and cycle parking;
- Securing and enhancing urban and rural walking networks;

- Sustaining or improving existing demand responsive transport, particularly in rural areas, to fill key gaps to the scheduled network and Enhancing the network where gaps presently exist; and
- Promoting park and ride facilities for Northampton.

High Speed Rail 2 - London to Birmingham

6.3028 In December 2010 the Government announced a preferred route option for the proposed High Speed Rail link between London and Birmingham, known as High Speed 2 (HS2). The preferred route passes through South Northamptonshire district, close to Brackley, and will have a major impact on the environment and local communities in the plan area. <u>A revised alignment has been incorporated in the confirmed line of route for phase one of HS2 which was announced in January 2012.</u>

6.<u>31</u>29 HS2 is a national infrastructure project and as such the key planning decisions will be taken by the Secretary of State. However the local authorities, in particular Northamptonshire County and South Northamptonshire Councils, will be key consultees seeking to influence the detailed design and construction of the route. Given the significance of the proposal for the plan area it is appropriate to include a policy within the JCS which seeks to minimise the adverse impacts on the environment and communities in the area and maximise the benefits that could arise from the proposal <u>such as improved journey times and services from Northampton to Birmingham and London.</u>

POLICY C6 - High Speed Rail 2

THE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF THE HIGH SPEED 2 RAIL LINK MUST MINIMISE ADVERSE IMPACTS ON THE ENVIRONMENT, THE LOCAL ECONOMY AND LOCAL COMMUNITIES AND MAXIMISE ANY BENEFITS THAT ARISE FROM THE PROPOSAL. THE IMPLEMENTATION OF HS2 WILL ALSO BE EXPECTED TO:

- DELIVER HIGH QUALITY DESIGN TO PROTECT COMMUNITIES AND THE ENVIRONMENT FROM NOISE AND VISUAL INTRUSION
- MANAGE THE CONSTRUCTION TO MINIMISE THE IMPACT ON COMMUNITIES AND THE ENVIRONMENT
- ADOPT SUSTAINABLE PROCUREMENT AND CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- MINIMISE ADVERSE SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC IMPACTS, BY MAINTAINING ACCESSIBILITY AND AVOIDING THE SEVERANCE OF COMMUNITIES AND AGRICULTURAL HOLDINGS
- ENSURE THAT COMMUNITY AND OTHER BENEFITS, SUCH AS IMPROVED SERVICES ON THE WEST COAST MAIN LINE, ARE FULLY REALISED

7.0 Regenerating and Developing Communities

Introduction

7.1 Alongside the regeneration of town centres, a key objective of the strategy is to reduce disparity between communities by improving opportunities for some of the most deprived areas in West Northamptonshire. Developing the social and community infrastructure offer of communities is an essential part of providing for future sustainability across the plan area.

Community Regeneration

7.2 Community regeneration comprises a set of activities designed to reverse economic, social and physical decline in areas where market forces will not do this without the support from public sector intervention.

7.3 Councils have powers to promote the social, economic and environmental wellbeing of their areas. In achieving this role regeneration will need to consider four key attributes:

- **Economic attributes** relating to employment rates, economic opportunities/ skills;
- **Social attributes** quality of life, health, crime, community engagement;
- **Physical attributes** connectivity, housing condition, neighbourhood centres, public realm; and
- **Environmental attributes** loss of biodiversity, low energy efficiency, localised pollution, poor visual appearance.

7.4 Community regeneration is a key theme for the JCS, focusing on reducing disparities between neighbourhoods and creating sustainable places where people choose to live and work.

7.5 Regeneration is considered in a wider context within the place sections of the JCS, both in terms of the spatial depiction of community regeneration schemes and in addressing commercial investment within the town centres of Northampton and the supporting towns of West Northamptonshire. It is recognised that investing in such opportunities will also create wealth and regeneration benefits for residents.

7.6 There will be a need throughout the plan period not only to support both existing and new communities through, for example, the provision of education, health, community leisure, cultural and social facilities, but also to manage change in communities. This will be considered through the development of more detailed strategies and intervention measures which will identify how communities or neighbourhoods can be regenerated, to improve outcomes for local residents. Such outcomes will be proposed either to sustain an existing purpose or to create a new purpose involving more substantial change and reflect local aspirations expressed, for example, through Sustainable Community Strategies.

7.7 A key aim of local spatial planning is to create a framework for private investment and regeneration that promotes economic, environmental and social well being for an area, which in turn provides a robust basis for making bids for public funds and for assembling land for projects.

7.8 There is a need for the JCS to set out an overall approach to development which includes the regeneration of areas that are showing the highest indicators of deprivation as well as ensuring the strategy does not contribute to further decline elsewhere.

7.9 Not all regeneration investment needs to be in areas of decline. Factors influencing deprivation are often driven by external factors for example infrastructure, which improves the strength of the economy and access to facilities, or commercial investment in town centres.

7.10 In maximising investment and providing the right climate for development, the public sector will be required to provide a clear delivery role, particularly where economic viability or land ownership constraints may provide a challenge to regeneration. Further, addressing issues of low accessibility to employment and services as well as poor social environments will be seen as a priority.

7.11 In addressing regeneration the JCS encompasses a generic approach, referring to specific locations as examples of places which can benefit from regeneration initiatives. This approach will provide the opportunity for a more detailed implementation of projects and initiatives through accompanying Development Plan Documents Local Plans and strategies. It is envisaged that these accompanying documents will address, in more detail, how the regeneration of an area can bring benefits to the local population, seeking to reduce economic, social and physical disparity, through for example, improved connectivity, access to jobs and services, urban renewal and physical enhancement.

7.12 This approach provides a baseline for developing strategy, complementing the direction of growth and taking forward an approach to regeneration that builds capacity and promotes community engagement.

Context

7.13 The vast majority of new housing and employment development will be centred in and around the main urban areas of West Northamptonshire. This new development will be used to bring benefits to existing local communities.

7.14 The area incorporates pockets of high deprivation, especially within its larger urban areas of Northampton and Daventry, which impacts on life chances including access to employment and service provision, such as healthcare, as well as a poor physical environment. By recognising the importance that accessible services and facilities have on the quality of people's lives, the strategy will look to consider favourably proposals that support and strengthen local services across West Northamptonshire. In particular, encouraging development that can help to improve existing deficiencies in services or facilities in deprived communities, will require a range of agencies to work together and with developers. Partners will be expected to work together with local communities to attract and secure funding and to provide a focus for objectives and resources. This will require attention

to the key principles introduced in Table 3 below. Developers will also need to demonstrate how they are working within these expectations.

The Regeneration Strategy for West Northamptonshire

7.15 It is important that regeneration is delivered in a targeted manner that delivers measurable outcomes over a set period of time, and that it addresses each of the attributes highlighted in paragraph 7.3 above. It is also important that issues can be addressed at the right level, which allows action to be targeted - investing where it will have the most impact - and provided as close to identified communities as possible.

7.16 In taking forward these aspirations three key data sets have been considered in order to identify the most deprived communities for regeneration in West Northamptonshire. These datasets are:

- Indices of Multiple Deprivation (2007)[1] which captures disparities in living standards and covers levels of deprivation based on barriers to housing and services, living environment, crime and disorder, education training and skills, health and disability, employment rates and income;
- Decent Homes Standard and Stock Condition Assessments[2] which has identified key areas where social housing will not meet the decent homes standard; and
- **Strategic Assessment** information compiled by the Safer Partnerships to identify and tackle areas where there are more frequent indices of crime and anti-social behaviour.

7.17 In addition to the above datasets there is a clear need to consider deliverability, from both funding and community engagement perspectives. So the following factor has also been considered:

• Areas where funding initiatives and local empowerment may assist regeneration; to consider both financial and physical resources available to the Councils and other public sector organisations within West Northamptonshire that provide a catalyst for the delivery of regeneration and change.

7.18 This data has been reviewed at ward level across West Northamptonshire to identify the most deprived areas where intervention is required. These wards represent the most deprived communities in West Northamptonshire and share a number of commonalities for example high levels of crime, poor housing standard and low skills attainment.

7.19 The key aims for taking forward a strategy for community regeneration are detailed in the policies under the Places section of the JCS for each of the respective towns. These aims will be developed through accompanying <u>Local</u> Development Plan Documents (such as the Northampton Central Area Action Plan) and reflect the spatial objectives of the JCS.

7.20 The key principles set out in Table 3 below will also apply in providing the approach to regeneration priority areas within West Northamptonshire.

Key Principles	Approach
Embedding community engagement	Through working with local communities
ensuring effective and inclusive	encourage active participation of residents, to
	influence local agency future decision-making.
mechanisms in decision making.	
	Devolve decision making to neighbourhood level
	where practicable and appropriate.
Ensuring a multi-disciplinary	Develop strategies and provide joined up services
partnership approach to pooling	and outcomes. Agencies pooling resources to
assets and allocating resources.	ensure capital assets are used for the benefit of the
Focus on collective investment from	community. This will include school sites, shops,
agencies/voluntary sector including	community centres, church halls, land and other
<u>faith groups</u> .	capital assets.
Using design codes and principles to	Ensures decent home standards, sustainable
ensure high quality safe, sustainable	communities and homes for all/ life. Includes
homes and communities through	designing out crime, access to public realm,
partnership working.	sustainable technology in homes and businesses,
	decent home standards. Quality design, material,
	maintenance regimes, improve quality of green
	space and public realm. Also creating opportunities
	for modal shift and improved connectivity.
Promoting mixed housing types and	Ensure policy approach is flexible to adapt to
tenures.	changing local needs and circumstances. Ensuring a
	sustainable, balanced, social mix and tenure within
	neighbourhoods.
Promoting social and economic	Encourage inward investment, job creation,
enterprise, employment	education and skills programmes.
opportunities and lifelong learning.	
opportunities and metong rear miles	

 Table 3: West Northamptonshire Regeneration Priority Areas - Key Principles

7.21 In providing a strategy for community regeneration, opportunities will need to be considered in line with the likely availability of resources. Proposals will need to be focused; otherwise there is the risk of taking forward too many initiatives without achieving targets.

7.22 Policy RC1, below, sets out the strategic approach for community regeneration activity to be undertaken throughout the plan period. Progress on those schemes identified through the Places policies in this JCS will continue to be monitored, along with the potential for other opportunities to be addressed as they arise.

7.23 It is recognised that regeneration activity will partly be driven by community initiatives, the scope for attracting investment and the availability of sites. Additional or alternative schemes proposed for community regeneration further to those listed in the Places policies will be supported where they can be shown to address the principles outlined in Policy RC1 below.

POLICY RC1 - Delivering Community Regeneration

EXISTING LEVELS OF SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEPRIVATION WITHIN WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE WILL BE REDUCED BY ENCOURAGING PARTNERSHIP WORKING WITH STAKEHOLDERS AND BY CO-ORDINATING PLANNING AND REGENERATION STRATEGIES TO ENSURE THAT IMPROVED SERVICES, COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND INFRASTRUCTURE ARE PROVIDED, PARTICULARLY IN THOSE AREAS WHERE INDICES OF DEPRIVATION REQUIRE TARGETED IMPROVEMENTS.

PROPOSED COMMUNITY REGENERATION SCHEMES WILL BE EXPECTED TO SHOW HOW THEY TAKE INTO ACCOUNT:

- THE KEY PRINCIPLES OUTLINED IN TABLE 3, WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE REGENERATION PRIORITY AREAS; AND
- THE KEY DATA SETS RELATING TO: INDICES OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION, DECENT HOMES STANDARDS AND STOCK CONDITION ASSESSMENTS, SAFER PARTNERSHIPS' STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT INFORMATION

SCHEMES THAT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED TO EMBRACE THESE PRINCIPLES AND SEEK TO REVERSE ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND PHYSICAL DECLINE IN AREAS WHERE MARKET FORCES REQUIRE PUBLIC SECTOR INTERVENTION WILL PROVIDE THE FOCUS FOR COMMUNITY REGENERATION ACTIVITY WITHIN THE PLAN PERIOD UP TO 2026.

1. Indices of Multiple Deprivation: Information collated by the Office of National Statistics that measure an areas deprivation relative to the rest of the UK. The seven criteria are:housing and services, living environment, crime and disorder, education and training, health, disability, employment and income. [back]

2. The Decent Homes Standard forms part of legislation. The guidance can be found here http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/housing/pdf/138355.pdf [back]

Developing Communities

7.24 Social and community infrastructure provides a vital element in creating sustainable places where people want to live. Social and community infrastructure to meet the needs of new developments (including the Sustainable Urban Extensions) as well as existing communities are set out in the West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan and the relevant policies within the Places sections in this JCS. However, community needs extend beyond physical infrastructure and buildings.

Culture

7.25 Culture plays a critical role in making communities sustainable. It brings people together through shared interests, helps to develop identity and a sense of place. It can also contribute to attractive, well-designed environments that incorporate accessible, greenspaces and a distinctive public realm.

7.26 West Northamptonshire provides a distinctive cultural offer, which ranges from its archaeological heritage, extensive canal and inland waterway network and heritage assets through to its places of worship, sporting facilities, art galleries, theatres, museums, public houses and restaurants. A Cultural Mapping Report has been produced for West Northamptonshire[1], which sets out the role of culture and an assessment of cultural infrastructure based on the following typology:

- Heritage: historic houses and gardens, heritage sites and museums;
- Arts venues: galleries, theatres, live music venues and cinemas;
- Other creative space: creative workspace and commercial exhibition spaces;
- Community facilities: libraries, schools and leisure centres;
- **Community assets:** other community spaces used for cultural activity, village halls, <u>church halls</u>, community centres, pubs and cafes;
- **Parks and Open Spaces:** urban, sub urban and rural open spaces, both designated parks and public open spaces such as town squares and waterways: and
- Festivals and events: festivals, events and fairs.

7.27 The Cultural Mapping Report has informed the preparation of A Cultural Investment Plan for West Northamptonshire[2], which identifies a number of investment areas. The key elements of this Investment Plan have been included in the Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP) which accompanies the JCS.

1. Creative Consultancy (2008) Cultural Mapping Document for West Northamptonshire [back]

2. Creative Consultancy (2008) West Northamptonshire Cultural Investment Plan [back]

Arts and Entertainment

7.28 The development of arts and entertainment facilities form part of the Cultural Investment Plan. Despite the rich cultural offer, other than the Royal and Derngate Theatres and live music venues, like the Roadmender, there are relatively few large centres for the arts and entertainment. The current level of provision does not reflect the active arts community and the desire for additional, diverse entertainment facilities, particularly as part of developing the evening economy.

7.29 The Central Area Action Plan contains proposals for an enhanced cultural offer within Northampton's town centre. There are additional plans prepared by each of the local authorities, Northamptonshire County Council and <u>the</u> Northamptonshire Enterprise <u>Partnership</u>, which aim to develop new facilities, and to enhance facilities, for arts and entertainment in order to diversify the existing offer.

Social and Community Infrastructure

7.30 The provision of social and community infrastructure, including the provision of facilities for worship, is fundamental to the creation of strong neighbourhoods and local

identity. Facilities, such as libraries, adult and children's services, emergency services, health centres, community centres and space for the voluntary sector services, together with local amenities such as retail, are vital to the well-being of residents.

7.31 The JCS, as part of the LDF, is prepared alongside the Sustainable Community Strategies which helps to ensure that these matters are adequately addressed.

7.32 The Infrastructure and Delivery section of this plan, Section 11, sets out policy that determines that needs generated directly from development should be met through the provision of financial contributions from developers. (Circular 5/05[3]). This will include future management and maintenance costs. It may, in some circumstances, be more appropriate to co-locate facilities within local centres in order to improve overall accessibility, whilst also reducing the numbers of trips that are needed, particularly those undertaken by private vehicle.

7.33 In the rural areas, services should be provided where they can be accessed by public transport, both for reasons of sustainability and to ensure that residents are not excluded if they do not have access to a private vehicle.

3. Department for Communities and Local Government (2005) Planning Circular 5/05 - Planning Obligations] [back]

Sport, Recreation and Open Space

7.34 Sport, recreation and open space are vital to the community and the local identity of an area. The plan area contains a wide variety of high-quality public open spaces, whilst further new spaces will be incorporated into the Sustainable Urban Extensions, providing residents with good quality access.

7.35 Each of the three Borough and District Councils in West Northamptonshire have produced Open Space, Sport and Recreation studies[4] which are compliant with <u>the former</u> Planning Policy Guidance 17: Planning for Open Space, Sport and Recreation (PPG17)[5]. The studies provide detailed background information and recommendations for local standards of provision for both open space and recreation as well specific built facilities. The standards establish the minimum amount of space required together with the desired distance for accessing different types of facilities for all users. These standards should be incorporated into all new development.

7.36 Northampton Borough Council <u>has reviewed</u> are presently in the process of reviewing their it's Playing Pitch Strategy and published the Northampton Playing Fields Key Issues and Recommendations Report[6] which has updated the Northampton Open Space, Sport and Recreation Assessment, including the which will set out local standards for the provision of recreational open space. Additional local work may also be required to identify facilities required for young people, such as playgrounds and multi-use games areas.

7.37 Local facilities are important community assets and play a key role in ensuring that the residents of the area can lead healthy and active lifestyles. The West Northamptonshire Sports Facilities Strategy[7] provides details relating to the current provision of sports facilities, such as tennis courts, cricket pitches and swimming pools and identifies deficiencies in both existing and future levels of provision.

7.38 The report highlights that there will need to be improvements to sports facilities over the plan period to meet the needs of both the existing and future population levels, and must be located where it is accessible to all, including by public transport, walking and cycling.

7.39 The key improvements identified have been incorporated into the Infrastructure Delivery Plan as follows:

- New swimming facilities within western and northern Northampton;
- Rugby pitches and facilities across the plan area;
- New sports hall with ancillary facilities such as netball courts in each of the authority areas; and
- Synthetic turf pitches in each of the towns.

7.40 Mechanisms for achieving improvements in the provision of open space, sport, recreation and cultural facilities will be detailed in the Developer Contributions Supplementary Planning Document.

4. Northampton:PMP (2009) Open Space, Sport and Recreation Needs Assessment and Audit. Daventry District Council: PMP (2009) Open Space, Sport and Recreation Needs Assessment South Northamptonshire: South Northamptonshire Council (2007) Open Space Strategy 2007-2021 [back]

5. Communities and Local Government (2002): Planning Policy Guidance 17: Planning for Open Space, Sport and Recreation now cancelled by the NPPF (2012). [back]
6. Neil Allen Associates (2011) Northampton Playing Fields Key Issues and Recommendations Report [back]

7. Syzergy (2009) Sports Facilities Strategy for West Northamptonshire [back]

Existing Facilities

7.41 Within the plan area there are many assets that provide recreational and leisure opportunities that are highly valued by residents, where possible these assets should be retained. The loss of such facilities, many of which do not operate commercially, is a particular concern, as they often provide vital voluntary services for disadvantaged sectors of the community. Meeting community needs may therefore require contributions from new development to assist in refurbishing, adapting or extending vital community assets; details of this approach will be provided within the Developer Contributions SPD, which will also specify facilities that are considered to be "at risk".

7.42 Where proposals for development would result in the loss of a facility, the policy approach should be determined by; the availability of alternative or replacement facilities nearby (as derived from the relevant <u>former PPG17</u> assessment <u>or relevant assessment for other community facilities</u>), whether the facility is still required, or whether there may be wider community benefits associated with the new proposal.

7.43 As the area changes through new growth, the demand for cultural and community facilities will increase. Some new facilities may be provided locally, aimed at meeting the needs of local residents. Others may serve a wider area and will need to be delivered more comprehensively serving towns or even the whole of the plan area and beyond. New

developments will be required to meet their own demands in terms of sporting, recreation, cultural and community facilities and to meet this demand either through on-site provision or through contributions as set out in the Infrastructure Delivery section of this plan, Section 11. Development will also be required to contribute towards the provision of larger scale facilities through a Community Infrastructure Levy, as outlined in the Infrastructure and Delivery section of this plan, where it renders existing deficiencies more severe.

POLICY RC2 - Community Needs

NEW RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT WILL BE REQUIRED TO MAKE PROVISION FOR COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND PUBLIC OPEN SPACE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARDS SET OUT IN THE PLANNING POLICY GUIDANCE 17 open space/recreation STUDIES AND IDENTIFIED WITHIN THE WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE SPORTS FACILITY STRATEGY AND THE CULTURAL INVESTMENT PLAN.

The loss of existing <u>COMMUNITY FACILITIES INCLUDING</u> BUILT SPORT FACILITIES AND AREAS OF OPEN SPACE will be resisted unless IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT:

- there is evidence that improvements can be made through the provision of a replacement facility of equal or better quality <u>TAKING INTO ACCOUNT</u> <u>ACCESSIBILITY</u>; or
- the proposal will bring ABOUT significant <u>SIGNIFICANT</u> community benefits that outweigh the loss of the facility; <u>OR</u>
- <u>HAVING REGARD TO THE RELEVANT OPEN SPACE STUDY, THE</u> <u>SPACE IS SURPLUS OR IS LITTLE USED</u>

PROPOSALS FOR NEW FACILITIES WILL NEED TO BE SUPPORTED BY A LONG TERM MAINTENANCE AND MANAGEMENT PLAN.

FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTIONS TOWARDS THE PROVISION OR ENHANCEMENT OF, EXISTING COMMUNITY FACILITIES WILL NEED TO BE PROVIDED BY NEW DEVELOPMENT. THE EXACT NATURE OF THE PROVISION AND TIMING WILL BE SET OUT WITHIN THE DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT AND SITE ALLOCATION DPD'S DAVENTRY DISTRICT SETTLEMENTS AND COUNTRYSIDE LOCAL PLAN AND SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE SETTLEMENTS AND **COUNTRYSIDE** LOCAL PLAN AND SUPPORTED BY THE DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS SPD.

8.0 Economic Advantage

8.1 A central theme of our vision for West Northamptonshire is to secure economic stability and prosperity which itself is a key element to improving the quality of life for our residents. We need to ensure there are a variety of job opportunities for local people and that people have access to locally based educational facilities that can improve their employment prospects. A vibrant economy will strengthen our communities, support sustainable development objectives and help reverse areas of decline.

8.2 The Spatial Portrait sets out the background to the existing employment framework in West Northamptonshire and the Spatial Strategy sets out the number of jobs required to be delivered across the plan.

8.3 The following section (and part of the Places sections) includes polices relating to specific employment types and allocations.

Existing Employment Areas

8.4 The West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study (WNELS) undertook a comprehensive review of employment land and industrial estates in the main urban areas of West Northamptonshire. It found that the vast majority of employment sites and industrial estates that were assessed were fit for purpose, suitably located and viable and should be safeguarded for employment development within B class uses.

8.5 The plan area already has a considerable amount of employment floorspace in the planning pipeline in sustainable locations already consented through planning applications. Many existing employment sites are undergoing redevelopment to modern standards and are making efficient use of previously developed land, for example Royal Oak industrial estate in Daventry. Much of West Northamptonshire's employment is provided on large purpose built estates with corresponding infrastructure, often badly suited to non-employment uses. Losses of employment land in West Northamptonshire for the last five years have been low. Where it can be shown that vacant employment land is no longer viable a mix of employment uses including, exceptionally, Non-B class employment uses (as mentioned in WNELS) may be considered where shown to be essential to viability and compliant with the sequential test in Policy E2. While employment land will be protected WNELS does not require B class employment land to be protected for Strategic B8 use given the amount available over the plan period, comparitively low jobs densities, sustainability impacts, and the need for a balanced economy. WNELS does require the protection of small B8 uses in order to provide necessary support for other employment uses. Non Strategic B8 use typically has higher job densities of 1 worker per 50 sqm or better and will be protected.

POLICY E1 - Existing Employment Areas

EXISTING AND ALLOCATED EMPLOYMENT SITES AND INDUSTRIAL ESTATES ACROSS WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE WILL BE RETAINED FOR USES WITHIN USE CLASSES B1, B2 AND NON STRATEGIC B8.

CHANGE OF USE TO OTHER USES WILL BE RESISTED UNLESS IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT THE SITE IS NO LONGER ECONOMICALLY VIABLE FOR EMPLOYMENT PURPOSES IN THE LONG TERM, THERE IS A CLEAR CONFLICT WITH ADJOINING USES, OR ITS RELEASE WOULD OFFER SIGNIFICANT BENEFITS TO THE LOCAL AREA.

NEW COMMERCIAL FLOORSPACE AT THE RURAL SERVICE CENTRES OF TOWCESTER AND BRACKLEY AND OTHER SMALLER SETTLEMENTS WILL BE OF A SCALE THAT IS COMMENSURATE WITH THEIR FUNCTION.

Office Development

8.6 Traditionally a manufacturing area, West Northamptonshire is in the process of transition from manufacturing, where job opportunities are in decline, to knowledge based industries. However, there is still a need to retain manufacturing <u>and supporting warehousing</u> jobs as part of a mixed economy that offers a diverse range of employment opportunities.

8.7 The JCS in partnership with other <u>DPD's Local Plans</u> will shift the office focus of major office development to Northampton town centre and central area. The Northampton Central Area Action Plan (NCAAP) identifies a range of strategic office development sites to reinvigorate the economy within the central area to support its regeneration.

8.8 Office development will also be directed to Daventry central area to support Daventry's regeneration objectives and to supporting the transition of its their economy from predominantly manufacturing and warehousing to provide more diverse employment opportunities.

8.9 Towcester and Brackley provide service centre roles and are not sustainable locations for strategic scale office development as they do not have the extent of resident population to support employment growth on a large scale, resulting in in-commuting and unsustainable patterns of travel. However, new office development of an appropriate scale will support their economies and help alleviate out-commuting to larger centres.

POLICY E2 - New Office Floorspace

MAJOR OFFICE DEVELOPMENT WILL BE LOCATED IN NORTHAMPTON FOLLOWING A SEQUENTIAL APPROACH COMPRISING:

- WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRE BOUNDARY; THEN
- EDGE OF TOWN CENTRE; FOLLOWED BY
- OTHER SUITABLE OFFICE SITES AS ALLOCATED IN THE NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA ACTION PLAN.

OTHER MAJOR OFFICE DEVELOPMENT WILL BE LOCATED IN DAVENTRY CENTRAL AREA.

NEW OFFICE FLOORSPACE AT THE RURAL SERVICE CENTRES OF BRACKLEY AND TOWCESTER AND OTHER SMALLER SETTLEMENTS WILL BE OF A SCALE THAT IS COMMENSURATE WITH THEIR FUNCTION.

Technology Realm

8.10 The Northampton Technology Realm <u>framework</u> at Northampton North Sustainable Urban Extension is a selected and targeted allocation <u>aims to nurture the growth of value</u> added jobs in West Northamptonshire and in the County The site is located near to the University of Northampton and other key Higher and Further Education partners. The concept of the Technology Realm in this location is to provide, through collaboration with learning and skills partners <u>such as the Northamptonshire Enterprise Partnership</u>, the South East Midlands Local Enterprise Partnership (SEMLEP), the University of Northampton alongside businesses and other partners across Northamptonshire. The concept of the Technology Realm is to enable the development of a highly skilled and knowledge based workforce that is capable of meeting the needs of targeted employers <u>supported by a</u> range of employment floorspace/unit size solutions to provide appropriate workplaces. The Technology Realm will support the promotion of industry-university led collaboration in partnership, stimulating innovation in products, processes and services. Work in partnership with these education institutions to promote university industry collaboration will ensure the skilled workforce created has the opportunity to use those skills in an appropriate workplace within Northampton creating. The Technology Realm will also support inward investment activities and enable high value added employment and with opportunities for innovative business development.

8.11 The Technology Realm <u>framework</u> will <u>provide</u> <u>support the development of</u> start-up and grow-on premises which should be designed to allow for expansion as start up firms grow. The Developments should be designed to maximise formal and informal interaction within a high design and landscaped environment. with high standards of environmental sustainability will be expected.

8.12 A key <u>feature</u> driver of the sustainability and long-term success of the Northampton Technology Realm will be the provision of effective and well-resourced enterprise support services <u>which</u> will focus on assisting pre-start, start-up/emerging and established businesses across identified sectors.

POLICY E3 - Technology Realm, <u>SEMLEP</u> Northampton North <u>Waterside Enterprise Zone</u>

A 7 HECTARE SITE FOR A TECHNOLOGY REALM IS ALLOCATED AS PART OF THE NORTH NORTHAMPTON SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION. THE SITE WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR:

- START UP UNITS WITHIN THE RANGE OF 125-500 SQM B1 (OFFICE, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, LIGHT INDUSTRY) AND 200-1,000 SQM B2 (INDUSTRIAL)
- HIGH QUALITY AND IONNOVATIVE DESIGN AND LANDSCAPING INCLUDING A GATEWAY FEATURE ON THE A43 FRONTAGE

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

THE LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY WILL SEEK TO NEGOTIATE A RANGE OF BUSINESS UNIT SIZES WITHIN THE SEMLEP NORTHAMPTON WATERSIDE ENTERPRISE ZONE TO ENABLE AND ENCOURAGE THE START-UP AND GROW-ON OF BUSINESSES.

Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal (DIRFT) -Strategic Distribution

8.13 Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal (DIRFT) is a storage and distribution centre of national significance. Although DIRFT is within Daventry District it lies immediately east of Rugby and adjoins Rugby Radio Station Urban Extension which is proposed for major development in the <u>Submission Rugby Borough Council</u> Core Strategy (2011).

8.14 The first unit at DIRFT opened in 1997 and comprised business and distribution uses in various scales, some are directly rail-linked and others use the Intermodal Railport located in what is known as DIRFT South. In January 2005, outline planning permission was granted for the westward expansion of DIRFT (known as DIRFT 2) to provide some 180,000sqm of additional rail linked warehouse distribution and manufacturing buildings. The floorspace to be provided at DIRFT 2 is counted as part of the 2010 to 2021 supply of warehouse and distribution provision for the West Northamptonshire area.

8.15 <u>National policy</u> At a national level both Planning Policy Statement 4 'Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth' and Planning Policy Guidance Note 13 'Transport' strongly supports the movement of freight by rail which <u>enables</u> supports, the modal shift away from road based transport.

8.16 The East Midlands Strategic Distribution Study (EMSDS)[1] provides a technical study of logistics and the regional economy. It identifies that in the East Midlands logistics accounts for a higher share of jobs and output than in any other region in England. In identifying sites for further strategic distribution development regional advice is that priority should be given to sites that can be served by rail freight and operate as intermodal terminals. At the regional level there is strong support for further rail related strategic distribution development and that further provision should be made in the West Northamptonshire area.

8.17 The Regional Freight Strategy has set a target of an additional 30 freight trains per day which will require around an additional 308 hectares of rail connected strategic distribution land to be brought forward in the East Midlands region by 2026. Network Rail is a close consultee on the DIRFT proposals and is fully supportive of rail connected freight at this location.

8.18 In locating strategic distribution priority consideration should therefore be given to sites that can be served by rail freight and that can operate an intermodal terminal. As an existing location for rail freight DIRFT has a significant investment in rail existing rail freight infrastructure in place and DIRFT 2 proposals will further enhance these intermodal facilities in transferring freight from road to rail.

8.19 Further consolidation of the rail freight facility via expansion at DIRFT, will clearly have more than local significance and its labour force catchment area will cross the local authority areas of Daventry, Rugby and Northampton and extend into Harborough and Coventry. As such the JCS recognises that the DIRFT site has a national and regional context rather than only a local significance.

POLICY E4 - Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal (DIRFT)

FURTHER RAIL CONNECTED STORAGE AND DISTRIBUTION USES AND ASSOCIATED RAIL AND ROAD INFRASTRUCTURE IS SUPPORTED IN PRINCIPLE AT DIRFT. A HIGH STANDARD OF LAYOUT, LANDSCAPING, BUILDING DESIGN AND MATERIALS WILL BE REQUIRED.

1. East Midlands Development Agency - East Midlands Strategic Distribution Study (November 2006) [back]

Silverstone Circuit - Knowledge Based Cluster

8.20 Silverstone is the home of the British Grand Prix and the British motor sport industry. It has become a popular and important motorsport venue and its reputation has become synonymous with excellence, not only in motorsport, but also in education, employment, and high performance, technology, and engineering skills. As an iconic destination, it attracts visitors from across the world. This level of recognition sets it apart from other sporting facilities within West Northamptonshire. The primary aim of the planned expansion of activities at the Circuit is to build on the regular events that currently take place on an annual and regular basis including the F1 Grand Prix, to maximise its wider economic role, local expenditure and its local and national significance.

8.21 Silverstone Circuit is the heart of a motorsport cluster and lies midway between Brackley and Towcester. It acts as a lynchpin for high value and high skill enterprises in motor sport and automotive development, which extends across West Northamptonshire and into Aylesbury Vale in Buckinghamshire. As such it makes an important contribution to the national and local economy.

8.22 Businesses associated with the motorsport industry are noted for their relatively small land requirements, high added value and propensity to network only with their immediate suppliers and customers. Many of the businesses are small or medium sized businesses with highly skilled, mobile workers. The proposed development at the Circuit is considered complimentary to that proposed for both Towcester and Brackley.

8.23 Increasing overseas competition within the motorsport industry and intense global economic pressures threaten Silverstone Circuit's dominant position. Only by investing in the economic future of the Circuit and its facilities will Silverstone retain its leading role and retain the wider cluster located around it.

8.24 In February 2009 South Northamptonshire and Aylesbury District Councils published a joint Development Brief for Silverstone Circuit. This Brief provides guidance on the future development of Silverstone Circuit and adjacent areas within the ownership of the circuit. It covers land lying in both South Northamptonshire and Aylesbury Vale Districts. The Brief proposes a number of uses including employment and education and others which will add to the attraction of the circuit as a venue for recreation and leisure focused on motorsport.

8.25 The Brief sets out the "Vision for the Circuit" and aims to strengthen Silverstone's international role as a world class motorsport venue and facility to ensure it can continue to offer a first class motor racing venue capable of hosting international events including grand prix racing. It is based on the principles of sustainable development to maximise the social and economic benefits for the local and regional area and minimise the impact on the environment.

8.26 The fundamental objectives for Silverstone Circuit are as follows:

• The improvement of track related facilities to modern grand prix standards and the promotion of Silverstone as the home of British motorsport and racing, as well as the development of the land portfolio;

- Enhance and strengthen Silverstone Circuit as the centre of automotive and high technology excellence for the UK;
- Creation of opportunities for the development of employment and sustainable economic growth by attracting businesses, education and high quality active outdoor tourism;
- Providing an attractive venue for leisure and hotel activities to create sustainable development in both construction and operation;
- Creation of a development which integrates well into its local environment and provides an attractive countryside setting to locate and develop high value enterprises. This includes both cultural and physical landscape;
- Developing sustainable transport proposals; and
- Proposing development which will be complementary to the growth plans for Towcester and the future growth of Brackley;

8.27 A new employment park is proposed adjoining the Circuit (in Aylesbury Vale) which will be developed as a natural extension of the existing development in the circuit. The expansion area is around 25ha. This provides for a mix of uses, predominantly B8, but with a mix of B1, thus complementing the range of uses to be developed in the existing Advanced Technology Park within South Northamptonshire Council's area.

8.28 Other proposed land uses at the Circuit include a new pit and paddock complex, new grandstands, higher education facilities, exhibition, brand centre, hotel and function facilities, conference facilities, employment development in the form of the business park and advanced technology park and the retention of existing motorsport track facilities on the circuit. The proposals include enhancement of the tourism and leisure activities at the circuit with woodland and outdoor pursuits, public arena facilities, outdoor four wheel drive facilities and education campus-related activities. The proposals will include the creation of new woodland and nature conservation areas, contributing to wider green infrastructure and environmental character initiatives.

8.29 Policy E5 below provides a framework for the development of Silverstone Circuit and is consistent with the Silverstone Circuit Development Brief (January February 2009). The Development Brief and the framework policy below take a holistic view of the Circuit's development and therefore it should be noted that some of the development elements set out in the policy are within the Aylesbury Vale District Council area. <u>South Northamptonshire</u> <u>Council granted outline planning permission for the expansion of Silverstone Circuit in 2011.</u>

POLICY E5 - Silverstone Circuit

TO SUPPORT THE CIRCUIT AS AN INTERNATIONAL VENUE FOR MOTORSPORT FURTHER EMPLOYMENT, TOURISM, EDUCATION AND LEISURE DEVELOPMENT AT SILVERSTONE CIRCUIT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR:

- 40 HA ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY PARK COMPRISING B1/ B2 AND B8 USES (APPROXIMATELY 50% IN AYLESBURY VALE DISTRICT);
- 25 HA OF ADDITIONAL B1 B8 EMPLOYMENT (ENTIRELY IN AYLESBURY VALE DISTRICT);
- 8 HA OF TOURISM USES COMPRISING UP TO 3 HOTELS; (2 HOTELS IN AYLESBURY VALE DISTRICT)

- 35 HA LEISURE/ CONFERENCING/ EXHIBITION/ SPORTS SPACE COMPRISING D1/ D2/ A3/ A1/ B1 AND SUI GENERIS USES; (10 HA IN AYLESBURY VALE DISTRICT) AND
- 14 HA EDUCATION CAMPUS (ENTIRELY IN AYLESBURY VALE DISTRICT).
- <u>A 600 PLACE SILVERSTONE UNIVERSITY TECHNICAL COLLEGE</u> (WITHIN SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE DISTRICT)

ALL PROPOSALS WILL NEED TO DEMONSTRATE FUNCTIONAL LINKS TO THE TOWNS OF TOWCESTER AND BRACKLEY IN PARTICULAR BY STRENGTHENING SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT LINKS BETWEEN THE CIRCUIT AND THE TOWNS.

PROPOSALS MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED DEVELOPMENT BRIEF FOR SILVERSTONE CIRCUIT (JANUARY 2009) DEVELOPMENT AND WILL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING STUDIES:-

- LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL ASSESSMENT
- DRAINAGE AND FLOOD STUDIES
- TRANSPORT STUDIES
- ECOLOGICAL SURVEYS
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORIC ASSESSMENT

Education Skills and Training

8.30 Having the right skills is crucial to sustained economic growth and for the economy to be able to adapt to change. Raising student attainment and school performance is also critical in attracting prospective employers. New housing development will bring with it opportunities for new schools and investment in existing schools. As well as investment in schools, a new approach and relationship is needed where trade associations and employer representatives work with education providers to help give a business edge to training and help make our young people ready for the work place.

8.31 The contribution that the University of Northampton, Colleges and other higher education institutes make to the economy of the area, and Northampton in particular, should not be underplayed. These institutions will provide highly trained individuals to support the higher quality jobs growth the area seeks to attract. Silverstone Circuit as the hub of the motorsport industry has also played a key contribution in vocational learning in partnership with further and higher education providers in the county and through their campus plans aim to increase this role. <u>A University Technical College is proposed at Silverstone</u>. The Daventry Learning Partnership (Moulton College, Northampton College, Daventry William Parker and Dantree Schools) are supporting higher education achievement in Daventry and have aspirations to construct a new University Technical College within the Daventry town central area as part of the redevelopment proposals.

8.32 In addition to their value as institutes of learning, education facilities and their associated accommodation, when located in town centres, help to improve the vitality and viability of town centres. It is important that the skills of the graduates from these centres of learning are retained within the area to foster inward investment and economic growth. If the

area is to generate more innovation, attract new businesses and retain existing businesses employees with the right skills and qualification levels are required.

POLICY E6 - Education, Skills and Training

THE ROLE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTHAMPTON, MOULTON COLLEGE, NORTHAMPTON COLLEGE, <u>TRESHAM COLLEGE</u>, AND OTHER EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS WILL BE SUPPORTED. NEW EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES WILL BE ENCOURAGED AND SHOULD BE DEVELOPED AT SITES WHICH ARE ACCESSIBLE BY SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES.

TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS WILL BE SUPPORTED TO SECURE EMPLOYMENT AND SKILLS DEVELOPMENT FOR THE LOCAL WORKFORCE.

Tourism, Visitor and Cultural Industries

8.33 Tourism, visitor and cultural industries form an important part of the economy for both urban and rural areas. The visitor economy in West Northamptonshire is bringing in around £500 million in to the economy every year and there are opportunities to develop this investment further. The visitor economy can benefit the area by drawing people into it which then supports local economy and investment opportunities.

8.34 In the town centres tourism and leisure attractions can be represented by museums, theatres and arts and cultural quarters. The Northampton Central Area Action Plan identifies a number of significant sites to accommodate leisure and cultural uses largely focused around the River Nene and waterside development, as well as a range of sites to accommodate hotels. Leisure and tourism development is another key element that will support the regeneration of Northampton town centre and Northampton as the key economic driver of the area.

8.35 Daventry District Council's Town Centre Vision[1] includes raising the visitor attraction and tourism potential of Daventry through the creation of a mixed use waterside development associated with the Grand Union Canal that runs to the north Daventry. A site for a hotel is also indicated within Daventry's central area.

8.36 Tourism is a key sector to South Northamptonshire employing 14% of its workforce. Its tourism is focused around Silverstone Circuit (Policy E5 refers) and Towcester Racecourse (Policy T5 refers) and its historic town centres. Increasing the number of hotel bedspaces would enhance the District's opportunity as being identified as an established overnight destination.

8.37 The local economy of villages within the rural areas can be benefited by rural tourism associated with countryside recreation including the network of canals and historic visitor sites. There is a need to increase opportunities for overnight stays in the rural area of an appropriate scale.

8.38 Silverstone Circuit as referred to in Policy E5 above is a tourism and leisure destination of national and international significance and sits outwith Policy E7 below.

POLICY E7 - Tourism, Visitor and Cultural Industries

TOURISM, VISITOR AND CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS WILL BE SUPPORTED WHERE:

- THEY CONTRIBUTE TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF REGENERATION AIMS AND OBJECTIVES;
- THEY STRENGTHEN THE OVERALL TOURISM OFFER;
- THEY BENEFIT LOCAL COMMUNITIES AND BUSINESSES; AND
- DEVELOPMENT IS OF A USE, FORM AND SCALE WHICH DOES NOT HARM THE QUALITY OF THE NATURAL OR BUILT ENVIRONMENT.

ATTRACTIONS AND FACILITIES OF A SIGNIFICANT SCALE SHOULD BE LOCATED FIRSTLY WITHIN TOWN CENTRES, THEN ON THE EDGE OF TOWN CENTRES, AND THEN AT OTHER ACCESSIBLE LOCATIONS.

RURAL VISITOR ATTRACTIONS SHOULD CONFORM TO POLICY R2.

1. Daventry Civic Trust (2004) Daventry Town Centre Vision 2021 [back]

9.0 Housing

9.1 A key objective of this strategy is to provide a range of housing in sustainable locations to ensure all residents have access to a home that they can afford and that meets their needs. Housing development will be directed to the most sustainable locations in and around adjoining Northampton, Daventry, Towcester and Brackley with more limited development in the rural areas to provide for local needs and support local services.

9.2 In delivering the planned development it is essential that quality housing is provided to meet the current and future needs of our communities. The mix, size and tenure of the housing delivered by the JCS will contribute to meeting the full range of housing needs that exist in West Northamptonshire, including those who may have specialised needs such as older people and people with disabilities. The housing delivered through the JCS will be sustainable, flexible and well designed.

9.3 The level of housing growth required and where the housing will be provided is dealt with in Section 5 in the Spatial Strategy. This section therefore deals with the type of housing that is required such as the split between market and affordable housing, the mix of dwelling types and sizes and the need for specialised accommodation to meet the needs of specific sectors of the community. The design of new housing is also included to ensure that it is sustainable, flexible and meets the requirements of the people who will occupy it.

9.4 A Strategic Housing Market Assessment[1] (SHMA) was undertaken for West Northamptonshire based on the housing requirement set out in the East Midlands Regional Plan. The findings of the SHMA have been reassessed in the light of the Joint Core Strategy's planned housing delivery of 50,150 additional homes for the period 2001-2026 and have been updated to reflect the 2008 based household projections. The revised SHMA assessment concludes that the residual housing requirement should be broken down as set out in Table 4 below. The residual requirement for the Northampton Related Development Area includes

those sites which are being allocated for Northampton related development, but are located in Daventry and/ or South Northamptonshire districts. The percentage requirements for affordable housing specified in Policy H2 below reflect have regard to the estimated requirements for intermediate and social rented housing set out in Table 4, together with the results of a series of sensitivity tests.[2]

Table 4: Housing Requirement by Area 20101-2026 (Note: Figures may not sum due to
rounding. Source: ORS Housing Market Model)

Housing Type	Daventry[3]	Northampton Related	South
		Development Area	Northants[4]
Housing Requirement			
2010 <u>1</u> -2026			
Market housing	<u>38004100</u>	15700<u>16600</u>	3600 3000
Intermediate affordable	0	0	1300
housing			
Social rented/Affordable	<u>17001200</u>	7500<u>6300</u>	900<u>1300</u>
rented housing			
Total Housing	<u>54005300</u>	23200 22900	5800 5600
Requirement			
Market housing	69.2<u>77.4</u>%	67.6<u>72.5</u>%	61.9<u>53.6%</u>
Intermediate affordable	0.0%	0.0%	21.8 23.2%
housing			
Social rented/Affordable	30.8 22.6%	32.4<u>27.5</u>%	16.2 23.2%
rented housing			

9.5 In October 2010 the Government announced its new Affordable Rent model which allows Registered Providers of affordable housing to charge rents which are up to 80% of market rents for the area on new build developments and relets. The Affordable Rent tenure has now been included within the definition of affordable housing set out in the *National Planning Policy Framework*.

<u>9.6</u> <u>A further update of the SHMA [5] was undertaken to consider the possible impact of the introduction of Affordable Rents on the housing requirements in the area. The study concludes that although affordable rent represents a change in tenure it will still be used to meet the needs of households who require affordable housing. If allocation policies remain constant and households who cannot afford to meet the costs of Affordable Rent receive housing benefit to cover the costs then Affordable Rent will be the equivalent of social rent. It follows therefore that the findings of the revised SHMA assessment are still valid for the affordable housing requirements in the area.</u>

9.57 Previous policies in West Northamptonshire required sites of 15 dwellings or more to provide affordable housing contributions. The SHMA highlights that in recent years only 30% of sites developed in Daventry District and 50% of sites developed in South Northamptonshire have contained 15 dwellings or more. In order to meet the requirements for affordable housing it will therefore be necessary to reduce the site size thresholds or set the affordable housing targets on qualifying sites at higher levels than those identified in Table 4 above.

9.68 The SHMA also provides evidence on the size mix requirements for new housing based on the types of household that are likely to need accommodation over the plan period. These requirements vary by tenure and area. The SHMA estimates that an increasing number of smaller households will need affordable housing, but this should not automatically be translated into the provision of 1 bedroom units as many of these households will value the flexibility provided by an additional bedroom. The provision of 2 bedroom units rather than 1 bedroom units makes them more flexible for allocation purposes and as such are favoured by Registered Providers. For market housing there is a significant requirement for larger 3, 4 and 5 bedroom homes.

9.79 A Viability Appraisal[6] has been undertaken to inform the proposed thresholds and affordable housing targets. It must be understood that viability is sensitive to changes in market trends, such as house prices and development costs. These market trends will be monitored and the policy reviewed as necessary. In terms of viability the study suggests that the following are reasonable policy options:

- In the rural areas of **Daventry District** an affordable housing target of 40% is reasonable and could be set as high as 50%. In Daventry town, a target of 25% is appropriate and could be higher with social housing grant.
- In Northampton, a 40% affordable housing target could be sought in the SUEs and the Southern Fringe. A lower target of 25% is proposed for Suburban, Older Urban Areas and Northampton East.
- In South Northamptonshire, 50% affordable housing is achievable in the rural areas, whereas a target of 40% is reasonable for Towcester and Brackley.

9.810 The study recommends a site size threshold of 15 dwellings for Northampton, where small sites do not play such a significant role in housing provision. In Daventry and South Northamptonshire a lower threshold is justified.

9.11 A further update of the Viability Appraisal (EVA) was published in March 2012.[7] This presents an analysis of the implications of the new Affordable Rent tenure and the costs associated with the delivery of different standards of Zero Carbon Housing. The update shows that viability has not changed significantly since the main report was produced. As such the conclusions of the main report remain valid.

1. Opinion Research Services (2010). West Northamptonshire Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2009 - Final Report [back]

2. Details of the sensitivity tests undertaken as part of the SHMA update are set out in a separate technical paper. [back]

3. Excluding the Northampton Related Development Area [back]

4. Excluding the Northampton Related Development Area [back]

5. Opinion Research Services (2011) West Northamptonshire Strategic Housing Market Assessment Update [back]

6. Three Dragons (2010) - Viability Appraisal of Affordable Housing Provision and Developer Contributions in West Northamptonshire [back]

7. [Three Dragons (2012), Analysis of the Implications of Affordable Rents and Costs Associated With The Delivery of Different Standards of Zero Carbon Housing.] [back]

Housing Density and Mix and Type of Dwellings

9.912 Different households require different types and sizes of housing. Policy H1 below seeks to ensure that an appropriate mix of housing is provided which reflects the needs of existing and future households having regard to the evidence provided by the SHMA. Whilst the SHMA provides the starting point for the consideration of size mix, it will also be necessary to have regard to specific local circumstances and needs.

9.103 The efficient use of land remains a key principle of national planning policy, but eurrent guidance no longer specifies national minimum densities. Policy H1 adopts a designled approach to determine densities on a site by site basis having regard to the objective of securing the efficient use of land and the particular characteristics of a site and the area in which it is located. It is ultimately good design that should determine the densities that are adopted for a particular site. Notwithstanding this design led approach, it is important that minimum densities are achieved within the proposed strategic urban extensions to reduce the amount of greenfield land that needs to be released for development. For this reason Policy H1 expects the allocated SUEs to achieve average minimum densities of 35 dwellings per hectare. The calculation of minimum average densities will be based on the net developable area of the allocated SUE site.

POLICY H1 - Housing Density and Mix and Type of Dwellings

ACROSS WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE NEW HOUSING DEVELOPMENT WILL PROVIDE A MIX OF HOUSE TYPES, SIZES AND TENURES TO CATER FOR DIFFERENT ACCOMMODATION NEEDS.

HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS WILL BE EXPECTED TO MAKE THE MOST EFFICIENT USE OF LAND HAVING REGARD TO THE FOLLOWING CONSIDERATIONS:

- THE LOCATION AND SETTING OF THE SITE;
- THE EXISTING CHARACTER AND DENSITY OF THE LOCAL AREA;
- ACCESSIBILITY TO SERVICES AND FACILITIES;
- PROXIMITY TO PUBLIC TRANSPORT ROUTES;
- <u>THE IMPLICATIONS OF DENSITY FOR AFFORDABILITY AND</u>
 <u>VIABILITY;</u>
- THE LIVING CONDITIONS PROVIDED FOR FUTURE RESIDENTS; AND
- <u>THE IMPACT ON THE AMENITIES OF OCCUPIERS OF NEIGHBOURING</u>
 <u>PROPERTIES.</u>

DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE PROPOSED SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS WILL BE EXPECTED TO ACHIEVE MINIMUM AVERAGE DENSITIES OF 35 DWELLINGS PER HECTARE.

Affordable Housing

9.14 Policy H2 below sets out the percentage requirements and site size thresholds for the on site provision of affordable housing based on the findings of the SHMA and the Viability Appraisal.[1] Whilst there is a clear preference for on site provision it is recognised that in the case of very small sites on site provision may not be practicable. In these cases financial contributions in lieu of on site provision should ensure that at least an equivalent amount of affordable housing can be built off site. Further guidance on the operation of the affordable housing policy, including where financial contributions in lieu of onsite affordable housing will be considered appropriate, will be provided in the Affordable Housing through Supplementary Planning Document(s).

9.125 The findings of the Viability Assessment have informed the percentage affordable housing requirements, but it is acknowledged that viability will have to be considered on a site by site basis. The thresholds for affordable housing proposed in Policy H2 have also been informed by the Viability Assessment together with an assessment of the likely contribution that small sites will make to overall housing provision. An analysis of the five-year land supply and the housing trajectory indicates that almost 15% of housing provision in Daventry District and at least 13% of housing provision in South Northamptonshire will be on sites of 15 dwellings or less. Within the Northampton Related Development Area less than 6% of housing provision is anticipated on sites below 15 dwellings. For South Northamptonshire the Viability Assessment concluded that the actual threshold for seeking affordable housing could be set at zero, but in practice for sites of 4 dwellings or fewer a commuted sum would be sought in lieu of on site provision.

9.16 The full proportion of affordable housing, as set out in Policy H2, will be expected to be delivered on each site unless a viability assessment that is prepared in conjunction with the relevant local planning authority, clearly demonstrates that it cannot be delivered. In exceptional circumstances and when agreed with the local planning authority, an off site financial contribution of equivalent value will be appropriate on sites between 5 and 14 dwellings within the rural areas of Daventry District and South Northamptonshire to meet identified needs within the locality.[2]

9.137 Within the Northampton Related Development Area, as defined at paragraph 5.27 in the Spatial Strategy of this JCS and shown on the Proposals Map, the local housing authorities will need to agree a mechanism for the allocation of affordable housing to ensure that it meets locally derived needs within the plan area. The allocation mechanism will need to take account of up to date local housing need and viability issues. It is recognised that three sites within the Northampton Related Development Area (namely Wootton Fields, Saxon Avenue at Grange Park and Norwood Farm) are already at an advanced stage in the planning process and it will not be able to apply nomination agreements. If any of these three sites are not implemented as approved and revised applications need to be considered then this policy approach will be applicable.

9.14 Affordability is a key issue in the rural areas of West Northamptonshire where average house prices are significantly higher than the urban areas. For this reason Policy H3 below makes provision for rural exception sites to come forward where they can be justified by evidence of local needs. In accordance with national policy rural exception sites should be small in scale. They must also be developed solely for affordable housing, located on land that would not normally be released for housing and the homes must remain affordable in perpetuity. The SHLAA has identified a number of potential sites that could be suitable to meet the needs for affordable housing in rural areas. However the suitability of these sites can only be confirmed as specific needs are identified and confirmed through local housing needs surveys.

POLICY H2 - Affordable Housing

AFFORDABLE HOUSING WILL BE PROVIDED AS A PROPORTION OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF DWELLINGS TO BE DELIVERED ON INDIVIDUAL SITES AS FOLLOWS:

Location	Proportion of affordable housing	site size threshold
daventry district[3]		5 or more dwellings
daventry town	25%	
rural areas	40%	
Northampton related development area	35%	15 or more dwellings
<u>south</u> northamptonshire[4]		5 or more dwellings
brackley and towcester	40%	
rural areas	50%	

- daventry District (excluding the northampton related development area): 31% affordable housing will be required on all sites of 5 or more dwellings
- Northampton related development area: 35% affordable housing will be required on all sites of 15 dwellings or more
- south northamptonshire (excluding the northampton related development area): <u>38% affordable housing will be required on all sites</u>

IN ALL CASES THE PERCENTAGE REQUIREMENTS IDENTIFIED ABOVE ARE SUBJECT TO THE ASSESSMENT OF VIABILITY ON A SITE BY SITE BASIS.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING SHOULD BE PROVIDED ON THE APPLICATION SITE AS AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE DEVELOPMENT.

IN EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES, OFF SITE PROVISION AND/ OR COMMUTED PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF ON SITE PROVISION MAY BE SUPPORTED WHERE THIS WOULD OFFER AN EQUIVALENT OR ENHANCED PROVISION OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING.

NORTHAMPTON RELATED DEVELOPMENT AREA NEEDS FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING WILL BE SECURED THROUGH NOMINATION AGREEMENTS ON SITES WITHIN THE NORTHAMPTON RELATED DEVELOPMENT AREA.

WITHIN SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE DISTRICT THE PROVISION OF COMMUTED SUMS WILL BE PREFERRED ON SITES OF 4 OR FEWER DWELLINGS.

THE TENURE MIX OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING SHOULD REFLECT LOCAL HOUSING NEED AND VIABILITY ON INDIVIDUAL SITES.

1. Details of how the SHMA and Viability Appraisal have informed the affordable houisng requirements are set out in a separate technical paper. [back]

2. For the purposes of this policy a locality is defined as the ward within which the

development is proposed or any adjoining wards. [back]

3. Excluding the Northampton Related Development Area. [back]

4. Excluding the Northampton Related Development Area. [back]

Local Housing Needs in Rural Areas

9.18 Affordability is a key issue in the rural areas of West Northamptonshire where average house prices are significantly higher than the urban areas. For this reason Policy H3 below seeks to support the provision of affordable housing through rural exception sites and also through mixed tenure schemes where an element of market housing is necessary to deliver the identified need for affordable housing. It is expected that rural exception sites will be small in scale and normally be developed solely for affordable housing. In those cases where an element of market housing is required the scale should be the minimum required to secure the delivery of the affordable housing. The market housing itself may also meet local needs such as accommodation for older people who wish to remain within their local community, or live/work units for activities which are particularly suited to a rural area. Where affordable housing is provided under the provisions of Policy H3 this must remain affordable in perpetuity.

9.19 The SHLAA has identified a number of potential sites that could be suitable to meet the needs for affordable housing in rural areas. However the suitability of these sites can only be confirmed as specific needs are identified and confirmed through local housing needs surveys. The effective involvement of local communities is an essential prerequisite for the consideration of schemes to meet local housing needs, especially where the provision of market housing is proposed. Local communities may themselves take the opportunity to identify and plan for local housing needs through Neighbourhood planning or other community planning documents.

POLICY H3 - Rural Exception Sites

<u>PERMISSION WILL BE GRANTED FOR THE PROVISION OF AFFORDABLE</u> <u>HOUSING ON SMALL RURAL EXCEPTION SITES WHERE THE FOLLOWING</u> <u>CRITERIA ARE MET:</u>

- THE SITE IS WITHIN OR IMMEDIATELY ADJOINS THE MAIN BUILT UP AREA OF A RURAL SETTLEMENT;
- THE DEVELOPMENT CONSISTS ENTIRELY OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING, THE TYPE AND SCALE OF WHICH IS JUSTIFIED BY EVIDENCE OF NEED FROM A LOCAL HOUSING NEEDS SURVEY;

• ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE MANAGEMENT AND OCCUPATION OF THE HOUSING MUST ENSURE THAT THE HOUSING WILL BE AVAILABLE AND AFFORDABLE IN PERPETUITY FOR LOCAL PEOPLE IN LOCAL HOUSING NEED.

THE PROVISION OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING TO MEET IDENTIFIED LOCAL NEEDS IN RURAL AREAS ON 'EXCEPTION SITES' WILL BE SUPPORTED

SCHEMES MUST EITHER BE PURELY AFFORDABLE HOUSING OR MIXED TENURE SCHEMES INCLUDING AN ELEMENT OF MARKET HOUSING WHERE THIS IS ESSENTIAL TO THE DELIVERY OF THE AFFORDABLE HOUSING. IT WILL BE A REQUIREMENT THAT THE MARKET HOUSING:

IS THE MINIMUM NECESSARY TO MAKE THE SCHEME VIABLE, AND

MEETS SPECIFIC LOCALLY IDENTIFIED HOUSING NEEDS.

IN ALL CASES THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA MUST BE MET:

THE SITE IS WITHIN OR IMMEDIATELY ADJOINS THE MAIN BUILT-UP AREA OF A RURAL SETTLEMENT;

• THE FORM AND SCALE OF DEVELOPMENT SHOULD BE CLEARLY JUSTIFIED BY EVIDENCE OF NEED THROUGH A LOCAL HOUSING NEEDS SURVEY; AND

• ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE MANAGEMENT AND OCCUPATION OF AFFORDABLE HOUSING MUST ENSURE THAT IT WILL BE AVAILABLE AND AFFORDABLE IN PERPETUITY FOR PEOPLE IN LOCAL HOUSING NEED.

Specialised Housing

9.1520 The JCS seeks to meet the range of housing needs which exist in our communities. Some groups such as older people or those with disabilities may require specialised housing. These vary from traditional nursing homes to schemes which support independent living, but also offer care packages. The Sustainable Urban Extensions, in particular, are of a scale which provides the scope to meet the full range of housing needs which exist. All schemes which provide self contained units, including sheltered and assisted living housing schemes, are expected to provide affordable accommodation in accordance with Policy H2 above. Where on site provision is not practicable then an off site contribution of equivalent value will be acceptable.

POLICY H4 - Specialised Accomodation

HOUSING TO CATER FOR THE NEEDS OF OLDER PEOPLE AND VULNERABLE GROUPS WILL BE REQUIRED WHERE THERE IS A PROVEN NEED IN A LOCAL COMMUNITY, REGARDLESS OF TENURE, DEVELOPMENTS COMPRISING MARKET SPECIALIST HOUSING WILL ALSO

BE REQUIRED TO INCLUDE AFFORDABLE HOUSING IN ACCORDANCE WITH POLICY H2.

Sustainable Housing

<u>9.4621</u> In order to be sustainable in the long term new housing should be designed and built to a standard that ensures that they can cater for changing household needs. The Joseph Rowntree Foundation's 'Lifetime Homes' standard is a recognised benchmark for accessibility and flexibility. The Lifetime Homes standard has been incorporated into the Code for Sustainable Homes and new housing development should achieve the code levels specified in Policy S11 S10 in the Spatial Strategy in Section 5 of this JCS. Consideration should also be given to designing homes which provide the flexibility to work from home and those which provide both the internal space and external garden space to meet the needs of families. For the purposes of this policy residential development refers to development falling within Class C3 'Dwellinghouses' of the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended).

POLICY H5 - Sustainable Housing

RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT MUST BE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE ACCOMMODATION THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LIFETIME HOMES STANDARD SUBJECT TO THE ASSESSMENT OF VIABILITY ON A SITE BY SITE BASIS. NEW HOUSING MUST ALSO MEET THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PRINCIPLES AND STANDARDS SET OUT IN POLICIESY-S10 AND S11 IN THE SPATIAL STRATEGY.

Existing Housing Stock

9.4722 The new dwellings that will be constructed over the course of the plan period represent only a small proportion of the overall housing stock in the plan area. The majority of households will be accommodated in the existing housing stock. Effective management of the existing housing stock can play a significant role in meeting the housing needs of the area. Policy H6 below seeks to ensure that existing dwellings are not lost to other uses unless there is an overriding justification and recognises the scope to bring empty homes back into use. The Policy also aims to ensure that existing neighbourhoods and individual homes are attractive places to live by protecting and enhancing their amenities.

<u>9.4823</u> The Town & Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (Amendment) (No 2) (England) Order 2010 (2010 No. 2134) gave permitted development rights for buildings used as dwelling houses, to be used as small scale Houses in Multiple Occupation(HiMOs) shared by three to six people without the need for a specific planning application. Where there is a local need to control the spread of HiMOs the local authorities are be able to use existing powers, in the form of Article 4 directions, to require planning applications in their area.

POLICY H6 - Managing the Existing Housing Stock

THE EXISTING HOUSING STOCK WILL BE MANAGED AND SAFEGUARDED BY:

- RESTRICTING THE LOSS OF EXISTING DWELLINGS TO OTHER USES
- SECURING THE RE-USE OF EMPTY DWELLINGS FOR RESIDENTIAL USE

ALLOWING HOUSES IN MULTIPLE OCCUPATION (HIMOs) WHERE THEY WOULD NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT THE CHARACTER AND AMENITY OF EXISTING RESIDENTIAL AREAS.

WHERE REQUIRED THE ENVIRONMENT OF EXISTING RESIDENTIAL AREAS WILL BE ENHANCED, INCLUDING THE RENOVATION AND REPLACEMENT OF EXISTING HOUSING THORUGH AREA BASED RENEWAL.

Accommodation for Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Show People

9.1924 The Local Development Framework is Local Planning Authorities are required by national planning policy (ODPM Circular 01/2006 and CLG Circular 04/2007) to set pitch and plot targets provide sufficient sites to meet address identified accommodation needs for gypsies, travellers and travelling showpeople. National policy also emphasises the importance of a robust evidence base to establish need and inform development plan preparation. assessing needs at a sub-regional level, and to identify and make provision for the resultant land and accommodation requirements.

<u>9.205</u> The most recent sub-regional assessment of need is provided by the Northamptonshire Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Assessment (GTAA)(2008)[1]. The GTAA identifies a need for 51 residential pitches, 10 transit pitches and 4 travelling showpeople plots for the period 2007-2017 in West Northamptonshire. A district breakdown of this requirement taken directly from the GTAA is provided in Table 5 below.

<u>Table 5: Accommodation Requirements for Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling</u> <u>Showpeople - District Breakdown 2007-2017</u>

Area	Residential Pitches	Transit Pitches	Travelling Showpeople Plots
Daventry	9	3	2
Northampton	32	5	0
South Northants	10	2	2
Total	51	10	4

9.246 Specific sites to meet the needs specified in Policy H7 below will be allocated in the West Northamptonshire Site Allocations Development Plan Document a joint Local Plan in accordance with the criteria set out in the policy below. The provision of small sites which are integral to and planned alongside the Sustainable Urban Extensions will be considered where they meet the criteria. These criteria should also be applied to the consideration of planning applications for sites to meet unexpected demand.

9.227 Since 2007 one residential pitch for gypsies and travellers, and two plots for travelling showpeople have been provided in Daventry District. This provision has been discounted from the requirements specified in Policy H7 below.

9.238 Whilst all sites should be reasonably accessible to services and facilities, the location of transit sites and temporary stopping places could be more remote. A key priority for these sites is the ease of access to the primary road network. Consideration will be given to the allocation of sites which are suitable for mixed residential and business use in recognition of the benefits that such sites offer in terms of supporting traditional lifestyles and reducing the need for travel to work journeys.

9.249 Policy H7 does not seek to set a specific limit on the size of individual sites, as this would be an arbitrary approach. However, it is noted that government guidance [2]suggests that a maximum of 15 pitches is conducive with providing a comfortable environment which is easy to manage. This reflects the preference of residents and site managers and larger sites should be avoided unless there is a clear need and preference expressed through local community consultation including with the gypsy and traveller community.

<u>9.2530</u> The identification of new sites will require effective consultation with the settled and the gypsy and traveller communities, addressing issues such as the fear of crime.

9.2631 The GTAA for Northamptonshire only identifies pitch requirements up to 2017. A joint Local Plan will be prepared which will review the need for accommodation in West Northamptonshire up to and beyond 2017 and identify sites to meet this need in accordance with national policy. Clearly it will be necessary to review and update the GTAA and any revised requirements beyind 2017 will need to be addressed through a future review of the JCS.

POLICY H7 - Gypsies, Travellers And Travelling Showpeople

THE FOLLOWING PROVISION WILL BE MADE FOR ACCOMMODATION OF GYPSIES, TRAVELLERS AND TRAVELLING SHOWPEOPLE IN THE PERIOD UP TO 2017:

- WITHIN DAVENTRY DISTRICT : 8 RESIDENTIAL PITCHES AND 3 TRANSIT PITCHES;
- WITHIN NORTHAMPTON BOROUGH: 32 RESIDENTIAL PITCHES AND 5 TRANSIT PITCHES; AND
- WITHIN SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE: 10 RESIDENTIAL PITCHES, 2 TRANSIT PITCHES AND 2 TRAVELLING SHOWPEOPLE PLOTS.

<u>consideration will be given to the allocation of sites suitable for mixed residential and</u> <u>business use.</u>

<u>SITE ALLOCATIONS AND APPLICATIONS FOR PLANNING PERMISSION</u> <u>MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:</u>

- (1) THE SITE HAS SAFE AND CONVENIENT VEHICULAR ACCESS FROM THE PUBLIC HIGHWAY, AND PROVIDES ADEQUATE SPACE FOR PARKING, TURNING AND SERVICING ON SITE.
- (H) THE SITE IS REASONABLY ACCESSIBLE TO A RANGE OF SERVICES SET OUT IN NATIONAL POLICY, I.E. SHOPS, PUBLIC TRANSPORT, PRIMARY HEALTH CARE AND SCHOOLS.

- (HI) THE SITE WILL PROVIDE AN ACCEPTABLE STANDARD OF <u>AMENITY FOR THE PROPOSED RESIDENTS. SITES WHICH ARE</u> <u>EXPOSED TO HIGH LEVELS OF FLOOD RISK AND NOISE AND AIR</u> <u>POLLUTION ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE.</u>
- (IV) THE SITE WILL BE CAPABLE OF PROVIDING ADEQUATE ON SITE SERVICES FOR WATER SUPPLY, POWER, DRAINAGE, SEWAGE DISPOSAL, WASTE DISPOSAL, COMPOSTING AND RECYCLING FACILITIES.
- (V) THE SCALE AND LOCATION OF THE SITE WILL NOT HAVE AN UNACCEPTABLE IMPACT ON THE LANDSCAPE, LOCAL INFRASTRUCTURE AND EXISTING COMMUNITIES.

 <u>(VI)</u> IN THE CASE OF SITES FOR TRAVELLING SHOWPEOPLE THERE WILL BE SUFFICIENT SPACE FOR THE STORAGE AND MAINTENANCE OF EQUIPMENT AND THE PARKING AND MANOEUVERING OF ALL VEHICLES ASSOCIATED WITH THE OCCUPIERS. ADDITIONAL SCREENING MAY BE REQUIRED HAVING REGARD TO THE NATURE OF THE EQUIPMENT THAT IS BEING STORED.

1. Fordham Research (2008) Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Assessment in Northamptonshire. Prepared for the County, Borough and District Councils in Northamptonshire [back]

2. Communities and Local Government (2008) - Designing Gypsy and Traveller Sites: Good <u>Practice Guide [back]</u>

10.0 Built and Natural Environment

Introduction

10.1 West Northamptonshire's landscape is influenced by the unique combination of natural and man-made historical features found in the area, for example the underlying geology, biodiversity, agricultural landscapes, buildings, structures, and transport connections.

10.2 These landscapes, both man-made and natural, are what makes the area distinctive and there is a pressing need to preserve and enhance many of the features, such as the biodiversity, ancient woodlands, heritage assets, buildings of interest, townscapes and rural settings.

10.3 In order to help understand Northamptonshire's landscape the River Nene Regional Park Partnership has produced a Landscape Character Assessment [1] covering the whole of the county. The Assessment considers the different elements that influence the landscape, including:

- Environmental Character;
- Historic Landscape Character;
- Biodiversity Character Assessment; and
- Green Infrastructure

10.4 The Landscape Character Assessment identifies the following 35 character areas in West Northamptonshire:

- Guilsborough Ironstone Uplands
- Spratton and Creaton Ironstone Uplands
- Eydon Hills
- Staverton Hills
- Harlestone Heath and the Bramptons
- Moulton Slopes
- Hanging Houghton
- Pitsford Water
- Naseby Plateau
- Sywell Plateau
- The Tove Catchment
- Hackleton Claylands
- Whittlewood Plateau
- Salcey Forest and Yardley Chase
- Croughton, Aynho and Farthinghoe Plateau
- Middleton Cheney and Woodland Halse
- Bugbrooke and Daventry
- Long Buckby
- Cottesbrooke and Arthingworth
- Newbold Grounds
- Hothorpe Hills to Great Oxendon
- Boddington Hills
- River Cherwell Floodplain
- River Tove Floodplain
- Brampton Valley Floodplain
- The Nene Long Buckby to Weedon Bec
- The Nene Weedon Bec to Duston Mill
- The Nene Duston Mill to Billing Wharf
- The Nene Billing Wharf to Woodford Mill
- Boddington Vale Farmland
- Vale of Rugby
- Brackley
- Towcester
- Daventry
- Northampton

<u>10.5</u> This unique landscape contains significant nationally protected built and natural <u>assets, including:</u>

- Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSIs) and Regionally Important Geological and Geomorphological Sites (RIGS);
- Green infrastructure networks;
- Archaeological sites of national, regional and local significance; remains;
- Historic buildings and structures;
- Scheduled monuments and registered battlefields;

- Significant historic designated landscapes such as parks and gardens; and
- Internationally recognised habitats for wetland birds.

<u>10.6</u> The quality of the environment presents a number of challenges that the JCS must address when delivering new development such as:

- How to minimise the loss of natural habitats and preserve the integrity and significance of designated sites;
- The management of water so as to minimise the risk of flooding either from river or from surface water; and
- The conservation and management of heritagehistoric assets.

10.7 Further Landscape Sensitivity and Green Infrastructure Studies have also been carried out for the towns in West Northamptonshire. These studies provide additional broad advice on the overall sensitivity of an area, including historic character, green infrastructure, biodiversity and overall landscape sensitivity. These studies have informed the selection of the areas for development identified in this plan. The development of areas highlighted as having High Landscape Sensitivity in the study is not precluded, but it does mean that additional care and appropriate mitigation will be required when planning for new development, including the major proposals for High Speed Rail 2, which could have considerable effects on the landscape character, natural environment and heritage assets, such as key conservation areas.

10.8 The establishment of the Northamptonshire Local Nature Partnership will strengthen local leadership on landscape and other natural environmental matters and will raise awareness about the services and benefits of a healthy natural environment to the green economy and wellbeing of people and wildlife. The designation of the Nene Nature Improvement Area will also help develop the next phase of environmental improvements along the Nene Valley landscape, enhancing and reconnecting nature on a significant scale.

1. River Nene Regional Park (2008) Northamptonshire Environmental Character and Green Infrastructure Suite v 2.2 http://www.rnrpenvironmentalcharacter.org.uk [back]

Green Infrastructure

10.89 Green Infrastructure (GI) is a network comprising the broadest range of multifunctional green spaces, and their connections and other environmental features including but not limited to parks, private green spaces, woodlands, wetlands, open and running water, wastelands and disturbed grounds, rivers and canals and their banks, roads and rail corridors, public rights of way, allotments, cemeteries and churchyards.[1]. GI is an asset that enables the environment to support and maintain ecological processes whilst sustaining land, air and water resources and is important within and beyond urban areas. This particular section looks at the connections between different spaces, which includes: registered parks and gardens, historic battlefields, woodlands, meadows and other amenity spaces.

10.910 Figure 6 in Section 20 at the end of the JCS shows the sub-regional and local green infrastructure corridors in West Northamptonshire.

10.101 The sub-regional green infrastructure corridors are the corridors that provide the link between the major areas of population within Northamptonshire and beyond into neighbouring counties. The function of these corridors is to connect areas of natural heritage, green space, biodiversity or other environmental interest. Local green infrastructure corridors provide links between the sub-regional corridors.

10.142 Green infrastructure has economic benefits[2] and is an essential element in helping to manage the environmental impact of continued economic growth. The Northamptonshirewide approach to Green Infrastructure is set out within the Landscape Character Assessment,[3] which is supported by a prioritisation and management strategy for the network as well as identifying areas for future enhancement. Further work on the economic benefits of green infrastructure is currently being undertaken by Northamptonshire County Council. The Landscape Sensitivity and Green Infrastructure Studies[4] for each of the four towns within West Northamptonshire identify green infrastructure assets and opportunities. These documents provide a more detailed framework for planning green infrastructure at the site specific level, particularly advising how development can enhance our green infrastructure networks.

10.123 There is an on-going requirement for funding to protect, create, enhance and manage our natural and historic assets. The Developer Contributions Supplementary Planning Document will set out the detailed requirements for the creation, enhancement and management of green infrastructure corridors and associated facilities, including the mechanisms for offsite delivery, if appropriate.

POLICY BN1 - Green Infrastructure Connections

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Green Infrastructure Corridors of sub-regional AND LOCAL importance as set out in figure 6 of the joint core strategy will be Recognised for their important contribution to sense of place and CONSERVED, MANAGED and enhanced by:

- incorporating existing and identified future networks into new development proposals;
- securing contributions from development or other sources for the CREATION OF AND future management of the green Infrastructure networks;
- delivering long term management strategies for the sub-regional and Local <u>network.</u>

MEASURES TO ENHANCE EXISTING AND PROVIDE new green infrastructure provision will:

- 1. Be Designed and delivered sustainably with prudent use of natural resources;
- 2. Mitigate and adapt to the effects of climate change including through improved flood risk management and as a carbon store;
- 3. be Designed to the highest quality in terms of appearance, access provision and BIODIVERSITY ENHANCEMENT AND PROTECTION wildlife provision;

- 4. reflect local character through the planting of native AND OTHER CLIMATE APPROPRIATE species and consideration of natural and cultural heritage features;
- 5. be Supported by a long-term management strategy

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see:www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/planningtransportlocalgov/greeninfrastructure/defau lt.aspx [back]

2. Green spaces are a 'magnet for the highly educated'. Green cities attract skilled workers. (Kahn, 2006). Significant economic benefits will accrue from having a higher skilled workforce (green growth, the economics of green cities) (Kahn 2006). Green Infrastructure

for the East Midlands, (EMGIN, 2009) [back] 3. River Nene Regional Park (2008) Northamptonshire Environmental Character and Green Infrastructure Suite v 2.2 http://www.rnrpenvironmentalcharacter.org.uk [back]

<u>4. Living Landscapes: Northampton Landscape Sensitivity and Green Infrastructure Study</u> (2009). Quartet Design: Towcester and Brackley Landscape Sensitivity and Green Infrasctructre Study (2009). West Northamptonshire Development Corporation: Daventry Infrastructure Study (2008) [back]</u>

Biodiversity

10.134 West Northamptonshire has a range of sites that are recognised for their important contribution to the diversity of species and important habitats, there are presently 22 Sites of Special Scientific Interest across the area and over 139 hectares of land designated as Local Nature Reserves. There are also a number of other sites, such as local wildlife sites, and other open space designations which provide habitats for wildlife. These range from sites that have been designated for their local importance to those that are internationally recognised.

10.145 Increasing pressure is being placed on natural habitats, both as a result of new development, and the wider impacts of climate change and the introduction of non-native species. There is a pressing need to not only protect, enhance and manage the adaptation of existing sites, but also to restore and create habitats at a landscape scale, especially those that are also important to the wider green infrastructure network to enable wildlife to freely move. Functioning and resilient ecosystems networks provide significant beneficial effects such as:

- flood risk management,
- carbon stores; and
- crop pollination.

<u>10.156</u> New development must take into account existing biodiversity resources on individual sites and contribute to the links between them.

10.167 Within the existing policy hierarchy some individual wildlife sites designated for their biodiversity or geodiversity value are recognised as being of importance at an international or national level, e.g. Special Protection Areas (SPA), Regionally Important

Geological and Geomorphologic Sites (RIGGs) and Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), while others are valued as being of regional or local significance e.g. Regionally Important Geological and Geomorphologic Sites (RIGGs) and protected road verges. Some designations receive statutory protection (under specific existing legislation) whilst other sites particularly those designated at a local level receive less protection e.g. Local Wildlife Sites, potential wildlife sites and pocket parks. Within the plan area there are a number of designations ranging from International, National, Regional and Local level.

10.178 Designated sites form a significant and important part of West Northamptonshire's natural resource by contributing to the connectivity and resilience of ecological assets, biodiversity linkages and the landscape as a whole. In the future these sites will help habitats and species adapt to the effects of climate change.

10.189 Plant and animal species recognised by the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) should receive appropriate protection and must be fully considered should be taken into consideration in any proposal which is likely to affect them.

10.1920 The Northamptonshire Biodiversity Action Plan (BAP)[1] sets out Northamptonshire's targets for the protection and creation of a range of habitats and species that have been identified as being important in Northamptonshire. These include important habitats such as wet woodlands and acid grasslands and protected species such as otters and water voles. The BAP describes areas where the identified habitats already exist and those areas likely to be most suitable for re-creation.

POLICY BN2 - Biodiversity

<u>Development that will MAINTAIN and enhance existing designations and assets or deliver a net gain in biodiversity will be supported.</u>

<u>Development That has the potential to harm sites of ecological importance will be</u> <u>subject to an ecological assessment and required to demonstrate:</u>

- The methods used to conserve biodiversity in its design and construction and operation implementation
- How habitat conservation, enhancement and creation can be achieved through linking habitats
- How designated siteS, protected species and priority habitats will be safeguarded

DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT DECISIONS WILL REFLECT THE HIERArCHY OF BIODIVERSITY AND GEODIVERSITY DESIGNATIONS ATTACHING APPROPRIATE WEIGHT TO THE STATUS OF THE SITE WHICH WOULD BE AFFECTED. In cases where it can be shown that there is no reasonable alternative to development that is likely to prejudice the integrity of an existing wildlife site or protected habitat APPROPRIATE MITIGATION measures INCLUDING COMPENSATION will be expected in proportion to the asset that will be lost. Where mitigation OR, compensation or other measures can not be agreed with the relevant authority development will not be permitted.

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1. Northamptonshire Biodiversity Partnership (2009): Northamptonshire Biodiversity Action Plan: http://www.northamptonshirebiodiversity.org/default.asp_PageID=17.html [back]

Woodland Enhancement and Creation

10.201 Woodlands provide a wide range of social, environmental and economic benefits. Sustainable and positive woodland management is the key to securing these benefits over the long term. West Northamptonshire has a relatively poor level of tree cover. Creation of new woodlands, particularly with native species can stimulate the economy through tourism, business diversification and forestry employment. Woodlands also deliver benefits through the creation of diverse habitats by providing recreation opportunities, alleviating flood risk and have the potential to contribute to wider climate change issues such as creating carbon sinks or providing fuel for renewable energy. Opportunities to enhance and create woodlands in West Northamptonshire as a whole will be supported particularly as part of the green infrastructure network referred to in the green infrastructure section above and as part of the biodiversity network in the plan area. Ancient Woodlands are defined by Natural England as areas where there is believed to have been continuous woodland cover since at least 1600 AD. These woodlands can be either ancient semi-natural or ancient replanted woodland. They are irreplaceable habitats which contribute towards local distinctiveness, amenity and biodiversity and will be protected.

10.242 The following ancient woodlands are all located within South Northamptonshire district: Salcey, Whittlewood and Yardley Chase. Daventry district also contains some remnant ancient woodland. These woodlands provide the opportunity for woodland enhancement and creation linking and extending the existing blocks of woodland and other habitats of high biodiversity value. The creation of new woodland should not be at the expense of existing areas of high biodiversity value and should not compromise the creation of geographically related habitats such as acid grassland and heath land. The conservation of these woodlands and continued efforts for habitat restoration will apply regardless or ownership and proposals for development that may prejudice the integrity and value of these sites, such as golf courses, will be resisted. Further advice relating to the consideration of biodiversity in the development management process will be provided in the Development Management DPD Daventry District Settlements and Countryside Local Plan, Northampton Related Development Area Local Plan and South Northamptonshire Settlements and Countryside Local Plan.

POLICY BN3 - Woodland Enhancement And Creation

MEASURES TO ENHANCE AND MANAGE EXISTING WOODLANDS AND CREATE NEW WOODLANDS IN WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE WILL BE SUPPORTED. OPPORTUNITIES WILL BE SOUGHT TO CREATE NEW WOODLAND TO BUFFER, EXTEND AND RELINK AREAS OF ANCIENT WOODLAND WHICH HAVE BECOME FRAGMENTED. THE PROTECTION OF AGED OR VETERAN TREES OUTSIDE ANCIENT WOODLANDS WILL ALSO BE SUPPORTED. DEVELOPMENT THAT WOULD LEAD TO FURTHER FRAGMENTATION OR RESULT IN A LOSS OF ANCIENT WOODLAND WILL NOT BE PERMITTED. WOODLAND ENHANCEMENT AND CREATION ALONG THE YARDLEY WHITTLEWOOD RIDGE FROM THE VILLAGE OF YARDLEY HASTINGS TOWARDS TOWCESTER AND BRACKLEY WILL BE PRIORITIESED IN RECOGNITION OF ITS IMPORTANCE TO THE CHARACTER AND BIODIVERSITY OF WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE. DEVELOPMENT THAT WOULD LEAD TO FURTHER FRAGMENTATION OR RESULT IN A LOSS OF ANCIENT WOODLAND WILL NOT BE PERMITTED.

<u>Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits Potential Special</u> <u>Protection Area (pSPA)</u>

10.223 The Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) has been designated as a-potential European Special Protection Area (pSPA) because of its international importance as a wetland habitat for non-breeding waterbirds. The site has also been included on the list of wetland sites of international importance - Ramsar sites. It is also a rare example of wet floodplain woodland.

10.24 The Special Protection Area is important for its populations of Bittern, Gadwall and Golden Plover and is also used regularly by over 20,000 waterbirds each year, including key populations of Wigeon, Gadwall, Mallard, Shoveler, Pochard, Tufted Duck, Great-Crested Grebe, Cormorant, Mute Swan, Bittern, Golden Plover, Lapwing and Coot.

10.235 Due to the site's international importance, a Habitats Regulations Assessment, often referred to as an Appropriate Assessment, is required under European Directive (92/43/EEC) on the conservation of natural habitats and wild fauna and flora for plans that are likely to have a significant effect on European Sites (Natura 2000). A Habitats Regulations Assessment considers the impacts of plans or projects land use planning- against the conservation objectives of the European site to ascertain whether it would adversely affect the integrity of the site. Assessments[1] undertaken to inform the Joint Core Strategy have identified any potential effects arising from the plan and have identified measures to avoid and mitigate these effects. including a buffer zone around the site of 900 metres.

10.26 The compartment of the Special Protection Area within the plan area, known as Clifford Hill Gravel Pits or Northamptonshire Washlands, is used by large numbers of Golden Plover, Lapwing and Wigeon.

10.27 These species, along with other waterbirds are susceptible to recreational disturbance. Assessments have identified that birds using the Northamptonshire Washlands are already suffering from significant levels of disturbance which will increase with future development and recreational usage.

10.28 In order to minimise disturbance to protected species when planning new development, dialogue will be encouraged between Northampton Borough Council, Natural England, developers, the SPA owners, Wildlife Trust and Environment Agency in order to utilise developer contributions to establish suitable site and access management plans.

10.29 The Northamptonshire Washlands continue to support waterbirds due to its open nature and good sightlines. It is important to maintain an unobstructed line of sight for Golden Plover and Lapwing in particular, to enable predator detection which is important while feeding, resting and roosting. Development close to habitat used by these species can reduce sight-lines and therefore the habitats suitability for feeding and roosting.

10.30 During the winter period Golden Plover and Lapwing use the Northamptonshire Washlands for resting and roosting; however they rely on supporting habitat including arable and pasture land outside of the Special Protection Area for feeding habitat and it is important that sufficient areas are maintained to support the populations of Golden Plover and Lapwing.

10.2431 The sensitive nature of some wetland habitats, particularly the Upper Nene Gravel Pits Special Protection area, means that it is essential to ensure that new development has effective ways of managing water and that this does not impact on water levels in the River Nene. The Phase 1 (Outline) and the emerging Phase 2 (Detailed) Water Cycle Strategies for West Northamptonshire[2] specifically looked at the impacts of the water cycle on the Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits Site of SSSI and the pSPA. The findings of these reports justify the requirement for all new development within certain areas to be built to specific standards to conserve water usage, as detailed within the Sustainable Development Principles section in the Spatial Strategy of this plan. The implications of development on the water network as a whole, including the potential need for new infrastructure, water quality and water related ecology has been addressed in the Phase 1 (Outline) Water Cycle Strategy (WCS) and the emerging Phase 2 WCS for West Northamptonshire.

POLICY BN4 - Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits Potential Special Protection Area

NEW DEVELOPMENT WILL NEED TO DEMONSTRATE THROUGH THE DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCESS THAT THERE WILL BE NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACTS Effects upon the integrity Of THE POTENTIAL SPECIAL PROTECTION AREA AND RAMSAR SITE AND THE SPECIES FOR WHICH THE LAND IS DESIGNATED including the loss of supporting habitat AND IMPACTS NO SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACTS ON ASSOCIATED <u>EUROPEAN PROTECTED SPECIES</u> DUE TO WATER RUNOFF, WATER ABSTRACTION OR DISCHARGES FROM THE FOUL DRAINAGE SYSTEM EITHER AS A DIRECT RESULT OF THE DEVELOPMENT alone or in combination.

NEW DEVELOPMENT WILL NEED TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THE IMPACT OF ANY INCREASED RECREATIONAL ACTIVITY (INDIRECT OR DIRECT) ON THE NENE VALLEY POTENTIAL SPECIAL PROTECTION AREA AND RAMSAR SITE WILL NOT HAVE A DETRIMENTAL IMPACT. AND THAT ALL NECESSARY MITIGATIONINCLUDING RETENTION OF SUPPORTING HABITAT WILL BEINCORPORATED. ANY DEVELOPMENT THAT WILL LEAD TO AN INCREASE IN RECREATIONAL ACTIVITY ON THE SPECIAL PROTECTION AREA WILL BE REQUIRED TO INCLUDE NECESSARY MITIGATION INCLUDING DEVELOPMENT OF AND IMPLEMENTATION OF HABITAT AND ACCESS MANAGEMENT PLANS.

IN ORDER TO PROTECT SIGHTLINES for birds included within the special protection area and ramsar site designations, NEW DEVELOPMENT WITHIN A 250M zone of the special protection area shown in figure 7 of the Joint Core Strategy must undertake an assessement to demonstrate that it will not have a significant adverse effect on birds within the clifford hill basin or, if directly adjacent to existing buildings, SHOULD REFLECT SURROUNDING BUILDING HEIGHTS.

NO NEW DEVELOPMENT (RESULTING IN A NET GAIN OF UNITS) WILL BE PERMITTED WITHIN 900METRES OF THE POTENTIAL SPECIAL PROTECTION AREA BOUNDARY.

 Environ: West Northamptonshire Habitats Regulation Assessment (Appropriate Assessment) (2009 and 2010). Environ:Additional work to inform the Appropriate Assessment of the West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy (2009 and 2010) [back]
 Halcrow: West Northamptonshire Development Corporation Water Cycle Strategy Phase 1 Outline Study 2009). Halcrow: West Northamptonshire Phase 2 Water Cycle Strategy (Expected March 2010) [back]

Historic Environment and Landscape

10.2532 In addition to natural features, such as green infrastructure networks and habitats, the historic environment is an important element of the landscape and reflects the human interaction relationship with geology, topography and the natural environment over time.

10.2633 There are a variety of different landscapes which have been shaped by a range of influences, for example:

- the Grand Union Canal;
- the current and past railway or road networks;
- the historical relationship with agricultural. leather related industries; and
- The area's position at the heart of the country.

10.2734 These varying influences mean that settlements across the area are very different. For example, the growth of the villages and towns on the railway lines compared to those more isolated hamlets. The area's rich history has resulted in excess of 3,900 designated heritage assets spread across the rural and the urban landscapes of West Northamptonshire as well as many more non-designated assets of national importance or local interest.

10.2835 The historic built environment is one of the plan area's most valued assets. This includes buildings and structures, parks and gardens, and archaeological remains that are an important aspect of the area's past. There is statutory protection of designated historic heritage assets, including scheduled ancient monuments, listed buildings and conservation areas, through legislation. However, there are still assets which are at risk from the impact of major change through development or the cumulative loss of smaller features and structures, which make the area distinctive. Many assets are not covered by statutory designated assets, both their historical importance and their contribution to the place, together with designated assets is a process that will need to continue throughout the plan period to prevent further loss.

10.2936 Whilst protection of historic designated heritage assets is generally good, with relatively few "at risk", there are some larger sites that are of particular importance including Weedon Depot and Delapre Abbey. Weedon Depot, a Grade II listed example of a planned military complex, is the subject of a specific policy (Policy BN6) in this Joint Core Strategy due to its size, location and historical importance. Delapre Abbey is a Grade II* Listed building in Northampton and its parkland is a designated registered battlefield im Northampton. Northampton Borough Council is currently preparing a management plan for

the site. Often however the historic assets most at risk are those that are "non-designated". Although assets may be of national importance action to protect these assets is often taken locally including developing an understanding of their significance importance. Action is presently being taken by the Councils in West Northamptonshire and partner organisations to better understand the issues relating to their own assets; such as the retention of "local lists" and the surveying of ridge and furrow and the appraisal of the terraced streets and former factories that are related to Northampton's Boot and Shoe industry. Mechanisms to protect specific heritage assets, including non-designated assets, will be strengthened through policies in the respective Local Plans.Development Management Development Plan Document and management strategies where appropriate.

10.307 The relationship between new development and the existing built form is one that requires careful consideration. New development, when designed well, can help to enforce the character of an area which makes it unique. Whilst there are individual examples of good design, both in the rural and urban setting, which take account of local distinctiveness (for example, architectural styles, materials, density, scale, hierarchy, massing and layout) the majority of recent housing developments or edge of town retailing and leisure complexes have compromised the area's character resulting in areas that are "placeless".

POLICY BN5 - The Historic Environment

Designated and non-designated HERITAGE ASSETS and THEIR settings WILL BE CONSERVED AND ENHANCED IN RECOGNITION OF THEIR INDIVIDUAL AND CUMULATIVE SIGNIFICANCE AND CONTRIBUTION TO West Northamptonshire's LOCAL DISTINCTIVENESS AND sense of place.

In environments WHERE VALUED hERITAGE assets are at risk, the asset and its setting will be APPROPRIATELY CONSERVED AND managed. In proportion to the significance of the asset.

IN ORDER TO secure and ENHANCE retain-the significance of THE AREA'S heritage ASSETS and their settings DEVELOPMENT in areas of known historic OR HERITAGE SIGNIFICANCE Importance will be required to:

<u>1. Sustain AND ENHANCE THE FEATURES WHICH CONTRIBUTE TO THE CHARACTER OF THE Area including:</u>

- Conservation areas;
- SIGNIFICANT Historical Landscapes including historic parkland, BATTLEFIELDS and ridge and furrow;
- The skyline and settings of towns and villages;
- SITES OF KNOWN OR POTENTIAL HERITAGE OR historical
 SIGNIFICANCE;
- Locally and nationally IMPORTANT significant buildings, and structures and monuments.

2. DEMONSTRATE AN APPRECIATION AND UNDERSTANDING OF THE IMPACT OF DEVELOPMENT ON SURROUNDING Heritage Assets and their setting IN ORDER TO MINIMISE HARM TO THESE ASSETS; where loss of historic <u>features or archaeological remains is unavoidable and justified, provision should be</u> made for recording and the production of a suitable archive and report;

3. BE SYMPATHETIC TO LOCALLY DISTINCTIVE landscape FEATURES, Design STYLES AND MATERIALS IN ORDER TO CONTRIBUTE TO A SENSE OF PLACE.

<u>THE retention and sensitive RE-USE OF DISUSED OR UNDERUSED HERITAGE</u> <u>HISTORIC</u> assets and structures is encouraged in order to retain and reflect the distinctiveness of the environment, contribute to the sense of place and promote the sustainable and prudent use of Natural RESOURCES;

proposals TO Sustain and ENHANCE THE AREA'S understanding of hERITAGE ASSETS, FOR TOURISM AND HISTORIC INTEREST AS PART OF cultural, LEISURE AND GREEN NETWORKS will be supported

Weedon Depot

10.348 The former Royal Ordnance Depot lies on the north western edge of the village of Weedon near the junction of the A45 and A5, between Daventry to the west and Northampton to the east. The site extends to approximately 7.4 hectares and contains a number of existing buildings with a potential floor space of approximately 18,000 sq metres.

10.329 Whilst this site is of relatively modest scale, it is appropriate for inclusion in the JCS for two principal reasons. Firstly, its significant heritage value, recognised in its Grade II* listing allied to, secondly, the significant challenges in achieving viable, and sustainable and uses for the site in the context of its condition, location and limited access options.

10.3340 The former Weedon Barracks Depot is a unique UK example of a planned military industrial complex dating mainly from the early 19th century, consisting of 27 listed structures.and Tthe main depot buildings were listed as Grade II* in 1999. Of the Depot's original component parts, the storehouse enclosure, magazine enclosure, their buildings and a section of the Ordnance Canal survive today. The significance of the site stems from the combination of the individual listed buildings and structures, their spatial arrangement, including the spaces between them and the wider setting within the village of Weedon.

10.341 The site has been largely unused since 1984 and some of the original component parts and elements are in poor condition and feature in the national English Heritage's Buildings at Risk Register. It is important that viable alternative uses are found for the site which will ensure that the listed buildings and their setting are restored and then secured for future generations.

10.3542 Whilst there are strong heritage reasons to support the re-use of the site, it is also important to ensure that the scale and nature of the uses on the site is sustainable, particularly in relation to the capacity of the local highway network and the need to avoid any adverse impacts on the vitality of existing nearby town centres and plans to invest in and revitalise these centres.

10.3643 The purpose of Policy BN6 is to actively encourage enable a viable re-use of the Weedon Depot which secures the long term future of this important cultural heritage site. A Conservation Plan [1]for the site was adopted by Daventry District Council in 2005, and any proposals for the site would be expected to meet the requirements of the Conservation Plan, or any subsequent updates.

10.3744 Retail is a potential use, but a balance needs to be struck between enabling a viable re-use whilst ensuring that the scale and nature of retail uses would not undermine the existing town centres of Northampton, Daventry and Towcester. The West Northamptonshire Retail Study 2008-2026[2] concluded that a Factory Outlet Centre would be a potential use for Weedon Depot, as this form of development would have less impact on the town centres in the area than other retail formats. If retail development forms a significant part of the proposal then this should be accompanied by a Retail Impact Assessment to gauge the effect on the vitality and viability of existing town centres. Similar impact assessments would be required for significant volumes of office or leisure uses.

10.3845 Residential uses, whilst challenging to achieve in terms of the conservation importance of the site, are likely to generate value assisting with the restoration and long-term maintenance of the site. As such, these are included as potentially suitable uses for parts of the complex.

10.3946 Having regard to the location of the site in close proximity to the junction of the A45/ A5, it is important that the impact of additional traffic associated with the development of the site is carefully considered, including consideration of the impact of increased traffic on local amenity. A transport assessment will therefore be a key requirement of any proposal-to identify and secure the implementation of mitigation measures.

POLICY BN6 - Weedon Depot

THE RE-USE OF THE FORMER ORDNANCE DEPOT AT WEEDON WILL BE SUPPORTED IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE THE RESTORATION OF THIS IMPORTANT CULTURAL AND HERITAGE SITE. A MIX OF THE USES WILL BE THE MOST APPROPRIATE SOLUTION FOR THE SITE. THE FOLLOWING USES WILL BE CONSIDERED:

- MUSEUM (CLASS D1)
- EMPLOYMENT (CLASS B1)
- RETAIL (CLASS A1)
- <u>RESTAURANT / CAFÉ / DRINKING ESTABLISHMENT (CLASS A3, A4 and A5)</u>
- OTHER LEISURE, TOURISM, AND RECREATION USES
- **RESIDENTIAL**

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A MIX OF THE ABOVE USES WILL BE THE MOST APPROPRIATE SOLUTION FOR THE SITE. FOR ALL FORMS OF DEVELOPMENT PROPOSED IN RESPECT OF THE SITE THE FOLLOWING FACTORS WILL NEED TO BE ADDRESSED IN ASSESSING THE IMPACT OF A PARTICULAR PROPOSAL:

- THE NEED TO PRESERVE AND ENHANCE THE CULTURAL AND HERITAGE VALUE OF THE SITE AND ITS SETTING BY ENSURING THAT THE RE-USE OF EXISTING BUILDINGS AND ANY NEW BUILDING IS UNDERTAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN AGREED CONSERVATION PLAN.
- AN IMPACT ASSESSMENT TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THE NATURE
 AND SCALE OF LEISURE, RETAIL AND/ OR EMPLOYMENT
 DEVELOPMENT IS APPROPRIATE FOR THE LOCATION AND WOULD
 NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT THE VITALITY AND VIABILITY OF
 EXISTING TOWN CENTRES OR THE ABILITY TO SECURE
 INVESTMENT AND REVITALISATION IN THEM.
- A TRANSPORT ASSESSMENT TO ENSURE THAT SUFFICIENT
 <u>CAPACITY EXISTS ON THE STRATEGIC AND LOCAL HIGHWAY</u>
 <u>NETWORKS AND THAT FULL OPPORTUNITIES ARE TAKEN TO</u>
 <u>ACCESS THE SITE BY NON-CAR MODES.</u>

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS SHOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN PREPARED IN CONSULTATION WITH THE DISTRICT PLANNING AUTHORITY, LOCAL COMMUNITY AND OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES INCLUDING THE HIGHWAY AUTHORITIES FOR THE NEARBY ROADS.

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 Liv Gibbs, The Historic Environment Consultancy (2005): Weedon Depot Conservation Plan. Adopted by Daventry District Council [back]
 CACI (2009) West Northamptonshire Retail Study 2008 - 2026 [back]

Water Resources, Water Quality and Flood Risk Management

10.407 Development can have a significant impact on water resources, from putting additional strain on existing supplies, to affecting flood patterns by changing both the way that water flows across and percolates into land. It is essential to protect and enhance the quality and quantity of both ground and surface water, ensure necessary service provision, conserve water supplies and manage flood risk.

10.478 New developments will need to have the necessary means of water supply but this must not affect the water levels at the Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits Potential Special Protection Area (pSPA) or overall water quality. In conformity with the Water Framework Directive, specific standards for new development in respect of water resources and quality are detailed in the Sustainable Development Principles Policy in the Spatial Strategy in Section 5 of this JCS and are reflected within the Infrastructure Schedule in Appendix 4; these are essential in ensuring sustainable development and protecting the area's high water quality.

10.49 Due to the potential effects of climate change there is an increasing need for local authorities to appraise, manage and reduce flood risk from all sources. In accordance with the sequential test and principles of the National Planning Policy Framework and Technical

Guidance for Flood Risk, development will be steered away from areas of greatest risk and, where this is not possible, flood risk management will be required to make development safe.

Flood Risk Management and Water Quality

10.4250 Flood risk and water quality are significant concerns for West Northamptonshire. The Rivers Nene, Tove and Ouse and their tributaries as well as the canal network and reservoirs are prominent features of the landscape and important to wider biodiversity and leisure networks. Yet due to these water bodies and historic patterns of development there are a number of areas which are at risk of flooding. In addition to fluvial flooding there is also an increased risk of surface water flooding following periods of heavy rainfall, more intense storms and/ or where wastewater drainage is ineffective.

10.43 Due to the potential effects of climate change there is an increasing need for local authorities to appraise, manage and reduce flood risk from all sources. In accordance with the sequential test and principles of national Planning Policy Statement 25: Development and Flood Risk (PPS25) development will be steered away from areas of greatest risk and, where this is not possible, flood risk management will be required.

10.51 The Flood and Water Management Act (2010) gives Northamptonshire County Council (NCC) a lead responsibility in relation to all local flooding issues. NCC is also the SuDs Approval Body (SAB) that has reponsibility for the assessment and approval of all surface water drainage systems. The Water Cycle Study[1] (WCS) gives guidance on the likely suitability of different SuDs methods.

10.4452 All new developments will need to demonstrate that they have regard to existing and future flood patterns and that the need for effective protection and flood risk management measures from all sources, such as sustainable drainage systems and opportunities for strategic flood storage have been considered, this is particularly important in areas that are vulnerable to flooding. All SUEs will require site specific flood risk assessments and the WCS contains guidance to inform these assessments

10.4553 Some development has historically also had a negative impact on water quality, due to run-off from hard surfaces or other changes to the water cycle. In order to meet the requirements of the new Water Framework Directive[2], a statutory duty has been placed on local authorities to ensure that development creates no detriment to the water quality and in some cases can improve water create betterment of quality as well as providing benefits such as flood risk management and to biodiversity Given this requirement it is vital that this plan ensures that new development is sustainable. Policy S10 Sustainable Development Principles in the Spatial Strategy sets out how it is expected that development will meet this objective.

10.54 Most of West's Northamptonshire's water bodies achieve good ecological status. The WCS has identified the impacts of the proposed new development on water quality and concluded that although there are still water quality issues, these issues remain even without the new development proposed in the JCS and in most cases, it is not possible to maintain good status, even if wastewater treatment works were upgraded to the best that can be achieved with current technology.

10.55 Given these issues, that are widespread across the UK, and would be an issue even without any development, various initiatives are underway to address the problem, including

a new River Nene Partnership Project. It is vital that the JCS ensures that all new development reduces the risk of impacts on water quality and removes or mitigates as much as possible the risk of none compliance with the Water Framework Directive. Policy S10 Sustainable Development Principles together with Policy BN7a sets out how it is expected that development will have regard to these risks and to propose a combination of effective wastewater infrastructure, extensive use of SuDs and high standards of water efficiency in the Code for Sustainable Homes to address water quality issues.

10.4656 A Level 1 Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) has been undertaken for the plan area. This describes and analyses how the area is affected by flood risk and the nature of that risk. More detailed Level 2 Strategic Flood Risk Assessments for Northampton,[3] South Northamptonshire and Daventry District[4] have also been completed and provides additional information for areas at risk of flooding where development pressures exist or may exist in the future. Sitting alongside these documents is the West Northamptonshire Water Cycle Strategy for the whole area, which provides the evidence of the impact of development on water quality and supply, in addition to a specific drainage plan for the Central Area of Northampton, which has particular issues due to the age and construction of the infrastructure.

10.4757 In order to assist in the area's resilience to future flooding events new development should help achieve the long-term flood management goals set out in the River Nene,[5] the River Ouse[6] and the River Thames[7] Catchment Flood Management Plans (CFMPs), produced by the Environment Agency. This includes constructing defences to the appropriate standard as required by the Environment Agency, which may be greater than the minimum requirements, and where appropriate, secured in perpetuity.

10.4858 Development will be required to take account of the Sequential and Exception Tests as set out in the NPPF and the national Technical Guidance for flood risk. The aim of the Sequential Test is to steer new development to areas with the lowest probability of flooding.Table 6, below, details the approach that will need to be taken for each flood zone. A fuller explanation of what constitutes essential infrastructure, water compatible, highly vulnerable, more vulnerable, and less vulnerable is set out within the national Technical Guidance to the NPPF.

Table 6: Exception Test

<u>NB This table does not show the application of the Sequential Test which guides</u> <u>development to Flood Zone 1 first, then Flood Zone 2 and then Flood Zone 3; Flood Risk</u> <u>Assessment requirements; or policy aims for each Flood Zone</u>

Flood Risk		Essential	Water	Highly	More	Less
Vulnerabilit		Infrastructur	Compatible	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Vulnerable
У		e				
Flood	Zon	Development	Developmen	Developmen	Developmen	Developmen
Zone	e 1	is	t is	t is	t is	t is
		appropriate	appropriate	appropriate	appropriate	appropriate
	Zon	Development	Developmen	Exception	Developmen	Developmen
	e 2	is	t is	Test	t is	t is
		appropriate	appropriate	required	appropriate	appropriate
	Zon	Exception	Developmen	Developmen	Exception	Developmen

e 3a	Test required	t is appropriate	t should not be permitted	Test required	t is appropriate
Zon e 3b	Exception Test required	Developmen t is appropriate	Developmen t should not be permitted	Developmen t should not be permitted	Developmen t should not be permitted

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POLICY BN7a - Water Supply, Quality and Wastewater Infrastructure

NEW DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS WILL ENSURE THAT ADEQUATE AND APPROPRIATE WATER SUPPLY AND WASTEWATER INFRASTRUCTURE IS AVAILABLE TO MEET THE ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS PLACED UPON IT AND TO ENSURE THAT WATER QUALITY, AS FAR AS IS PRACTICABLE, IS PROTECTED OR IMPROVED.

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS WILL ENSURE THAT ADEQUATE WASTEWATER TREATMENT CAPACITY IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS CAPACITY AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTRAINTS.

DEVELOPMENT SHOULD USE SUSTAINABLE DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, WHEREVER PRACTICABLE, TO IMPROVE WATER QUALITY, REDUCE FLOOD RISK AND PROVIDE ENVIRONMENTAL AND ADAPTATION BENEFITS.

TO ENSURE ALL NEW HOUSING IS WATER EFFICIENT ALL NEW DEVELOPMENT WILL BE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE THE EQUIVALENT OF MINIMUM LEVEL 4 STANDARDS FOR WATER CONSERVATION IN THE CODE FOR SUSTAINABLE HOMES OR ANY NATIONAL EQUIVALENT STANDARD FROM 2016.

1. West Northamptonshire Water Cycle Study Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy Detailed WCS Final report September 2011 [back]

2. Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the Community action in the field of water policy (known as the Water Framework Directive) [back]

3. Scott Wilson (2010) Northampton Level 2 Strategic Flood Risk Assessment [back]

4. Scott Wilson (2009), Daventry and South Northamptonshire Level 2 Strategic Flood Risk Assessment [back]

5. Environment Agency (2009, River Nene Catchment Flood Management Plan Summary Report: Peterborough [back]

6. Environment Agency (2010), River Ouse Catchment Flood Management Plan Summary Report:Leeds [back]

7. Environment Agency (2009), River Thames catchment Flood Management Plan Summary Report: Reading [back]

POLICY BN7 - Flood Risk

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS WILL COMPLY WITH FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS SET OUT IN THE NPPF AND TECHNICAL GUIDANCE TO THE NPPF TO ADDRESS CURRENT AND FUTURE FLOOD RISKS WITH APPROPIATE CLIMATE CHANGE ALLOWANCES

A sequential approach will be applied to all proposals for development in order to direct development to areas at the lowest probability of flooding unless it has met the requirements of the sequential TEST and THE exception test as set out within TABLE <u>6.</u>

All new development, including regeneration proposals, will need to demonstrate that there is no increased risk of flooding to existing properties, PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT IS (OR CAN BE) SAFE and shall seek to improve existing flood risk management.

All proposals for development OF 1 HECTARE OR above in flood zone 1 and for development in 2, 3a or 3b must be accompanied by a Flood Risk Assessment that sets out the mitigation measures for the site and agreed with the RELEVANT authority.

A FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT MUST ALSO ACCOMPANY PROPOSALS WHERE IT MAY BE SUBJECT TO OTHER SOURCES, AND FORMS, OF FLOODING OR WHERE OTHER BODIES HAVE INDICATED THAT THERE MAY BE DRAINAGE PROBLEMS.

In order to meet the exception test Development must:

- Demonstrate that the development provides wider sustainability benefits to the community that outweigh the flood risk;
- be located on previousley developed land; and
- be Accompanied by a SITE SPEcific Flood Risk Assessment that must demonstrates-that the development will be safe for its lifetime without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible, reduce flood risk overall

<u>Where flood risk management requires the use of Sustainable Drainage Techniques</u> systems to manage surface water run off, These should:

- Separate surface water from foul and combined sewers; and
- Be accompanied by a long term management and maintenance plan.
- Protect and enhance water Quality

THE DESIGN STANDARD FOR THE UPPER NENE CATCHMENT (THROUGH NORTHAMPTON AND WITHIN THE NENE CATCHMENT UPSTREAM OF NORTHAMPTON) IS THE 0.5% PROBABILITY (1 IN 200 CHANCE OF OCCURRING IN ANY YEAR) EVENT PLUS CLIMATE CHANGE. SURFACE WATER ATTENUATION SHOULD BE PROVIDED UP TO THIS STANDARD.

River Nene Strategic River Corridor

10.459 All river environments are an important resource for wildlife, leisure and recreation and are also an important link to the area's past. The river Nene is a strategic river that provides an important navigable function, connecting the East of England to the rest of the waterway network. The River Nene contributes heavily to the area's sense of place and the banks of the Nene are rich in heritage assets. The Nene offers opportunities to restore enhance and create wetland landscapes and other natural habitats. It also provides a focus for regeneration and the provision of accessible open space and green infrastructure as it passes through Northampton.

10.560 Across the plan area, there is significant potential to enhance the setting of the River Nene, both within the urban and rural context. Within the town of Northampton itself, the river provides opportunities for sport, leisure and recreation such as canoeing and rafting, the Northampton Marina facilities at the River Nene's junction with the Grand Union Canal, and access to walks and cycle routes.

10.561 As the river opens up into the broad floodplains to the east of Northampton, and particularly in the areas that have previously been exploited for gravel extraction, there are increased opportunities for habitat creation and enhancement, especially those linked to the internationally designated potential Special Protection Area and Biodiversity Action Plan (BAP) priority habitats, such as wet grasslands. These areas also help to meet some of the flood risk management requirements, as set out above, by making space for water and providing an important resource for helping to provide the area with ways to adapt to climate change.

POLICY BN8 - The River Nene Strategic River Corridor

The natural and cultural environment of the Nene corridor through The plan area, including its tributaries, will be enhanced and protected in recognition of its important contribution to the area's green infrastructure network, landscape, townscapes, regeneration, recreation and historic environment.

Proposals for new development and habitat enhancement should demonstrate an understanding of the importance of the River Nene for biodiversity WITHIN AND beyond The plan area.

Environmental Quality

10.562 New development can have a negative impact on the environment and property through its potential to pollute. Furthermore, opportunities for new development, particularly on previously developed land, can be constrained by existing pollution issues. The overall aim of planning and pollution control policies is to ensure the sustainable and beneficial use of land. Within this aim, polluting activities that are necessary for society and the economy should be positioned minimised and subject to appropriate controls in order to minimise reduce their adverse effects and contain them within acceptable limits. Policy BN7a addresses the need to protect water reources, water quality and water efficiency in relation to the design of development.

10.563 There is already legislation and policy in place to help control pollution, including the Environment Act (1995), which gives local authorities' powers to control pollution, and

address comtaminated land including ways to deal with the cumulative impacts of development.

10.564 Air quality, in particular, is a pressing concern for many places within the plan area, but is particularly focused on urban areas where there are heavy flows of traffic. There are presently twelve eight designated Air Quality Management Areas: ten six within the urban area of Northampton, one along the M1 corridor between junctions 15 and 15a and another located within Towcester. When planning for new development, Planning Policy Statement 23: Planning and Pollution Control, plays a key role in directing development away from areas that may give rise to pollution either directly or indirectly and ensuring that other uses and development are not, as far as possible, affected by major existing or potential sources of pollution.

10.65 The issues associated with the provision of outdoor lighting are a recognised source of pollution. Obtrusive lighting can be both an environmental and intrusive nuisance, predominantly from glare and light spillage. Poor lighting can have a impact on dark skies required for viewing the night sky and altering ecological and wildlife patterns which can affect the appreciation of the rural landscape.

POLICY BN9 - Planning for Pollution Control

<u>PROPOSALS FOR NEW DEVELOPMENT</u> which are likely to cause pollution or likely to result in exposure to sources of pollution or risks to safety WILL need to demonstrate that they provide opportunities TO minimise and where possible reduce POLLUTION ISSUES THAT ARE A BARRIER TO ACHIEVING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND HEALTHY COMMUNITIES including:

- maintaining and improving **DETERIORATION OF** AIR QUALITY, particularly in poor air quality areas, in accordance with national air quality standards and best practice;
- protecting and improving surface and groundwater WATER QUALITY;
- minimising light pollution;
- ensuring remediation of CONTAMINATED LAND so as not to pose a risk to health and the environment; and
- reducing the adverse impacts of noise.

<u>Development should be of the highest environmental and design quality incorporating</u> the best available techniques. development that would result in a deterioration of environmental quality, either individually or cumulatively will not be permitted.

development that is likely to cause pollution, either individually or cumulatively, will only be permitted if measures can be implemented to minimise pollution to a level which provides a high standard of protection for health and environmental quality.

Ground Instability

10.5566 There are areas across the Plan area that are prone to ground instability issues due to their underlying geological and geomorphological makeup. Northampton Sand occasionally overlays Upper Lias Clay and this combination can cause the formation of landslides particularly where slopes have angles greater than seven degrees. A number of the ground stability issues encountered in this geological setting formed during the end of the last ice age and are considered to be in a state or near to a state of equilibrium. If however these slopes are disturbed, by human activities or the ingression of water, these features could be reactivated.

10.5667 The risk of landsliding is increased by the following:

- Local geology;
- Natural springs in the area;
- Slopes of over seven degrees; and
- Human activity (e.g. building or diversion of water into slope)

10.5768 Unfavourable slope conditions can practically be accommodated through engineering design.

10.5869 The areas in West Northamptonshire where instability is suspected have been identified using data available from the British Geological Survey (BGS). This data identifies land on gradients that are greater than seven degrees.

10.5970 When preparing planning applications the developer will be required to establish if their proposal is in an area of known or potential ground instability using the data available from the BGS. If the proposal is in an area of known or potential ground instability the developer will be required to submit a ground stability report describing and analysing the issues relevant to ground instability and indicating how any issues will be mitigated against including remedial works. The ground stability report will be required to accompany the submission of the planning application.

10.60 Further detailed guidance on development affecting unstable land can be found in Planning Policy Guidance Note 14 - Development on Unstable Land (1990).

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POLICY BN10 - Ground Instability

Development will be permitted on sites of unstable or potentially unstable land provided that:

the ground stability report will be required to demonstrate that:

- The nature of the ground stability of the site has been assessed to the satisfaction of the determining planning authORity and a gRound stability report has been provided and agreed before The application is determined;
- The development does not add to the instability of the site or surrounding land;
- Any required remedial works are implemented prior to OCCUPATION OF development; and
- The development of any required stabilisation measures are environmentally acceptable TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE determining authority.

the ground stability report will be required to demonstrate that:

- The degree of instability has been assessed;
- Measures to mitigate against the risk identified in 1 (above) have been identified;
- a schedule of mitigation measures is in place;
- a programme for routine monitoring is in place; and
- any need for formal environmental assessment arising from any stabilisation works has been identified.

11.0 Infrastructure and Delivery

Introduction

11.1 As outlined in the spatial strategy in Section 5 of this JCS West Northamptonshire will accommodate significant development over the period to 2026. This development will generate its own infrastructure requirements whilst also increasing pressure on the existing infrastructure which is already at, or close to, capacity in certain instances, for example the transport network.

11.2 This section of the JCS defines: the term infrastructure; explains the approach that will be taken to deliver infrastructure including the use of contributions from developers in different ways; and introduces the West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP) and sets out the key primary infrastructure projects identified in the IDP.

What is infrastructure?

<u>11.3</u> Infrastructure can be defined as the facilities and services that allow communities to function and develop. It can be split into three types:

1) Physical Infrastructure - This type of infrastructure includes utilities (gas, electricity, telecommunications, water supply, sewerage network, drainage), transport services (roads, railways, airports, freight terminals, ports, buses and trains, etc); and waste collection and disposal including recycling facilities. These are the services and facilities necessary to ensure that homes and workplaces are connected to the wider environment and have sufficient facilities to ensure that essential day to day services can be met.

2) Green Infrastructure - This type of infrastructure is the network of multi-functional green spaces and their connections that enable the environment to support and maintain ecological processes, whilst sustaining land, air and water resources and is important within, and beyond urban spaces.

3) Community or Social Infrastructure - This type of infrastructure provides the essential support for communities to function effectively. It is wide ranging including all types of education, healthcare and cultural services and facilities such as places of worship, community centres, village halls, libraries, play facilities, etc.

Approach to Infrastructure Delivery

11.4 It is recognised that various elements of the existing infrastructure in the plan area are already at, or close to, capacity. Meeting the level of growth proposed will require the provision of new physical, green and social infrastructure to ensure future development is implemented in a sustainable and timely manner to support both new and existing communities.

11.5 In promoting sustainability the JCS does not seek to provide additional capacity by extending or providing new infrastructure without a thorough understanding of whether existing infrastructure could be used more efficiently and by reducing demand through promoting behavioural change. For example achieving modal shift targets from car use to other forms of transport to enable more efficient use of the road network.

11.6 Future growth will also bring benefits to local communities, such as increased economic investment, new and improved infrastructure, and access to a range of housing provision. The timely provision of infrastructure, maximising efficiency, reducing demand and ensuring there is adequate investment in services and facilities will provide a key component in meeting the spatial objectives of the JCS as well as assisting in delivering a sound core strategy.

11.7 The phasing and delivery of the necessary infrastructure, in co ordination with the proposed growth for the area, is essential to achieving sustainable communities where people will want to live and work. It will be fundamental that infrastructure is provided to mitigate any adverse environmental impact. For example, appropriate transport infrastructure and services will play a key role in creating sustainable travel patterns within the area.

11.8 It is clear that a major concern of local communities is to ensure that facilities and services are provided to meet future growth. A key requirement of the JCS is to secure appropriate levels of funding to ensure that supporting infrastructure is provided at an appropriate scale where planning permission for development is granted. It will seek to maximise all oOpportunities to secure funding both through public and private means must be maximised.

11.9 Implementation of the JCS will require a co-ordinated approach to the activities of agencies and other service providers to ensure that new development will be supported by the necessary infrastructure provision. An IDP has been prepared to provide evidence to address these issues and is considered in further detail later in this section. The broad timing of the infrastructure provision will be informed through the IDP and its subsequent monitoring and review mechanisms, which will identify the range of infrastructure required to deliver the proposed development in West Northamptonshire up to 2026.

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POLICY INF1 - Approach To Infrastructure Delivery

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NEW DEVELOPMENT WILL BE SUPPORTED BY, AND PROVIDE GOOD ACCESS TO, INFRASTRUCTURE, INCLUDING PHYSICAL, GREEN AND SOCIAL ELEMENTS. IT will SHOULD SEEK TO INTEGRATE WITH AND COMPLEMENT ADJOINING COMMUNITIES. WHERE DEVELOPMENT GENERATES A NEED FOR NEW INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPERS WILL NEED TO DEMONSTRATE THAT ADEQUATE CAPACITY EXISTS, OR THAT PROVISION WILL BE MADE, TO MEET THE NECESSARY REQUIREMENTS ARISING FROM THAT DEVELOPMENT WITHIN AN APPROPRIATE TIMESCALE.

IN ASSESSING CAPACITY, DEVELOPERS WILL BE EXPECTED TO PROVIDE EVIDENCE AS TO WHETHER EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE CAN BE USED MORE EFFICIENTLY, OR WHETHER THE IMPACT OF DEVELOPMENT CAN BE REDUCED THROUGH PROMOTING BEHAVIOURAL CHANGE.

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE JOINT CORE STRATEGY WILL REQUIRE A CO-ORDINATED APPROACH TO THE ACTIVITIES OF AGENCIES AND OTHER SERVICE PROVIDERS TO ENSURE THAT NEW DEVELOPMENT WILL BE SUPPORTED BY THE NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE PROVISION.

THE PRECISE TIMING OF INFRASTRUCTURE PROVISION WILL BE INFORMED THROUGH THE INFRASTRUCTURE DELIVERY PLAN, AND ITS SUBSEQUENT MONITORING AND REVIEW MECHANISMS, WHICH WILL IDENTIFY THE RANGE OF INFRASTRUCTURE REQUIRED TO DELIVER THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT IN WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE UP TO 2026.

Developer Contributions

11.10 Ensuring that all new development proposals address their impact appropriately and deliver solutions that allow West Northamptonshire to grow in a sustainable manner is essential to the proper planning of the area.

11.11 All forms of development, whether large or small, contribute to demands on the existing infrastructure, services and facilities for an area. In identifying infrastructure delivery funding, there is a need to provide an overall approach outlining how contributions are to be obtained through development.

11.12 When determining planning applications the Local Planning Authorities (including West Northamptonshire Development Corporation) will need to be assured that existing infrastructure provision can support proposals that come forward. If this is not the case then the necessary additional infrastructure should be provided in a timely and sustainable manner. This could be made either through direct provision or through arrangements with the relevant Local Planning Authority. Such arrangements could include the payment of financial contributions.

<u>11.13</u> To ensure thriving sustainable communities reliable mechanisms must be established to maintain infrastructure so that it can continue to operate effectively.

<u>11.14</u> Current legislation provides two primary approaches for providing financial contributions from new development. Firstly planning obligations, which are largely provided on-site for non-strategic items of infrastructure required to mitigate the impact of a particular

development through Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. Secondly, the Community Infrastructure Levy, which came into force in April 2010 and allows local authorities to raise funds from developers, through the pooling of contributions, to provide for a wide range of infrastructure projects.

11.15 Where new development creates a need for new or enhanced infrastructure it will need to be provided either directly or by a financial contribution towards its delivery, depending on both the scale of the development and the level of the infrastructure required.

11.16 Delivering the new development proposed in the JCS has implications on infrastructure provision, not just on a site-by-site basis but also in terms of the overall cumulative impact across West Northamptonshire. All developments will be required to contribute towards this need in a fair and equitable way.

11.17 The types of infrastructure and services that developments may be required to provide, or contribute towards, during the plan period may include, but are not limited to, the following those set out in the appendices to the West Northamptonshire IDP. The broad types of infrastructure required to service new development will include:

- Transport
- Health

Education

- Community and Leisure Facilities
- Open space and Green Infrastructure
- Utilities
- Energy and climate change
- Faith and Places of Worship

Strategic Contributions - Community Infrastructure Levy

11.18 The Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) provides Councils with an opportunity to raise funds from developers to assist the provision of infrastructure investment within an area, including projects such as new schools, green infrastructure, community facilities and improvements to the transport system needed to cater for future growth.

11.19 Charging authorities are required to apply CIL monies to funding infrastructure in order to support new development in the plan area. The range of infrastructure required to deliver the growth proposed in the JCS is outlined in the accompanying IDP, which will be subject to regular monitoring and updating.

<u>11.20</u> CIL introduces a standard charge of development, which for applicable development, is charged in pounds per square metre on net additional increase on floorspace. It allows local authorities to raise funds from developers undertaking new development within their area by aggregating infrastructure costs and averaging them out across the range of strategic projects required to deliver the new development is identified in the JCS. These projects are listed in the accompanying IDP.

<u>11.2021</u> The JCS will require significant investment in infrastructure provision to ensure that a full range of services and facilities supports major housing and commercial

developments. Developer contributions will be sought through the application of CIL, by the West Northamptonshire local authorities.

<u>11.22</u>— The approach to, and application of, a CIL for West Northamptonshire will be set out in a detailed approach to funding, which will also address non strategic planning obligations, through a Supplementary Planning Document.

11.2123- The approach to strategic funding will apply to both residential and commercial development. It is the intention that CIL will be progressed through partnership working by will be undertaken with the local authorities within West Northamptonshire to ensure this approach is successful, whilst reflecting the needs of each administrative area. Each of the West Northamptonshire local authorities will be individual charging and collecting authorities and will determine individually and in partnership priority infrastructure spending. However, iIt will be for individual authorities to take forward and set out their charging schedules.

<u>11.24 The IDP will provide the mechanism for monitoring and reviewing the infrastructure needs of the provisions of the JCS, together with the evidence to update the charging schedule as necessary.</u>

Planning Obligations

11.2225 CIL, as outlined above, is intended to support infrastructure projects relating to the wider development of an area, rather than to mitigate the impact of individual planning applications. Therefore, the ability to enter into a negotiated planning obligation, using Section 106 of the 1990 Town and Country Planning Act will remain.

11.2326 Planning obligations will also continue to be used to secure affordable housing. However, where development contributions are to be sought via planning obligations there is a need to meet the statutory tests set out in Regulation 122 of the CIL Regulations (2010), and the National Planning Policy Framework which state that a planning obligation must be:

- Necessary to make the development acceptable in planning terms:
- Directly related to the development: and
- Fairly and reasonably related in scale and kind to the proposed development.

<u>11.2427</u> Prior to the implementation of CIL coming into effect the provision and implementation of infrastructure proposals will be controlled through the imposition of conditions on planning permissions, or, alternatively, through the use of planning obligation agreements.

11.2528 A Developer Contributions Supplementary Planning Document will be produced for West Northamptonshire, to enable further, detailed guidance and greater consistency on the operation of the approach to securing developer contributions. The approach will need to acknowledge the future implications of CIL when it is introduced.

11.2629 It is intended that this guidance will build on existing planning obligations strategies produced within West Northamptonshire by providing a comprehensive approach to developer contributions based on emerging guidance in respect of the future introduction

of CIL, evidence of infrastructure requirements borne out of the IDP and up to date evidence of site viability.

POLICY INF2 - Contributions To Infrastructure Requirements

NEW DEVELOPMENT WILL ONLY BE PERMITTED IF THE NECESSARY ON AND OFF-SITE INFRASTRUCTURE THAT IS REQUIRED TO SUPPORT IT, AND MITIGATE ITS IMPACT, IS EITHER ALREADY IN PLACE, OR THERE IS A RELIABLE MECHANISM IN PLACE TO ENSURE THAT IT WILL BE DELIVERED.

WHERE IDENTIFIED INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED PROVISION WILL BE ACHIEVED THROUGH CONTRIBUTIONS FROM ALL RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT.

PROVISION MADE THROUGH PLANNING OBLIGATIONS MAY SEEK POOLED CONTRIBUTIONS WHERE THE COMBINED IMPACT OF A NUMBER OF DEVELOPMENTS CREATES THE NEED FOR INFRASTRUCTURE AND WHERE A DIRECT RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE DEVELOPMENT AND THE INFRASTRUCTURE HAS BEEN DEMONSTRATED. IN SUCH INSTANCES, ANY SPARE CAPACITY IN EXISTING PROVISION WILL NOT BE CREDITED TO EARLIER DEVELOPMENT.

STRATEGIC INFRASTRUCTURE WILL BE PROVIDED THROUGH THE IMPLEMENTATION OF A COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE LEVY.

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FOR OTHER SITE SPECIFIC NEEDS WHICH ARE NOT PROVIDED FOR BY CIL, OR THROUGH ANY POOLING OF CONTRIBUTIONS, DIRECT PROVISION WILL NEED TO BE MADE, EITHER THROUGH THE IMPOSITION OF PLANNING CONDITIONS OR SECURED THROUGH A PLANNING OBLIGATION, WITH THE RELEVANT LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY.

FURTHER GUIDANCE ON THE DETAIL OF ANY FINANCIAL OR OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS FROM DEVELOPERS TOWARDS THE PROVISION OF INFRASTRUCTURE WILL BE SET OUT IN THE WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS SUPPLEMENTARY PLANNING DOCUMENT.

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West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan

<u>11.2730</u>. To ensure that development is delivered in a sustainable manner and supports the area's future needs the JCS is required to identify the range and type of infrastructure that is needed to support the Spatial Strategy and how that infrastructure will be delivered.

<u>11.2831</u> A range of commercial and public organisations are responsible for providing infrastructure through differing funding and delivery mechanisms. West Northamptonshire's

approach to the funding, phasing and delivery of infrastructure, required to support the direction and scale of development outlined in the JCS, is set out in the West Northamptonshire IDP.

<u>11.2932</u> A West Northamptonshire The IDP was commissioned in Spring 2010[1]. It refreshes and supersedes previous work undertaken by West Northamptonshire Development Corporation in 2008. In 2012 the IDP was further up-dated with regard to the identification of strategic priorities for infrastructure. The IDP provides the basis for determining:

- the specific local and strategic infrastructure requirements, identified on a phased basis;
- costing for this provision;
- the likely scale of public sector funding required for these works;
- the level of contribution from private sector development required;
- any likely funding gaps between infrastructure requirements and the availability of funding sources; and
- the future monitoring and review process.

<u>11.3033</u> The IDP has been produced with the close involvement of the bodies responsible for infrastructure delivery and provides a clear statement of the existing state of infrastructure as well as requirements needed to accommodate future development.

11.3134 The IDP identifies 12 key primary infrastructure projects that are required to ensure the delivery of this JCS by 2026. These projects are listed in Table 7 below along with the reason why that specific infrastructure is required and the broad phasing of when that specific infrastructure is required. Further detail, including the costs, funding source and who is responsible for providing the infrastructure is set out in the IDP.

Infrastructure	Reason for Requirement	Broad Phasing
Required	_	
Improvements to the Waste Water Network - Northampton Town Centre	To provide capacity to the main sewer allowing for increases in waste water flows.	Scale and type of solution to be informed by Northampton Central Area Drainage Assessment (May 2011)
Waste Water Treatment Works - Great Billing, Northampton	Increased capacity required for development in Northampton beyond 2015 2019	Works to commence in 2015 <u>2019</u> and complete by mid 2016 <u>2021</u>
Northern Relief Road (A428-A5199) - <u>North West Bypass</u> -Northampton	Required to serve the Sustainable Urban Extensions of: North of Whitehills, and King's Heath <u>and</u> <u>Northampton West.</u>	Requires completion within the first3 years of initial dwellingcompletions at King's HeathPhase 1 (A428 to Grange Farm) tocommence by 2016. Phase 2(Grange Farm to A5199) tocommence by 2021.
Sandy Lane Relief	Required to serve the	Completion required by 2013/14

Table 7 - Key Primary Infrastructure Projects

		<u>г</u>
Road - Northampton A45 Brackmills Interchange Northampton Growth Management Scheme - Northampton	developments of Norwood Farm and the Sustainable Urban Extensions of: Northampton West, North of Whitehills and King's Heath To enable significant occupation of Wootton Fields Extension and Saxon Avenue at Grange Park Improvements are required to the A45 between M1 J15 and the Great Billing Interchange to support growth in Northampton and to ensure access and egress onto the Strategic Road Network is managed effectively.	2016 Phased programme (see Appendix 4 of the JCS for details) with Commencement in 2012/13, 2014.
Waste Water	Capacity impacts on	Work to extend capacity is
Treatment Works -	development in Towcester	programmed to be completed in
Towcester	beyond 2018/19	2020/21
Waste Water	Capacity impacts on	Work to extend capacity is
Treatment Works -	development in Brackley	programmed to be completed in
Brackley	beyond 2018/19	2020/21
Waste Water	Whilton Waste Water	Three year scheme due to Work
Treatment Works -	Treatment Works requires	commence <u>d</u> in 2012
Daventry	upgrading to allow long term	
	development to take place	
A45 Northampton -	Required to enable strategic	Improvements required to be
Daventry Corridor	growth at Daventry. North	completed by 2017/18 <u>2021</u>
Improvements	East Sustainable Urban	
Doventry	Extension	
Daventry Development Link		
A5/ A45 Weedon	Required to improve capacity	Work requires completion by 2012
Crossroads	of junction ahead of Daventry	
	Development Link enable	
	delivery of Monksmoor	
Grosvenor Centre,	Required as a key part of	Two year project commencing 2012
Northampton Bus	modal shift measures within	
Interchange -	the town centre	
Northampton		
Castle Station Public	Required as a key part of	Three year project commencing
Transport	modal shift measures within	2012
Interchange -	the town centre	
Northampton		

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11.3235 The IDP provides evidence that the level of housing growth proposed in the JCS can be delivered within the plan period up to 2026, provided that the key primary infrastructure requirements outlined in the above table are delivered within the broad phasing timelines prescribed.

<u>11.3336</u> Flexibility exists within the overall housing trajectory that allows for development to be brought forward to mitigate the impact of delays caused by the key primary infrastructure items.

11.3437 More detailed work on the provision of infrastructure has been undertaken through the IDP which provides an accompanying evidence base to the JCS. The infrastructure schedule is set out in Appendix 4 of this plan. Priorities for strategic infrastructure are identified at Appendix 4.

11.3538 The nature of infrastructure provision means that it will be subject to refinement throughout the plan period as providers evolve new ways of meeting needs and additional requirements may be identified. The infrastructure schedule will be updated on a regular basis, as part of the annual monitoring review, to reflect changes to investment programmes, and new projects. Ongoing monitoring will continue to give consideration to the level of risk that some of the required infrastructure will not be forthcoming and consider ways that this might be mitigated.

11.3639 In preparing the IDP the investment and operational plans of relevant infrastructure and public service providers have been taken into consideration, ensuring that these bodies recognise their contributions and that the resources required to deliver the infrastructure to support the level of development proposed in the JCS have been given careful consideration and are realistically deliverable within the plan period.

1. Halcrow (2011) West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan [back]

Places Policies

Introduction

The following sections set out the policies and proposals for the places in West Northamptonshire. These policies cover:

- Northampton town;
- Daventry town;
- Towcester;
- Brackley; and
- The Rural Areas.

12.0 Northampton

Introduction

12.1 Northampton traditionally served an extensive rural population as a large market town and was a focus for the rural community. In the 19th century Northampton became more industrialised and was dominated by shoe manufacture with nearly half of the male population employed in this industry.

Northampton Today

12.2 Northampton as the County town is the main centre for employment, housing, retail, leisure and services.

12.3 The town is home to a number of large multi-national companies and the University of Northampton which is also a major employer. Northampton General Hospital provides specialist healthcare for the whole of Northamptonshire and caters for patients from north Buckinghamshire and north Bedfordshire.

12.4 Job losses in manufacturing in the town have been compensated by an increase in office and service jobs, where growth has mainly been in the financial services, public administration, education and health sectors in Northampton. There has been a long term levelling off of the unemployment rate in West Northamptonshire at about 4%; however the most-recent figures reflect the economic downturn and unemployment rates have increased. to 5.2%.

12.5 Northampton has a higher proportion of terraced houses and flats, a higher proportion of social rented housing and more single person households than other towns within West Northamptonshire. There is a higher proportion of younger residents but also a higher incidence of social inequality.

12.6 One of Northampton's unique features is its rich variety of natural and built environmental assets. It has an important historic town centre reflecting its long history from its Saxon origins through to the legacy of the boot and shoe industry. Northampton has many listed buildings and conservation area designations throughout the town and wider urban area. Northampton has many different types of open space including private estates (current and former); large public open spaces such as the Racecourse; nature reserves and pocket parks which are designated as having high landscape sensitivity in the Northampton Landscape Sensitivity and Green Infrastructure Study. The distinctive landform, which provides views from/ to Northampton including: the Limestone ridge to the south-east between Whiston and Hunsbury; the Ecton Ridge; Brampton Valley and the rolling hills to the West, are all also areas of high sensitivity. The Express Lift Tower is particularly noted as a prominent landmark in the town providing for clear orientation.

12.7 Immediately surrounding the town are important areas of woodland, valued landscape and sites of historical importance, all of which are major contributors to people's quality of life. The rural character setting and the valley of the River Nene are distinct environmental features[1].

12.8 Movement within Northampton and between the town and surrounding settlements is predominately undertaken by car. Past planning decisions for Northampton, particularly the town's designation as a New Town, have led to a decentralisation of key destinations such as retail, employment and leisure. Consequently fewer trips are focused on the town centre and opportunities for an effective and efficient public transport are reduced. 1. EDAW/AECOM (March 2007) Northampton Longer Term Growth Options Study [back]

The Regeneration of Northampton

12.9 Whilst the country is presently suffering the economic effects of a down turn in the economy the JCS is a long term strategic plan that looks to the future. Northampton has one of the country's leading track records for jobs growth and is well placed to thrive. Economic growth will return and Northampton will play its part in that economic recovery.

12.10 Northampton will be a major regional and cultural economic driver for the wider area with a diverse and competitive economic base and a well housed population. It will have a cultural quarter, riverside development, and will be known nationally as a centre for education, with diverse employment opportunities, excellent sustainable transport and a tourist destination of choice.

12.11 The Northampton Central Area Action Plan (NCAAP) identifies a number of sites in the central area for redevelopment to accommodate a variety of town centre uses such as offices, retail and leisure as well as identifying capacity for 3,400 homes. The SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterpise Zone will act as a catalyst to accelerate growth and regeneration opportunities. The Enterprise Zone covers 120 hectares of mostly disused land along the River Nene, and includes sites identified in the Northampton Central Area Action Plan including Castle Station and parts of Waterside and the Avon/ Nunn Mills site. The Zone aims to build on local strengths in advanced technologies and engineering. Further regeneration opportunities in addition to those already identified could arise in the longer term through rationalisation of sites that are acknowledged to not make efficient use of land, such as Northampton General Hospital.

12.12 Hand in hand with regeneration and previously developed land reuse new quality development through integrated and sustainable urban extensions will add high calibre housing, local services and facilities and sustainable transport connections to the town centre, supporting the town centre office, retail, leisure and service economies.

<u>12.13</u> The JCS through its vision, objectives and policies together with the NCAAP provides the mechanism for this vision of Northampton to be realised.

POLICY N1 - The Regeneration of northampton

THE REGENERATION OF NORTHAMPTON WILL BE SUPPORTED BY THE FOLLOWING MEASURES:

- A FOCUS ON NORTHAMPTON'S TOWN CENTRE AND CENTRAL AREA FOR OFFICE, RETAIL, LEISURE AND SERVICE DEVELOPMENT PROVIDING HIGH QUALITY URBAN DESIGN AND PUBLIC REALM AND RETAINING PROTECTING ITS HERITAGE ATTRIBUTES ASSETS AND HISTORIC CHARACTER THROUGH MANAGED CHANGE (POLICY N2 REFERS);
- HOUSING DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE EXISTING URBAN AREA THROUGH URBAN CAPACITY INFILL, AND SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS AT NORTHAMPTON NORTH, NORTHAMPTON WEST,

NORTHAMPTON SOUTH, NORTHAMPTON SOUTH OF BRACKMILLS, NORTHAMPTON KINGS HEATH, NORTHAMPTON NORTH OF WHITEHILLS AND NORTHAMPTON UPTON PARK (POLICIES N3 TO N9 REFER);

- EMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENT BY REGENERATION AND REDEVELOPMENT AT EXISTING EMPLOYMENT SITES AND SEMLEP NORTHAMPTON WATERSIDE ENTERPRISE ZONE, WITH MAJOR OFFICE AND SERVICE DEVELOPMENT FOCUSED ON THE CENTRAL AREA AND THE ALLOCATION OF A TECHNOLOGY REALM SITE (POLICIES E1, E3 AND N2 REFER);
- PROVISION OF LOCAL SHOPPING, SERVICES AND SUPPORTING FACILITIES AT WITHIN IDENTIFIED SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS (POLICIES S9, N3 TO N9 REFER);
- ADDRESSING FACTORS OF DEPRIVATION AT WITHIN THE COMMUNITIES OF SPRING BOROUGHS, KINGS HEATH/ SPENCER, EASTFIELD AND NORTHAMPTON EAST (POLICY N11 REFERS); AND
- IMPROVEMENTS TO THE TRANSPORT NETWORK, PUBLIC TRANSPORT, CYCLING, AND WALKING FACILITIES WITHIN THE <u>TOWN NORTHAMPTON TO IMPROVE CONNECTIVITY, SAFETY AND</u> JOURNEY RELIABILITY (POLICY N12 REFERS).

Northampton Central Area

12.14 The town centre and central area will successfully mix traditional architecture with high quality new urban design. Key projects will shape Northampton in the future and will create the infrastructure for all the town's residents. These include:-

The Grosvenor Expansion - Major expansion of the retail offer in Northampton Town Centre doubling the retail space of the Grosvenor Shopping Centre.

Angel St/ St Johns - The creation of a major civic hub bringing thousands of new and existing workers back into the town centre.

Development at Castle Railway Station - Creating an iconic new gateway to Northampton providing better facilities, capacity and service.

Avon/ Nunn Mills/ Ransome Road - A flagship mixed use development, providing up to 2,000 homes and major commercial development.

Waterside - A long neglected asset, revitalised as a destination for employment, living and leisure.

12.15 The NCAAP will define the Town Centre Boundary and the Primary Shopping Area for Northampton and will set out a clear vision for the future of the Northampton Central Area, in line with the vision for West Northamptonshire set out within the JCS.

Retail Development

12.16 Northampton has an average retail offer but considering it is the largest town in the county the offer should be much better. Most of the top 20 high street retailers are present in the town but the size and level of the stores is disappointing. With Northampton's historic streetscapes there is the opportunity to create a distinctive and attractive retail environment to attract people in and to make a visit to the town centre a more enriching experience.

12.17 As referred to in the Spatial Portrait and Spatial Strategy Northampton town centre has suffered from the decentralisation of retailing activities. The strength of the town's outer retail parks and Weston Favell District Centre provide strong competition for spending on comparison goods displacing spending from the town centre. Similarly for convenience spending research[1] identifies that four large out-of-town centre superstores dominate this area of retailing with convenience retailing within the town centre under-represented. Northampton needs to deliver a step change in its retailing performance and attractiveness as a higher order comparison shopping destination.

12.18 The Grosvenor Centre constitutes a significant part of the retail frontage within the Northampton Central Area and is one of the biggest and most important development sites in the prime shopping area. Its expansion and improvement is vital to the regeneration of the town centre and Northampton's competitiveness as a retail destination. The site is large enough to accommodate a range of other town centre uses to reinforce the role of the Town Centre as well as offering potential for significant improvements to the townscape. The importance of the Grosvenor Centre redevelopment and the focus particularly on comparison retailing within the town centre must be carefully assessed and subject to detailed analysis against the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework. heavily restricted to ensure that town centre proposals are not jeopardised.

1. West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update Roger Tym and Partners 2011 [back]

Office Development

12.19 Office development in the central area has been suppressed due to lack of available, flexible and modern office space to suit the larger office market. A step change in the provision of office space within the centre is underway. Northampton Borough Council is working with a range of partners to bring forward significant sites to meet modern office requirements for quality premises, such as the St Johns, Angel Street and Bridge Street sites. Provision of office space within the central area will bring more employment into the town centre boosting the lunchtime and evening economy. Office development is a key element of the regeneration of the town and its role as the economic driver for the wider area.

POLICY N2 - Northampton Central Area

THE NORTHAMPTON TOWN CENTRE BOUNDARY AND PRIMARY SHOPPING AREA WILL BE IDENTIFIED ON THE NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA ACTION PLAN PROPOSALS MAP.

MAJOR OFFICE, LEISURE AND CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT WILL TAKE PLACE IN THE NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA. RETAIL PROVISION WILL BE ACCOMMODATED FIRSTLY WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRE FOCUSED PRIMARILY ON THE REDEVELOPMENT OF THE GROSVENOR CENTRE AND

TOWN CENTRE SITES AS SET OUT IN THENORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA ACTION PLAN AND THEN ON OTHER IDENTIFIED CENTRAL AREA SITES IDENTIFIED IN THE CENTRAL AREA ACTION PLAN.

THE NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA ACTION PLAN WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR A NET INCREASE OF:

- A MINIMUM OF 45,000SQM-37,500SQM (net) COMPARISON (NON-FOOD)
 SHOPPING FLOORSPACE FOR THE PERIOD 2010 TO 2026 2021;
- IN THE REGION OF 3,000SQM (NET) CONVENIENCE (FOOD) SHOPPING FLOORSPACE FOR THE PERIOD 2010 TO 2026; AND
- OFFICE DEVELOPMENT IN THE REGION OF 100,000SQM OF FLOORSPACE

DEVELOPMENT OF ADDITIONAL RETAIL FLOORSPACE WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRE IN EXCESS OF THE ABOVE FIGURES WILL BE ACCEPTABLE WHERE IT IS DEMONSTRATED THAT THERE WILL BE NO UNACCEPTABLE ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE VITALITY OR VIABILTY OF OTHER TOWN CENTRES.

CENTRAL AREA PROPOSALS MUST INCLUDE APPROPRIATE FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS AND SEEK TO DELIVER A REDUCTION IN FLOOD RISK WHERE POSSIBLE.

Northampton Related Sustainable Urban Extensions (SUEs)

12.20 The SUEs identified at Northampton represent the most sustainable and sequentially preferable location for new development beyond the existing urban area. There are seven SUEs identified for Northampton which are set out in the policies below. Not all of these SUEs are located within the Northampton Borough boundary however they are contiguous with the urban area of Northampton and serve Northampton's housing needs.

Northampton North SUE

12.21 The Northampton North Sustainable Urban Extension (SUE) is situated on the northern edge of Northampton and on the eastern side of the A43. The SUE is within Daventry District and lies approximately 4 miles 3.5km from Northampton town centre. The village of Moulton lies immediately to the west, and the village of Overstone and Overstone Park lie to the east. Adjoining the southern boundary of the SUE is the urban edge of Northampton and in particular Round Spinney Industrial Estate and Southfields residential area.

12.22 The area is presently intensively farmed arable land and the Northampton Sensitivity and Green Infrastructure Study identifies the landscape in the area as being of low to medium sensitivity and therefore less sensitive to change.

12.23 Cowpasture Spinney a tree belt some 50m to 60m wide borders the north eastern edge of the SUE and to the south east is a second tree belt approximately 35m wide known as Coleman Leys. Billing Brook watercourse flows along the eastern and southern boundaries of

the SUE passing through Cowpasture Spinney and flowing into Overstone Park Lake. Due to the landscape features and topography the SUE has a high level of visual containment although this diminishes to the north of the site.

12.24 To the west of the SUE and to the rear of houses fronting Ashley Lane lies Crowfields Common Local Nature Reserve and within the SUE itself Cowpasture Spinney forms a Local Wildlife Site and running along the southern boundary encompassing Coleman Leys is a Potential Wildlife Site. Whilst large parts of the SUE are considered to be of low ecological interest there are ecological constraints that must be taken into account including the recorded presence of protected species. The Proposals Map (Figure 5) at the end of the JCS) shows structural green space areas to be provided within the development. These areas will allow the built form to be assimilated into the landscape, as well as providing for and protecting biodiversity and habitat corridors from the rural areas into the urban areas.

12.25 The historic villages of Moulton and Overstone lie either side of the Northampton North SUE and their setting and character must not be adversely affected by the proposed development. A full archaeological assessment of the site will also be required prior to development taking place.

12.26 The Northampton North SUE is well located in terms of access to existing employment areas of Round Spinney and Moulton Park Business Centre. The SUE is also well related to centres of learning, namely Moulton College, the University of Northampton and Northampton College.

12.27 The Northampton North SUE can capitalise on its position to create high value jobs in the technology and research and development sector. The Proposals Map (Figure 5 at the end of the JCS) indicates an area within the SUE of about 7ha which will be retained for a Northampton Technology Realm located in the northern part of the SUE. It will provide a 'gateway' feature into the town from the approach along the A43. (See Policy E3, Economic Advantage, in Section 8 of this JCS). The allocated site will provide for a mixed use development of homes, jobs, community facilities including school provision, retail and leisure and green open space. Employment uses within the SUE must be of an appropriate scale to ensure that major office expansion and leisure development within Northampton Central Area is not prejudced.

12.28 The development of the Northampton North SUE provides the opportunity to deliver a comprehensively integrated sustainable transport system. A focus of the development should be the provision of a Local Multi Modal Interchange co-located with a local centre providing a high quality bus service (connecting to the town centre and westward towards Moulton and Moulton Park employment area) together with car and cycle parking provision. Off-site highway improvements will be required locally, including at Round Spinney roundabout, and improvements to the A43 Northampton to Kettering corridor.

12.29 It is anticipated that the Northampton North SUE can commence delivery early in the plan 2016 to 2021 period. Policy N3 below details the required elements of development. A masterplan will be required to be submitted alongside any proposal to demonstrate how the land use elements positively respond to context, design issues, connectivity and sustainable planning requirements.

POLICY N3 - Northampton North SUE

THE BOUNDARY OF THE NORTHAMPTON NORTH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR:

- IN THE REGION OF 2,000 DWELLINGS;
- 7HA OF EMPLOYMENT LAND IN THE FORM OF A TECHNOLOGY
 <u>REALM, INCORPORATING A GATEWAY FEATURE (POLICY E3</u>
 <u>REFERS);</u>
- TWO 429 PLACE PRIMARY SCHOOLS PROVISION TO CATER FOR THE NEEDS OF THE DEVELOPMENT;
- LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES;
- AT LEAST ONE LOCAL CENTRE TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL
 FACILITIES OF AN APPROPRIATE SCALE (INCLUDING A
 CONVENIENCE STORE NOT EXCEEDING 1,200 SQM TRADING
 FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE SERVICES AND COMMUNITY
 FACILITIES INCLUDING A LIBRARY;
- A CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS THE PROVISION OF A HIGH QUALITY PUBLIC TRANSPORT CORRIDOR TO NORTHAMPTON TOWN CENTRE;
- A 3HA PARK AND RIDE SITE; A LOCAL MULTI MODAL INTERCHANGE:
- A43 CORRIDOR MITIGATION MEASURES AND PROVISION OF REQUIRED HIGHWAY INFRASTRUCTURE including a new road through the SUE from round spinney roundabout to overstone road, AND INCLUDING IMPROVEMENTS TO ROUND SPINNEY ROUNDABOUT;
- AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES, INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE;
- STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS (INCORPORATING COWPASTURE SPINNEY AND COLEMAN LEYS), AS INDICATED ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5);
- SPORT AND LEISURE PROVISION;
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION AND;
- FLOOD RISK SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE
 WATER MANAGEMENT AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES. AND
 FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND
- FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES.

<u>NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE</u> <u>THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.</u>

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

Northampton West SUE

12.30 The Northampton West Sustainable Urban Extension (SUE) is situated on the western side of Northampton. It adjoins the existing neighbourhoods of Duston and New Duston and whilst it adjoins the urban edge of Northampton the SUE occurs within both Daventry District and South Northamptonshire. To the north of the SUE lies Harlestone Firs Plantation and the village of Harlestone. To the east west is open countryside and to the south is the village of Harpole.

12.31 The Northampton Landscape Sensitivity Study identifies this part of the landscape as being of low to medium sensitivity and therefore less sensitive to change. The SUE is contained within the lower parts of the topography and its development must preserve key landmark views, such as that to St Crispin's Tower to the east. Areas of structural green space to be incorporated within the development are indicatively shown on the Proposals Map (Figure 5 at the end of the JCS) and an ecological assessment should identify how these areas of structural green space will positively address the enhancement of biodiversity within the area of the SUE.

12.32 Within the SUE area there are no identified heritage constraints and no areas of strategic flood plain. The diversity of ecology within the site can be improved through appropriate structural landscaping, open space and creation of habitat corridors. Of particular importance is the protection of the villages of Harlestone and Harpole in their countryside settings.

12.33 Part of the North West Bypass (also known as the Sandy Lane Improvement North) has been constructed along the eastern edge of the site for Northampton is presently under construction on the western edge of the town. The road will be brought forward in its entirety by both public funding and developer contributions. The Northampton West SUE will be required to make an appropriate and relative contribution to the construction of the remaining elements of the bypass. Financial contribution will be required for other highway infrastructure improvements as identified in Policy N4 and through detailed transport assessments.

<u>12.34</u> Of importance to the rate of delivery of this SUE is the extent of allocated land and existing consents for housing in the western area of the Northampton. Saturation of the housing market in the west of Northampton may impact on the rate of delivery of the SUE.

12.35 On the basis of the extent of potential housing development occurring within the area a slower build out rate is expected for these developments due to the extent of potential housing supply to the west of Northampton.

12.36 Policy N4 below details the required elements of development. A masterplan will be required to be submitted alongside any proposal to demonstrate how the land use elements positively respond to context, design issues, connectivity and sustainable planning requirements.

POLICY N4 - Northampton West SUE

THE BOUNDARY OF THE NORTHAMPTON WEST SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR:

- IN THE REGION OF 1,500 DWELLINGS;
- ONE A PRIMARY SCHOOL TO 420 PLACES;
- A LOCAL CENTRE TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES OF AN <u>APPROPRIATE SCALE (INCLUDING A SMALL CONVENIENCE STORE</u> NOT EXCEEDING 500 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE <u>SERVICES, AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES;</u>
- LAND PROVISION FOR THE SANDY LANE IMPROVEMENT (NORTH)
 FORMING PART OF THE OVERALL NORTH WEST BYPASS;
- <u>NECESSARY HIGHWAYS WORKS TO MITIGATE THE IMPACT OF THE</u> <u>DEVELOPMENT INCLUDING A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE</u> <u>NORTH WEST BYPASS AND THEA FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO</u> <u>IMPROVEMENTS TO THE</u> KINGSTHORPE CORRIDOR (A508) INCLUDING THE COCK HOTEL JUNCTION;
- AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES, INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE;
- STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS
 INDICATED SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5);
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION;
- SPORT AND RECREATION PROVISION AND;
- FLOOD RISK SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE
 WATER MANAGEMENT AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES. AND
 FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND
 FLOOD METRICATION EDOM ALL SOUDCES
- FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES.

<u>NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE</u> <u>THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.</u>

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

Northampton South SUE

12.37 The Northampton South SUE is situated between the existing urban edge of Northampton to the north and the M1 motorway to the south. The village of Collingtree and the residential area at Collingtree Park lie to the east of the site whilst the western edge is formed by strong field boundaries.

12.38 The allocated site includes the existing Collingtree Park Golf Club which will be reconfigured and retained as part of the proposal. Most of the remainder of the allocation is agricultural land under pasture and arable cultivation. Within the site the land slopes gently down from the south west to the flood plain of the Wootton Brook. In terms of landscape the site is well contained and is of relatively low landscape and visual sensitivity.

12.39 Properties in close proximity to the Wootton Brook currently experience problems associated with flooding during large storm events. Through the reconfiguration of the golf course (a compatible use within a flood plain area[Planning Policy Statement 25] Development and Flood Risk March 2010]) the development of the SUE will provide a

positive environmental impact to flood alleviation from the Wootton Brook on the surrounding area.

12.40 An area of the site is designated as a County Wildlife Site, which includes Wootton Brook and associated water bodies. The site contains a number of mature hedgerows and trees, together with areas of rough and wet grassland. These key habitat features, together with the protected species they support, should be preserved within the development.

12.41 Due to the proximity of the site to the M1 itself, Junction 15 of the M1 and the associated Air Quality Management Areas, mitigation measures will be required to address the issues of noise and air pollution.

12.42 There are no designated or known non-designated cultural heritage sites that are likely to place constraints on the development of the site. There are known remains of prehistoric and Roman date in the vicinity of Wootton Brook which indicates that there is a medium to high risk of archaeological remains being present in the site. Further assessment of the archaeological potential of the site will be required.

<u>12.43</u> The SUE will provide a contribution towards a two-form entry primary school of <u>420 places to enable educational needs to be addressed in an area where there are additional pressures from further residential developments.</u>

12.443 Policy N5 below details the required elements of development. A masterplan will be required to be submitted alongside any proposal to demonstrate how the land use elements positively respond to context, design issues, connectivity and sustainable planning requirements.

POLICY N5 - Northampton South SUE

THE BOUNDARY OF THE NORTHAMPTON SOUTH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR:

- IN THE REGION OF 1,000 DWELLINGS;
- <u>CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS ONE</u> A PRIMARY SCHOOL TO 420 PLACES;
- <u>A LOCAL CENTRE TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES OF AN</u>
 <u>APPROPRIATE SCALE (INCLUDING A SMALL CONVENIENCE</u>
 <u>STORE NOT EXCEEDING 500 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE</u>), HEALTH
 <u>CARE, SERVICES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES;</u>
- AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE;
- STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS SHOWN
 INDICATED ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5);
- OPEN SPACE AND LEISURE PROVISION;
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE
 AND REQUIRED MITIGATION; and

FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES.SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND FLOOD MITICATION FROM ALL SOURCES.

<u>NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE</u> <u>THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.</u>

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

Northampton South of Brackmills SUE

12.4445 This SUE is situated to the south of Brackmills employment area adjoining the existing neighbourhoods of Hardingstone and Wootton to the south and west. The site itself comprises largely arable land sloping generally from north to south, occupying part of a limestone ridge which forms a bold and prominent feature on the south western side of Northampton.

12.4546 Much of the northern boundary is formed by the intermittent grassland and broad leafed woodland planting, known as Brackmills Woods, which in part provides a landscape buffer mitigating the employment land to the north.

12.4647 The creation of a green corridor running from north-west to south-east across the northern site boundary will help protect existing habitats to the north as well as providing for a new greenway linking existing and proposed urban areas to the wider countryside. The potential for development within the SUE to impact on the skyline when viewed from the north must be taken into account and addressed within the master plan for the site. Along part of the southern and western boundaries of the site a landscaped buffer will be required to provide screening between existing residential development and the proposed SUE.

12.4748 There are no identified heritage constraints or areas of strategic flood plain impacting on the site. The Northampton Landscape Sensitivity and Green Infrastructure Study indicates that the majority of the site is of medium sensitivity in respect of biodiversity and development potential.

<u>12.4849</u> A public footpath and Landimore Road (providing an access into Brackmills) run through the site and should be incorporated into future development.

<u>12.50</u> The SUE will provide a contribution towards a two-form entry primary school of 420 places to enable educational needs to be addressed in an area where there are additional pressures from further residential developments.

<u>12.4951</u> Policy N6 below details the required elements of development. A masterplan will be required to be submitted alongside any proposal to demonstrate how the land use elements positively respond to context, design issues, connectivity and sustainable planning requirements.

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POLICY N6 - Northampton South Of Brackmills SUE

THE BOUNDARY OF THE NORTHAMPTON SOUTH OF BRACKMILLS SUE IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR:

- IN THE REGION OF 1,000 DWELLINGS;
- <u>CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS ONE</u> A PRIMARY SCHOOL OF 420 PLACES;
- <u>A LOCAL CENTRE TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES OF AN</u> <u>APPROPRIATE SCALE (INCLUDING A SMALL CONVENIENCE</u> <u>STORE NOT EXCEEDING 500 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE), HEALTH</u> <u>CARE, SERVICES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES;</u>
- AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO ADJOINinG NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE;
- STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS
 INDICATED SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5);
- <u>THE CREATION OF A LANDSCAPE BUFFER TO THE SOUTH WEST OF</u> <u>THE SITE AS indicated SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5);</u>
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION;
- OPEN SPACE AND LEISURE PROVISION; AND
- FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER
 MANAGEMENT, AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES.SURFACE WATER
 MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND
 EL OOD MUTICATION EDOM ALL SOURCES
- FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES.

NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

Northampton Kings Heath SUE

12.5052 The King's Heath SUE, also known as Dallington Grange, is located to the north of the existing King's Heath housing development. It is bounded by Lodge Farm employment and Spring Park residential areas to the west, the Brampton Branch of the River Nene to the east and the Harlestone Firs plantation and arable land to the north.

12.5153- The site has for the most part previously been identified for development in the Northampton Local Plan 1997. Work on a masterplan is being progressed and once agreed, this will inform the subsequent development of the site. The SUE extends from adjacent to the valley floor to more elevated positions that are relatively high compared to the rest of the town. The position adjacent to the river valley and the topography offer opportunities for a development that complements the valley edge and provides interest up the hill from the valley and to its northern boundary in terms of landscape treatment. Structural landscaping greenspace as shown indicatively on the Proposals Map (Figure 5-at the end of the JCS) will be provided between the development and the Harlestone Firs.

12.5254 Access to the site will be through a mixture of routes such as King's Heath, land to the south of Spring Park, Mill Lane and also from the proposed North West Bypass. The SUE has the ability to assist in the regeneration of King's Heath and adjoining areas, in particular through the provision of infrastructure such as a local centre incorporating a wider range of facilities than currently exist in the area, additional local employment opportunities and improved public transport services to the town centre.

12.5355 An area of acknowledged archaeological importance lies to north west of the site and further investigation of this area, and any mitigation required, must form part of any application submission.

12.5456 The development will incorporate part of the proposed North West Bypass within its boundary, with land provision and a relative proportional financial contribution as part of pooled contributions with other north-west and western development allocations. Financial contribution will be required for other highway infrastructure improvements as identified in Policy N7 and through detailed transport assessments. The allocation extends to the west to accommodate land for a park and ride site as part of the transport strategy which provides for park and ride sites around the town (Policy C5).

12.5557 It is anticipated that the development will provide up to 3,500 in the region of 3,000 dwellings, in addition to a dedicated employment area adjacent to Lodge Farm, with additional smaller scale employment focused around the local centre and primary routes within the development. It will also include local retail and community facilities, such as schools and doctors' surgeries consistent with a development of this size.

12.5658 The Northampton Kings Heath SUE proposals are well advanced and it is anticipated that the site can commence delivery in the 2016 to 2021 period. Policy N7 below details the required elements of development. A masterplan will be required to be submitted alongside any proposal to demonstrate how the land use elements positively respond to context, design issues, connectivity and sustainable planning requirements.

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POLICY N7 - Northampton Kings Heath SUE

THE BOUNDARY OF NORTHAMPTON KINGS HEATH SUE IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR:

- 3,500 IN THE REGION OF 3,000 DWELLINGS;
- TWO 420 PLACE PRIMARY SCHOOLS;
- 10HA SITE FOR A SECONDARY SCHOOL;
- A LOCAL CENTRE (APPROXIMATELY 4HA) TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES OF AN APPROPRIATE SCALE (INCLUDING A CONVENIENCE STORE NOT EXCEEDING 1,200 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE, SERVICES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES;
- A TOTAL OF APPROXIMATLEY 10HA OF LAND FOR LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES;

- LAND PROVISION FOR PART OF, AND A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO, THE NORTH WESTERN BYPASS;
- A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO OFF-SITE HIGHWAY WORKS TO MITIGATE THE IMPACT OF THE DEVELOPMENT ON THE HIGHWAY NETWORK INCLUDING IMPROVEMENTS TO THE KINGSTHORPE CORRIDOR (A508) and HOLLUDING THE COCK HOTEL JUNCTION;
- AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO THE ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOOD OF KINGS HEATH, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE;
- A 5HA PARK AND RIDE SITE:
- STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS SHOWN
 INDICATED ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5) (TO INCLUDE
 PROVISION OF A COUNTRY PARK AREA);
- SPORT AND LEISURE PROVISION;
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION; AND
- FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER
 MANAGEMENT AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCESFLOOD
 ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND
 FLOOD METRICATION SERVICES (SOURCES)
- FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES.

NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

Northampton North of Whitehills SUE

12.5759 Northampton North of Whitehills SUE forms a contiguous extension to the Northampton urban area northwards and occurs within Daventry District. To the north of the SUE lies open countryside and to the north east is the historic village of Boughton. The SUE is carried over as an allocation from the Daventry District Local Plan. Proposals for the development of Northampton North of Whitehills, also known as Buckton Fields, are well advanced and it is anticipated that the site can commence delivery in the 2016 to 2021 period.

12.5860 The site comprises a rectangular area of agricultural and former agricultural land and covers an area of approximately 50 hectares. It is contained by residential development to the south and east, with countryside to the north and west.

12.5961 The site straddles the side of a valley rising in an easterly direction from the Brampton valley floor to a plateau. Consequently there is a change of levels across the site which will need to be fully addressed in the development proposal. There are no significant water bodies or water courses within the SUE and the site lies outside any flood plain.

12.6062 The Northampton Landscape Sensitivity Study identifies this part of the landscape as being of low to medium sensitivity and therefore less sensitive to change. There are known archaeological remains both within and beyond SUE boundary. Investigation of the known

archaeology and any mitigation will be required. Field surveys have established the presence of protected animal species including grass snakes, foraging bats and birds and measures will be required to protect these species habitats within the development proposals.

12.6163 The development will be required to make a contribution to the North West bypass. Part of this bypass is presently under construction on the western edge of the town. The road will be brought forward in its entirety by both public funding and developer contributions. The Northampton North of Whitehills SUE will be required to make an appropriate and relative contribution to the construction of the remaining elements of the bypass. Financial contribution will be required for other highway infrastructure improvements as identified in Policy N8 and through detailed transport assessments.

12.6264 A masterplan will be required to be submitted alongside any proposal to demonstrate how the land use elements positively respond to context, design issues, connectivity and sustainable planning requirements.

POLICY N8 - Northampton North Of Whitehills SUE

THE BOUNDARY OF NORTHAMPTON NORTH OF WHITEHILLS SUE IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR:

- IN THE REGION OF 1,000 DWELLINGS;
- ONE 420 PLACE A PRIMARY SCHOOL;
- <u>A LOCAL CENTRE (APPROXIMATELY 1HA)</u> TO INCLUDE LOCAL <u>RETAIL FACILITIES OF AN APPROPRIATE SCALE (INCLUDING A</u> <u>SMALL CONVENIENCE STORE NOT EXCEEDING 500 SQM TRADING</u> <u>FLOORSPACE</u>), HEALTH CARE, SERVICES AND COMMUNITY <u>FACILITIES</u>;
- **LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES;**
- <u>A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO OFF SITE HIGHWAY WORKS TO</u> <u>MITIGATE THE IMPACT OF THE DEVELOPMENT ON THE HIGHWAY</u> <u>NETWORK INCLUDING IMPROVEMENTS TO THE KINGSTHORPE</u> <u>CORRIDOR (A508), INCLUDING THE COCK HOTEL JUNCTION AND <u>THE NORTH WEST BYPASS;</u>
 </u>
- AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO THE ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE;
- LAND PROVISION FOR PART OF AND A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION
 TO THE NORTH WESTERN BYPASS;
- A 1.5HA PARK AND RIDE SITE;
- STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS
 INDICATED SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5);
- OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION PROVISION;
- <u>ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE</u> <u>AND REQUIRED MITIGATION;</u>
- SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND

FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES FLOOD <u>MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES.</u>

<u>NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE</u> <u>THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.</u>

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

Northampton Upton Park SUE

12.6365 The Northampton Upton Park SUE comprises the remaining part of a much wider urban extension known as the South West District which covers 670 hectares of mixed use development comprising 5,800 homes employment land and a large area of country park straddling the River Nene to the south west of Northampton. All of the development associated with the South West District has either been built or has planning approval in principle except for a remaining area of land to the south of the A45 Weedon Road and to the north of the River Nene and its flood plain, known as Upton Park. This land is still partly in arable production and grazing land.

12.6466 The large area of the South West District is divided into several development parcels. The Upton Park area of development lies to the west of Upton. The design award winning Upton development is already partly built. Land to the north of the A4500 A45 Weedon Road opposite Upton Park is sub divided into a number of parcels of land including Upton Lodge, Princes Marina and St Crispin's. In the South West Strategic Planning Review (2004) Upton Park was intended to be commenced in the later phases of the development of the South West District, commencing around 2013.

12.6567 The Northampton Upton Park SUE development has an important role to play in linking the emerging communities to the north of the A4500 A45 Weedon Road and the new communities at Upton. Connectivity through the site particularly by sustainable means must be thoroughly considered in the master planning of the site. In addition links within the SUE through adjoining developments to employment areas and areas of services and facilities must also be fully addressed.

12.6668 The Northampton Upton Park SUE adjoins the Nene Valley Country Park to the south and sympathetic treatment of development at the Country Park edge will be required to be demonstrated in any development brief accompanying proposals. To the north east of the SUE is the historic Upton Hall parkland, the deserted medieval village of Upton and Quinton House School. an additional area of Country Park. This area of Country Park is bounded by Upton development to the east, the Upton Park SUE to the south and west and the Weedon Road and areas of further development to the north. The Country Park This area includes listed buildings, a Scheduled Ancient Monument and a County Wildlife Site. Development at Upton Park must take account of these important heritage and ecological designations and their setting and this must be demonstrated through a development brief. Green links through the Upton Park SUE connecting the Country Park area to the wider Nene Valley Country Park to the north will be required as part of the development.

12.6769 The proximity of Northampton Upton Park SUE to flood plain areas must be fully considered within any development proposals. Flood mitigation has been addressed strategically through the South West District master planning, however there is still a need to ensure that development parcels such as Northampton Upton Park SUE appropriately respond to the requirement to ensure that surface water management, flood attenuation and flood mitigation from all sources is fully accounted for within the development proposal.

12.6870 It is anticipated that the Northampton Upton Park SUE can commence delivery in the early part of the 2016 to 2021 plan period. Policy N9 below details the required elements of development. A masterplan will be required to be submitted alongside any proposal to demonstrate how the land use elements positively respond to context, design issues, connectivity and sustainable planning requirements.

POLICY N9 - Northampton Upton Park SUE

THE BOUNDARY OF NORTHAMPTON UPTON PARK SUE IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR:

- IN THE REGION OF 1,000 DWELLINGS;
- ONE 420 PLACE A PRIMARY SCHOOL;
- A LOCAL CENTRE (APPROXIMATELY 1HA) TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL FACILITIES OF AN APPROPRIATE SCALE (INCLUDING A SMALL CONVENIENCE STORE NOT EXCEEDING 500 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE, SERVICES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES;
- **LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES;**
- AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO THE ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS, EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND THE TOWN CENTRE;
- STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS INDICATED SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5);
- OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION PROVISION INCLUDING AN EXTENSION OF THE NENE VALLEY COUNTRY PARK;
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION; AND
- FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT INCLUDING SURFACE WATER
 MANAGEMENT AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCESFLOOD
 ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND
- FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES.

<u>NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE</u> <u>THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.</u>

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

Employment

12.6971 The West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study[West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study Roger Tym and Partners July 2010]shows that there is a sufficient supply of employment land and development opportunities in Northampton to provide new jobs for the period to 2026, taking into account existing planning consents, land within existing employment areas and the refocusing of office development on the town centre and central area.

12.7072 In accordance with Planning Policy Statement 4 'Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth' To support regeneration objectives and a renewed focus on Northampton as the key economic driver for the region new office development will be focused within the town centre and central area. Key sites are identified for office development in the Northampton Central Area Action Plan. The provision of office development within Northampton will be monitored over the plan period to ensure there is a 5 year rolling supply. Any further allocations for office floorspace at out of town locations could undermine the Northampton town centre strategy and threaten market confidence in the Central Area.

12.7173 The West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study advises that existing and allocated employment sites in Northampton are, for the vast majority, appropriate and fit for purpose and should continue to be protected for employment use across the range of B class employment sectors (see Policy E1 in the Economic Advantage section of this JCS). These employment sites will provide for the general 'churn' of employment land and will be renewed and redeveloped making better use of land.

12.7274 The existing stock of employment land in Northampton, opportunities created by the SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone, central area opportunities for employment within the office development sector and non B class jobs in retailing and leisure to be generated through the Central Area Action Plan proposals and site allocations present substantial opportunities for employment growth. Therefore no further strategic employment sites are allocated through the JCS in Northampton. other than the Northampton Technology Realm associated with the allocation of Northampton North SUE (see Policy E3 in the Economic Advantage section of the JCS). Local employment opportunities are included within SUE allocations.

Local Shopping Needs

12.7375 Whilst Northampton town centre must be the focus for comparison goods (nonfood) retailing and main services and facilities there is also a need to ensure that local convenience (food) retail provision is addressed within the wider urban area.

12.7476 Northampton has two district centres at Weston Favell and Kingsthorpe (see Policy S2 Hierarchy of Centres in the Spatial Strategy section of this JCS). Weston Favell is a purpose built district centre located on the eastern side of Northampton. The centre is anchored by a large superstore, includes a range of complementary shops and a full range of services and facilities including health and leisure centres. The centre presently draws from a catchment area far wider than is consistent with a District Centre function and its retailing provision impacts adversely on Northampton town centre. There is therefore no further opportunity for retail expansion at this centre. Kingsthorpe District Centre is a 'traditional' District Centre of a linear form fronting Harborough Road. It is anchored by two large food

stores and has good range of smaller comparison and service goods retailers. Kingsthorpe is a vital and viable District Centre[1].

12.75 Provision is made for new local centres within the Sustainable Urban Extensions. Local centres may vary in scale appropriate to their local circumstances and with regard to the availability of existing convenience retailing provision, and other services and facilities nearby.

12.77 Local centres contain small shops of a local nature which might include a small supermarket, newsagent, small post office, pharmacy, take away and laundrette. New local centres and convenience retail provisions is required within Northampton's SUEs and will provide local retailing and services associated with new housing growth.

<u>12.78 The boundaries of District and Local Centres will be defined in the West</u> Northamptonshire Site Allocations Development Plan Document.

POLICY N10 - Convenience Shopping needs Outside Northampton Town Centre

PROVISION WILL BE MADE FOR LOCAL CONVENIENCE SHOPPING OF AN APPROPRIATE SCALE NEEDS AT THE NEW LOCAL CENTRES WITHIN THE SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS HAVING REGARD TO THE EXISTING NETWORK OF PROVISION IN THE SURROUNDING AREA AND THE IMPACT OF THE DEVELOPMENT ON CENTRES WITHIN THE HIERARCHY IDENTIFIED IN POLICY S2.-AS SET OUT IN SUE POLICIES.

NO FURTHER COMPARISON GOODS FLOORSPACE IS REQUIRED OUTSIDE NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA OTHER THAN AT AN APPROPRIATE SCALE TO SUPPORT THE VITALITY AND VIABILITY OF LOCAL CENTRES.

1. West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update Roger Tym and Partners January 2011 [back]

Community Regeneration Areas

12.7779 The areas proposed for neighbourhood renewal all fall within the top 5% most deprived areas in the country identified by the Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2007, depicting issues of income deprivation, low skills, poor health and crime.

12.7880 Policy RC1 in Section 7 outlines the JCS' overarching approach to community regeneration. The key schemes, which will provide the main focus for community regeneration within the plan period for Northampton Borough, are outlined below.

Spring Boroughs

12.7981 The neighbourhood is located immediately to the west of Northampton, occupying the area between the town centre and Northampton railway station. Much of the existing housing stock is of poor quality and action will also be required to ensure that the current public sector housing stock meets the Government's Decent Homes Standard. 12.8082 Spring Boroughs lies within the area covered by the Northampton Central Area Action Plan (NCAAP). The Borough Council published an emerging strategy document for consultation in August 2009 to consider how the town centre and its adjoining commercial, residential and mixed use areas would develop over the next 20 years. The policy direction within the JCS aims to support a comprehensive, community led approach for the area to address the levels of deprivation that currently exist. In particular the approach will focus on redevelopment of the housing stock, which fails to meet the Decent Homes Standard, meeting community deficiencies which exist in the area, improving connectivity and enhancing the local environment. A Neighbourhood Plan will set out in greater detail the community's vision for regenerating the area.

King's Heath and Spencer

12.8183 King's Heath and Spencer form part of an emerging regeneration and sustainable communities strategy for Northampton North West. This strategy aims to bring about the regeneration of these areas alongside the development of a new community development of 3,500 3,000 homes proposed at Northampton Kings Heath SUE.

12.8284 The character of the area is largely defined by inter and post war housing development. Whilst the King's Heath is neighbourhood in particular was comprehensively planned and provides some well designed housing and urban space, over time under investment, neglect and economic decline in the area as a whole have resulted in a general state of decline and deprivation. Significant levels of poor health, anti-social behaviour and low skill levels have compounded this situation. Additionally the area suffers from poor connectivity with the wider urban area including Northampton town centre.

Northampton East

12.8385 Northampton East consists of a series of communities and estates largely built in the 1970s to early 1980s as part of the New Town expansion. The estates were designed and built to Radburn design principles, separating pedestrian and vehicle movements and ensuring residents have good access to local facilities. As the estates were built as separate units, each has its own identity.

12.8486 Analysis of key data sets indicates broad socio-economic decline across a significant proportion of Northampton East. The area as a whole suffers from high crime and anti-social behaviour levels, low educational attainment and poor connectivity both to the town centre and between the estates.

12.8587 Although Northampton East contains a higher than average provision of greenspace, compared to the rest of Northampton, it is the quality of these spaces that varies tremendously, with areas being both underused with few facilities and a poor physical environment. In addition there are areas where the public housing stock requires significant investment.

12.8688 The intention is to provide a regeneration strategy aimed at bringing about safe, inclusive, sustainable communities. The strategy will set out high-level principles and actions designed to secure transformational change through partnership working. Subsequently, it is envisaged that neighbourhood plans, supplementary planning documents or planning briefs

will be produced to outline detailed requirements for communities in Northampton East to address issues such as layout, design and facilities required.

12.8789 Following the announcement by Central Government of the withdrawal of Private Finance Investment Credits (PFI) Northampton Borough Council is currently exploring other opportunities for future funding. Significant investment in the public housing stock will be undertaken in the next three years through the Decent Homes programme. In addition the Councils and communities will work together to make best use of existing assets and look to secure additional funding streams for improvement.

POLICY N11 - Supporting Areas Of Community Regeneration

TO SUPPORT THE REGENERATION OF SPRING BOROUGHS, KING'S HEATH/ SPENCER, EASTFIELD AND NORTHAMPTON EAST, NORTHAMPTON BOROUGH COUNCIL WILL, WORKING IN PARTNERSHIP WITH OTHER SERVICE PROVIDERS AND THE COMMUNITY, SET OUT A STRATEGY APPROACH DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE KEY PRINCIPLES OF DELIVERING INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES, TO INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

- ACHIEVING BETTER INTEGRATION BOTH WITHIN THE IDENTIFIED COMMUNITIES AND WITH THE REST OF THE TOWN IN PARTICULAR IMPROVING PHYSICAL CONNECTIVITY WITH ADJOINING DEVELOPMENT, BOTH EXISTING AND PROPOSED, AS WELL AS IMPROVING PUBLIC TRANSPORT SERVICES TO THE TOWN CENTRE;
- IMPROVING THE PUBLIC REALM AND QUALITY OF DESIGN INCLUDING ADDRESSING AREAS OF POOR QUALITY PUBLIC SPACE;
- IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF THE PUBLIC SECTOR HOUSING STOCK:
- CREATING SAFE AND SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENTS BY DESIGNING OUT OPPORTUNITIES FOR CRIME AND ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR;
- ADDRESSING THE EXISTING DEFICIENCIES IN THE LEVEL AND QUALITY OF LOCAL RECREATIONAL FACILITIES; AND
- <u>CREATING LOCAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR EMPLOYMENT AND</u>
 <u>BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT.</u>

THE NORTHAMPTON CENTRAL AREA ACTION PLAN WILL SET OUT A FRAMEWORK OF HOW THESE KEY PRINCIPLES WILL BE DELIVERED IN REGENERATING SPRING BOROUGHS.

PROPOSED REGENERATION SCHEMES FOR THE COMMUNITIES OF SPRING BOROUGHS, KING'S HEATH/SPENCER, EASTFIELD AND NORTHAMPTON EAST WILL BE SET OUT IN SUPPLEMENTARY PLANNING DOCUMENTS.

Northampton's Transport Network

<u>12.8890</u> There are a number of issues for Northampton related to transport including:

• Traffic congestion both around the historic core of the town and on parts of the outer ring road (A45/A43);

- Balancing the need to keep traffic moving and a desire to change the nature of the inner ring road to meet regeneration needs;
- A dispersed pattern of land-use, with large amounts of retail and employment located on the town's periphery;
- The desire to increase accessibility to areas in need of regeneration; and
- Encouraging walking and cycling for shorter trips.

12.8991 Traffic congestion is a particular issue for Northampton and contributes to wider air quality problems as well as potentially affecting future economic growth. The existing road infrastructure is a combination of historic radial routes leading to the town centre and newer ring roads and dual carriageways constructed as part of the New Town Expansion. There are no simple solutions to solving Northampton's congestion problems and a package of different measures, including those set out within the Connections section, Section 6 of this JCS will all need to be implemented in addition to measures specific to the town itself.

12.9092 The Northampton Central Area Action Plan sets out Northampton Borough Council's aspirations for dealing with traffic and movement within the central area including measures to:

- Increase pedestrian accessibility between residential areas and the town centre;
- Provide a new central interchange for buses;
- Create a Pedestrian and Cycling movement framework; and
- Restrict additional car parking within the town centre boundary and edge of centre locations.

<u>12.9193</u> There is a need to deal with many of the wider issues for the whole town, to ensure that aspirations can be realised.

12.9294 Improvements to the current bus network within Northampton are required to both serve new developments and to improve the extent, frequency and quality of the service to existing areas. There are some specific parts of Northampton's existing urban area, including the southern residential areas, which have poor public transport services. Whilst many of these communities have the highest car ownership, those without access to a car find themselves unable to access healthcare and other essential facilities within a one hour trip by public transport.

12.9395 Cycling and walking within Northampton are not presently seen as an attractive alternative to the car, even for short journeys and the proportion of trips by bicycle is below the average of similar towns. Across Northampton there are sections of cycle routes that have not been completed. Cycle parking provision is either non-existent or very poor at a number of key destinations such as the rail and bus stations, employment locations and the town centre. It is anticipated that the measures set out within Policy C1, in Section 6 of this JCS, will address these issues.

12.9496 The recent Parking Strategy for Northampton indicates that there are a significant number of spaces outside the central area, including 9,080 for retail and a further 24,064 on the major employment sites that are presently not controlled (i.e. through pricing). This

creates issues for managing demand and promoting public transport, especially for trips to work, and could hinder the delivery of park and ride facilities.

<u>12.9597</u> None of these issues should be viewed in isolation, and strategies must seek to address the land use implications, as well as wider barriers to accessing public transport and other sustainable modes of transport.

12.96 Measures identified on the A45 between M1 Junction 15 and Great Billing Junction will be required in order to deliver growth in the town. These measures are set out in the Growth Management Scheme prepared by the Highways Agency. The provision of key highway infrastructure will be required as set out in Table 7 - Key Primary Infrastructure Projects.

POLICY N12 - Northampton's Transport Network Improvements

THE FOLLOWING IMPROVEMENTS TO THE TRANSPORT NETWORK IN NORTHAMPTON WILL BE DELIVERED:

- IMPROVED CONNECTIVITY BETWEEN EXISTING AREAS OF NORTHAMPTON FOR SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES TO LINK ESSENTIAL SERVICES, AND FACILITIES AND DESTINATIONS SUCH AS RETAIL, EDUCATION AND HEALTHCARE;
- IMPROVED CONNECTIVITY TO THE AND THROUGHOUT THE TOWN CENTRE FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TOWN BY PUBLIC TRANSPORT, WALKING AND CYCLING;
- IMPROVEMENTS TO THE PRIORITY INTERCHANGES OF CENTRAL
 NORTHAMPTON BUS STATION THROUGH ITS REPROVISION AS PART
 OF THE GROSVENOR CENTRE DEVELOPMENT AND NORTHAMPTON
 CASTLE STATION;
- ENHANCED PUBLIC TRANSPORT SERVICES TO AND FROM PRIORITY INTERCHANGES;
- DEMAND MANAGEMENT MEASURES ON ROUTES IDENTIFIED AS THE PUBLIC TRANSPORT CORRIDORS TO IMPROVE PUBLIC TRANSPORT <u>RELIABILITY</u>; AND
- REVISED PARKING STANDARDS ACROSS THE WHOLE OF NORTHAMPTON;
- STRATEGIC HIGHWAY MEASURES IDENTIFIED IN THE NORTHAMPTON M1/ A45 GROWTH MANAGEMENT SCHEME;
- SANDY LANE RELIEF ROAD; AND
- NORTHAMPTON NORTH WEST BYPASS.

13.0 Daventry

Introduction

13.1 Daventry was a small market town until the 1960s when it was identified as a location for overspill development from Birmingham. As a consequence, the population of Daventry has grown over the years from about 4,000 in 1950 to around 25,000 today.

13.2 In the early 2000s, Daventry District Council supported the further growth of the town in order to support the town centre, which was in need of some revitalisation and regeneration. A Strategic Development Options Study[1] was published for Daventry in 2005 to consider options for creating a sustainable town of 40,000 population.

13.3 An interim draft Daventry masterplan was published in 2006[2] to assist in the development of planning policy and strategy. The masterplan included a number of proposals for the regeneration and revitalisation of Daventry to support the identified growth of the town. A vision for developing a masterplan for Daventry to 2040 was consulted on by Daventry District Council in 2011.

1. Atkins (2005) Daventry Strategic Development Options Study [back] 2. Daventry District Council (2006) Daventry Master Plan - Interim Draft December 2006 [back]

Daventry Today

13.4 Abbey Retail Park (located off South Way) became the first phase of regeneration plans for the town centre. Completed in early 2009 it provides additional retail floorspace (bulky goods and DIY), car parking and a Working Men's Club.

13.5 <u>In September 2009 construction of The 'iCon' building, completed in 2011</u> <u>commenced at a gateway into the town centre, <u>The building is an exemplar of energy</u> <u>efficient and sustainable construction and provides 60 business incubator units, a conference</u> <u>centre and a 300 seat theatre, exhibition space and meeting rooms. The iCon is a symbol</u> <u>of Daventry's ambition to be at the forefront of the sustainable construction and engineering</u> <u>industry.</u></u>

<u>13.6</u> The redevelopment of a site north of High Street will provide for a replacement library, shops, offices, hotel, bars, restaurants, health and fitness gym and residential. A planning application for Phase 1 of this development is expected to commence in 2012.

13.7 In 2011 a planning application was submitted to Daventry District Council for Daventry's Waterspace proposals present an ambitious mixed use project including residential, office and leisure uses. Known as the Daventry Waterspace proposal the development envisages Hhigh quality public spaces and buildings will be set around water basins which will to be used for short and long term canal boat moorings and connected to the Grand Union Canal to the north.

13.8 Daventry town retains its historic core, which benefits from conservation area designation and includes many listed buildings. There are also important historical and archaeological sites all around Daventry including historic out-lying villages. At the eastern edge of Daventry's urban area lie Borough Hill Scheduled Ancient Monument (a Bronze Age Hill fort), and Burnt Walls Scheduled Ancient Monument (a possible pre-historic defensive earthwork enclosure).

13.9 The urban area surrounding the town is largely of modern mid 20th century housing development. The residential estate of Southbrook immediately to the west of Borough Hill has been identified by Northamptonshire County Council for neighbourhood community regeneration.

13.10 Daventry town's employment space is located in a small number of large industrial/ commercial estates located to the north-west and south-east of the town. These industrial estates are dominated by industrial and warehouse floorspace. Daventry District Council is actively seeking reinvestment and renewal in these areas and this is already taking place in industrial estates to the west. The Marches Industrial Estate to the east provides an opportunity for employment renewal. There is presently little office floorspace in the town although there are current proposals to increase office floorspace through the town centre regeneration schemes. Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal (DIRFT) located 6 miles to the north of Daventry also provides some employment opportunities for the residents of Daventry Town and the north of the District. The Economic Advantage section, Section 8 of this JCS, provides further information and a policy approach for DIRFT.

13.11 Daventry's town's educational offer, particularly for secondary and tertiary education, is provided by Danetre School and William Parker School in the town centre, which as of 2011 offer sixth form education. is not sufficient to meet the needs of the area and significant numbers of students are transported to education facilities elsewhere. Moulton College is the lead sponsor, in partnership with the University of Northampton, for the Daventry University Technology College for New Technologies. The Daventry University Technology College will provide 600 places for 14 to 16 year olds and is planned to open in 2013. Partners, including local authorities and all providers of secondary and tertiary education in the area are working on means to improve the educational offer at this level.

13.12 Daventry's planned expansion in the 1960s and 1970s has given rise to a relatively compact town. The existing transport infrastructure within the town provides a relatively high capacity road network that makes travelling by car the most convenient mode of travel for most trips. Public transport usage within Daventry is currently very low resulting in unsustainable travel habits. It is therefore important that any new development at Daventry addresses alternative and sustainable modes of transport other than the private car in order to support climate change objectives.

13.13 Topographically, the town is generally contained within a natural landscape 'bowl' with land rising to the south-east, south, west and north of the town. The Daventry Infrastructure Strategy [3] notes the following environmental and visual features: The hills surrounding the town; the views over the town and the adjoining countryside to the west from Borough Hill; and the ironstone villages within the countryside surrounding the town.

13.14 The main strategic green spaces are Daventry County Park to the east of the urban area and the Northern Valley Park to the north, both of which play an important part in the quality of life for residents and for visitors of the town as a recreational, landscape and wildlife resource. Borough Hill Scheduled Monument also offers an additional area of accessible green space. It is owned and managed by Daventry District Council and is called a country park (although its usage is much lower than Daventry Country Park) and is a historic landmark feature which contributes positively to the towns identity.

13.15 Daventry District Council is now preparing a new masterplan for Daventry entitled Daventry 2040 to support its regeneration in the 21st Century. The District Council's intention is that the new masterplan will be approved by the Council for planning purposes. It has been will be subject to full public consultation and is expected to be approved by Daventry District Council as guidance against which to determine future planning applications.

3. Daventry Infrastructure Strategy May 2008 [back]

Regeneration of Daventry Town

13.16 The growth of Daventry to achieve its vision of a sustainable community with a population of 40,000 is supported through the JCS. The expansion of Daventry offers an opportunity to create a more sustainable community, regenerate and expand the town centre, revitalise older employment areas and support the community regeneration at Southbrook residential area. The central area redevelopment proposals, as outlined in paragraphs 13.4 to 13.7 above, will bring forward mixed use schemes incorporating office, leisure and some 560 residential units within the JCS period to 2026. Planning consent has also been granted (2009) for a mixed use Sustainable Urban Extension for 1,000 dwellings and local employment provision at a site known as Monksmoor (located north of Daventry Reservoir).

13.17 A significant issue for Daventry and its growth aspirations is the capacity of the A45 to the east of the town to accommodate further traffic. Junction improvements at the A45/ A5 Weedon crossroads are to be provided as a consequence of the approval of 1,000 homes at Monksmoor. Whilst this junction improvement will provide some limited further highway capacity for growth at Daventry additional to the development of the Monksmoor scheme and proposed town centre regeneration, further major development can only be brought forward once the A45 capacity issues are satisfactorily resolved.

13.18 The strategy for Daventry is to provide for further housing growth by the allocation of a Sustainable Urban Extension (SUE) at Daventry North East to comprise a mixed use development including 4,000 dwellings with 2,500 a minimum of 2,000 of these to be brought forward within the JCS period. This together with existing housing commitments for Daventry (including the remaining housing development at Middlemoor), the Monksmoor development and housing development within the existing urban area will achieve a level of housing growth for Daventry consistent with Daventry District Council's vision. New employment development areas with local employment opportunities being provided at Monksmoor and Daventry North East SUE. Services, facilities (such as health care, education, shopping etc) and leisure development to support the growing population will be focused on the town centre and in the Daventry North East SUE (Policy D2 below refers).

13.19 The growth at Daventry will be supported by improvements within the A45 Daventry to Northampton transport corridor known as the Daventry Development Link. The extent of the highway access requirements for the Daventry North East SUE will result in substantial financial contribution towards these transport corridor improvements.

POLICY D1 - The Regeneration Of Daventry Town

THE REGENERATION OF DAVENTRY TOWN OVER THE PLAN PERIOD AND BEYOND TO PROVIDE FOR A SUSTAINABLE TOWN OF 40,000 POPULATION IS SUPPORTED IN THIS JOINT CORE STRATEGY.

WITHIN THE JOINT CORE STRATEGY PLAN PERIOD PROGRESS TOWARDS THIS VISION WILL BE ACHIEVED THROUGH THE FOLLOWING MEASURES:

- PROVIDING HOUSING DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE EXISTING URBAN AREA, REMAINING DEVELOPMENT AT MIDDLEMORE MIDDLEMOOR, <u>MONKSMOOR AND THE SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION AT</u> DAVENTRY NORTH EAST (AS SET OUT IN POLICY D3);
- RETAINING EXISTING EMPLOYMENT AREAS AND ENCOURAGING THEIR REGENERATION AND RENEWAL; NEW EMPLOYMENT PROVISION AT THE TOWN CENTRE VIA REDEVELOPMENT SCHEMES AND BY LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES PROVIDED AT MONKSMOOR AND DAVENTRY NORTH EAST SUES;
- ADDITIONAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES PROVIDED THROUGH CENTRAL AREA REGENERATION SCHEMES AND AS APPROPRIATE AT HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS AND DAVENTRY NORTH EAST SUE;
- ADDRESSING ISSUES OF <u>NEIGHBOURHOOD</u> community REGENERATION IN SOUTHBROOK (AS SET OUT IN POLICY D4);
- PROVISION OF ADDITIONAL RETAIL SPACE WITHIN THE TOWN
 <u>CENTRE (AS SET OUT IN POLICY D2) AND LOCAL SHOPPING</u>
 <u>FACILITIES WITHIN THE SUE (AS SET OUT IN POLICY D3);</u>
- IMPROVEMENTS TO PUBLIC TRANSPORT, CYCLING AND WALKING FACILITIES WITHIN THE TOWN (AS SET OUT IN POLICY D5);
- PROVISION OF THE DAVENTRY DEVELOPMENT LINK A45 CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENTS FROM DAVENTRY TO NORTHAMPTON; AND
 PROVISION OF LEISURE AND TOURISM DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE
- PROVISION OF LEISURE AND TOURISM DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRE VIA REDEVELOPMENT, AND INCLUDING AN EXTENSION TO DAVENTRY COUNTRY PARK (AS SET OUT IN POLICY D3), and
- the development of a green infrastructure network for the town including the canal corridor, DAVENTRY COUNTRY PARK AND BOROUGH HILL and new greenspace associated with major development sites.

Daventry Town Centre

13.20 Daventry has a vital and viable town centre. The town centre environment is good and partly pedestrianised and the town is well placed within the UK Retail Rankings, with diversity of uses in line with UK averages. There is representation from a wide range of convenience (food) and comparison (non-food) multiple retailers in Daventry although national restaurant operators are under-represented. The presence of two strongly-performing food stores within the town centre (Waitrose and Tesco) aids the viability and vitality of the centre as a whole. However, there is significant leakage of retail expenditure out to other town centres.

13.21 There is considerable potential to improve Daventry Town Centre's attractiveness as a leisure, retail and employment destination. Much has already been achieved and more is being brought forward through town centre regeneration projects and to reclaim the leakage of retail expenditure back from other centres.

13.22 Policy D2 below supports the continuation of focus on Daventry's central area for main town centre uses. Specific sites to accommodate retail and office floorspace and leisure

development are being identified by Daventry District Council in the development of their Town Centre Vision proposals and master planning work, as briefly referred to in paragraphs 13.4 to 13.7 above.

POLICY D2 - Daventry Town Centre

THE TOWN CENTRE BOUNDARY AND PRIMARY SHOPPING AREA FOR DAVENTRY WILL BE IDENTIFIED ON THE DAVENTRY DISTRICT SETTLEMENTS AND COUNTRYSIDE LOCAL Plan TOWN DEVELOPMENT PLAN DOCUMENT PROPOSALS MAP.

MAJOR RETAIL, OFFICE AND LEISURE DEVELOPMENT WILL TAKE PLACE WITHIN AND ADJOINING THE TOWN CENTRE IN A Manner that is compatible with the APPROPRIATE conservation of its heritage assets. PROVISION WILL BE MADE FOR A MINIMUM INCREASE IN SHOPPING PROVISION OF:

• 5,100 7,600 SQM NET COMPARISION (NON-FOOD) SHOPPING FLOORSPACE FOR THE PERIOD 2010 TO 2026; AND

 2,900 -2,000-SQM NET CONVENIENCE (FOOD) SHOPPING FLOORSPACE FOR THE PERIOD 2010 TO 2026.

DEVELOPMENT OF ADDITIONAL RETAIL FLOORSPACE WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRE IN EXCESS OF THE ABOVE FIGURES WILL BE ACCEPTABLE WHERE IT IS DEMONSTRATED THAT THERE WILL BE NO UNACCEPTABLE ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE VITALITY OR VIABILTY OF OTHER TOWN CENTRES.

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Daventry North East Sustainable Urban Extension

13.23 The Daventry North East SUE will be phased over the plan period and beyond with the necessary infrastructure also phased as the development progresses. The Infrastructure Development Delivery Plan sets out the elements of infrastructure that will be required to be delivered at stages within the delivery of the development.

13.24 The Proposals Map (Figure 5 at the end of the JCS) shows indicative structural green space areas to be provided as part of the development. These areas will allow the built form to be assimilated into the landscape, as well as providing for biodiversity and habitat corridors from the rural areas into the urban areas. A net increase in biodiversity from this presently intensively managed landscape can be achieved.

13.25 Indicative Structural greenspace along the western edge of the allocation will allow for a green buffer strip and the retention of planting along the eastern margins of the Daventry reservoir, designated Conservation Area and Local Nature Reserve. This area includes the corridor for the proposed Daventry Canal Arm, which would link the town centre with the Grand Union Canal adding significant visitor and tourism interest in the town and supporting the town centre regeneration objectives. Greenspace alongside the reservoir includes areas of flood zone 2 and 3. By including these areas within the green space ensures that these flood areas remain free from development. To the north of the reservoir the structural open space provides for an extension to the country park and ensures the dam break area is kept free from any development. Sympathetic treatment of development at the Country Park edge will be required to be demonstrated in the development brief accompanying the proposals.

13.26 The northern edge of the allocation runs along the Grand Union Canal. A wide buffer of open space is required to be retained along this northern edge which includes strong landscape features such as Thrupp Covert. This structural greenspace will serve to visually contain the built development in the wider landscape as well as protecting the setting of the Grand Union Canal Conservation Area. The eastern strategic landscape buffer will ensure development is kept to the west of the ridge and within the shallow bowl landscape feature.

13.27 It is essential that there is a clear separation between the proposed allocation and the village of Norton to the east. An extensive area of structural green space is proposed in this location to contain the development and to reinforce this important gap. It will provide space for planting to reduce the visual impact of development in this location on views form from Norton and will help to protect the setting of Borough Hill Scheduled Ancient Monument.

13.28 The Daventry North East SUE can provide a development that is closely related to the existing urban area with the opportunity of establishing good connections through the existing highway network and via connections for walking, cycling and public transport provision to the town centre. This would include the 'tow path' of the Daventry Canal Arm, a cycle track/footpath on the same alignment as the proposed 'tow path'. With these links in place the site's close proximity to the town centre will allow the development to support the regeneration proposals already taking place and those planned for the town centre by increasing the opportunity, and ease with which, residents can visit the town centre for employment, retail and leisure and so support the town centre economy.

13.29 The Daventry North East SUE also has the opportunity to support the communities at Southbrook. Connections for walking, cycling and public transport between the SUE allocation and the Southbrook area can be established across the B4036. These connections can support the Southbrook community to access local services and facilities provided within the new SUE. To maximise integration of existing and new communities consideration should be given to a local centre serving the SUE closely located to the B4036 and Admirals Way.

13.30 It is important to recognise that the approach for the expansion of Daventry is a holistic view and the Daventry North East SUE will deliver over time the growth of Daventry in concert with regeneration proposals and opportunities for further non strategic site allocations through the Daventry District Settlements and Countryside Local Plan Site Allocations DPD.

13.31 Due to the demands the Daventry North East SUE will make on the surrounding highway network the development will be required to make a financial contribution to the A45 Daventry Development Link to Northampton transport corridor relative to its highway impact.

13.32 The Daventry North East SUE allocation is suitable, available and deliverable for at least up to 2,500-2,000 dwellings within the plan period and Policy D3 below sets out the

land use requirements for the full 4,000 dwelling development and . The development should commence from the south-western edge and infrastructure provision must be phased accordingly. It is anticipated that the development of the SUE will commence broadly in the south west quadrant of the site.

POLICY D3 - Daventry North East Sustainable Urban Extension

THE BOUNDARY OF THE DAVENTRY NORTH EAST SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FOR:

- 4,000 DWELLINGS (2,500 a minimum of 2,000 OF WHICH WILL BE PROVIDED WITHIN THE PLAN PERIOD TO 2026);
- THREE 420 PLACE PRIMARY SCHOOLS;
- A 10HA SECONDARY SCHOOL SITE;
- <u>THREE LOCAL CENTRES PROVIDING LOCAL SHOPPING</u>
 <u>FACILITIES of an appropriate scale WITH INDIVIDUAL STORES NOT</u>
 <u>EXCEEDING 500 SQM TRADING FLOORSPACE AND TO INCLUDE</u>
 tOGETHER WITH HEALTH CARE, SERVICES, COMMUNITY
 FACILITIES AND LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES;
- AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK FOCUSED ON SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES, WALKING AND CYCLING WITH STRONG LINKS TO THE TOWN CENTRE, SOUTHBROOK RESIDENTIAL AREA AND LONG BUCKBY RAIL STATION;
- <u>STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS (INCLUDING</u> <u>A CORRIDOR FOR THE DAVENTRY CANAL ARM) AS indicatively</u> <u>SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5);</u>
- AN EXTENSION TO DAVENTRY COUNTRY PARK TO INCLUDE SUSTAINABLE ACCESS LINKS TO DEVELOPMENT TO THE WEST;
- necessary A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO off-site highway works to mitigate the impact of the development on the highway network including contribution to THE DAVENTRY development link TO NORTHAMPTON A45 CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENTS AND PROVISION OF REQUIRED HIGHWAY INFRASTRUCTURE TO SERVE THE DEVELOPMENT;
- ENHANCED SPORT AND LEISURE PROVISION;
- archaeological and ecological assessment of the site and required mitigation; and
- flood risk management including surface water management and from all other sources.
- SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND
- FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES.

<u>NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE WILL REQUIRE TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE</u> <u>THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.</u>

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

Community Regeneration Area

13.33 Daventry's growth since the 1960s has left behind a pattern of residential and commercial development of varying quality, areas of population with differing needs and variable access to services. In most areas these differences are not so acute as to require particular treatment as regeneration priorities. However, one significant exception is that of Hill Ward, lying immediately to the east of Daventry town centre, which is identified by the Indices of Deprivation (2007) as being within the top 20% most deprived nationally.

13.34 Within Hill Ward, Southbrook has been identified as an area which would benefit from community regeneration support. Southbrook is a 1970s residential estate constructed to a Radburn layout. The estate has, for example, limited local amenities, a poor public realm and suffers from poor physical linkages to the rest of the town, pedestrian and cycle access being principally through underpasses. The estate has a history of social problems, including lower educational attainment and higher levels of crime and anti-social behaviour. Work undertaken by Northamptonshire County Council in producing a Countywide Renewal Strategy (2005-8) resulted in Southbrook being identified as an area requiring additional support focusing on specific issues such as the local environment, community safety and the needs of young people.

POLICY D4 - Supporting Areas Of Community Regeneration: Southbrook

TO SUPPORT THE REGENERATION OF SOUTHBROOK THE COUNCIL WILL, WORKING IN PARTNERSHIP WITH OTHER SERVICE PROVIDERS SET OUT AN APPROACH DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE KEY PRINCIPLES OF DELIVERING INCLUSIVE SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES WHICH WILL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

- IMPROVING THE PHYSICAL AND SOCIAL INTEGRATION OF SOUTHBROOK WITH THE REST OF THE TOWN AND WITH THE NORTH EAST SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION;
- IMPROVING WALKING, CYCLING AND PUBLIC TRANSPORT CONNECTIONS TO SERVICE AND FACILITIES IN THE TOWN CENTRE AND ADJOINING NEIGHBOURHOODS;
- IMPROVING THE PUBLIC REALM AND QUALITY OF DESIGN; AND
 CREATING SAFE AND SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENTS BY DESIGNING OUT CRIME.

<u>THE DAVENTRY MASTERPLAN WILL SET OUT HOW THESE KEY</u> PRINCIPLES WILL BE DELIVERED IN REGENERATING SOUTHBROOK.

Daventry Transport Network

13.35 The growth of Daventry will necessitate improvements within the A45 Daventry to Northampton transport corridor by the provision of the Daventry Development Link. New development at Daventry will be expected to make a proportionate financial contribution to such improvements. As set out in preceding paragraphs in order for Daventry to grow to a sustainable town of 40,000 population improvements along the A45 transport corridor to the east of the town will be required. These improvements will be delivered as a consequence of the Daventry North East SUE which will be required to provide a financial contribution to identified improvements.

13.36 Daventry is a fairly compact town with a large proportion of residents able to access the town centre in a walk time of less than 15 minutes, although the proportion of employment and central area facilities within a 15 minute walk time will decline as the town grows outward. The road infrastructure within Daventry is presently adequate, having being constructed for a far greater population than has been realised. Development of the scale proposed in this JCS will however place some parts of the network under strain.

13.37 Public transport currently plays a minor role in movement within the town and car use is dominant. This situation needs to be addressed in line with policy aspirations for sustainability and to prevent growth reinforcing unsustainable patterns of behaviour. As such transformative improvement to the public transport offer is required. Daventry District Council together with Northamptonshire County Council is looking at innovative solutions to improving public transport provision for Daventry including options for Personal Rapid Transit (PRT) and Group Rapid Transit (GRT) systems.

13.38 The town does not have its own railway station. The nearest station is located at Long Buckby, although many residents may also seek to use Rugby and Northampton stations as these have a more frequent service. Public transport connections to the nearest station at Long Buckby are presently poor and there are limited waiting facilities; these will need to be improved as part of the wider public transport policy.

13.39 Walking and cycling are important transport modes in their own right and also as links to public transport facilities. As such it is important that new development provides an attractive environment for these modes.

13.40 The strategic cycling network across Daventry is largely complete and as such only relatively minor improvements are required to complete this network and ensure that all new developments are fully connected. Some improvements are however required, especially to the employment areas to the north west of the town and ensuring that road crossings do not cause inconvenience or unnecessary delay to cycle journeys.

POLICY D5 - Daventry's Transport Network Improvements

THE FOLLOWING IMPROVEMENTS TO THE TRANSPORT NETWORK IN DAVENTRY WILL BE DELIVERED:

- ENHANCED Connectivity of the Town to Northampton via the A45/A4500 CORRIDOR;
- **IMPROVED** PUBLIC TRANSPORT SYSTEMS;
- The completion of the cycling network to connect RESIDENTIAL AREAS the town CENTRE, employment areas AND LONG BUCKBY RAILWAY STATION; AND
- Improvements to public transport connections to Long Buckby Rail Station
 AND IMPROVED FACILITIES AT the STATION.

14.0 Towcester

Introduction

14.1 Towcester is an historic market town with Roman origins. It has a population of around 10,000 people and acts as a service centre for a rural catchment of a further 10,000 people.

14.2 The town is situated between the A5 and A43, and has experienced significant housing growth over the last 20 years which has occurred to the west and south of the town centre.

14.3 The landscape setting of Towcester is considered to be of medium sensitivity due to the surrounding historic parks, gardens, ancient woodland and topography[1]. The areas around Easton Neston and Caldecote are particularly sensitive. These landscape constraints have limited development to the east of the A5, which has resulted in the town centre being close to the eastern edge of the town.

14.4 Towcester Racecourse lies within the registered Historic Parkland to the south east of Towcester and is an important site for recreation and tourism. There is significant potential to improve the facilities that it offers and boost the role it plays in supporting the visitor economy, as well as providing better facilities for local people.

14.5 A range of independent specialist shops, together with the larger retail foodstores, are supported by the town centre which retains its historic market town character. The town centre contains many attractive listed buildings and is almost entirely located within a conservation area.

14.6 The Spatial Strategy set out in Section 5 identifies Towcester as a Rural Service Centre. As such there is an expectation that the town will act as a focus for housing and employment growth to meet the requirements for South Northamptonshire as set out in Policies S3 and S8.

1. Quartet Design (2009) Towcester Landscape and Green Infrastructure Study [back]

Towcester Masterplan

14.7South Northamptonshire Council has adopted produced a Masterplan [2] forTowcester which aims to secure Towcester's position as a successful market town in for the21st century by achieving the following key objectives:

- A Vibrant Town Centre A thriving, historic and expanded town centre, a hub for employment, shopping, professional and public services with the market place at its heart;
- Excellent Connectivity Fast road connections to a range of other towns, cities, stations and airports, a relief road bypass to take strategic traffic out of away from the town centre, a walkable town with up to the minute virtual connections;
- Successful Local Businesses Ideal home-working environment, part of a high technology corridor, tourism and leisure based business opportunities and access to centres of research and learning;
- A Family Environment Excellent quality, and modern education facilities, top class sports teams and leisure facilities, safe streets and spaces and new residential neighbourhoods;

- **Respect for the Landscape** Physical and visual connections to the landscape to retain the rural and urban character and a range of quality open spaces retaining the town's urban and rural character;
- Determination to Succeed Proactive and coordinated local partners, an active Town Council and Towcester Partnership and engaged residents that take pride in their town.

2. South Northamptonshire Council (20092011) Towcester Masterplan Consultation Draft [back]

The Spatial Strategy for Towcester

14.8 The Spatial Strategy promotes the role of Towcester as a Rural Service Centre by delivering sustainable growth to the south of the town which in turn supports the regeneration of the town centre. The Towcester South Sustainable Urban Extension (SUE) will deliver of an A5 bypass relief road [1], which will enable the re-routing of heavy goods vehicles (HGVs) and other through traffic away from the town centre, and provide the scope to improve the environmental quality of the town centre. It is expected that up to 1500 dwellings will be delivered during the plan period, with a further 1500 being provided post 2026. In addition to the proposed SUE, housing development will continue to occur within the existing urban area, which an estimated urban capacity of 200 dwellings. This development will be supported by additional services and facilities such as education, healthcare and enhanced leisure provision.

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POLICY T1 - Spatial Strategy For Towcester

THE ROLE OF TOWCESTER AS A RURAL SERVICE CENTRE WILL BE SUPPORTED AND ENHANCED BY THE FOLLOWING DEVELOPMENT AND OTHER PROPOSALS:

- HOUSING DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE EXISTING URBAN AREA AND <u>AS PART OF THE TOWCESTER SOUTH SUSTAINABLE URBAN</u> EXTENSION; (see POLICY T3)
- EMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENT AS PART OF THE REGENERATION OF THE TOWN CENTRE AND AS PART OF THE TOWCESTER SOUTH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION;
- THE REGENERATION OF TOWCESTER TOWN CENTRE, PRINCIPALLY THROUGH THE MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT OF THE MOAT LANE AREA; (see POLICY T2)
- ADDITIONAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES PROVIDED THROUGH THE <u>REGENERATION OF THE TOWN CENTRE AND THE TOWCESTER</u> <u>SOUTH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION;</u>
- <u>DELIVERY OF AN A5 BYPASS relief road AND COMPLEMENTARY</u> <u>SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MEASURES TO IMPROVE AIR QUALITY</u> <u>AND REDUCE CONGESTION IN THE TOWN CENTRE;</u>
- THE PROVISION OF ADDITIONAL COMPARISON (NON FOOD) SHOPPING FLOORSPACE WITHIN THE TOWN CENTRE AND LOCAL

<u>SHOPPING FACILITIES WITHIN THE TOWCESTER SOUTH</u> <u>SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION; AND</u> <u>SUPPORTING THE PROTECTION AND IMPROVEMENT OF THE</u> <u>FACILITIES PROVIDED AT TOWCESTER RACECOURSE. (see POLICY</u> <u>T5)</u>

1. As set out in the West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan (2011) [back]

The Town Centre and Moat Lane Regeneration Area

14.9 Supporting the town centre is a key objective and whilst Towcester has a vital and viable town centre, it fails to meet its full potential in respect of non food (also known as comparison goods) shopping. This is, at least in part, due to the presence of HGVs dominating the High Street and limiting the quality and safety of the town centre environment. Regeneration proposals for the town centre and the construction of an A5 bypassrelief road will improve the environmental quality and provide scope for additional non-food retail floorspace to be provided. Recent consents for an extension of floorspace to the Tesco Store near the A5/A43 junction east side and a further out of town centre store for Aldi near the A5/ A43 junction south side will provide sufficient food shopping to serve the town and its future expansion.

14.10 The regeneration proposals for Towcester town centre include the Market Square and the Moat Lane area of the town and extend to Queens Road and Richmond Road to the west. The Moat Lane regeneration area (see Policy T2 below), aims to transform the area between the Market Square and Mill Stream, by extending and linking the town centre to the Easton Neston Water Meadows. The regeneration area will help to expand the existing town centre and provide space for new civic, retail, employment, housing and leisure development. At the centre of the regeneration area is Bury Mount, the remains of a 12th century motte and bailey castle. The first phase of the Moat Lane project restored the monument to provide a high quality new public open space and re-establish the site as the heart of the town.

<u>14.11 The vision for the Moat Lane project is:</u>

<u>'To provide the historic market town of Towcester with the level of new economic, social</u> and community infrastructure to meet the needs of the existing and future population through the comprehensive delivery of the highest quality of regeneration that reflects the town's significant cultural and built heritage.'</u>

14.12 The regeneration of the Moat Lane Area is expected to deliver the following approximate amounts of development:

- 41 dwellings;
- 1300m2 A1, A3, and A4 (Retail, food and drink, restaurants and drinking establishments);
- 2400m2 B1 (Office);
- 300m2 B1/B2 (Business Use);
- 2400m2 C3 (Hotel);
- 2200 D1 (Non residential institutions);
- 4000m2 Car parking spaces; and

• associated infrastructure.

POLICY T2 - The Town Centre And Moat Lane Regeneration Area

WITHIN THE BOUNDARY OF THE MOAT LANE REGENERATION AREA AND THE TOWN CENTRE (AS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP, FIGURE 5) MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT INCORPORATING THE REGENERATION OF BROWNFIELD LAND DEVELOPMENT WILL PROVIDE:

- CIVIC AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES, INCLUDING TOURIST, LEISURE AND CULTURAL FACILITIES;
- NEW RESIDENTIAL, EMPLOYMENT, RETAIL AND FOOD AND DRINK PREMISES TO ENHANCE THE VITALITY OF THE TOWN CENTRE; AND
- <u>THE PRESERVATION AND ENHANCEMENT OF BURY MOUNT</u> <u>SCHEDULED ANCIENT MONUMENT, THE CONSERVATION AREA AND</u> <u>THE TOWN CENTRE'S HERITAGE ASSETS.</u>

The Towcester South Sustainable Urban Extension

14.13 The Towcester South Sustainable Urban Extension (SUE) comprises an area of mainly agricultural land with an undulating topography. The northern part of the site borders the majority of the southern edge of Towcester and effectively encloses the hamlet of Wood Burcote and the woodland area around Besses Lane. Part of the western edge of the site runs along the A43 and part of the eastern side of the site runs along the A5.

14.14 As a sustainable mixed use urban extension to Towcester, the development will deliver a balanced mix of housing and employment with strong links to the town centre and surrounding areas. The development will include the full range of community infrastructure, as set out in Policy T3 below, to support the new residents and also to enhance the provision available to the existing community in Towcester.

14.15 A Master Plan will be required for the entire SUE. It is anticipated that a planning application will be progressed for the main development area together with the A5 relief road and A43 improvements. Securing the delivery of the relief road is a crucial precondition to the successful development of the SUE. It is also anticipated that any enabling development for the town park will be the subject of a separate planning application. The SUE and relief road and the town park proposals, whilst complementary, are not interdependent and can brought forward separately subject to securing the delivery of the relief road.

<u>14.156</u> The design and layout of the development should ensure that residential areas are not subject to unacceptable levels of traffic noise associated with the existing A43 and A5 and the proposed bypassrelief road.

14.17 The development of the site will deliver a range of employment uses to ensure a broad balance between the provision of homes and jobs. The scale and extent of B8 (Storage or Distribution) uses will be carefully controlled and should be no more than 20% of the total employment floorspace on the site. This is in recognition of the provision that has been made for large scale storage and distribution in more appropriate locations within the plan area. Particular attention will be paid to the scale and design of the employment units to ensure that

they respect the landscape setting of the site on the edge of the historic market town, and are compatible with the existing and proposed residential areas.

14.168 The site falls principally within two landscape character areas - Wood Burcote and Swinneyford. Wood Burcote is a very attractive landscape and is an area of high landscape sensitivity [1]. The Proposals Map (Figure 5 at the end of the JCS) includes structural greenspace areas to be provided within the development. These areas will allow the built form to be assimilated into the landscape, as well as providing for biodiversity and habitat corridors from the rural areas into the urban areas. The new development will protect the setting of Wood Burcote and ensure that appropriate green infrastructure corridors and other links are provided. The development will also be expected to respect the setting of nearby designated heritage assets which include Easton Neston registered park and garden, listed buildings, and conservation areas.

14.179 There is an opportunity to create a strategic area of open space to the south of the town in the form of a new town park for Towcester. that would form the focus of the development. This park would be central to the development and would provide a strong link for both the new and existing areas of the town. The park will have the benefit of natural surveillance from adjoining dwellings and will link with various green corridors linking the surrounding neighbourhoods. The park will connect with various green corridors and link the surrounding neighbourhoods.

14.1820 An appropriate level of enabling development, housing and transport access will be required to secure the delivery of the park. The appropriate level of development will be the minimum necessary to secure the delivery of the town park and its on-going maintenance. The scale of development will be agreed following an open book assessment of the amount of enabling development required to make the delivery of the town park and its future maintenance viable. The provision of the town park must be planned as an integral part of the Towcester south expansion.

14.1921 The development will be delivered across all three phases of the plan period. Phasing will be required to ensure that necessary infrastructure is delivered alongside the development, particularly the provision of the A5 bypassrelief road which is an essential prerequisite to the development. The dwelling yield and employment land that is relied upon to be delivered by 2026 are not regarded as thresholds which would restrict additional development within the SUE during the plan period, provided the necessary infrastructure is delivered.

POLICY T3 - Towcester South Sustainable Urban Extension

THE BOUNDARY OF THE TOWCESTER SOUTH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5).

THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKEPROVISION FORDE:

• 3,000-3,300-DWELLINGS (OF WHICH A MINIMUM OF 1,500

WILL SHOULD BE DELIVERED IN THE PLAN PERIOD UP TO 2026);

• 3,000 JOBS AT LEAST 15.5 HA OF EMPLOYMENT LAND (OF WHICH 1,500 A MINIMUM OF 50% WILL SHOULD BE DELIVERED IN THE PLAN PERIOD UP TO 2026);

- THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE A5 BYPASS relief road;
- DIRECTLY RELATED AND NECESSARY ESSENTIAL IMPROVEMENTS
 TO THE A43 JUNCTIONS;
- 2 PRIMARY SCHOOLS AND 1 SECONDARY SCHOOL;
- 2 MIXED USE LOCAL CENTRES TO INCLUDE LOCAL RETAIL
 FACILITIES (UP WITH INDIVIDUAL STORES NOT EXCEEDING TO 500
 SQM NET FLOORSPACE), HEALTH CARE SERVICES AND COMMUNITY
 FACILITIES;
- STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS. THE MASTERPLAN will ,-INCLUDEING THE IDENTIFICATIONPROVISION OF A NEW TOWN PARK, AS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5);
- DEVELOPMENT THAT RESPECTS THE LANDSCAPE SETTING INCLUDING EASTON NESTON REGISTERED PARK AND GARDEN, LISTED BUILDINGS AND NEARBY CONSERVATION AREAS;
- AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK WITH SUSTAINABLE
 TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING ACCESS TO TOWCESTER TOWN
 CENTRE;
- FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER <u>MANAGEMENT, AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES</u>; SURFACE WATER <u>MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES</u>;
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION;
- ENHANCED-SPORT AND LEISURE PROVISION;
- SAFEGUARDING AND ENHANCEMENT OF TOWCESTER'S GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE NETWORK; AND
- SAFE ROUTES FOR PEDESTRIANS AND CYCLISTS;.
- FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES; AND
- ENHANCED UTILITIES PROVISION INCLUDING A PRIMARY ELECTRICITY SUBSTATION AND REINFORCEMENT OF THE ELECTRICITY NETWORK.

<u>NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE</u> <u>THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.</u>

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

1. Quartet Design (2009) Towcester Landscape and Green Infrastructure Study [back]

Towcester Transport Improvements

14.220 The transport improvements for Towcester will support the regeneration of the town centre by removing congestion and improving air quality. Proposed improvements to the walking and cycling networks will enhance the connectivity between the town centre and the existing and proposed residential areas.

14.234 Many of Towcester's residents commute out to work at key destinations such as Milton Keynes, Northampton and Silverstone Circuit. Enhancements to the inter-urban bus services, particularly along the A43 and A5 corridors between Northampton and Milton

Keynes, will provide improved public transport links for Towcester and more sustainable transport options for commuters.

POLICY T4 - Transport Improvements For Towcester

<u>To support accessibility and sustainable transport WITHIN TOWCESTER the local</u> <u>authorities will:</u>

- support improvements to the Connectivity of Towcester WITH the wider A43
 <u>network including enhanced public transport connections with silverstone,</u>
 <u>northampton and milton keynes;</u>
- support The EXTENSION of the WALKING AND cycling network to connect the new development to the town centre;
- secure THE CONSTRUCTION OF AN A5 BYPASS rELIEF rOAD TO THE SOUTH OF ToWCESTER AND THE Management of through traffic WITHIN THE TowN CENTRE:
- secure junction improvements to the A43;
- promote walking and cycling within the town as an alternative to car journeys;
- review parking provision across the town; AND
- improve BUS FACILITIES.

Towcester Racecourse

14.242 Whilst the racecourse is an important feature of the town it is generally accepted that it represents a much underused facility as it is only open on the few race days each year. There is therefore considerable potential for an intensification of the site for recreation or tourism-related development that will be of benefit both to the increasing population of the town itself and as a major tourism attraction for the wider area.

14.25 The racecourse site falls almost entirely within the Grade II* registered park and garden of Easton Neston and includes a Grade I listed building. The northern part of the site also abuts the Easton Neston Conservation Area. Development of the site will need to ensure that the designated heritage assets and their settings are protected.

14.263 Leisure and recreation is becoming an increasingly important feature of modern life and Government policy promotes the development of sport and recreation to enable all people to participate in a choice of leisure activities. Encouraging leisure and recreation creates a variety of social benefits such as improved physical health and inner well being, enhanced social skills and sense of community. It has an important environmental role, particularly through maintaining and improving the quality of urban areas, and can also be valuable in economic terms through promoting inward investment and tourism.

14.274 The specific objectives for Towcester Racecourse are:

- To give long-term protection to existing leisure and recreational facilities at Towcester Racecourse in the interest of amenity for residents and visitors to the area;
- To improve the range, quality and standard of provision of the leisure and tourism offer at the Racecourse to meet people's needs; and
- To encourage greater participation by local residents in sport and recreation.

14.285 In addition to providing employment itself it also has beneficial spin-offs for the local economy and tourist trade. It is therefore recognised that the Racecourse's continued success should be encouraged, and supported not only for its leisure provision but also for its contribution to the local economy and tourism in general. In March 2012 South Northamptonshire Council approved a planning application for a £1.25m Greyhound track that will be laid on the inside of the racecourse with the home straight directly opposite the main grandstand. The facilities have been improved over recent years, but there remains a key opportunity to further enhance facilities within the Racecourse.

14.296 To become more profitable and secure longer-term viability, the Racecourse needs to generate additional sources of revenue through the increased utilisation of their facilities. Development must be designed to respect the countryside which has open views in a particularly prominent location. In order to protect this important tourist attraction and employment generator any proposals for development, either singularly or cumulatively, should not prejudice the continued use of the site as a racecourse.

14.3027 The South Northamptonshire Economic Development Strategy (2010 - 2014) commits South Northamptonshire Council to work with the Racecourse to better promote and implement development opportunities to increase all year round visitor numbers and expenditure.

POLICY T5 - Towcester Racecourse

PROPOSALS FOR THE INTENSIFICATION OF USES AT TOWCESTER RACECOURSE INVOLVING THE DEVELOPMENT OF ADDITIONAL LEISURE, RECREATIONAL, TOURISM AND EXHIBITION FACILITIES WILL BE SUPPORTED, SUBJECT TO PROPOSALS MEETING ALL OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

- VEHICULAR ACCESS TO THE SITE SHALL BE FROM THE A5 USING EITHER OF THE TWO EXISTING ACCESS POINTS. A TRANSPORT ASSESSMENT WILL BE REQUIRED TO ENSURE THAT ANY INCREASE IN TRAFFIC GENERATION CAN BE SATISFACTORILY ACCOMMODATED;
- ANY NEW BUILDINGS SHOULD BE BUILT IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO EXISTING BUILDINGS AND IN A MANNER SYMPATHETIC TO THEIR EDGE OF TOWN LOCATION;
- EXISTING FOOTPATHS SHOULD BE RETAINED;
- APPROPRIATE LANDSCAPING SCHEMES WILL BE REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITY AS PART OF ANY DEVELOPMENT PROPOSAL;
- THE RACECOURSE LIES WITHIN THE HISTORIC PARKLAND REGISTERED PARK AND GARDEN OF EASTON NESTON AND ANY DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE SENSITIVELY DESIGNED NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT THE SIGNIFICANCE OF HERITAGE ASSETS, INCLUDING ARCHAEOLOGY, OR THEIR SETTINGS;
- DEVELOPMENT MUST NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT SITES CONTAINING ARCHAEOLOGICAL REMAINS OR THE INTEGRITY OF THEIR SETTINGSAN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE will BE UNDERTAKEN AND MITIGATION MEASURES IDENTIFIED;

- THE PROVISION OF AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK WITH SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING ACCESS TO TOWCESTER TOWN CENTRE;
- <u>THE PROVISION OF SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD</u>
 <u>ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND</u>
- SAFEGUARDING AND ENHANCEMENT OF TOWCESTER'S GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE NETWORK.

15.0 Brackley

15.1 The historic market town of Brackley is located at the southern tip of Northamptonshire and has excellent road links to the urban centres of Northampton, Banbury, Bicester, Oxford and Milton Keynes. The Spatial Strategy in Section 5 identifies Brackley as a Rural Service Centre, which provides a focus for its own population of 14,500 as well as a wider rural catchment of a further 10,000. Whilst the town has experienced significant growth over the last twenty years it is still characterised by its market town heritage.

15.2 Brackley provides services and facilities for town residents and the surrounding villages, but it is evident that the town centre is failing to fulfil its role as a Rural Service Centre. The overall range and quality of retailing in the town centre is limited and there is a relatively high level of vacant shops. There is significant potential for Brackley to strengthen its role as a service centre and the JCS' proposals are central to achieving this.

15.3 Large areas of housing have been developed to the north and north-west of the town. Whilst these add to the range of housing choice, some neighbourhoods are disconnected from the town centre and have failed to reflect the character and quality of Brackley's built environment. Housing growth has not however not been matched by employment growth, which has reinforced Brackley as a commuter town with 70% out-commuting.

15.4 Notwithstanding this mismatch Brackley offers a range of employment facilities and is home to well known companies such as Bronnley and leading motorsport companies such as Mercedes GP Petronas. There is significant scope to enhance and create new employment opportunities, which the JCS will help to deliver.

15.5 The landscape setting of the town is important and includes the following areas of high landscape sensitivity; the Old Glebe to the north, the Great Ouse area to the east and the historic parkland landscapes at Evenley and Steane Park.

Brackley Masterplan

15.6 South Northamptonshire Council has produced a Masterplan [1] which sets out the following vision for Brackley:

'Brackley at the very heart of England, a distinctive town that serves the surrounding area and enhances the quality of life of residents; providing a vibrant town centre, quality housing, schooling and leisure opportunities, sustainable transport links and a dynamic economy. Brackley will be the destination of choice for people who know what they want in life.'

- 15.7 In order to achieve this vision the following objectives have been identified:
 - Deliver a range of new high quality, sustainable housing and employment opportunities and economic development that creates a balanced and sustainable community in Brackley;
 - Revitalise and increase the functionality of the town centre through hands on management, public realm and linkage improvements, new retail occupiers, social, leisure and community facilities and initiatives to improved car parking provision to make the town centre attractive and functional for residents and the surrounding rural communities;
 - Improve accessibility through pedestrian and cycle links from the residential and employment areas to the town centre and improved public transport links to rural areas, Silverstone and adjacent towns;
 - Increase opportunities for Green Infrastructure within and around the town to provide green corridors linking to the surrounding countryside, and green edges to provide a clear boundary to the town;
 - Enhance and expand sports, indoor and outdoor leisure, swimming, recreation and open space facilities;
 - Expand and redefine employment opportunities and economic focus;
 - <u>Revitalise markets and promote festivals to make Brackley a</u>
 <u>recognised regional 'event' centre with a range of hotel and conference</u>
 <u>facilities;</u>
 - Ensure development provides expands housing and economic growth opportunities through well designed, high quality and sustainable development that is special and relates to the context of Brackley;
 - A strengthened 'Brackley Business District' that combines the Town Centre and adjoining industrial estate (i.e.Buckingham Road Industrial Estate) which form two parts of the Brackley Business District.

15.8 The Masterplan also identifies the following priorities for improvements to services and facilities, which new development will be expected to contribute towards provides a framework to deliver the agreed vision for the town and to secure coordinated growth of the town. The plan illustrates:

- o Actions to revitalise, expand and regenerate the town centre;
- Housing and employment development in accordance with the Joint Core <u>Strategy;</u>
- o Redevelopment of Buckingham Road Industrial Estate;
- Options for education provision;
- New indoor and outdoor Leisure/Swimming/Wellbeing Centre;
- o New Health Care Facilities;
- o Greenways around the town and green corridors;
- New playing pitches and open space provision;
- New Cemetery and Allotments; and
- o Improved bus services and pedestrian and cycle networks.
- Improvements in the 'Brackley Business District', which brings together the existing Town Centre and Buckingham Road Industrial Estate to strengthen the economy of the town as the town expands;
- Affordable Housing to meet local needs;

- The redevelopment and expansion of Brackley Leisure Centre;
- Improved health provision including a new primary healthcare centre and 60 bed unit for elderly care as a replacement cottage hospital;
- Extension and improvement of sewage treatment works serving Brackley;
- Extension or creation of a waste disposal and recycling facility;
- Improved car and cycle parking provision in Brackley Town Centre;
- New open space and playing pitches to the north west;
- <u>A new primary school within the Brackley North SUE and</u> contributions towards secondary school provision;
- Improved pedestrian and cycle links between new development and the town centre;
- Provision of upgraded bus facilities within the town centre serving new development; and
- <u>New road infrastructure to provide effective links between new</u> <u>developments and ensure development does not create additional</u> <u>capacity problems on the A43.</u>

<u>1. South Northamptonshire Council; Jan 2011. Brackley Masterplan South Northamptonshire</u> <u>Council: June 2010. The Draft Brackley Masterplan (SPD) - Consultation Draft Towcester:</u> <u>South Northamptonshire Council] [back]</u>

High Speed Rail 2

15.9 The potential impact of the proposed preferred route for the High Speed Rail Link (HS2) from London to Birmingham needs to be considered. The original route which was published by the government in March 2010 ran in a north, north-west direction close to Brackley and Turweston village.

15.10 In September 2010 a revised proposal by HS2 Ltd for the preferred route option around Brackley was published by the Department for Transport. The revised proposal moves the proposed route further to the west of the town and ensures that the proposed strategic urban extensions identified at Brackley North and Brackley East are no longer affected by the proposed route. The government confirmed in December 2010 that this is the preferred route that it will consult on in Spring 2011. A final route is not expected until passage of a proposed Hybrid Bill through Parliament in 2015. This revised alignment has been incorporated in the confirmed line of route for phase one of HS2 which was announced by the government in January 2012. Approval to construct phase one will be sought through a hybrid bill which is expected to be introduced to Parliament by the end of 2013. The government expects phase one to be operational by 2026.

15.11 If HS2 were to be implemented it would affect West Northamptonshire. Decisions on this will be taken at national level, but the local authorities would be statutory consultees. The timeframe for construction of HS2, were it to go ahead, would be within the plan period of this JCS. It is therefore appropriate for this JCS to consider the local issues and how these issues should be assessed without indicating any support or otherwise for the principle of the HS2 development. It is important that major infrastructure proposals are achieved in a manner that integrates economic, environmental and social objectives to deliver sustainable development. For this reason a specific policy, Policy C6 is included in the Connections section, Section 6, of this plan.

The Spatial Strategy for Brackley

15.12 The Spatial Strategy for Brackley will secure the delivery of new housing and employment in Strategic Urban Extensions to the north and east of town and includes complementary proposals for a Brackley Business District which will secure the revitalisation of existing employment areas and the regeneration of the town centre. The Brackley Business District is shown on the Proposals Map (Figure 5 and insets 14 and 15 at the end of the JCS) and comprises two areas; the 'Town Centre' which will be the focus for new town centre uses and the 'Employment Area' which will be the focus for new employment uses.

15.13 Revitalisation of Brackley Town Centre is a key element of the Spatial Strategy. Whilst the town centre fulfils the day to day needs of Brackley residents and its surrounding hinterland, it experiences a higher than average vacancy rate and a reduced presence of independent retailers. The key priority for the town centre is to encourage a greater diversity of uses, services and facilities, as well as creating additional retail floorspace. Greater diversity would assist the vitality of the town centre. The town centre's attractive historic environment provides opportunities to promote heritage led regeneration. Development in the town centre should conserve its historic character. More detailed policies and proposals for the town centre will be are provided by the West Northamptonshire Site Allocations Development Plan Document (DPD), the West Northamptonshire Development Management Policies DPD and the final Brackley Masterplan Supplementary Planning Document.

15.14 The Brackley Masterplan complements the JCS and sets out a range of actions to improve town centre vitality, linkages and car parking and to promote the town centre for a variety of uses.

POLICY B1 - Spatial Strategy For Brackley

THE ROLE OF BRACKLEY AS A RURAL SERVICE CENTRE WILL BE SUPPORTED AND ENHANCED BY THE FOLLOWING DEVELOPMENT AND OTHER PROPOSALS:

- HOUSING DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE EXISTING URBAN AREA AND AS PART OF THE BRACKLEY EAST AND BRACKLEY NORTH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS.
- EMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENT THROUGH REGENERATION AND RENEWAL WITHIN THE BRACKLEY BUSINESS DISTRICT: EMPLOYMENT AREA (see Proposals Map, Figure 5 - insets 14 and 15) AND AS PART OF THE BRACKLEY EAST SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION.
- ADDITIONAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES PROVIDED THROUGH THE REGENERATION OF THE BRACKLEY BUSINESS DISTRICT: TOWN CENTRE (see Proposals Map, Figure 5) AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSIONS.
- A COMPREHENSIVE PACKAGE OF MEASURES TO PROMOTE THE VITALITY OF THE TOWN CENTRE, ENHANCE LINKAGES AND IMPROVE TOWN CENTRE PARKING.
- IMPROVEMENTS TO PUBLIC TRANSPORT, CYCLING AND WALKING FACILITIES WITHIN THE TOWN (POLICY B4 REFERS).

HEALTH PROVISION INCLUDING A NEW PRIMARY HEALTHCARE CENTRE AND A 60 BED UNIT FOR ELDERLY CARE. ENHANCED GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE NETWORKS AND PROTECTION OF THE VALUED NATURAL FEATURES OF THE TOWN.

The Brackley East Sustainable Urban Extension

15.15 The Brackley East Sustainable Urban Extension (SUE) is located between the A43 and the existing urban edge. The site is divided into two distinct parts by Turweston Road.

15.16 The land to the north of Turweston Road is a greenfield site currently in agricultural use. It has the potential to be a key gateway site into Brackley from the north and the A43. South Northamptonshire Council has resolved to granted outline planning permission for a business park development on the site, subject to the completion of a legal agreement. It is expected that the development of this part of the site will therefore come forward in the first phase of the plan period.

15.17 Any subsequent changes to the design and layout of the existing proposal or any new proposal will need to consider the proximity of the A43 to the east which may require a landscape buffer to mitigate any noise impacts.

15.18 The land to the south of Turweston Road is predominantly greenfield with some previously developed land to the north of the site. Residential development is proposed on this part of the site and is expected to come forward in the third phase of the plan period i.e. 2021-26. commence during the first phase of the plan period prior to 2016.

15.19 A designated County Wildlife Site is located to the south-west of the site and it is essential that an ecological assessment is undertaken prior to development on the site, to identify opportunities for ecological enhancement and mitigate any negative impacts. The site is located within the Great Ouse landscape character area which is considered to be of medium to high landscape sensitivity[1]. It is important therefore that the layout and design of the development reflects the existing character, form and pattern of the landscape. The development should also contribute to the enhancement of local green infrastructure networks.

POLICY B2 - Brackley East Sustainable Urban Extension

THE BOUNDARY OF THE BRACKLEY EAST SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL MAKE PROVISION FORDE:

- 380 350 DWELLINGS;
- 1000 JOBS 9.4 HA OF EMPLOYMENT LAND;
- REALIGNMENT OF AND TRAFFIC CALMING TO TURWESTON ROAD;
- IMPROVED PUBLIC TRANSPORT PROVISION, INCLUDING TOWN AND INTRA-URBAN SERVICES;
- A MIX OF B1(A) OFFICE, B1(C) LIGHT INDUSTRIAL AND B8 STORAGE AND DISTRIBUTION. THE PROPORTION OF B8 FLOORSPACE SHALL NOT EXCEED 40% OF THE TOTAL FLOORSPACE;

- A LANDSCAPE BUFFER / NOISE MITIGATION TO THE A43;
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION;
- HIGH QUALITY DESIGN AND LAYOUT WHICH RESPECTS THE CHARACTER OF THE GREAT OUSE LANDSCAPE CHARACTER AREA;
- <u>THE ENHANCEMENT OF LOCAL GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE</u>
 <u>NETWORKS;</u>
- AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK WITH SUSTAINABLE
 TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING ACCESS TO BRACKLEY BUSINESS
 DISTRICT:
- FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCESSURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES; AND
- SAFE ROUTES FOR PEDESTRIANS AND CYCLISTS.; AND
- FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES.

<u>NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE</u> <u>THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.</u>

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

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1. Quartet Design (2009) Brackley Landscape Sensitivity and Green Infrastructure Study [back]

The Brackley North Sustainable Urban Extension

15.20 The Brackley North SUE is bounded by the existing urban edge of Brackley to the south, by Halse Road to the west, and extends to the junction of Northampton Road and the A43 in the east. The site slopes down to the northern boundary which is defined by a stream corridor and an established hedgerow. Radstone Road and the route of the former Great Central Main Line run through the site in a north south direction.

15.21 The allocated site also includes the Brackley Sawmills site to the south. The inclusion of this site will enable a comprehensive approach to the development of this part of Brackley. South Northamptonshire Council has granted planning permission for 130 dwellings on the Sawmills site and resolved to grant outline planning permission for 1000 dwellings on land known as Radstone Fields subject to the completion of a S106 agreement.

15.22 As a sustainable urban extension to Brackley the site will deliver a new neighbourhood of up to 1,380 dwellings, with strong links to the town centre and surrounding areas. The development will bring forward a new primary school, and new local centre, formal and informal open space and other infrastructure for the benefit of existing and future residents.

15.23 Development of the site is expected to take place across all three phases of the plan period.

15.24 Part of the Brackley North SUE is located in the Old Glebe landscape character area which is considered to be of high landscape sensitivity[1]. It is important therefore that the layout and design of the development reflects the existing character, form and pattern of the landscape. The development should also contribute to the enhancement of local green infrastructure networks.

15.25 The area known as Brackley North comprises a number of adjoining interrelated development sites, which will be considered in a comprehensive, integrated and planned way. A new access route to Northampton Road to connect the sites into a single area of development will be necessary The comprehensive development of the site will enable the provision of a continuous road link between Halse Road and Northampton Road. This will ensure connectivity across the development site and and reduce pressure on the local road network.

15.26 To the north of the allocated site, the former railway corridor is designated as a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI). The corridor extends south through the site and the design and layout of development will therefore need to maintain the integrity of this important green infrastructure corridor.

POLICY B3 - Brackley North Sustainable Urban Extension

THE BOUNDARY OF THE BRACKLEY NORTH SUSTAINABLE URBAN EXTENSION IS SHOWN ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5). THE DEVELOPMENT WILL make PROVIsion forDE:

- 1380 DWELLINGS;
- NEW A PRIMARY SCHOOL;
- HIGH QUALITY DESIGN AND LAYOUT WHICH RESPECTS THE
 CHARACTER OF THE OLD GLEBE LANDSCAPE CHARACTER AREA;
- <u>THE ENHANCEMENT OF LOCAL GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE</u> <u>NETWORKS;</u>
- DIRECT ROAD ACCESS BETWEEN NORTHAMPTON ROAD AND HALSE ROAD;
- A LOCAL CENTRE, COMPRISING RETAIL (UP TO 1000 SQM NET FLOORSPACE with individual stores not exceeding 500 SQM NET Floorspace) AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES (UP TO 500 SQM NET FLOORSPACE);
- STRUCTURAL GREENSPACE AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AS SHOWN
 INDICATIVELY ON THE PROPOSALS MAP (FIGURE 5);
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SITE AND REQUIRED MITIGATION;
- AN INTEGRATED TRANSPORT NETWORK WITH SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT MODES INCLUDING ACCESS TO BRACKLEY BUSINESS DISTRICT;
- FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, AND FROM ALL OTHER SOURCESSURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD ATTENUATION SCHEMES;
 ENHANCED SPORT AND LEISURE PROVISION; AND

SAFE ROUTES FOR PEDESTRIANS AND CYCLISTS.; AND FLOOD MITIGATION FROM ALL SOURCES.

<u>NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE IS REQUIRED TO BE PHASED ALONGSIDE</u> <u>THE DELIVERY OF THE DEVELOPMENT.</u>

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A MASTERPLAN.

1. Quartet Design (2009) Brackley Landscape Sensitivity and Green Infrastructure Study [back]

Brackley Transport Improvements

15.27 The transport improvements for Brackley will support the regeneration of the town centre, by improving the pedestrian and cycle links between the centre, the existing and proposed residential areas and further afield. Improvements will also be made to parking provision in the town centre, together with upgraded bus facilities and environmental improvements for pedestrians and cyclists.

15.28 Despite substantial development in recent years to the north and west of the town there has been a lack of investment in cycling infrastructure and the retail offer in the town centre has declined. The strategy will combat this lack of investment and improve the accessibility and attractiveness of the town centre for local residents. Whilst accessibility to the town centre is a key priority it is acknowledged that many residents will still chose to work outside of the town. This will need to be carefully managed to avoid placing too much pressure on the A43, particularly where it joins the M40 in Oxfordshire. Proposed improvements to inter-urban bus services will provide a viable alternative to the private car for these journeys.

POLICY B4 - Transport Improvements For Brackley

TO SUPPORT ACCESSIBILITY and sustainable TRANSPORT within brackley the local authorities will:

- support improvements to THE Connectivity of Brackley to the wider A43 network including enhanced public transport connections with silverstone <u>Circuit</u>;
- secure junction improvements to the A43;
- support Improvements to the cycling network within and around the town;
- promote walking and cycling within the town as an alternative to car journeys;
- ENSURE PARKING provision meets the needs of the town; AND
- improve bus facilities.

16.0 Rural Areas

Introduction

16.1 Much of West Northamptonshire is rural in nature with a dispersed network of almost 190 villages and hamlets. The rural communities account for approximately one-third of West Northamptonshire's population. In Daventry and South Northamptonshire districts the percentage of people living in rural communities is as high as 75%. It is evident that the local communities value the quality of life offered by the rural areas, in particular the quality of the built and natural environments. For the purposes of this Section of the JCS the rural areas are defined as those areas outside the urban areas of Northampton, Daventry, Brackley and Towcester.

16.2 Whilst much of the JCS focuses, necessarily, on the challenges facing the growth and regeneration of urban areas, it also recognises that there are key issues in the rural areas which need to be addressed. This section of the JCS sets out the policies that apply specifically to the rural areas in West Northamptonshire.

Key Challenges Facing Rural Areas

16.3 The challenges facing rural areas have been well documented at national level[1]. Key issues include the high levels of migration into rural areas, the higher costs of housing and lower than average wages and problems associated with the delivery of affordable housing.

16.4 The government has indicated that LDFs plans should enable housing development in rural areas and support sustainable economic growth in rural communities. A particular emphasis is placed on increasing housing supply especially affordable housing. There are early indications that the government is determined to ensure that neither people nor enterprise is priced out of the countryside. There is a clear commitment to ensure that local communities have more power to determine the type of development that is suitable for rural areas. Local planning authorities are expected to respond to local circumstances and plan housing development to reflect local needs. Local communities have a key positive role to play in shaping their surroundings, and neighbourhood planning provides the opportunity for local people to develop a shared vision for their areas and deliver the development that is needed.

16.5 Many of the challenges identified at national level apply to the rural areas of West Northamptonshire. Both Daventry District and South Northamptonshire Councils have produced Sustainable Communities Strategies[2] for their administrative areas which identify the following key challenges facing rural areas:

- Access to services and facilities for the young, old and economically disadvantaged;
- The loss of basic services and employment opportunities in villages leading to the concern that they are becoming 'commuter dormitories';
- High property prices and the lack of affordable housing to meet local needs, which means that young people and families cannot afford to live in rural communities;
- The challenge of distance and isolation from key services such as health provision;
- The perception of anti-social behaviour and fear of crime;
- The need to improve the biodiversity and climate resilience of the landscape;
- Protecting the character of attractive villages, historic sites and unspoilt countryside; and
- Isolated pockets of deprivation compounded by issues such as the lack of public transport.

16.6 As part of the evidence base for this JCS a survey of the Needs and Aspirations of Rural Communities[3] was undertaken, the findings of which have been used to inform the policy approach. The top three priorities for the rural areas were identified as being to meet communities' needs locally, to protect and enhance the environmental heritage and to protect and enhance the built environment. There was also some acknowledgment of the need to provide affordable housing and to support the rural areas is consistent with local needs.

16.7 If one issue stands out above all others in rural areas it is accessibility to services and facilities. In the Needs and Aspirations Survey the lack of services and the loss of services in rural areas was the greatest concern identified by communities when asked about their perception of the area. Not surprisingly in terms of attitudes to development there is considerable support where this would help to sustain and improve local services

 For example; Communities and Local Government (2008) Living Working Countryside:The Taylor Review of Rural Economy and Affordable Housing [back]
 Daventry District Local Strategic Partnership; 2010. Sustainable Communities Strategy for Daventry District 2010-2026 South Northamptonshire Local Strategic Partnership; 2010, South Northamptonshire Sustainable Communities Strategy 2010-2015 [back]
 West Northamptonshire Joint Planning Unit (2008) - Village Services Questionnaire [back]

Settlement Hierarchy Framework

16.8 This JCS recognises that there is a need for development in the rural area, but aims to ensure that the scale of this development is consistent with the objective of meeting local needs and supporting local services. To this end the overall housing provision set out in the Spatial Strategy in Section 5 of this plan includes an allowance for development in the rural areas. This section provides for a rural settlement hierarchy which will enable the provision of new homes, jobs and services needed in rural areas, whilst ensuring that new development is focussed in sustainable settlements and protectsing the overall rural character of the area.

16.9 The allocation of settlements within the hierarchy ("the detailed hierarchy") will be undertaken through Development Plan Documents (DPDs) Local Plans which will be prepared for the rural areas within Daventry and South Northamptonshire districts. This approach provides some flexibility for the hierarchy within each area to be tailored to reflect specific local circumstances. These DPDs Local Plans will consider the need for specific site allocations and also determine whether boundaries showing the village confines should be defined. In those cases where boundaries are defined they will be shown on the Proposals Map. Until the named rural settlement hierarchy has been defined within future local development documents, prepared by individual local planning authorities in consultation with local communities, the existing saved Adopted Local Plan policies for Daventry District and South Northamptonshire will apply.

16.10 The hierarchy will be based on a robust analysis of village services and facilities either within a particular village or as part of a defined cluster of settlements, together with the other factors specified in Policy R1. This will include an assessment of the following services and facilities: The following list of services and facilities is suggested, but the local planning authorities, in consultation with local communities, may vary the importance attached to a particular service or facility or take account of additional services and facilities, to reflect local circumstances.

a) Most Important Services and Facilities: Secondary School, Primary School, GP Surgery, General Food Store, Post Office, Village Hall/ Community Centre, and Public Transport (quality of service) and Public House/Restaurant.

b) **Important Facilities and Services:** Other Shops/ Takeaways, Local Employment Provision, Libraries/ Outreach Centres and Pre-school Provision.

c) Other Facilities: Play Area, Sports Ground and Allotments.

16.11 As part of the evidence base for this JCS an analysis of all the villages in the Plan area has been carried out. The full results of this analysis and the methodology used are set out in the technical paper[1].

16.12 This analysis will be kept up to date as part of annual monitoring and will inform the detailed hierarchy to be prepared for the rural areas, together with any particular local constraints and opportunities.

16.13 The rural hierarchy will have the following three categories:

a) **Primary Service Villages** - Have the highest level of services and facilities within the rural area to meet the day to day needs of residents including those from surrounding settlements. These settlements are the most appropriate for accommodating local housing and employment needs and would be the focus for service provision in the rural areas;

b) **Secondary Service Villages** - These settlements have a more limited range of services, but still provide scope to meet some local needs for housing, employment and service provision;

c) Other villages - These villages have an even more limited range of services and are more reliant on the services of larger centres for day to day needs. The scope for development within these villages is likely to be limited to windfall infill development, although some housing to provide for local needs may be suitable.

16.14 Beyond villages specified in the above categories there will be settlements which are very small and with few or no services and facilities. Development in these villages will be strictly controlled to affordable housing schemes that are required to meet identified local needs.

16.15 The scale of development which will be appropriate in each village will vary having regard to the position in the hierarchy and the housing requirements for the rural areas of individual districts. Policy R1 sets out the scale of development that will be acceptable in each category of settlement. This level of development will be measured as the percentage increase from the existing dwelling stock as at the base date of 2011 2006. This will ensure that the scale of development is proportionate to the scale of each village within the hierarchy. Irrespective of whichever category villages are allocated to within the hierarchy this will not automatically mean that development will be appropriate. The Local Planning Authority will need to be satisfied that any proposals are acceptable in terms of

environmental, social and economic sustainability. Once the residual housing requirements for the rural areas have been met through planning permissions or allocations in future Local Plans, or Once a particular settlement has reached the upper limit of the scale then further developments will be resisted unless exceptional circumstances can be demonstrated as specified in Policy R1 below.

16.16 The overall housing provision is set out in the Spatial Strategy in Section 5 of this plan which includes an allowance for development in the rural areas. Policy S3 identifies the scale and distribution of housing development within West Northamptonshire.

16.17 For Daventry District Policy S3 identifies a housing requirement for the rural areas of 2800 (net additional dwellings 2001-2026). Between 2001 and 2011 1445 dwellings have been completed which leaves a net residual requirement of 1355 dwellings. For South Northamptonshire the housing requirement for the rural areas is 3605 (net additional dwellings 2001-2026), of which 1815 dwellings have been completed between 2001 and 2011. This leaves a net residual requirement of 1790 dwellings. Within both Districts there are a number of commitments which are not yet built, but will count towards meeting this net residual requirement. The provision of development to meet any remaining residual requirement will be determined by the Settlements and Countryside Local Plans which will be prepared for each District.

16.168 Particular emphasis is given to the role of local communities in identifying and meeting their own needs for development. Documents such as Parish Plans Community led plans (e.g. Neighbourhood Plans) provide an appropriate mechanism whereby local communities can identify the vision for the future of their village and what is needed to deliver it. Provided that they follow the requirements for Supplementary Planning Documents, the planning decisions prepared in accordance with the relevant regulations such plans will become part of the development plan for West Northamptonshire. The local authorities will encourage and support the preparation of Parish Plans (or their equivalents) by local communities Neighbourhood Plans in appropriate areas. It is particularly important that these documents fairly reflect the views of the whole community and are also based on robust evidence of need.

16.19 Community led plans cannot allocate less development than in a higher tier plan. However they can allow for additional growth, for example where this would support the retention of or improvement to essential local services that may be under threat (in particular the local primary school or primary health services). Planning applications for additional growth within villages will need to be informed by a community involvement exercise prior to the submission of the planning application.

POLICY R1 - Spatial Strategy For The Rural Areas WITHIN THE RURAL AREAS OF WEST NORTHAMPTONSHIRE THERE IS A RESIDUAL IDENTIFIED NEED FOR 1355 DWELLINGS WITHIN DAVENTRY DISTRICT AND 1790 DWELLINGS WITHIN SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE TO BE PROVIDED BETWEEN 2011 AND 2026. BEYOND THE TOWNS OF DAVENTRY, TOWCESTER AND BRACKLEY DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE RURAL AREAS WILL BE GUIDED BY A RURAL SETTLEMENT HIERARCHY THAT WILL COMPRISE THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES:

• PRIMARY SERVICE VILLAGES;

- SECONDARY SERVICE VILLAGES; AND
- OTHER VILLAGES; and
- small settlements/hamlets

THE RURAL HIERARCHY WILL:

- ENABLE SMALL SCALE HOUSING AND EMPLOYMENT WHERE THIS MEETS LOCAL NEEDS AND/ OR SUPPORTS LOCAL SERVICES;
- SUPPORT THE RETENTION AND PROVISION OF LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES IN RURAL COMMUNITIES;
- SUSTAIN THE RURAL ECONOMY BY RETAINING EXISTING EMPLOYMENT SITES WHERE POSSIBLE, BY ENABLING SMALL SCALE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING TOURISM, THROUGH RURAL DIVERSIFICATION AND BY SUPPORTING APPROPRIATE AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY DEVELOPMENT;
- PROTECT AND ENHANCE THE CHARACTER AND QUALITY OF THE RURAL AREA'S HISTORIC BUILDINGS AND AREAS OF HISTORIC OR ENVIRONMENTAL IMPORTANCE; AND
- ENABLE LOCAL COMMUNITIES TO IDENTIFY AND MEET THEIR OWN LOCAL NEEDS.

IN REFINING AND DETERMINING THE DETAILED HIERARCHY EACH DISTRICT COUNCIL WILL TAKE THE FOLLOWING FACTORS INTO ACCOUNT:

- a) THE PRESENCE OF SERVICES AND FACILITIES TO MEET THE DAY <u>TO DAY NEEDS OF RESIDENTS, INCLUDING THOSE FROM</u> SURROUNDING SETTLEMENTS;
- **b)** OPPORTUNITIES TO IMPROVE SERVICE PROVISION AND ENHANCE THE SUSTAINABILITY OF SETTLEMENTS;
- e) ACCESSIBILITY, PARTICULARLY BY PUBLIC TRANSPORT, TO THE MAIN TOWNS;
- d) EVIDENCE OF LOCAL NEEDS FOR HOUSING, EMPLOYMENT AND SERVICES; AND
- e) THE SUITABILITY OF SETTLEMENTS TO ACCOMMODATE DEVELOPMENT IN TERMS OF ENVIRONMENTAL, INFRASTRUCTURE AND OTHER CONSTRAINTS.

THESETTLEMENTS ANDCOUNTRYSIDE LOCAL PLANS TOBEPREPARED FOR DAVENTRYDISTRICT ANDSOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE WILLDETERMINETHEAPPROPRIATESCALE OF DEVELOPMENTWITHINFOR EACH CATEGORY OF INDIVIDUALVILLAGE WITHIN THAT CATEGORY.THE FOLLOWING OVERALL SCALE OFRESIDENTIALDEVELOPMENT OVERTHE BASE DATE POSITION WILL BEAPPROPRIATETHISWILLHAVE REGARD TOTHE INDICATIVE FIGURESBELOW MEASURED FROM A BASE DATE POSITION (2011):E

 PRIMARY SERVICE VILLAGES = MODERATE SCALE - 10% - UP TO 12% OF THE EXISTING DWELLING STOCK

- SECONDARY SERVICE VILLAGES = SMALL SCALE 5- UP TO 7% OF EXISTING DWELLING STOCK
- OTHER VILLAGES SMALL SCALE INFILL UP TO 5 DWELLINGS
- SMALL SETTLEMENTS/HAMLETS DEVELOPMENT RESTRICTED TO <u>AFFORDABLE HOUSING</u>

ONCE THE HOUSING REQUIREMENT FOR THE RURAL AREAS HAS BEEN MET THROUGH PLANNING PERMISSIONS OR FUTURE ALLOCATIONS, OR ONCE A PARTICULAR SETTLEMENT HAS REACHED THE UPPER LIMIT OF THE SCALE SPECIFIED ABOVE IN THE APPROPRIATE LOCAL PLAN FURTHER HOUSING DEVELOPMENT WILL ONLY BE PERMITTED WHERE IT CAN BE DEMONSTRATED THAT IT:

- WOULD RESULT IN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPROVEMENTS ON A SITE <u>INCLUDING FOR EXAMPLE THE RE-USE OF PREVIOUSLY</u> <u>DEVELOPED LAND AND BEST PRACTICE IN DESIGN ; OR</u>
- IS REQUIRED TO SUPPORT THE RETENTION OF OR IMPROVEMENT TO ESSENTIAL LOCAL SERVICES THAT MAY BE UNDER THREAT (IN PARTICULAR THE LOCAL PRIMARY SCHOOL OR PRIMARY HEALTH SERVICES); AND
- HAS BEEN INFORMED AGREED BY A WITH THE RELEVANT PARISH COUNCIL OR APPROPRIATE LOCAL COMMUNITY REPRESENTATIVES FOLLOWING A COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT EXERCISE PRIOR TO THE SUBMISSION OF A PLANNING APPLICATION; OR
- IS A RURAL EXCEPTIONS SITE THAT MEETS THE CRITERIA SET OUT IN POLICY H3.

UNTIL THE NAMED RURAL SETTLEMENT HIERARCHY HAS BEEN DEFINED WITHIN FUTURE DEVELOPMENT PLAN DOCUMENTS PREPARED BY INDIVIDUAL LOCAL PLANNING AUTHORITIES IN CONSULTATION WITH LOCAL COMMUNITIES THE EXISTING SAVED LOCAL PLAN POLICIES FOR DAVENTRY DISTRICT AND SOUTH NORTHAMPTONSHIRE WILL APPLY.

1. West Northamptonshire Joint Planning Unit (2011) Village Services and Facilities -Technical Paper [back]

Supporting the Rural Economy

16.4720 Whilst the majority of economic activity will be focussed in sustainable urban areas and at strategic sites such as the Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal (DIRFT), rural areas play an important role in the economy of West Northamptonshire. Evidence indicates that rural areas are attractive to new employers and business start-up rates are often higher than in urban areas. Providing new employment opportunities in the rural areas can help combat the decline of traditional rural employment and address the issue of increased out-commuting. Strategies adopted by both Daventry District Council and South Northamptonshire Council seek to strengthen the rural economy and support the vitality of villages[1]. The challenge which Policy R2 below addresses is to ensure the economic sustainability of rural communities, whilst addressing any potential environmental consequences.

16.1821 Agriculture, horticulture and forestry have an important and varied role in supporting the rural economy, including the maintenance and management of the countryside and most valued landscapes. If the price of agricultural commodities continues at the present level then the decline of new investment in agriculture may well be reversed. The agricultural sector is an essential part of the local economy and it is important that farming and farmers are encouraged to be more competitive and more sustainable in order to adapt to changing markets and to comply with new legislation and guidance. It is also important to encourage diversification into new agricultural and commercial ventures in order to ensure a farm's viability and to maximise opportunities to strengthen the rural economy, while maintaining the character of the rural landscape.

POLICY R2 - Rural Economy

PROPOSALS WHICH SUSTAIN AND ENHANCE THE RURAL ECONOMY BY CREATING OR SAFEGUARDING JOBS AND BUSINESSES WILL BE SUPPORTED WHERE THEY ARE OF AN APPROPRIATE SCALE FOR THEIR LOCATION, RESPECT THE ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AND CHARACTER OF THE RURAL AREA AND PROTECT THE BEST AND MOST VERSATILE AGRICULTURAL LAND. THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF DEVELOPMENT ARE CONSIDERED TO BE ACCEPTABLE:

- THE RE-USE OF RURAL BUILDINGS;
- SCHEMES FOR FARM DIVERSIFICATION INVOLVING SMALL-SCALE BUSINESS AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT THAT CONTRIBUTE TO THE OPERATION AND VIABILITY OF THE FARM HOLDING;
- SMALL-SCALE TOURISM PROPOSALS, INCLUDING VISITOR
 <u>ACCOMMODATION;</u>
- PROPOSALS THAT RECOGNISE THE ECONOMIC BENEFITS OF THE NATURAL AND HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT AS AN ASSET TO BE VALUED, CONSERVED AND ENHANCED;
- THE EXPANSION OF BUSINESSES IN THEIR EXISTING LOCATIONS, DEPENDENT UPON THE NATURE OF THE ACTIVITIES INVOLVED, THE CHARACTER OF THE SITE AND ITS ACCESSIBILITY; AND
- SMALL SCALE EMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENT TO MEET LOCAL NEEDS.; and
- THE USE OF LAND FOR AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND EQUESTRIAN ACTIVITY.

<u>1. Daventry District Local Strategic Partnership; 2010. Sustainable Communities Strategy for</u> <u>Daventry District 2010-2026 South Northamptonshire Council: 2010. South</u> <u>Northamptonshire Economic Development Strategy 2010- 2014 [back]</u>

Improving Accessibility in Rural Areas

16.1922 Accessibility to jobs and services is a key issue facing the rural areas of West Northamptonshire. Transport is essential for most rural residents to access the services and facilities they need. Policy R3 promotes a transport strategy for the rural areas which seeks to improve the connectivity of villages with local service centres.

16.203 Increased congestion on inter-urban routes can have knock-on impacts for villages and the rural areas. Some of the highest traffic growth in recent years has been on routes in rural areas; this can have a detrimental impact for villages where traffic uses unsuitable routes. Traditional management, such as signing and bollards, may detract from the over-all character of the village and therefore different approaches for restricting traffic will be required.

16.244 Residents without access to a car in the rural areas are likely to be more isolated than those within urban areas, where there are more services. Measures will need to be implemented to ensure that residents can access services such as health, food shopping and education. Lack of access to private car has also been cited as a reason for the limited opportunities for young people to find employment in rural areas.

16.225 Whilst public transport is important, for many in rural areas the private car remains the only realistic transport choice for residents. Not withstanding this car dependency there are still opportunities to improve rural transport services, for example through "demand" operated services that are available to all.

<u>16.236</u> Rural transport issues will be reviewed as part of the preparation of the Northamptonshire's Third Local Transportation Plan and in any subsequent reviews of that document.

POLICY R3 - A Transport Strategy for The Rural Areas

IMPROVED ACCESSIBILITY and sustainable tranSPOrt within rural areas AND THE AVOIDANCE OF CONGESTION AND 'RAT RUNNING' will BE secured by:

- supporting improved public transport Connections between villages and hamlets and their nearest services;
- supporting Improvements to the cycling network between villages and their nearest service centre; and
- reviewing walking connections within villages to identify specific improvements required ENSURING the safety of pedestrians.

<u>17.0 Monitoring and Implementation</u> <u>Framework</u>

Introduction to Monitoring and Implementation

17.1 There will be many different organisations responsible for implementing and monitoring the success of the policies contained within the JCS., both from These include parties from the public sector, for example the Borough and District Councils, Northamptonshire County Council, the West Northamptonshire Development Corporation or the departments and agencies of Central Government, for example the Highways Agency, in addition to the private sector, such as developers or businesses. It is only by working together in a co-ordinated way that the vision for the area can be met. How this will happen is set out in more detail in the Monitoring Framework (Appendix 6) of this document.

17.2 This section deals with how the strategy will be delivered, including the delivery of infrastructure, how our policies will be monitored and finally the expected delivery rates of new homes, jobs and infrastructure referred to as trajectories as specified in the JCS and its supporting documents. It is one of the most important aspects of the whole plan as it sets out how the overall strategy outlined in the first section of the plan and the Places sections will be delivered, by who and when.

17.3 Policies in the JCS and information in the associated Infrastructure Delivery Plan and its linked schedule (as set out in Appendix 4) are based on a robust evidence base establishing the level of development expected to 2026 and the costing of required improvements. Monitoring provides the basis for identifying when the implementation of policy is not delivering the vision and objectives of the JCS. It provides contingency in itself through identifying trigger points for policy delivery and ensures corrective measures, including the possible review of policy, are considered at the earliest opportunity.

Infrastructure

17.43 The co-ordination and delivery of necessary infrastructure alongside (and sometimes in advance of) development is crucial to achieving attractive and sustainable places where people want to live. In the recent past, West Northamptonshire has suffered as some aspects of infrastructure have not kept pace with the rate of development that we have experienced.

17.54 Section 11 of this Plan deals with the delivery of infrastructure including how this will be funded and when delivery is required. The key mechanism for monitoring and reviewing the infrastructure needs of the JCS is the Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP) and its associated schedule.

17.65 The IDP will be monitored as part of the JCS. The improvements programmed in the IDP, and their required phasing to support development, are essential to ensure the objectives and the developments set out in this of the JCS are achieved. It is important that projects highlighted in Table 7 are committed and delivered as planned to sustainably bring forward residential and commercial sites. This will ensure key social, economic and environmental requirements are met through development. Output indicators have been included in the monitoring framework of the JCS to highlight progress in funding and delivering essential projects i.e. road improvement schemes and open space provision.

Funding and Delivery

17.76 Public funding in the near future is likely to be limited. This Plan has been produced to ensure that we can meet the needs of present communities without placing an unacceptable burden on our existing infrastructure. However, this does not mean that we can simply do nothing. We must work together with the delivery agencies, as identified in the Infrastructure Ddelivery Pplan and its associated schedule, to find innovative ways of funding our necessary infrastructure or changing the way we use existing infrastructure to ensure that it continues to meet our needs. An example of this is the approach to transport as outlined within the Spatial Strategy.

17.87 In addition to public funds, developers contributions will be sought to deliver the essential infrastructure required to support new development. Section 11 of this JCS sets out

the approach to developer contributions including the proposed Community Infrastructure Levy and Planning Obligations.

Monitoring the Plan

17.98 Monitoring will measure the effectiveness of the JCS in achieving the spatial vision and objectives. The monitoring approach also sets out the triggers which will identify when the plan's objectives are not being met, and examples of contingency actions which can be taken to address the issues identified. In line with government guidancepolicy for achieving sustainable development in the National Planning Policy Framework, "a systematic and dynamic monitoring system will help authorities essential to understand the wider social, environmental and economic issues affecting theiran areas and the key drivers of spatial change." This is essential to ensure we pick up and record key outputs such as the amount of new houses being built, as these were shown to be highly sensitive in the recent downturn. These events can necessitate the future review of policies in the JCS. The Monitoring Framework is set out in full in Appendix 6 of this document.

17.109 A Monitoring Framework has been developed that can record and assess the implementation of JCS policies. This uses a series of indicators to show the outputs and wider outcomes of development and how the area is changing over the plan period. It is important to check that the JCS is not only delivering the amount of development and infrastructure set out in the plan, but also that all the plan objectives are being achieved in tandem to support the overall Vision of the Strategy (Section 4 above). Different types and sources of indicators will be needed to cover the full monitoring framework. These include:

a. National Core Output Indicators – A statutory set of iIndicators required nationally from all Authorities reporting key tangible outputs in residential, commercial and environmental development. This includes monitoring the housing trajectory. There is already a time-series of core development outputs such as housing and employment floorspace completions covering many years. Reporting these aspects is part of established monitoring practice across West Northamptonshire and will continue in the future. There is a statutory duty to report several output indicators to Government as part of the Single Data List[1]. Other output indicators have been developed locally to record against specific targets set in Joint Core Strategy Policies. These cover matters like infrastructure delivery, creating more open space or meeting design standards. These are set out in more detail in The Monitoring Framework (Appendix 6) of this document.

[1]

http://www.communities.gov.uk/localgovernment/decentralisation/tacklingburdens/singledata list/

b. Local Output Indicators These have been developed locally to record against specific targets set in Joint Core Strategy Policies. These cover matters like creating more open space or meeting design standards.

be. **Contextual Indicators** – These are often from secondary data sources like the Office for National Statistics. They show key features in West Northamptonshire like population and income, and how these change over time.

cd. Significant Effects Indicators – These come from the objectives in the Sustainability Appraisal. They check the effects of policies designed to meet these objectives, and whether the effects on the area are as intended (bringing a positive change). Some of these are already developed by the other indicator types recorded. Those indicators that measure significant effects will be identified and monitored in the Annual Authorities' Monitoring Report.

17.110 Many of the indicators needed to monitor JCS Policies are important characteristics already picked upbeing actively recorded by our Partners Councils and key organisations. For example, the Local Transport Plan has a monitoring framework which deals with access to public transport from new development. Where indicators are shared, this has been highlighted. Comprehensive data sharing arrangements will support the delivery of the monitoring framework and prevent duplication of data collection, following the COUNT (Count Once Use Numerous Times) approach approved in government guidanceprinciple established in monitoring systems.

17.124 The policies contained in the JCS aim to deliver the objectives and overall vision of the plan. It is important that each policy can follow clear and consistent targets about what it should deliver. The Monitoring Framework sets out the "SMART" targets developed for each policy. These aim to show that the impact of the policy is:

- Specific;
- Measureable;
- Achievable;
- Realistic; and
- Time bound.

17.132 In addition to reporting the indicators outlined above the Annual Monitoring ReportFramework will also help provide updates to the evidence-base that the JCS is based upon. Planning application information will be updated against lists of potential development sites in documents such as the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA) or the West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study (WNELS). These updates will help to establish how the supply of deliverable sites is evolving and whether certain locations are still sustainable. This evidence will remain crucial in recording the implementation of JCS policies and also highlighting where review is necessary.

17.143 The monitoring of the plan and monitoring framework will be reported annually in the Joint Annual Authorities' Monitoring Report (AMR) for West Northamptonshire. Annual Monitoring Reports have been produced for West Northamptonshire in December 2010 and January 2012 to report on key development outputs and outcomes since March 2010 and provide a baseline for the development of this Joint Core Strategy. This report Future reports will cover all the indicators required in the monitoring framework as well as additional contextual indicators to provide a full portrait of West Northamptonshire. In addition, the AMR will allow the Joint Planning Unit and Partner Authorities to provide an update on the development and review of documents in the LDFLocal Development Scheme (LDS) or activity in related areas such as the implementation of the Community Infrastructure Levy.

The Partner Authorities of Daventry, Northampton Borough and South Northamptonshire Councils will also be able to add their own local information, including indicators for their own Development Plan Documents-Local Plans or updates on Sustainable Communities Strategies, Neighbourhood Plans or Masterplans.

17.15 The Joint Authorities' Monitoring Report does not need to be published at a fixed yearly deadline but must be updated within a period not longer than twelve months, To ensure relevant information is made available to the public as soon as possible, such as significant progress in the development of any Local Development Scheme document or substantial departures from adopted policy, the Joint Authorities' Monitoring Report will be updated as appropriate and its publication duly advertised.

17.164 As well as reporting the Monitoring Framework, the AMR will identify where policies need to be amended or replaced, allowing indicating whether the LDSF documents need to undergo review and alteration as necessary. This may be necessary if policies are having unintended consequences or if aspects of the plan need to be reviewed in light of changing circumstances or national guidance - for example under financial constraints or perhaps the development of High Speed Rail 2.

<u>17.175</u> The tables set out in Appendix 6 provide the following information in respect of each of the objectives in the JCS:

- The indicator what we are measuring;
- Who is responsible for delivery;
- The target what is to be achieved and by when; and
- The source i.e. if it is local or national.
- Triggers to establish significant discrepancies between actual policy implementation and established policy targets; and
- Contingency measures that may be considered if a trigger is identified.

Housing Trajectory

17.186 The delivery of housing proposed in the jJoint Core Strategy will be monitored against the housing trajectory set out in Appendix 3. Further information regarding the trajectory is set out in Section 5, the Spatial Strategy, of this plan. The housing trajectory is synchronised with the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA) to a base-date of April 2011 to demonstrate the realistic supply of potential housing sites in West Northamptonshire to 2026. Detailed projections of supply on identified sites have been considered in a housing technical paper as part of the evidence base for this strategy. Updated versions of the housing trajectory are provided in each AMR.

18.0 Appendices

Appendix

Appendix 1 - Plans and Other Strategies Taken into Account in the Preparation of the Joint Core Strategy

Appendix 2 - Evidence Base for the Joint Core Strategy

Appendix 3 - West Northamptonshire Housing trajectory

Appendix 4 - West Northamptonshire Infrastructure <u>Delivery Plan Update 2012 - Schedule</u> <u>Extract Schedule</u>

Appendix 5 - Saved Local Plan Policies to be Replaced by Joint Core Strategy Policies Appendix 6 - West Northamptonshire Monitoring framework

Appendix 1

<u>Appendix 1 - Plans and Other Strategies Taken into Account in the Preparation of the</u> <u>Joint Core Strategy</u>

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International

- Directive 92/43/EEC Habitats Directive
- Directive 2000/60/ EEC Water Framework Directive

National

- Allowable Solutions for Zero Carbon Hub Homes: towards a workable framework -Zero Carbon Hub (July 2011)
- Anglian Water Draft Water Resource Management Plan (2008)
- Anglian Water Final Business Plan (2009)
- Association of Chief Police Officers Strategic Growth Toolkit (2010)
- Biodiversity 2020: A strategy for England's wildlife and ecosystem services (2011)
- Codes for Sustainable Homes- Setting the New Standard for New Homes- DCLG
 (2008)
- Face to Face Side by Side, A Framework for Partnership in Our Multi Faith Society-CLG (2008)
- Good Practice Guide on Planning for Tourism (May 2006)
- Guidance on Transport Assessments Department for Transport (2007)
- Indices of Multiple Deprivation DCLG (2007)
- Laying the Foundations the Government's Housing Startegy for England (November 2011)
- Lifetime Homes Standard Joseph Rowntree Foundation (2006)
- Matthew Taylor Review on Rural Economy & Affordable Housing (2008)
- National Grid 10 Year Statement (2008)
- National Planning Policy Framework (2012)
- Planning for Growth Communities and Local Government: Ministerial statement (25/3/2011)
- Planning Policy for Traveller Sites (2012)
- Planning Policy Statement 1: Delivering Sustainable Development (February 2005)
- Planning Policy Statement 1 Supplement: Planning and Climate Change (December 2007)
- Planning Policy Statement 3: Housing (June 2010)
- Planning Policy Statement 4: Planning For Sustainable Economic Growth (December 2009)
- Planning Policy Statement 5; Planning For the Historic Environment (March 2010)
- Planning Policy Statement 7: Sustainable Development in Rural Areas (August 2004)

- Planning Policy Guidance Note 8: Telecommunications (August 2001)
- Planning Policy Statement 9: Biodiversity and Geological Conservation (2005)
- Planning Policy Statement 10: Planning for Sustainable Waste Management (July 2005)
- Planning Policy Statement 12: Local Spatial Planning (June 2008)
- Planning Policy Guidance Note 13: Transport (March 2001) and update (January 2011))
- Planning Policy Guidance Note 17: Planning for Open Space, Sport and Recreation
 (July 2002)
- Planning Policy Statement 22: Renewable Energy (August 2004)
- Planning Policy Statement 23: Planning and Pollution Control (November 2004)
- Planning Policy Guidance Note 24: Planning and Noise (October 1994)
- Planning Policy Statement 25: Development and Flood Risk (March 2010)
- Planning Tomorrow's Countryside Natural England (2000)
- Rural Strategy- DEFRA (2004)
- Safer Places ODPM (April 2004)
- Secured by Design Association of Chief Police Officers (2008)
- Securing the Future: UK Sustainable Development Strategy (2005)
- Sustainable Communities Plan DCLG (2003)
- The Natural Choice Natural Environment White Paper (June 2011)
- The State of the Natural Environment Natural England (2008)
- UK Biodiversity Action Plan (1994)
- UK Renewable Energy Strategy DECC (2009)
- Water for Life Water White Paper (December 2011)
- Youth Matters Department for Skills and Education (2005)

Regional

- A Flourishing Region: Regional Economic Strategy for the East Midlands 2006-2020 (2006)
- East Midlands Cultural Strategy Culture East Midlands (2001)
- East Midlands Integrated Regional Strategy (2005)
- East Midlands Regional Employment Land Priorities Study EMDA (2003)
- East Midlands Regional Environment Strategy (2003)
- East Midlands Regional Freight Study (2005)
- East Midlands Regional Housing Strategy (2005)
- East Midlands Regional Plan (March 2009)
- East Midlands Regional Town Centres Study (March 2003)
- East Midlands Regional Transport Strategy (2005)
- East Midlands Rural Action Plan (2007-2013)
- East Midlands Tourism Strategy (2003-2010)
- East Midlands Urban Action Plan (2005-2011)
- Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Toolkit, produced by Analysys
 Mason Group EMDA (2006)
- Milton Keynes and South Midlands Sub-Regional Strategy (March 2005)
- Quality of Employment Land Study (2002)

Local

• Daventry District Local Plan (June 1997) and Saved Policies (Sept 2007)

- Daventry District Sustainable Community Strategy (2010-2026)
- Enterprising Northamptonshire Northamptonshire Enterprise Partnership (2011)
- <u>Getting Down to Business South East Midlands Local Economic Partnership</u>
 <u>Business Plan April 2012- March 2013</u>
- High Performance Technologies: Northamptonshire Northampton Enterprise Partnership (2011)
- Libraries Review and Strategy April 2012 to March 2015 Northamptonshire County
 <u>Council</u>
- Memorandum of Understanding: Statement of co-operation and partnership South East Midlands Local Economic Partnership/Northamptonshire Enterprise Partnership (December 2011)
- NHS Northamptonshire CIAMS (2010-2015)
- Northampton Borough Local Plan (June 1997) and Saved Policies (Sept 2007)
- Northampton General Hospital Integrated Business Plan Northampton General Hospital NHS Trust (2008)
- Northampton Playing Fields Key Issues and Recommendations Report Neil Allen Associates (2011)
- Northampton Sustainable Community Strategy (2008-2011)
- Northamptonshire Arc Northamptonshire County Council (2010)
- Northamptonshire Biodiversity Action Plan (2008)
- Northamptonshire Joint Strategic Needs Assessment Northamptonshire County <u>Council & Northamptonshire PCT (2008)</u>
- Northamptonshire Local Economic Assessment (2010)
- Northamptonshire Local Transport Plan (2006-2011)
- Northamptonshire Transportation Plan (2012)
- Northamptonshire Transport Strategy for Growth (2006)
- Northamptonshire Minerals and Waste Local Development Framework
- Northamptonshire School Organisation: Consultation on Key Principles, Area Analyses and Pupil Projections - Northamptonshire County Council
- SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone FAQ's Northampton Borough <u>Council (2011)</u>
- Planning out Crime in Northamptonshire Supplementary Planning Guidance -Northamptonshire County Council et al (2004)
- SEMLEP Northampton Waterside Enterprise Zone/Supporting a regional economy of <u>national significance - South East Midlands Local Economic</u> Partnership/Northampton Borough Council (2011)
- South Northamptonshire Local Plan (Oct 1997) and Saved Policies (Sept 2007)
- South Northamptonshire Sustainable Community Strategy (2010-2015)
- St. James Employment Area Local Development Order Northampton Borough
 Council (2012)
- Sustainable Communities Strategy for Northamptonshire (2008)
- The Strategic Plan, 2009 -2014 Five Year Strategy- NHS Northamptonshire (2008)

Appendix 2

Appendix 2 - Evidence Base for the Joint Core Strategy

Evidence

Document

Date

General

General		
A Cultural Investment Plan for West Northamptonshire	Complete	2009
Northampton Longer Term Growth Options Study	Complete	2007
Village Services and Facilities Technical Paper (including 2008 Village Services Questionnaire returns)	<u>Complete</u>	<u>2011</u>
West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy Sustainability Appraisal Scoping Report	Complete	2006
West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy Issues and Options Sustainability Appraisal Report	Complete	2007
WNDC Planning Obligations Strategy and Technical Report	Complete	2008
West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy Draft Sustainability Appraisal Report	Complete	2009
West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy Draft Appropriate Assessment Report	Complete	2009
West Northamptonshire Annual Monitoring Report 2009/10	Submitted Complete	2010
West Northamptonshire Annual Monitoring Report 2010/11	Complete	<u>2011</u>
West Northamptonshire Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy Sustainability Appraisal	Complete	2011
West Northamptonshire Pre Submission Joint Core Strategy Appropriate Assessment	Complete	2011
Transport Related		
<u>Northamptonshire County Council:</u> Northampton Corridor Review (including junctions)	<u>Complete</u>	<u>2012</u>
Northamptonshire Guidance on Creating Lasting Modal Shift (Appendix to Transport Strategy for Growth)	Complete	2006
Northamptonshire Walking Development Plan	Complete	2010
Highways Agency A45/M1 Corridor Study, Northampton		
Growth Management Scheme delivery process, and partner's A45/M1 NGMS Memorandum of Understanding	In progressComplete	<u>2012</u>
Transport Spatial Portrait Paper	Complete	2011
Transport Technical Paper: Transport Options	Complete	2011
Employment Related		
A Technology Realm for Northamptonshire	Complete	2006
Employment Technical Paper	Complete	<u>2011</u>
Population, Households and Labour Force Technical Paper	Complete	<u>2011</u>
West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study (WNELS)	Complete	2010
West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study (WNELS) Update	In progress	Due July 2012

West Northants Further Evidence (Employment)	<u>Complete</u>	<u>2011</u>
Housing Related		
Analysis of the Implications of Affordable Rents and Costs Associated with the Delivery of Different Standards of Zero Carbon Housing	<u>Complete</u>	<u>2012</u>
Housing Technical Paper	<u>Complete</u>	2011
Latest Linked Housing Trajectory	Complete	Dec 2010
October 2010 Forecast	Complete	Oct 2010
Population & Household Forecasts Methodology Review	Complete	2011
Population, Households and Labour Force Technical Paper	Complete	2011
Pre-Submission Joint Core Strategy Population Projections (Dwellings F)	Complete	<u>2011</u>
September 2010 Forecast	<u>Complete</u>	<u>Sept 2010</u>
Viability Appraisal of Affordable Housing Provision and Developer Contributions in West Northamptonshire	Complete	<u>2010</u>
West Northamptonshire Strategic Housing Market Assessment Review (SHMA)	Complete	2010
West Northamptonshire Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA)	In ProgressComplete	Due 2011<u>2012</u>
West Northamptonshire Strategic Housing Market Assessment Update	<u>Complete</u>	<u>2011</u>
Northamptonshire Gypsy and Travellers' Accommodation and Needs Assessment (GTAA)	Complete	2008
Built and Natural Environment Related		
East Midlands Councils - Low Carbon Energy Opportunities and Heat Mapping for Local Planning Areas Across the East Midlands: Final Report	<u>Complete</u>	<u>2011</u>
Ground Instability Technical Paper	<u>Complete</u>	<u>2011</u>
Northamptonshire Environmental Character and Green Infrastructure Suite (version 2.2)	Complete	2006
Sequential & Exception Test Technical Note	<u>Complete</u>	March 2011
Towcester and Brackley Green Infrastructure and Environmental Sensitivity Study	Complete	2009
Northampton Landscape Sensitivity and Green Infrastructure Study	Complete	2009
West Northamptonshire Strategic Flood Risk Assessment Level 1	Complete	2009
<u>West Northamptonshire (Daventry and South</u> <u>Northamptonshire) Strategic Flood Risk Assessment</u> <u>Level 2</u>	Complete	2009
West Northamptonshire Water Cycle Strategy (Phase 1 - Outline Study)	Complete	2009
Northampton Strategic Flood Risk Assessment Level 2-	Complete	2010

Living Document

Living Document		
West Northamptonshire Water Cycle Strategy (Phase 2 - Detailed Study)	In ProgressComplete	Due<u>2011</u>
Infrastructure Related		
WNDC Daventry Infrastructure Studies	Complete	2009
West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan	In ProgressComplete	Due 2011
West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan	<u>Complete</u>	<u>2012</u>
<u>Update</u>	• • •	
Leisure and Retail Related		2000
Sports Facilities Strategy for West Northamptonshire	Complete	2009
West Northamptonshire Retail Study	Complete	2009
West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update	In ProgressComplete	Due<u>2011</u>
West Northamptonshire Retail Study Update	<u>Complete</u>	<u>2012</u>
Daventry District Council		
General		
Daventry Town Centre Vision to 2021	Complete	2004
Daventry Urban Capacity Study	Complete	2005
Daventry Strategic Development Options Study	Complete	2005
Daventry Masterplan Interim Draft	Complete	2006
Daventry District Council Annual Monitoring Report 2004/05	Complete	2005
Daventry District Council Annual Monitoring Report 2005/06	Complete	2006
Daventry District Council Annual Monitoring Report 2006/07	Complete	2007
Daventry District Council Annual Monitoring Report 2007/08	Complete	2008
Daventry Town Design Statement	Complete	2008
Norton Village Design Statement	Complete	2008
Daventry Infrastructure Studies	Complete	2009
Transport Related	-	
Daventry to Northampton A45 Corridor Study Note	In Progress	Due -March 2011<u>June</u> 2012
Daventry Cycling Development Plan	Complete	2010
Daventry Bus Development Plan	Complete	2010
Employment Related	-	
Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal (DIRFT) Expansion Design Guide SPG	Complete	2005
Housing Related		
Daventry Design Codes	Complete	2005
Daventry Housing Needs Survey	Complete	2006
	=	

Built and Natural Environment Related		
Daventry Open Space, Sport and Recreation Facilities Strategy	Complete	2009
Daventry Reservoir Conservation Area Management Plan and Appraisal	Complete	2009
Northampton Borough Council		
General		
Northampton Urban Capacity Study	Complete	2003
South West District, Northampton, Strategic Planning Review	Complete	2004
Northampton Annual Monitoring Report 2004/05	Complete	2005
Northampton Annual Monitoring Report 2005/06	Complete	2006
Northampton Annual Monitoring Report 2006/07	Complete	2007
Northampton Annual Monitoring Report 2007/08	Complete	2008
Transport Related		
Northampton Multi Modal Study	Complete	2003
Northampton Central Area Design, Development and Movement Framework	Complete	2006
Northampton Cycling Development Plan	Complete	2010
Northampton Bus Development Plan	Complete	2010
Northampton Multi Modal Study Update (Pre-Submission	I In	Due February
Joint Core Strategy) Land Use Option Testing Result	ProgressComplete	<u>2011</u>
Employment Related		
Northampton Employment Land Study	Complete	2006
Housing Related		
Northampton Retail Strategy	Complete	2008
Northampton Housing Strategy 2006 - 2011	Complete	2006
Northampton Housing Needs Survey	Complete	2006
Northampton Housing Needs Survey Update	Complete	2008
Northampton Five Year Housing Land Supply Assessment	Complete	2009- <u>Annual</u>
Leisure Related		
Northampton Playing Pitch Strategy	Complete	2005
Northampton Open Space, Sport and Recreation Assessment and Needs Audit	Complete	2006
Northampton Allotments Strategy	Complete	2007
Northampton Borough Council (Interim) Cultural Strategy 2008 - 2013	Complete	2008
South Northamptonshire Council		
General		
Towcester and Brackley Urban Capacity Study	Complete	2005
South Northamptonshire Annual Monitoring Report 2004/05	Complete	2005

South Northamptonshire Annual Monitoring Report 2005/06	Complete	2006
South Northamptonshire Annual Monitoring Report 2006/07	Complete	2007
South Northamptonshire Annual Monitoring Report 2007/08	Complete	2008
Parish Plans	Complete	Various
Towcester Masterplan	Complete	201 <u>01</u>
Brackley Masterplan	Complete	201 <u>01</u>
Roade Masterplan	Complete	<u>2010March</u> 2011
Transport Related		
South Northamptonshire Transport Strategy & Associated Action Plan	Complete	2010
Towcester Bus Development Plan	Complete	2010
Towcester Cycling Development Plan	Complete	2010
Brackley Cycling Development Plan	Complete	2010
Towcester Transport Study	In	Due March
Toweeser Transport Study	ProgressComplete	<u>2011</u>
Employment Related	ProgressComplete	<u>2011</u>
	ProgressComplete Complete	<u>2011</u> 2009
Employment Related Approved Development Brief - Silverstone Circuit		
Employment Related Approved Development Brief - Silverstone Circuit Masterplan <u>South Northamptonshire Economic Development</u>	Complete	2009
Employment Related Approved Development Brief - Silverstone Circuit Masterplan South Northamptonshire Economic Development Strategy	Complete	2009
Employment Related Approved Development Brief - Silverstone Circuit Masterplan South Northamptonshire Economic Development Strategy Housing Related	Complete Complete	2009 <u>March 2010</u>
Employment Related Approved Development Brief - Silverstone Circuit Masterplan South Northamptonshire Economic Development Strategy Housing Related Five Year Housing Land Supply Assessment	Complete Complete Complete	2009 <u>March 2010</u> 2008- <u>Annual</u>
Employment Related Approved Development Brief - Silverstone Circuit Masterplan South Northamptonshire Economic Development Strategy Housing Related Five Year Housing Land Supply Assessment Housing Growth Report 2008	Complete Complete Complete Complete	2009 <u>March 2010</u> 2008- <u>Annual</u> 2008
Employment Related Approved Development Brief - Silverstone Circuit Masterplan South Northamptonshire Economic Development Strategy Housing Related Five Year Housing Land Supply Assessment Housing Growth Report 2008 Interim Rural Housing Policy	Complete Complete Complete Complete	2009 <u>March 2010</u> 2008- <u>Annual</u> 2008
Employment Related Approved Development Brief - Silverstone Circuit Masterplan South Northamptonshire Economic Development Strategy Housing Related Five Year Housing Land Supply Assessment Housing Growth Report 2008 Interim Rural Housing Policy Leisure Related	Complete Complete Complete Complete Complete	2009 <u>March 2010</u> 2008- <u>Annual</u> 2008 2010
Employment Related Approved Development Brief - Silverstone Circuit Masterplan South Northamptonshire Economic Development Strategy Housing Related Five Year Housing Land Supply Assessment Housing Growth Report 2008 Interim Rural Housing Policy Leisure Related Open Space Strategy (2007- 2021)	Complete Complete Complete Complete Complete Complete	2009 <u>March 2010</u> 2008- <u>Annual</u> 2008 2010 2007

Appendix 3

Appendix 3 - West Northamptonshire Housing Trajectory

A. Completions 2001-2011 and Proposed Trajectory 2011-2026 by District Boundary

Completions (by District)											
	2001/	2002/	2003/	2004/	2005/	2006/	2007/	2008/	2009/	<u>2010/</u>	Totals
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
DDC	417	435	266	247	360	295	319	183	174	<u>158</u>	<u>2854</u>
NBC	935	581	753	1353	1554	1802	983	707	360	322	<u>9350</u>
SNC	647	993	431	595	310	257	248	219	258	207	4165
										_	_
Total	1999	2009	1450	2195	2224	2354	1550	1109	792	<u>687</u>	<u>16369</u>

Projec	Projected Completions Trajectory															
	2011/	2012/	2013/	2014/	2015/	2016/	2017/	2018/	2019/	2020/	2021/	2022/	2023/	2024/	2025/	Totals
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	
DDC	<u>149</u>	<u>203</u>	<u>213</u>	<u>472</u>	<u>550</u>	<u>590</u>	<u>745</u>	<u>855</u>	<u>865</u>	<u>875</u>	<u>845</u>	<u>770</u>	<u>645</u>	665	585	9027
NBC	440	<u>641</u>	<u>859</u>	<u>1024</u>	<u>1125</u>	<u>1170</u>	<u>1492</u>	1555	1425	1436	<u>1589</u>	<u>1417</u>	1271	818	600	16862
SNC	<u>295</u>	<u>305</u>	<u>380</u>	430	<u>485</u>	<u>668</u>	<u>760</u>	760	<u>690</u>	<u>585</u>	<u>540</u>	<u>560</u>	<u>530</u>	540	365	7893
	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-			
Total	<u>884</u>	<u>1149</u>	1452	<u>1926</u>	<u>2160</u>	<u>2428</u>	<u>2997</u>	<u>3170</u>	<u>2980</u>	<u>2896</u>	<u>2974</u>	<u>2747</u>	<u>2446</u>	2023	1500	33782

B. Completions 2001-2011 and Proposed Trajectory 2011-2026 by Northampton Related Development Area (NRDA) and Residuals for Daventry District and South Northamptonshire Council Areas

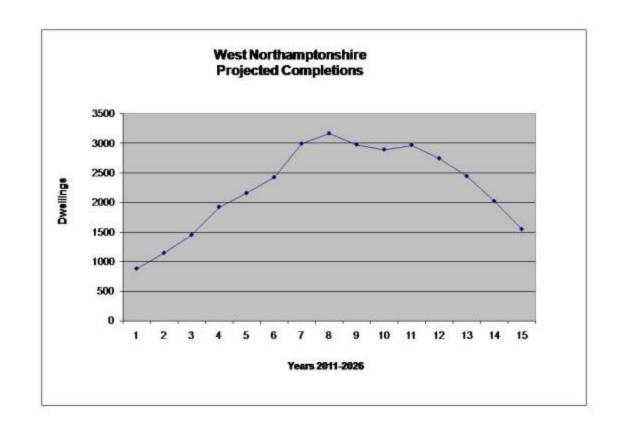
Completions (by Area)											
-	<u>2001/</u> 2002	<u>2002/</u> 2003	<u>2003/</u> 2004	<u>2004/</u> 2005	<u>2005/</u> 2006	<u>2006/</u> 2007	<u>2007/</u> 2008	<u>2008/</u> 2009	<u>2009/</u> 2010	<u>2010/</u> 2011	<u>Totals</u>
DDC	<u>417</u>	<u>435</u>	<u>266</u>	<u>247</u>	<u>360</u>	<u>295</u>	<u>319</u>	<u>183</u>	<u>174</u>	<u>158</u>	<u>2854</u>
NRDA	<u>1084</u>	<u>1208</u>	<u>1009</u>	1623	1626	1824	1020	707	<u>360</u>	322	<u>10783</u>
SNC	<u>498</u>	<u>366</u>	175	<u>325</u>	238	235	211	<u>219</u>	258	207	2732
_	_	_	1	I	I	I	_	-	I	-	-
<u>Total</u>	<u>1999</u>	2009	<u>1450</u>	<u>2195</u>	2224	<u>2354</u>	<u>1550</u>	<u>1109</u>	<u>792</u>	<u>529</u>	<u>16369</u>

Projecte	ed Com	pletions	<u>Trajec</u>	<u>tory</u>												
-	<u>2011/</u> 2012	<u>2012/</u> 2013	<u>2013/</u> 2014	<u>2014/</u> 2015	<u>2015/</u> 2016	<u>2016/</u> 2017	<u>2017/</u> 2018	<u>2018/</u> 2019	<u>2019/</u> 2020	<u>2020/</u> 2021	<u>2021/</u> 2022	<u>2022/</u> 2023	<u>2023/</u> 2024	2024/ 2025	2025/ 2026	Totals
DDC	149	203	213	307	345	345	430	465	420	430	425	400	<u>395</u>	415	335	5277
NRDA	<u>440</u>	<u>641</u>	<u>939</u>	<u>1329</u>	<u>1515</u>	<u>1690</u>	<u>2157</u>	<u>2285</u>	<u>2130</u>	2031	<u>2159</u>	<u>1937</u>	<u>1621</u>	1168	850	22892
<u>SNC</u>	<u>295</u>	<u>305</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>290</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>393</u>	<u>410</u>	<u>420</u>	<u>430</u>	<u>435</u>	<u>390</u>	<u>410</u>	<u>430</u>	440	365	5613
_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		_		_			
Total	<u>884</u>	<u>1149</u>	<u>1452</u>	<u>1926</u>	2160	<u>2428</u>	<u>2997</u>	<u>3170</u>	<u>2980</u>	<u>2896</u>	<u>2974</u>	2747	<u>2446</u>	2023	1550	33782

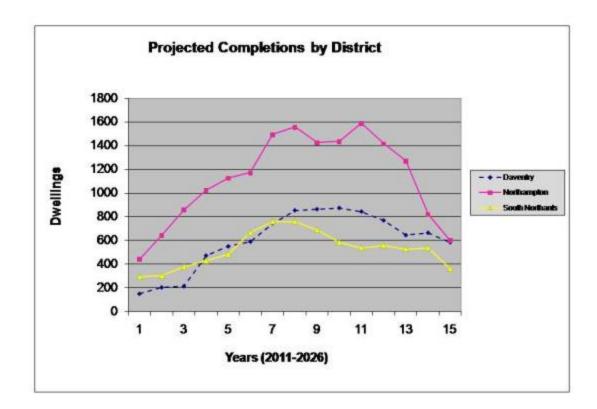
The source and underlying assumptions behind this trajectory are set out in the Housing and Population Technical Paper, published as part of the Joint Core Strategy evidence base.

West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy - Pre-Submission, Feb 2011

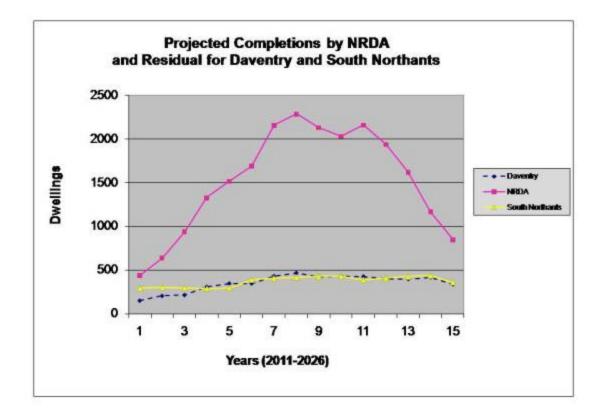
West Northamptonshire Proposed Trajectory



Trajectory based on District Boundaries



Trajectory by NRDA and Residuals for Daventry and South Northants



Appendix 4

Appendix 4 - West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Schedule

Introduction to the Schedule

<u>The following Infrastructure Schedule outlines the projects and services required to deliver</u> the proposed growth identified in the Joint Core Strategy up to 2026. It comprises of the proposed housing and employment allocations (SUEs) and provides information in respect of the major housing commitments within the plan area which will contribute to the overall housing provision required up to 2026.

It identifies the importance of new and upgraded items of infrastructure in delivering the level of growth identified, along with costs, responsibility for delivery, possible and established funding sources as well as the phasing that will be required to deliver a sustainable and robust housing trajectory.

This Schedule has been produced as part of the IDP Report produced by Halcrow and EC Harris and has been informed by extensive and ongoing consultation with service providers and partnering authorities.

Infrastructure provision will change as new funding programmes are developed and priorities rescheduled. To this end the attached Schedule provides a snapshot in time, which will be updated on a regular basis to reflect any changes to the delivery and funding of infrastructure.

<u>Appendix 4 – West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan - Schedule Extract</u>

The purpose of the West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP) is to identify the strategic priorities for the delivery of key infrastructure needed to support the scale of growth put forward in the West Northamptonshire Joint Core Strategy. This Appendix includes the infrastructure schedules taken from the IDP Update 2012 and is for reference purposes only as the IDP and its associated schedules will be updated annually as development occurs, identified infrastructure is delivered and further details on infrastructure requirements are presented. For full clarity the schedules should be read with the accompanying text in the IDP.

The IDP 2012 covers the strategic provision of the following types of infrastructure:-

· Transport

· Health

• Education

· Community and Leisure

- · Open space and Green Infrastructure
- · Utilities

The transport schedule comprises identified highway improvements, public transport improvement and walking and cycling facilities associated with strategic growth and for individual developments such as SUEs where known. Further detailed transport assessments will be required for development proposals which may highlight further transport improvements of a more local nature to mitigate the impact of development. These will only become clear through detailed assessment once the form of the development is known. There are a number of Primary Key Infrastructure Projects identified for transport infrastructure within the schedules which are also identified in the JCS at table 7.

Health provision is identified as primary health care requirements. Acute healthcare provision is revenue funded by the Department of Health and delivered by NHS Trusts and the Clinical Commissioning Groups within the County. Providing acute healthcare infrastructure is beyond the control of the partner authorities and developers within West Northamptonshire.

Information on education provision is provided by Northamptonshire County Council as education provider. The schedule includes requirement for both primary and secondary education and their anticipated timing set against housing growth. Education provision will be funded jointly by the developer and provider.

Community and leisure provision covers a number of different types of infrastructure including community halls/centres, emergency services, cultural development such as libraries, museums and galleries, indoor and outdoor sports provision, and public realm improvements.

Community facilities in the form of halls or other meeting spaces are generally included in proposals for local centres. Typically, the expectation is that these facilities will be provided in shared buildings which also provide space for other uses, such as leisure, emergency services and libraries.

Open space and green infrastructure are identified at a strategic level. Facilities such as play spaces and community open space will be required to be provided to serve specific developments such as SUEs. These will be determined in detail through masterplanning exercises and provided on site by the developer. As such they do not from itemised entries in the IDP schedules.

Utilities infrastructure covers energy supply through electricity and gas, water infrastructure through water supply and waste water treatment and telecommuncations infrastructure.

The Water Cycle Study (September 2011) concludes that Anglia Water Services (AWS) through their strategic infrastructure and resource planning are currently undertaking and have planned for the future a number of capital schemes that will support the proposed growth within the study area until 2035. For planned growth (such as SUEs) local reinforcements will be required and are provided for through the normal requisition process whereby the developer pays AWS to provide the necessary pipes and connections. The requisition process is triggered by development, and is therefore entirely dependent on the timing of the individual developments. The cost of connections will be determined through the requisition process and is not therefore included within the schedule. Likewise for connection to waste water, electric and gas infrastructure network, these costs are borne by

the developer and are also requisitioned from the provider. As normal development costs determined at the point of requisition these connections are not included in the schedule.

There are a number of Primary Key Infrastructure Projects identified for waste water infrastructure which are also identified on the schedules and at table 7 in the JCS.

B <u>West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Schedule</u>

West Northamptonshire Infrastructure Delivery Plan - schedules extract

Appendix 5

Appendix 5 - Saved Local Plan Policies to be Replaced by Joint Core Strategy Policies

The Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 provided for the saving of policies in adopted Local Plans which reflected the principles of the Local Development Framework and were consistent with national policy. In 2007 some Saved Adopted Local Plan policies ceased to be "saved". Eventually all the remaining Saved Adopted Local Plan policies will be replaced by the Development Plan Documents that make up the Local Development Framework.

Below are three lists, one for each of the Borough and District Councils, showing those Saved Adopted Local Plan policies to be replaced by the adopted Joint Core Strategy.

<u>Until the Joint Core Strategy is adopted all Saved Local Plan Policies will continue to apply.</u>

The relevant Development Plans for Northamptonshire Council, Daventry District Council, Northampton Borough Council and South Northamptonshire Council, which form the basis of the Saved Policies, are:

o Northamptonshire County Structure Plan (adopted March 2001)

o Daventry District Local Plan (adopted June 1997)

Northampton Local Plan (adopted June 1997)

o South Northamptonshire Council Local Plan (adopted October 1997)

	Northamptonshire County Council								
Saved I	Policy in Existing Structure Plan	Repl	acement Policy Number and Title in the Core Strat						
SDA1	Strategic Development Area Proposals	S 1	The Distribution of Development						
		S5	Sustainable Urban Extensions						
	<u> </u>	Javen	try District						
	Policies in the adopted Daventry Distric Plan 1997	ct	Replacement Policy Number and Title in the Join Core Strategy						

	1	1	7
		INF1	Approach to Infrastructure Delivery
GN3	General	INF2	Contributions to Infrastructure Requirements
HS2	Housing related to the growth of Northampton	S 4	Northampton Related Development Area
		S5	Sustainable Urban Extensions
		S 6	Phasing of Housing Development
		BN8	The River Nene Strategic River Corridor
		<u>N8</u>	North of Whitehills SUE
		S 1	The Distribution of Development
HS10	New Settlements	S5	Sustainable Urban Extensions
HS25	Affordable Housing	H2	Affordable Housing
		<u>H3</u>	Rural Exception Sites
HS26	Affordable Housing	H3	Rural Exception Sites
HS27	Affordable Housing	H2	Affordable Housing
EM4	Changes of Use on Industrial Estates	<u>E1</u>	Existing Employment Areas
		C2	New Developments
CM7	Public Transport Provisions	S10	Sustainable Development Principles
CM8	Cyclists and Pedestrians	S10	Sustainable Development Principles
		<u>C2</u>	New Developments
RC2	Retention of Open Space	RC2	Community Needs

	Northampton Borough								
Save 1997	ed Policies in the Adopted Northampton Local Plan 7	Replacement Policy Number and Title in the Core Strategy							
E1	Landscape and open space	BN2	Biodiversity						
		BN5	The Historic Environment						
E2	Riverside landscape	BN8	The River Nene Strategic River Corridor						
		BN1	Green Infrastructure Connections						
E4	Water environment	BN4	Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits Potential Special Protection Area						
		BN7	Flood Risk						
			The River Nene Strategic River Corridor						

E6	Green space	BN1	Green Infrastructure Connections		
		BN5	The Historic Environment		
		BN8	The River Nene Strategic River Corridor		
			Community Needs		
E10	Hedges Trees and Woodland	BN3	Woodland Enhancement and Creation		
E11		BN3	Woodland Enhancement and Creation		
	Hedges Trees and Woodland		The Historic Environment		
		BN3	Woodland Enhancement and Creation		
E12	Hedges Trees and Woodland	DNG			
			The Historic Environment		
E14	Corridors of travel	BNI	Green Infrastructure Connections		
			Strategic Connections		
		BN2	Biodiversity		
E17	Nature conservation	BN3	Woodland Enhancement and Creation		
		BN5	The Historic Environment		
	Sites of acknowledged nature conservation value	BN2	Biodiversity		
E18		BN4	Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits Potential Special Protection Area		
	Implementing development	INF1	Approach to Infrastructure Delivery		
E19		INF2	Contributions to Infrastructure Requiremen		
E38	Historic landscapes: nationally important ancient monument/landscapes	BN5			
		S10	Sustainable Development Principles		
E39	Renewable energy	S11	Renewable Energy		
E40	Crime and vandalism	S10	Sustainable Development Principles		
	Sites for major new residential development	S 1	The Distribution of Development		
		S5	Sustainable Urban Extensions		
H1		S10	Sustainable Development Principles		
		N7	Northampton King's Heath SUE		
			Northampton Upton Park SUE		
H4	Sites for major new residential development	S5	Sustainable Urban Extensions		

		S10	Sustainable Development Principles
		N9	Northampton Upton Park SUE
		S 1	The Distribution of Development
		S5	Sustainable Urban Extensions
H5	Sites for major new residential development	010	
		S10	Sustainable Development Principles
		N7	Northampton King's Heath SUE
H6	Other housing development: within primarily residential area	H1	Housing Density and Mix and Type of Dwellings
H7	Other housing development: outside primarily residential area	H1	Housing Density and Mix and Type of Dwellings
H8	Other housing development: list of sites	S 1	The Distribution of Development
H32	Affordable housing	H2	Affordable Housing
H34	Gypsy caravan sites	H7	Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Showpeople
	Land allocations for business and industry: proposed business areas	E1	Existing Employment Areas
B1		E2	New Office Floorspace
DI		E3	Technology Realm, Northampton North
		N2	Northampton Central Area
	Land allocations for business and industry: existing business areas	E1	Existing Employment Areas Technology
B2		E3	Realm, Northampton North
		N2	Northampton Central Area
D2	Land allocations for business and industry: business developments	E1	Existing Employment Areas
B3		E2	New Office Floorspace
	Land allocations for business and industry: sites less than 1 hectare	E1	Existing Employment Areas
B4		E2	New Office Floorspace
	Infrastructure related to business use Satisfactory	INF1	Approach to Infrastructure Delivery
B13	Residential Environment		Contributions to Infrastructure Requiremen
T4	impacts of major developments on highway infrastructure	C2	New Developments
		INF1	Approach to Infrastructure Delivery
			Contributions to Infrastructure Requiremen

			INF1	Approach to Infrastructure D	elivery
Т5	Kings Heath development and requires on the road network	e local	INF2	Contributions to Infrastructur	re Requiremer
			N7	Northampton King's Heath S	UE
	Public transport - rail corridors		<u>C3</u>	Strategic Connections	
T14				Connecting Lichar An-	
L1	Existing recreational facilities			Connecting Urban Areas	
	Existing recreational facilities		_	Community Needs	
	Other existing local open space			Community Needs	
	New local recreational land			Community Needs	
	Maintenance of open space			Community Needs	
	River Valley Policy Area			The River Nene Strategic River Corridor	
	Use of river and canal		BN8	The River Nene Strategic Riv	ver Corridor
L20	Managed countryside recreation: Upton Country Park			Northampton Upton Park SU	
L29	River Valley Policy Area: provision of new f	facilities		Tourism, Visitor and Cultura	l Facilities
D14	Pineham: business and housing			Existing Employment Areas	
	South Northamptor		istrict]
Save	ed Policies in Existing Local Plan	Replace	ement l	Policy Number and Title	
G2	General	in the C		rategy istribution of Development	{
G2 H3	Brackley and Towcester	S1 S1		istribution of Development	
			D		
		S 3	Develo	of and Distribution of opment	
H7	Affordable Housing	H2	Afford	lable Housing	
H8	Affordable Housing	H3		Exception Sites	
RC5		T5		ester Racecourse	
IMP	1 Planning Obligations	INF1	Appro: Delive	bach to Infrastructure	
		INF2	אווזע	<i> y</i>	
			Contri	butions to Infrastructure	
			Requir	rements	
TH2	Towcester	T1	-	l strategy for Towcester	
TE2	,	T2		own Centre and Moat Lane	
TEV			-	eration Area own Centre and Moat Lane	
۷نید	area)			eration Area	
TT1	North East of the Town Centre,	T2	The To	own Centre and Moat Lane]
	Towcester (Transport Proposal)		-	eration Area	
TT2	1 /	T2		own Centre and Moat Lane	
TDA	Towcester (Car Park Proposal)	<u>т</u> р	-	eration Area	
TR2	North East of the Town Centre, Towcester (Retail Proposal)	T2		own Centre and Moat Lane eration Area	
	rowcoster (Ketan Froposal)		regen		I

TRC2	North East of the Town Centre,	T2	The Town Centre and Moat Lane
	Towcester (Riverside Walk Proposal)		Regeneration Area
WFH1	Wootton Fields (Housing Proposal)	S1	The Distribution of Development
		\$3	Scale and Distribution of Housing
			Development

Appendix 6

<u>Monitoring Framework</u>

Final Appendix 6

19.0 Glossary of Terms

<u>Disclaimer</u>

The Glossary is neither a statement of law nor an interpretation of the law, and its status is only an introductory guide to planning terminology and should not be used as a source for statutory definitions.

A1 Shops: Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) includes shops, retail warehouses, hairdressers, undertakers, travel and ticket agencies, post offices (but not sorting offices), pet shops, sandwich bars, showrooms, domestic hire shops, dry cleaners, funeral directors and internet cafés.

A2 Financial and professional services: Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) includes financial services such as banks and building societies, professional services (other than health and medical services) including estate and employment agencies and betting offices.

A3 Restaurants and cafés: Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) includes the sale of food and drink for consumption on the premises - restaurants, snack bars and cafés.

A4 Drinking establishments: Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) includes Public houses, wine bars or other drinking establishments (but not night clubs).

A5 Hot food takeaways: Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) includes the sale of hot food for consumption off the premises.

Accessibility: The extent to which employment, goods and services are made easily available to people, either through close proximity, or through providing the required physical links to enable people to go to locations where they are available.

Affordable Housing: Housing that is provided to eligible households at a price/ rent below the market rate, whose housing needs are not met by the market. It includes both socially rented, affordable rented and intermediate housing.

Ancient Woodlands: These are defined as areas where there is believed to have been continuous woodland cover since at least 1600 AD. It can include both ancient semi-natural and ancient replanted woodlands. They are irreplaceable habitats.

Application Approved in Principle (AIP):- This is a term used to describe an occasion when a planning application has been considered and generally approved by a Local Planning Authority, providing that the applicant agrees to certain conditions such as providing planning contributions or submitting further information to support their application.

Appropriate Assessment (AA): Under the Habitat Regulations Assessment, stakeholders such as developers/ Local Authorities are required to undertake this assessment when a plan or project is likely to have a impact on any European Environmental conservation designations (i.e. Natura 2000 sites consisting of Special Protected Areas of Conservation, Special Protected Areas, etc). The overall aim of this assessment is to demonstrate that the plan/ project will not have an adverse impact on the integrity of the environmental designation. Alternatively, the AA will need to demonstrate why the proposed project/ plan is in the overriding public interest and the compensatory measures that will be taken to ensure the overall coherence of the Natura 2000 sites is protected.

B1 Employment Use: Offices, research and development, light industry (in the Town and Country Planning Use Classes Order 1987 and its subsequent amendments).

B2 Employment Use: General Industrial (in the Town and Country Planning Use Classes Order 1987 and its subsequent amendments).

B8 Employment Use: Storage and distribution (in the Town and Country Planning Use Classes Order 1987 and its subsequent amendments).

Biodiversity: The variety of plants, animals and other living things in a particular area or region. It encompasses habitat diversity, species diversity and genetic diversity.

Brownfield Land: See definition for Previously Developed Land.

Carbon Footprint: The amount of greenhouse gas produced in daily life through the burning fossil fuels.

Central Area Action Plan (CAAP): Northampton Borough Council is preparing an Area Action Plan to direct the redevelopment of Northampton central area.

Comparison Retailing: The provision of items not obtained on a frequent basis. These include clothing, footwear, household and recreational goods

Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL): This allows Local Authorities to raise funds from developers undertaking new building projects in their area. This is used to fund a wide range of infrastructure (i.e. transport schemes, schools, etc) that are needed to support the development of their area.

Connectivity: The linkages that exist between key locations.

Convenience Retailing: The provision of everyday essential items, including food, drinks, newspapers/ magazines and confectionary.

D1 Non-Residential Institutions: Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) includes Clinics, health centres, crèches, day nurseries, day centres, schools, art galleries (other than for sale or hire), museums, libraries, halls, places of worship, church halls, law court and non residential education and training centres.

D2 Assembly and leisure: Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987 (as amended) includes Ceinemas, music and concert halls, bingo and dance halls (but not night clubs), swimming baths, skating rinks, gymnasiums or area for indoor or outdoor sports and recreations (except for motor sports, or where firearms are used).

Dam Break Area: An area of a site that is safeguarded from development and allowed to flood when the Dam is at risk of overflowing/breaking. It also protects the developed areas from flooding.

Daventry International Rail Freight Terminal (DIRFT): An intermodal (changing from one mode of transport to another) rail port and logistics centre located near Crick, Northamptonshire.

Developer Contributions: Contributions made by a developer to remedy the impact of development, either by paying money for work to be carried out or by directly providing facilities or works either on or off-site.

Development Plan Document (DPD): These are planning documents forming part of the Local Development Framework (LDF) and which have a status of being part of the development plan. In order to acquire this status they will be subject to independent scrutiny through a public examination. Certain documents within the LDF must be DPDs, for example a Core Strategy, Site Specific Allocations of land and Area Action Plan where produced. There must also be an adopted Proposals Map which may be varied as successive DPDs are adopted. Current Local Planning Regulations no longer use the term DPD and refer to Local Plans instead.

District Centre: A centre that provides a broad diversity of retail uses and a number of facilities to serve the community, such as a group of shops including a supermarket or superstore and a range of non-retail services such as banks, building societies, and restaurants, as well as local public facilities such as a library and healthcare provision as defined in PPS4.

Dwelling: A self-contained building or part of a building used as a residential accommodation, and usually housing a single household. A dwelling may be a house, bungalow, flat, maisonette or residentially converted farm building.

East Midlands Regional Plan (EMRP): The EMPR comprises the Regional Spatial Strategy for the period up to 2026 under the provisions of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004. The main role of the Regional Plan is to provide a strategy within which local authorities planning documents and Local Transport Plans can be prepared. It is also material to decisions on individual planning applications and appeals. It is the Government's intention to revoke Regional Spatial Strategies.

Environment Agency: This is a Public Body that is responsible for protecting and improving the environment of England and Wales, and for protecting communities from the risk of flooding and managing water resources. They are consulted throughout the plan making and decision making process in order to promote sustainable development.

Evidence Base: The information and data gathered by local authorities to justify the "soundness" of the policy approach set out in Local Development Documents, including physical, economic, and social characteristics of an area. It consists of consultation responses and the finding of technical studies.

Flood Risk Attenuation: Measures such as tanks and surface ponds that are designed to reduce or prevent water entering an area, sewers and rivers during periods of heavy rainfall with the potential to prevent flooding.

Flood Zone 1: An area with low risk of flooding. This zone comprises land assessed as having a less than 1 in 1000 annual probability of river or sea flooding.

Flood Zone 2: An area with a low to medium risk of flooding. This zone comprises land assessed as having between a 1 in 100 and 1 in 1000 annual probability of river flooding or between a 1 in 200 and 1 in 1000 annual probability of sea flooding.

Flood Zone 3a: An area with a high probability of flooding. This zone comprises land assessed as having a 1 in 100 or greater annual probability of river flooding or a 1 in 200 or greater annual probability of flooding from the sea.

Flood Zone 3b: This is an area within a functional floodplain. This zone comprises land where water has to flow or be stored in times of flood.

Greenfield Land: Land which has not previously been developed, including land in agriculture or forestry and land in built up areas used for outdoor sport and recreation (including public and private open space and allotments).

Green Infrastructure: A strategically planned and delivered network of high quality green spaces and other environmental features. It is designed and managed as a multifunctional resource capable of delivering a wide range of environmental and quality of life benefits for local communities. Green Infrastructure includes parks, open spaces, playing fields, woodlands, allotments and private gardens.

Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Assessment (GTAA): The Housing Act 2004 requires local authorities to undertake an assessment of the accommodation needs of gypsies and travellers. This assessment is used to inform the amount of land that should be identified by the planning system to meet the needs of gypsies and travellers.

High Speed 2 (HS2): A fast rail route between London and Birmingham, with the possibility of extension to Glasgow or the East Midlands.

Indices of Multiple Deprivation: This measures the level of deprivation within a specific geographic area (i.e. council wards). It assesses the level of deprivation from a whole range of sources such as income employment; health and disability; education; skills and training; housing and services; living environment and crime. It can useful for identifying areas in need of regeneration.

In-migration: The movement of persons into a community/ population who originate from elsewhere.

Information and Communications Technology (ICT): The study, design, development, implementation, support or management of information systems. Information technology is a general term that describes any technology that helps to produce, manipulate, store, communicate, and/ or disseminate information.

Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP): The IDP identifies the necessary social, physical and green infrastructure required to support the new development proposed in the Joint Core Strategy for West Northamptonshire up to 2026. The document will be subject to monitoring and regular review.

Interchanges: Place where passengers or goods are exchanged/transported between towtwo (or more) different types of transport.

Lifetime Homes: The Lifetime Homes standard is a set of 16 design criteria that provide a model for building accessible and adaptable homes. This standard is widely used in planning policies and forms part of the Code for Sustainable Homes.

Local Centre: A centre that includes a range of small shops and services of a local nature, serving a small catchment. They might typically include a small supermarket, a newsagent, a sub-post office, a pharmacy and take-away. and laundrette as defined in PPS4.

Local Development Documents (LDDs): Any document prepared by a local planning authority individually or with other local planning authorities which deals one or more of the following:

- the development and use of land;
- the allocation of sites for a particular form of development or use;
- environmental, social, design and economic objectives relevant to the development and use of land; and
- development management and site allocations policies which guide the determination of planning applications.

LDDs are referred to in the Regulations as Local Plans and this is the term commonly used in the Joint Core Strategy.

Local Development Framework (LDF): The name for the portfolio of Local Development Documents. It consists of Development Plan Documents, Supplementary Planning Documents, a Statement of Community Involvement, the Local Development Scheme and Annual Monitoring Reports. Together these documents will provide the framework for delivering the spatial planning strategy for a local authority area and may also include local development orders and simplified planning zones. The National Planning Policy Framework no longer refers to LDFs and uses the term 'Local Plan' instead.

Local Development Orders: Local Development Orders are statutory documents that define what land uses may be developed without planning permission.

Local Development Scheme: This sets out a programme for preparing local development documents.

Local Plan: The plan for the future development of the local area, drawn up by the local planning authority in consultation with the community. In law this is described as the development plan documents adopted under the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004. Current core strategies and other planning policies which under the regulations would be considered to be development plan documents, form part of the Local Plan. The term includes old policies which have been saved under the 2004 Act.

Local Strategic Partnership: This a is a partnership that brings together organizations organisations from public, private, community and voluntary sector in a local authority area, so that different initiatives and services support each other and work together. The partnership is responsible for producing a Sustainable Community Strategy/Vision, setting out their local priorities and the key actions that may need to be taken to achieve these, in order to enhance the social, economic and environmental well being of their area.

Localism Act: This is an Act of Parliament that changes the powers of local government in England. The act includes provisions for local government finance, town and country planning, the Community Infrastructure Levy and the authorisation of nationally significant infrastructure projects.

Mixed Use (or Mixed Use Development): Provision of a mix of complementary uses, such as residential, community and leisure uses, on a site or within a particular area.

Modal Shift: The result of a change from one mode of transport to another, for example private car use to bus use.

Modal Split: The number of journeys being made by each different transport type.

Mode: The type of transport being used for a journey.

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF): This document sets out the Government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied. It provides a framework within which local people and their accountable councils can produce their own distinctive local and neighbourhood plans, which reflect the needs and priorities of their communities.

Non B Employment Uses: A use commonly defined as including retail, tourism, leisure education, and health as set out by the Town and Country Planning Use Classes Order 1987 and its subsequent amendments.

Northamptonshire Enterprise Limited Partnership (NELP): A partnership between the public, private and voluntary sectors. Its purpose is to develop the Northamptonshire economy and support job creation.

Northamptonshire Biodiversity Action Plan (BAP): Lists the most threatened habitats and species in the county, and sets out targets for action to aid their recovery.

Open Book Approach: This is a term used to describe the process by which a Local Planning Authority can expect a developer to further submit evidence (i.e. Viability Assessment), when negotiating planning contributions such as Affordable Housing, Infrastructure, etc, in order to demonstrate that the development will be unviable if the contributions are provided.

Out-Commuting: Those who are employed outside of the settlement in which they live whom travel between the two locations.

Parish Plans: Are prepared by Parish Councils and other local community groups and set out a vision for their local area and usually include an action plan of how to achieve the vision. Parish Plans can be used to inform the development of planning policy at the local level.

Park and Ride: A series of car parks located around the edge of a town or city with a dedicated bus service to take passengers to the centre (or other location, such as a football stadium) to help relieve car congestion.

Physical Infrastructure: Includes existing and future development required to support utilities, transport and waste management.

Planning Policy Guidance Notes (PPGs): Prepared by the government after public consultation to provide guidance to local authorities on planning policy. These are gradually being replaced by Planning Policy Statements. These documents have now been replaced by the National Planning Policy Framework.

Planning Policy Statements (PPS): National planning policy produced by Government, gradually replacing Planning Policy Guidance Notes (PPGs). With the exception of PPS10 (Planning for Sustainable Waste Management) these documents have now been replaced by the National Planning Policy Framework.

Potential Special Protection Area (pSPA): A pSPA is a designation under the European Union Directive on the Conservation of Wild Birds. Under the Directive, Member States of the European Union (EU) have a duty to safeguard the habitats of migratory birds and certain threatened birds.

Previously Developed Land (PDL): Land which is or was occupied by a permanent structure (excluding agricultural and forestry buildings) and associated fixed surface infrastructure, including the curtilage of (land attached to) buildings. It includes defence buildings and land used for mineral or waste extraction when there is no requirement for subsequent restoration. Land in built up areas such as private residential gardens, parks, recreation grounds and allotments are not considered as PDL. PDL is still commonly referred to as brownfield land.

Principal Urban Areas (PUAs): Settlement conurbations that can develop into sustainable urban communities where people will wish to live and work.

Public Realm: Areas available for everyone to use, including streets, squares and parks.

Regional Spatial Strategies (RSS): A planning strategy prepared for the region, by a Regional Planning Body. It sets out the broad locations where strategic levels of growth can occur, including details of scale, type, and distribution, and the policies that may apply to encourage the sustainable growth of the region. A development plan consists of the RSS at a regional level and the Local Development Frameworks at a local level. However, it should be emphasised that the Government has signalled an intention to abolish the RSS, through the Localism Bill.

Retail Leakage: The amount of money that is spent by people outside of their local retail catchment area.

River Nene Regional Park (RNRP): An independent community interest company creating a green infrastructure network of environmental projects along the River Nene.

Section 106 Agreement / Contribution: Refers to Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and is a legally-binding agreement or planning obligation with a landowner in association with the granting of planning permission. These agreements are a way of delivering or addressing matters that are necessary to make a development acceptable in planning terms. They are increasingly used to support the provision of services and infrastructure, such as highways, recreational facilities, education, health and affordable housing.

Site of Specific Scientific Interest (SSSI): A site or area designated as being important due to its wildlife plants or flowers and/ or unusual or typical geological features. SSSIs are identified by Natural England and have protected status under Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.

Social Infrastructure: Includes education, healthcare, sports facilities, cultural and community facilities.

Standard Assessment Procedure Energy Ratings (SAP): The SAP is the Government's recommended system for energy rating of dwellings.

Strategic Environment Assessment: A generic term used to describe environmental assessment as applied to policies, plans and programmes. The European 'SEA Directive' (2001/42/EC) requires a formal 'environmental assessment of certain plans and programmes, including those in the field of planning and land use.'

South East Midlands Local Economic Partnership (SEMLEP): This is a locally owned partnership between the Local Authorities and businesses. They are responsible for determining their local economic priorities and undertaking activities to drive economic growth and create local jobs.

Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA): Assessment of all forms of flood risk from groundwater, surface water, impounded water bodies, sewer, river and tidal sources, taking

into account future climate change predictions. This allows Councils to use this information to locate future development primarily in low flood risk areas (Level 1 SFRA).

For areas that have a higher risk of flooding, the SFRA examines the capacity of the existing flood prevention infrastructure (i.e. drainage) and identifies all the measures that any potential development may need to take to ensure that it will be safe and will not increase flood risk to third parties. (Level 2 SFRA)

Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA): A technical document which assesses the amount and nature of land which could be made available for housing development. It is part of the evidence base that will inform the plan making process.

Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA): A technical study which assesses housing need and demand across a defined market area and which is used to inform housing and planning policies.

Sub-Regional Centres (SRC): Centres of economic or retail significance/ size that are of lower significance than the main regional centre.

Supplementary Planning Document (SPD): Provides additional guidance on matters covered by a DPD. They form part of the Local Development Framework and will be an important consideration in determining planning applications.

Sustainability Appraisal (SA): This examines the impacts of the JCS strategies/ policies against a large number of economic, social and environmental sustainability objectives. It also provides an indication of what measures may need to be taken to minimise/eliminate any adverse impacts and promote sustainable development. The Planning Compulsory Purchase Act requires an SA to be undertaken for all Development Plan Documents throughout the plan making process.

Sustainable Community Strategy (SCS): This sets the overall strategic direction and longterm vision for the economic, social and environmental wellbeing of a local area - typically 10 to 20 years - in a way that contributes to sustainable development in the UK. It is prepared by a Local Strategic Partnerships which is made up of public, private and voluntary sector organisations. It identifies the key long terms priorities for the area (i.e. Affordable housing, creating employment, tackling causes of social deprivations, etc) and how the LSP could work together to address these.

Sustainable Development: Development which meets the needs of the present, without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.

Sustainable Urban Extensions: These are defined as a planned expansion of a city or town that can contribute to creating more sustainable patterns of development when located in the right place, with well planned infrastructure including access to a range of facilities and when developed at appropriate densities.

Topography: The gradient and variations in height within a landscape.

Urban Capacity Study (UCS): A study to identify the potential to accommodate housing development using previously developed land within existing urban areas. Urban Capacity

Studies have now been superseded by Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessments (SHLAA).

Viability Appraisal: An assessment of a proposed development to ensure all elements for the development, including required infrastructure and any required financial contributions can be successfully delivered in an economic context.

Water Cycle Study (WCS) Phase 1: This assessed the potential impacts and constraints associated with the proposed major development areas with regard to the key topics of flood risk, water resources and supply, foul sewerage, waste water treatment, water quality and water-related ecology.

Water Cycle Study (WCS) Phase 2: This is the final detailed water cycle study which updates and extends the Phase 1 outline study.

West Northamptonshire Development Corporation (WNDC): This organisationwas set up by the government in December 2004. Their mission is to promote and deliver sustainable housing growth and regeneration in Northampton, Daventry and Towcester.

West Northamptonshire Employment Land Study (WNELS): This is an assessment of the need and demand for employment land and premises in the West Northamptonshire area.

20.0 Maps

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Figure Number

Figure 1 - West Northamptonshire Context Map

Figure 2 - West Northamptonshire Key Diagram and Legend

Figure 3 - West Northamptonshire Key Diagram Enlargement

Figure 4 - Northampton Related Development Area Map

Figure 5 - West Northamptonshire Proposals Map and Insets

Figure 6 - West Northamptonshire Green Infrastructure Networks Map

Figure 7 - Upper Nene Valley Gravel Pits Special Protection Area

Figure 1 - Context Map

See Figure 1 Context map

Figure 2 - Key Diagram and Legend

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Key Diagram

See Figure 2: Key Diagram

Key Diagram Legend

See Legend

Figure 3 - Key Diagram Enlargement

Key Diagram - Northampton Inset

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Figure 4 - Northampton Related Development Area

Figure 4 Northampton Related Development Area

_See Figure 4: Northampton Related Development Area

Figure 5 West Northamptonshire Proposals Map

See Figure 5: West Northamptonshire Proposals Map_

Brackley Insert Maps

Insert 1 Brackley North SUE

Insert 2 Brackley East SUE

Insert 14 Brackley Business District: Town Centre

Insert 15 Brackley Business District: Employment Area

Towcester Insert Maps

Insert 3 Towcester South SUE

Insert 4 Towcester Racecourse

Insert 5 Towcester Moat Lane

Daventry Insert Map

Insert 6 Daventry North East SUE

Northampton Insert Maps

Insert 7 Northampton West SUE

Insert 8 Northampton Kings Heath SUE

Insert 9 Northampton North of Whitehills SUE

Insert 10 Northampton North SUE

Insert 11 Northampton South of Brackmills SUE

Insert 12 Northampton South SUE

Insert 13 Northampton Upton Park SUE

Figure 6 Green Infrastructure Networks

See Map 6: Green Infrastructure Networks

Figure 7 - Upper Nene Valley Special Protection Area

See Map 7: Upper Nene Valley Special protection Area